

The voting system identified on this certificate has been evaluated at an accredited voting system testing laboratory for conformance to the 2002 Voting System Standards (2002 VSS). Components evaluated for this certification are detailed in the attached Scope of Certification document. This certificate applies only to the specific version and release of the product in its evaluated configuration. The evaluation has been verified by the EAC in accordance with the provisions of the EAC Voting System Testing and Certification Program Manual and the conclusions of the testing laboratory in the test report are consistent with the evidence adduced. This certificate is not an endorsement of the product by any agency of the U.S. Government and no warranty of the product is either expressed or implied.

Product Name: Unity

Model or Version: Version 3.4.1.4

Name of VSTL: NTS

EAC Certification Number: ESSUnity3414

Date Issued: August 26, 2016



Executive Director U.S. Election Assistance Commission

Scope of Certification Attached

Manufacturer: Election Systems & Software System Name: Unity 3.4.1.4 Certificate: ESSUnity3414 Laboratory: NTS Standard: 2002 VSS Date: August 26, 2016



Scope of Certification

This document describes the scope of the validation and certification of the system defined above. Any use, configuration changes, revision changes, additions or subtractions from the described system are not included in this evaluation.

Significance of EAC Certification

An EAC certification is an official recognition that a voting system (in a specific configuration or configurations) has been tested to and has met an identified set of Federal voting system standards. An EAC certification is **not**:

- An endorsement of a Manufacturer, voting system, or any of the system's components.
- A Federal warranty of the voting system or any of its components.
- A determination that a voting system, when fielded, will be operated in a manner that meets all HAVA requirements.
- A substitute for State or local certification and testing.
- A determination that the system is ready for use in an election.
- A determination that any particular component of a certified system is itself certified for use outside the certified configuration.

Representation of EAC Certification

The Unity 3.4.1.4 voting system was submitted to the EAC for certification testing to the 2002 Voting System Standards (2002 VSS). Unity 3.4.1.4 is a modification to the previously 2002 VSS certified Unity 3.4.1.0 (Certification number: ESSUnity3410). Based on the "modified system" requirements set forth in section 4.6.2.3 of the EAC Testing and Certification Program Manual, Version 2.0, all testing on the submitted modifications was tested to the 2005 Voluntary Voting System Guidelines (2005 VVSG). The Unity 3.4.1.4 voting system, as described herewithin, is the only configuration that has been tested to conform with 2002 VSS, the EAC Testing and Certificate of Conformance, the certification applies only to the specific version and release of the product in its tested configuration. Therefore, any interfacing with or inclusion of files from outside the Unity 3.4.1.4 voting system is not covered under the scope of this certification.

Manufacturers may not represent or imply that a voting system is certified unless it has received a Certificate of Conformance for that system. Statements regarding EAC certification in brochures, on Web sites, on displays, and in advertising/sales literature must be made solely in reference to specific systems. Any action by a Manufacturer to suggest EAC endorsement of its product or organization is strictly prohibited and may result in a Manufacturer's suspension or other action pursuant to Federal civil and criminal law.

System Overview:

ES&S Unity 3.4.1.4 is a paper-based, digital scan voting system consisting of an Election Management System (EMS), Vote Tabulation Devices, Polling Place American Disability Act (ADA) Devices, and Central Count Digital Scanners. The system has the following components:

- EMS
 - AutoMARK Information Management System (AIMS)
 - Audit Manager (AM)
 - Election Data Manager (EDM)
 - Election Reporting Manager (ERM)
 - ES&S Ballot Image Manager (ESSIM)
 - Hardware Programming Manager (HPM)
 - Log Monitor Service
 - VAT Previewer
- Vote Capture Device (One or more)
 - DS200 Precinct Tabulator
 - Model 100 Precinct Tabulator
 - Model 650 Central Tabulator
 - o DS850 Central Tabulator
- ADA Device
 - AutoMARK Voting Assist Terminal (VAT)

AutoMark Information Management System (AIMS)

AIMS is a windows-based election management system software application used to define election parameters for the VAT including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create VAT flash memory cards.

Audit Manager (AM)

The AM runs in the background of the other Unity EMS programs and provides password security and a real-time audit log of all user inputs and system outputs. Election coders use AM to set Unity EMS system passwords and track user activity.

Election Data Manager (EDM)

The EDM is the entry point for the Unity EMS. The EDM is a single-entry database that stores precinct, office, and candidate information. Data entered for an initial election is stored to a reusable database to be recalled and edited for all elections that follow. The EDM is used in conjunction with other Unity EMS software to format and print ballots, program ballot scanning equipment, and produce Election Day reports.

Election Reporting Manager (ERM)

The ERM generates paper and electronic reports for election workers, candidates, and the media. Jurisdictions can use a separate ERM installation to display updated election totals on a monitor as ballot data is tabulated. The ERM supports accumulation and combination of ballot results data from all ES&S tabulators.

ES&S Ballot Image Manager (ESSIM)

The ESSIM uses ballot style information created by EDM to display the ballots in a "what you see is what you get" (WYSIWYG) design interface. Users can apply typographic formatting (font, size, attributes, etc.) to individual components of the ballot. Text and graphic frames can also be added to the ballot.

Hardware Programming Manager (HPM)

The HPM uses the election specific database created with EDM and ESSIM. The HPM then writes this data to the appropriate media required; a USB flash drive for the DS200 and DS850, a PCMCIA card for the Model 100, a CF card for the AutoMark or a Zip disk for Model 650 tabulators.

Log Monitor Service

The Log Monitor Service is a Windows Service that runs in the background of any active Unity EMS application to monitor the proper functioning of the Windows Event Viewer. The Log Monitor Service closes any active Unity EMS application if the system detects the improper deactivation of the Window Event Viewer.

VAT Previewer

The VAT Previewer is an application within the AIMS program that allows the user to preview audio text and screen layout prior to downloading election-day media for the AutoMARK.

DS200 Precinct Tabulator

The DS200 is a digital scan paper ballot tabulator designed for use at the polling place level. After the voter marks a paper ballot, their ballot is inserted into the unit and tabulated. The tabulator uses an image-scanning device to image the front and back of the ballot. The DS200 is designed to alert voters of overvotes, undervotes and blank ballots. Once the ballot is scanned, it is passed to the integrated ballot box.

Model 100 Precinct Tabulator

The Model 100 is a precinct-based, voter-activated paper ballot tabulator that uses visible light scanning technology to detect completed ballot targets. The Model 100 is designed to alert voters of overvotes, undervotes and blank ballots. Once the ballot is scanned, it is passed to the integrated ballot box.

Model 650 Central Tabulator

The Model 650 is a high-speed and optical scan central ballot counter. During scanning, the Model 650 prints a continuous audit log to a dedicated printer and can print results directly from the scanner to the report printer. The M650 can transfer results to a Zip Disk that officials use to generate results using ERM. The M650 is capable of sorting write-ins, blank ballots, and overvotes.

DS850 Central Tabulator

The DS850 is a high-speed and digital scan central ballot counter. During scanning, the DS850 prints a continuous audit log to a dedicated audit log printer and can print results directly from

the scanner to a second connected printer. The scanner saves results internally and to a USB flash drive that officials use to generate results using ERM. The DS850 is capable of sorting write-ins, blank ballots, and overvotes.

AutoMARK Voter Assist Terminal (VAT)

The AutoMARK VAT assists voters with disabilities by marking optical scan ballots. The AutoMARK VAT includes two user interfaces to accommodate voters who are visually or physically impaired and voters who are more comfortable reading and/or hearing instructions or choices in an alternative language. The AutoMARK is equipped with a touch screen and keypad. The touch screen interface includes various colors and effects to prompt and guide the voter through the ballot marking process. Each key has both Braille and printed text labels designed to indicate function and a related shape to help the voter determine its use.

Certified System before Modification:

Election Systems & Software Unity 3.2.1.0 Certificate ID: ESSUnity3210

Election Systems & Software Unity 3.4.0.0 Certificate ID: ESSUnity3400

Election Systems & Software Unity 3.4.1.0 Certificate ID: ESSUnity3410

Anomalies and/or Additions addressed in Unity 3.4.1.4:

The Unity 3.4.1.4 voting system provides upgrades from the Unity 3.4.1.0 to the following system components:

- 1. Election Management System (EMS)
 - a. Election Reporting Manager
 - b. Hardware Programming Manager

Tested Marking Devices:

BIC Grip Roller

Language capability:

System supports English and Spanish.

Components Included:

This section provides information describing the components and revision level of the primary components included in this Certification.

System Overview

System Component	Software or Firmware Version	Hardware Version	Operating System	Description
AM	7.5.2.0			EMS
EDM	7.8.2.0			EMS
ESSIM	7.7.2.0			EMS
HPM	5.9.0.1			EMS
ERM	7.9.0.1			EMS
LogMonitor Service	1.1.0.0			EMS
AIMS	1.3.257			EMS
VAT Previewer	1.3.2907			EMS
CreateNewERM USER ONLY	1.0.0.0			Hardening
				Script
CreateNewUsers	1.3.0.2			Hardening
				Script
PreInstall	1.3.0.2			Hardening
				Script
PostInstall	1.3.0.2			Hardening
				Script
ServerShare	3.0.4.0			Hardening
				Script
NoNetwork	3.0.3.0			Hardening
				Script
Model 100	5.4.4.5	1.3		Precinct
				Tabulator
DS200	1.7.0.0	1.2, 1.2.3, 1.3		Precinct
				Tabulator
Model 650	2.2.2.0	1.1, 1.2		Central
				Tabulator
AutoMARK VAT A100	1.3.2907	1.0		Voter Assist
				Terminal
		1.1, 1.3 (Printer		Voter Assist
AutoMARK VAT A200	1.3.2907	Board 1.65 & 1.70)		Terminal
DS850	2.9.0.0	1.0		Central
				Tabulator
Plastic Ballot Box		1.2, 1.3		Plastic Ballot
				Box
Metal Ballot Box		1.0, 1.1, 1.2		Metal Box with/
				without
				Diverter
COTS Components	T			I
EMS Client Desktop		Dell OptiPlex	Windows 7	
		3010	Professional SP1	
EMS Client Laptop		Dell Latitude E6410	Windows 7	
		& E6420	Professional SP1	
EMS Server		Dell PowerEdge	Windows Server	
		T110	2008 R2 SP1	
DS850 Report Printer		OKI B430dn,		
		B431dn, & B431d		
DS850 Audit Printer		OKI Microline 420		
SanDisk CF Reader		018-6305		

System Component	Software or Firmware Version	Hardware Version	Operating System	Description
COTS Components				
Delkin USB Flash Drives		512MB, 1, 2, 4, &		
		8GB		
Delkin Compact Flash		1GB		
Avid Headphones		Avid FV 60		
RM/Cobol	12.06			
Microsoft Office Excel	2007			
Adobe Acrobat Standard	9.0, X, XI			
WSUS Microsoft Windows	8.8			
Offline Update Utility				
Symantec Endpoint Protection	12.1.4			
Symantec Endpoint Protection	20140130-001-			
Intelligent Updater	v5i64.exe			

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System Configuration Diagram



System Limitations

This table depicts the limits the system has been tested and certified to meet.

Characteristic	Limiting		Commont	
Characteristic	Component	Limit	Comment	
Maximum precincts allowed	HPM/ERM	2,900 (1,639 if using paper ballot	Limited by ballot	
in an election		coded by precinct)	sequence code	
Maximum precinct included per poll (reporting limit)	ERM	1,900		
Maximum candidate/counters	ERM	21,000		
Maximum candidates	НРМ	9,990		
Maximum contest allowed in	ERM	Depends on election content (limited		
an election		by 21,000 maximum counters)		
Maximum candidates/ counters allowed per precinct	ERM	1,000		
Maximum ballot styles allowed per precinct		99		
Maximum ballot styles allowed per election	НРМ	5,500 (1,639 if using paper ballot coded by style)	Limited by ballot sequence code	
Maximum contests allowed		200 or number of positions on a		
per ballot style		ballot		
Maximum precincts allowed per ballot style	НРМ	1,500		
Maximum candidates (ballot choices) allowed per contest	НРМ	175		
Maximum count for any precinct element	ERM	500,000 (65,530 from any tabulator media)		
Maximum number of parties allowed	НРМ	18		
Maximum 'Vote for' per contest	НРМ	90		
Maximum District Types/Groups	ERM	20		
Maximum districts of a given type		40		
Ballot Target Limits	1			
Ballot Size (ovals per inch Left o	r Right)	Positions per Column x Row		
8 ½ x 11" (4 ovals per inch)		36 rows x 3 columns = 108/side		
8 ½ x 14" (3 ovals per inch)		36 rows x 3 columns = 108/side		
8 ½ x 14" (4 ovals per inch)		48 rows x 3 columns = 144/side		
8 ½ x 17" (3 ovals per inch)		41 rows x 3 columns = 123/side		
8 ½ x 17" (3 ovals per inch)		45 rows x 3 columns = 135/side		
8 ½ x 17" (4 ovals per inch)		60 rows x 3 columns = 180/side		
8 ½ x 19" (3 ovals per inch)		51 rows x 3 columns = 153/side		
8 ½ x 19" (4 ovals per inch)		68 rows x 3 columns = 204/side		

Component Limitations

Paper Ballot Limitations:

- The paper ballot code channel, which is the series of black boxes that appear between the timing track and ballot contents, limits the number of available ballot variations depending on how a jurisdiction uses this code to differentiate ballots. The code can be used to differentiate ballots using three different fields defined as: Sequence (available codes 1-26,839), Type (available codes 1-30) or Split (available codes 1-40).
- 2. If Sequence is used as a ballot style ID, it must be unique election-wide and the Split code will always be 1. In this case the practical style limit would be 26,000.
- 3. If Sequence is used as a precinct ID, the number of styles allowed in a precinct is limited to 1,200 (30 types x 40 splits).

DS200 Limitations:

- 1. An ES&S DS200 coded for Election Day counting will support no more than 18 precincts.
- Limited to a maximum of 40 ballot styles in a single absentee precinct for an election coded by style. If the election definition includes more than 40 ballot styles, additional absentee precincts must be defined and ballots must be separated into groups for processing.
- 3. All ballots must be the same size and same target position capacity.
- 4. Results network transmission is not supported from an early voting station.
- 5. The ES&S DS200 configured for an early vote station does not support precinct level results reporting. An election summary report of tabulated vote totals is supported.
- 6. Arrow-style ballot targets are not supported.

Model 100 Limitations:

- 1. Supports a maximum of 18 Election Day Precincts or 450 early voting precincts.
- 2. The PC Card is limited to 18 precincts. No more than 18 precincts should be assigned to a Model 100 polling place from HPM.
- Limited to a maximum of 40 ballot styles in a single absentee precinct for an election coded by style. If the election definition includes more than 40 ballots styles, additional absentee precincts must be defined and ballots must be separated into groups for processing.
- 4. Supports a maximum of 200 contests per ballot style.
- 5. All ballots must be the same size and same target position capacity.
- 6. An early voting station does not support ballots coded "By Style."
- 7. An early vote station will only support a maximum limit of 450 precincts. This limit is due to the limited memory capacity of both the PCMCIA card and the internal memory of the Model 100 precinct tabulator.
- 8. Results network transmission is not supported from an early voting station.
- 9. Default precinct reporting is not supported by an early voting station.

Model 650 Limitations:

- 1. Supports a maximum of 3,750 candidates or counters for any election.
- Supports a maximum of 100 ballot styles for a single absentee precinct in a by-style election. If the election definition includes more styles, additional absentee precincts must be defined and ballots must be separated into groups for processing.

- 3. All ballots must be the same size and have same target position capacity.
- 4. Arrow style ballot targets are not supported.
- 5. Supports only one ballot input orientation.
- 6. The Model 650 can interpret a maximum of 1,499 office group codes in an election definition. (An "office group" is defined as the collection of one or more contests (including rotation) that always appear together on any ballot style.) This limitation restricts the number of precincts allowed in an election if "precinct only" offices are defined (District Type PRC) because each "precinct only" office always appears in a different office group.

DS850 Limitations

1. All ballots must be the same size and have same target position capacity.

- AutoMark Limitations
 - ES&S AutoMARK capacities exceed all documented limitations for the ES&S election management, vote tabulation and reporting system. For this reason, Election Management System and ballot tabulator limitations define the boundaries and capabilities of the AutoMARK system as the maximum capacities of the ES&S AutoMARK are never approached during testing.
 - 2. The AutoMARK recognizes ballot content by the code channel. If the Sequence code is used for Ballot Style ID and the election definition has more than one precinct that uses a specific ballot style, the AutoMARK will not determine which precinct the ballot is associated with. The user should not define ballot style names in the election definition that imply precinct.

Election Data Manager Limitations

- 1. In both open and closed primary elections, operational procedures to define the election in EDM must be strictly followed.
- 2. The user must input the Party Preference (or Pick Contest) title as "Party Preference" in the Office Title box in the Add Office Information window.
- 3. When the election is an open primary with a party preference race, a crossover party must be added using the Parties option under the County menu.
- 4. Rotation positions are limited to 99 candidates. This limit does not apply to positions that float and do not change candidate order.
- 5. The maximum number of languages supported is 13.
- 6. The ability to delete parties under the **County** and **Election** menu is not supported.
- 7. In a primary election, the system does not support displaying the contest(s) from another party's ballot if a third party in the election has candidates in that contest.

Ballot Image Manager Limitations

- 1. Requires the installation of Open Type fonts for assurance that screen displays of the ballot match the printed ballot.
- 2. The user must manually assign column number or position for straight party candidates in HPM.

Hardware Programming Manager Limitations

 Supports no more than 18 parties for a single election. This limit is reduced to 12 parties, counting "nonpartisan" as a party, for an Open Primary election that uses two page ballots with the second page containing only non-partisan contests. Party/partisan contents CANNOT flow between pages in an Open Primary.

- 2. When coding an election for an Open primary, the user cannot include (in total voting) the crossover party listed in the Description box in the Election Specifications window. The party type displays in the numbered description box, but the user should clear the Include check box next to the crossover party types.
- 3. When coding an election for an open primary, the party preference contests must be identified as nonpartisan.
- 4. Supports a maximum of 31 statistical party counters.
- 5. **Change/Add Polling Place:** A polling place may be identified to contain all precincts in the election. Polling places are limited to a maximum of 80 precincts assigned with the following exception: Model 100 and DS200 scanners are limited to supporting a maximum of 18 precincts per polling place.
- 6. **Ballot Styles:** In an Open Primary, the number of contest associated with any party (or "nonpartisan" designation) within a ballot style cannot exceed 70. For an Open Primary election, this limitation replaces the 200 contest limit.
- 7. Districts: A district is identified by a code that contains 7 positions but is constructed of a 3 position District Type code and a 4 position District code within the type. There are a limit of 19 District Types and 39 Districts for any given type except for the "PRC" district type. The "PRC" district type is used in an election where virtually all precincts have one or two unique precinct specific contests. When the "PRC" district type is active, the District code is designated by the 4 position precinct ID code. The number of precincts that can use this code is a function of the election content and limited by the M650. A precinct can be associated with a maximum of 39 districts.
- 8. **Candidates:** The maximum number of candidate rotations per contest is 140. This includes candidate position sets where candidate order is not changed, but uses alternate position numbers.

Election Reporting Manager Limitations

- 1. Election Reporting Manager requires a minimum monitor screen resolution of 800x600.
- 2. Serve650 continues to run after ERM is stopped via the Windows Task Manager. If the ERM task is ended, Serve650 must also be canceled, or the PC rebooted.
- 3. Mixed equipment within a single SPP file is not supported. Each equipment type must have its own SPP file.
- 4. Generating a District Canvass Report without first properly creating a .DST file can result in inaccurate totals reports and inconsistent report formatting.
- 5. When retrieving election data from DS200 tabulators; ERM supports a maximum of 1900 precincts for an "All Precincts Included" Poll.
- 6. ERM Database Create allows 1,600 Precincts per Ballot Style.
- 7. There is a limit of 3,510 precincts in the precincts counted/not counted display.
- 8. There is a limit of 3,000 precincts in the precincts counted/not counted scrolling display.
- 9. Contest/Precinct selection pop up display limited to 2,900 contests/precincts.
- 10. Non-English characters are not supported in ERM.
- 11. Maximum page size for reports is 5,000 pages.

AutoMARK Information Management System (AIMS) Limitations

1. If the number of precincts imported from Election Data Manager exceeds 840, an election administrator must manually configure the code channel for precinct number 840 within AIMS. Code channel information for all other precincts imports properly.

Functionality

2005 VVSG Supported Functionality Declaration

Feature/Characteristic	Yes/No	Comment
Voter Verified Paper Audit Trails		
VVPAT	No	
Accessibility		
Forward Approach	Yes	
Parallel (Side) Approach	No	
Closed Primary		
Primary: Closed	Yes	
Open Primary		
Primary: Open Standard (provide definition of how	Yes	
supported)		
Primary: Open Blanket (provide definition of how	No	
supported)		
Partisan & Non-Partisan:		
Partisan & Non-Partisan: Vote for 1 of N race	Yes	
Partisan & Non-Partisan: Multi-member ("vote for N of	Yes	
M") board races		
Partisan & Non-Partisan: "vote for 1" race with a single	Yes	
candidate and write-in voting		
Partisan & Non-Partisan "vote for 1" race with no	Yes	
declared candidates and write-in voting		
Write-In Voting:		
Write-in Voting: System default is a voting position	Yes	
identified for write-ins.		
Write-in Voting: Without selecting a write in position.	Yes	
Write-in: With No Declared Candidates	Yes	
Write-in: Identification of write-ins for resolution at	Yes	
central count		
Primary Presidential Delegation Nominations & Slates:		
Primary Presidential Delegation Nominations: Displayed	No	
delegate slates for each presidential party		
Slate & Group Voting: one selection votes the slate.	No	
Ballot Rotation:		
Rotation of Names within an Office; define all supported	Yes	
rotation methods for location on the ballot and vote		
tabulation/reporting		

Straight Party Voting:		
Straight Party: A single selection for partisan races in a	Yes	
general election		
Straight Party: Vote for each candidate individually	Yes	
Straight Party: Modify straight party selections with	Yes	
crossover votes		
Straight Party: A race without a candidate for one party	Yes	
Straight Party: "N of M race (where "N">1)	Yes	
Straight Party: Excludes a partisan contest from the	Yes	
straight party selection		
Cross-Party Endorsement:		
Cross party endorsements, multiple parties endorse one	Yes	
candidate.		
Split Precincts:		
Split Precincts: Multiple ballot styles	Yes	
Split Precincts: P & M system support splits with correct	Yes	
contests and ballot identification of each split		
Split Precincts: DRE matches voter to all applicable races.	No	
Split Precincts: Reporting of voter counts (# of voters) to	Yes	
the precinct split level: Reporting of vote totals is to the		
precinct level		
Vote N of M:		
Vote for N of M: Counts each selected candidate, if the	No	
maximum is not exceeded.		
Vote for N of M: Invalidates all candidates in an overvote	No	
(paper)		
Recall Issues, with options:		
Recall Issues with Options: Simple Yes/No with separate	Yes	
race/election. (Vote Yes or No Question)		
Recall Issues with Options: Retain is the first option.	Yes	
Replacement candidate for the second or more options		
(Vote 1 of M)		
Recall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a	No	
second contest conditional upon a specific vote in contest		
nd nd (Must voto Yos to voto in 2. contast)		
Becall Issues with Options: Two contests with access to a	No	
second contest conditional upon any vote in contest one	NO	
nd		
(Must vote Yes to vote in 2 contest.)		
Cumulative Voting		
Cumulative Voting: Voters are permitted to cast, as many	No	
votes as there are seats to be filled for one or more		
candidates. Voters are not limited to giving only one vote		
to a candidate. Instead, they can put multiple votes on		
one or more candidate.		

Ranked Order Voting		
Ranked Order Voting: Voters can write in a ranked vote.	No	
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot stops being counting when		
all ranked choices have been eliminated		
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with a skipped rank counts	No	
the vote for the next rank.		
Ranked Order Voting: Voters rank candidates in a contest	No	
in order of choice. A candidate receiving a majority of the		
first choice votes wins. If no candidate receives a majority		
of first choice votes, the last place candidate is deleted,		
each ballot cast for the deleted candidate counts for the		
second choice candidate listed on the ballot. The process		
of eliminating the last place candidate and recounting the		
ballots continues until one candidate receives a majority		
of the vote		
Ranked Order Voting: A ballot with two choices ranked	No	
the same, stops being counted at the point of two		
similarly ranked choices.		
Ranked Order Voting: The total number of votes for two	No	
or more candidates with the least votes is less than the		
votes of the candidate with the next highest number of		
votes, the candidates with the least votes are eliminated		
simultaneously and their votes transferred to the next-		
ranked continuing candidate.		
Provisional or Challenged Ballots		
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots	Yes	
is identified but not included in the tabulation, but can be		
added in the central count.		
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: A voted provisional ballots	Yes	
is included in the tabulation, but is identified and can be		
subtracted in the central count		
Provisional/Challenged Ballots: Provisional ballots	Yes	
maintain the secrecy of the ballot.		
Overvotes (must support for specific type of voting		
system)		
Overvotes: P & M: Overvote invalidates the vote. Define	Yes	
how overvotes are counted.		
Overvotes: DRE: Prevented from or requires correction of	No	
overvoting.		
Overvotes: If a system does not prevent overvotes, it	Yes	
must count them. Define how overvotes are counted.		
Overvotes: DRE systems that provide a method to data	No	
enter absentee votes must account for overvotes.		

Undervotes		
Undervotes: System counts undervotes cast for	Yes	
accounting purposes		
Blank Ballots		
Totally Blank Ballots: Any blank ballot alert is tested.	Yes	
Totally Blank Ballots: If blank ballots are not immediately	Yes	
processed, there must be a provision to recognize and		
accept them		
Totally Blank Ballots: If operators can access a blank	Yes	
ballot, there must be a provision for resolution.		
Networking		
Wide Area Network – Use of Modems	No	
Wide Area Network – Use of Wireless	No	
Local Area Network – Use of TCP/IP	Yes	
Local Area Network – Use of Infrared	No	
Local Area Network – Use of Wireless	No	
FIPS 140-2 validated cryptographic module	No	
Used as (if applicable):		
Precinct counting device	Yes	
Central counting device	Yes	