## U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

 Voted

## 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey

A Summary of Key Findings, September 2013

# The 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey 

## Table of Contents

Executive Summary ..... 1
Introduction ..... 3
Survey Methodology ..... 4
Survey Results ..... 7
Registering to vote ..... 7
How Americans cast their ballots .....  8
Overseas voting ..... 11
Casting and counting provisional votes ..... 12
Election administration ..... 13
Observations ..... 16
Appendix A ..... 17
Appendix B ..... 18
Appendix C ..... 88

## Executive Summary

The U.S. Election Assistance Commission's (EAC) Election Administration and Voting Survey (EAVS) is the nation's foremost data collection effort on how Americans cast their ballots. The 2012 survey is the fifth sponsored by EAC and forms the basis for this report.

There were approximately 194.2 million total eligible and registered voters in the United States reported for the November 2012 election, an increase of nearly 3.7 million registered voters since the last presidential election in 2008. The 2012 EAC survey collected information on how 131,590,825 Americans participated in the election. Response rates to the survey have been increasing over time, with 2012 seeing the highest juris-diction-level participation rates since the EAC began conducting this study. ${ }^{1}$ Although the completeness of State responses varied, valuable voting data were collected from each of the 50 States, three territories, and the District of Columbia. ${ }^{2}$

Over half of American voters cast a regular ballot in person at a polling place on Election Day in 2012 (56.5\%). Others voted by domestic absentee ballot ( $16.6 \%$ ); by early voting before Election Day (9.0\%); by mail voting (4.9\%); by provisional ballot, the validity of which was decided after Election Day (1.6\%); or by absentee ballot as overseas or uniformed services voters ( $0.5 \%$ ). ${ }^{3}$

States transmitted nearly 33.1 million domestic absentee ballots and $83.5 \%$ were returned and submitted for counting. Oregon and Washington conduct their elections entirely by mail, and in three other Western States (Arizona, Colorado, and Montana), more than half of all voters cast their ballots via absentee voting.

Improved data collection on Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA) ballots resulted in a more complete picture of voting by uni-

1 Appendix A to this report provides an overview of response rates for the last three surveys.
2 Throughout this report, the word "States" includes "States, territories, and the District of Columbia."
3 An additional $0.2 \%$ voted by other means. States were unable to classify the remaining $10.7 \%$ of ballots.
formed services and overseas voters. States reported transmitting over 876,000 ballots to UOCAVA voters, and $66.0 \%$ were returned and submitted for counting. Of UOCAVA ballots cast, $95.8 \%$ were counted; the others were rejected for various reasons, including missing ballot return deadlines.

Provisional ballots once again proved to be a substantial source of both ballots and votes in some States, with more than 2,702,000 provisional ballots submitted by voters nationwide. Four States-Arizona, California, New York, and Ohio-each reported more than 100,000 provisional ballots submitted and accounted for $70.6 \%$ of the nation's total. States counted $72.9 \%$ of their provisional ballots in whole or in part. Over 651,000 provisional ballots, or $24.1 \%$, were rejected, most commonly because it was determined that the voter was not properly registered. States reported using their provisional ballots in different ways; for example, some States issue provisional ballots when voters wish to change their address on Election Day.

In addition to the voting data, the 2012 survey collected information on a range of election administration topics, including the ages of poll workers, the number of polling places, and the types of voting technology. Among the key findings were that States employed almost 888,000 poll workers in nearly 120,000 polling places in the 2012 election, or roughly 7.4 poll workers per polling place, a slight increase from the last presidential election. Poll workers tend to be older on average than the general population. Ages were reported for over 361,000 poll workers; of those, $59.1 \%$ were between ages 41 and 70 and over one-fifth ( $22.3 \%$ ) were aged 71 years or older. Over a third of responding jurisdictions (39.0\%) reported having some difficulty in obtaining sufficient numbers of poll workers.

The type of voting technologies varies across and within States. Seventeen States reported deploying 121,638 Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) machines without voterverified paper ballots. Another 18 States reported using 79,357 DREs with voter-verified paper audit trails (VVPAT).

The most widely deployed technology was the optical or digital scanner that reads voter-marked ballots; 40 States reported using 271,384 such counters or booths in at least some of their jurisdictions.

While gaps remain in the States' election data collection, response rates to the survey were higher in 2012 than for previous data collections. There were also 3,476 more jurisdictions that participated in the survey than in 2010, largely as a result of a change in the reporting unit in Wisconsin. ${ }^{4}$ Readers are encouraged to consult the complete county-level data available at EAC's website, at www.eac.gov, for complete details, including explanatory comments.

4 Wisconsin's reporting units in 2012 were municipalities. In prior reports, Wisconsin's data were aggregated by county.

## Introduction

The United States Election Assistance Commission (EAC) is an independent, bipartisan commission created by the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (HAVA). Its mission is to assist State and local election officials with the administration of Federal elections. EAC provides assistance by disbursing, administering, and auditing Federal funds for States to implement HAVA requirements; conducting studies and other activities to promote the effective administration of Federal elections; and serving as a source of information regarding election administration.

Since 2004, EAC has collected data on voting, elections, and election administration in the United States. These data form the basis for three biennial reports: a federally mandated report on the impact of the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA), 42 U.S.C. §1973gg (completed in June 2013), a mandated report on the Uniformed and Overseas Citizen Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA), 42 U.S.C. §1973ff (completed in July 2013), and this comprehensive report summarizing findㄱings across all areas of the survey.

Detailed information on the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey is presented in this report. It contains summaries of the NVRA and UOCAVA reports and new information on the methods Americans used to vote and how State and local administrators ran their elections in 2012. Summary information at the State level is included in the tables which accompany the report.

## Survey Methodology

In 2012, as in previous years, EAC distributed two questionnaires to the States: a quantitative survey, the Election Administration and Voting Survey (EAVS) and a qualitative Statutory Overview, which asks States to report on their election laws, definitions, and procedures. In order to minimize the burden on States when preparing to respond to the survey, the 2012 survey contained only minor changes to both the Statutory Overview and the EAVS questionnaire from the 2010 versions. The final, approved version of the survey, posted on the EAC website in May 2012, contained 48 questions in the EAVS questionnaire and 22 questions in the Statutory Overview. A majority of the questions in both surveys contained subquestions.

The quantitative portion of the 2012 EAVS was composed of six sections:

1. Voter registration, which included questions required by the NVRA;
2. Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, which included questions required by that Act;
3. Domestic civilian absentee ballots, which asked about the number of ballots submitted, counted, and rejected;
4. Election administration, which asked States to report on their precincts, polling places, and poll workers;
5. Provisional ballots, which asked about the number of ballots submitted, counted, and rejected; and
6. Election Day activities, which contained a range of questions, from the number of people who participated in the 2012 election to the types of voting technology employed by local governments.

## States' Collection of Election Information

For 2012, EAC continued its efforts to present the survey to State officials earlier in the election cycle and to facilitate the task of responding by providing improved survey instruments and increased technical assistance. The primary survey instrument designed to assist the States in collecting and reporting their statistical data was a Micro-
soft Excel ${ }^{\circ}$-based template. The template offered the States two different methods for entering data: a form-based method that resembled the look of the questionnaire, and a sheet-based view that used a familiar spreadsheet format. Embedded in the Microsoft Excel ${ }^{\circ}$-based template was a set of error-checking algorithms to help States check their data using logic and consistency rules before submitting their data to EAC. To further ease the data entry burden, the template was preloaded with each State's jurisdictions, and EAC provided a guide summarizing how to use the template to States. ${ }^{5}$ Most States chose to submit their data using this instrument via the project website or via email.

States were asked to send their responses to EAC by February 1, 2013. The data provided by the States were then checked for logic and consistency errors. Any errors or questions concerning the submitted data were referred back to the States for review and correction, if necessary. The States had two weeks to review and correct their submissions. Fifty-four States submitted their data to EAC. ${ }^{6}$

## About the States' Data

In May 2010, EAC adopted a data policy to guide States' submission and verification of their survey data. The Guide to the Election Administration and Voting Survey document provides information to election officials responsible for completing the survey and offers EAC assurances about States' validation of the data. The Guide is available on EAC's website (www.eac.gov). The Guide contains information about:

- EAC processes related to releasing the survey instrument and final reports based on the survey data;

[^0]- the technical assistance EAC provides to the States;
- deadlines for submitting the survey data;
- the processes and procedures for States' submission of the data, including use of the data templates EAC provides;
- the processes and procedures for States' review, verification, and correction of the data; and
- instructions on how to address errors in the data after the submission deadline has passed.

In response to both media and general public inquiries about State data cited in EAC's previous EAVS reports and the Federal government's recent policies related to data quality, EAC formally requested that States verify and certify in writing the data they submit. For the 2012 EAVS, every State submitted with their data a certification page signed by its Chief State Election Official. ${ }^{7}$

The 54 States that responded to the 2012 survey varied in their approaches to and completeness of their election data collection. Most States relied, at least to some degree, upon centralized voter-registration databases (VRDs) and voter history databases, which allowed State election officials to respond to each survey question with information from the local level. Other States, conversely, collected relatively little election data at the State level and instead relied on cooperation from local jurisdiction election offices to complete the survey. Some States were not able to provide data in all the categories requested in the survey and some did not have data for all of their local jurisdictions.

This report summarizes the results of the 2012 EAVS and includes a set of detailed tables. A complete dataset of responses to the survey is available on EAC's website at www.eac.gov.

Caution is necessary when interpreting the survey data, particularly when comparing the data from year-to-year or State-to-State, due to changes in State data collection practices over-time and the varying levels of completeness in many States' responses. Information on the number of jurisdictions in each State is provided in the tables.
$7 \quad$ The numbers reported here from the States may differ from those provided elsewhere by the States. As these have been certified by the States' Chief Election Officials, they are considered by EAC to be the final and official statistics on the 2012 election.

## Guide to Terms

Active Voter: A voter registration designation indicating the voter is eligible to vote. See also Inactive Voter.

Ballots Cast: Total numbers of ballots submitted by all voters for counting, including by all voting methods (absentee, provisional, early, in a polling place, etc.).

Ballots Counted: Number of ballots actually processed, counted, and recorded as votes.

Domestic Absentee Ballot: A ballot submitted, often by mail, in advance of an election, often by a voter who is unable to be present at the polls on Election Day. This excludes ballots sent to overseas voters that are covered by the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act of 1986 (UOCAVA).

Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP): Persons who are citizens and of voting age ( 18 years or older). These numbers are estimates generated by the U.S. Bureau of the Census American Community Survey. See also Voting Age Population.

Early Voting: Refers generally to any in-person voting that occurred prior to the date of the election at specific polling locations for which there were no special eligibility requirements. Early voting is not considered absentee voting under the State's definitions/requirements for absentee voting.

Electorate: The body of persons eligible to vote.
HAVA: The abbreviation for the Help America Vote Act of 2002, 42 U.S.C. $\S 15301$ et seq. The text of HAVA and additional information is available on EAC's website at www. eac.gov.

Inactive Voter: The NVRA allows election jurisdictions to move voters to an inactive voter list if the registrant: (1) has not either notified the applicable registrar (in person or in writing) or responded during the during the period described in the statute to the notice sent by the applicable registrar; and subsequently (2) has not voted or appeared to vote in two or more consecutive general elections for Federal office. Before moving voters to an inactive list, jurisdictions verify voter rolls through mailings or the U.S. Postal Service's National Change of Address (NCOA) service. This inactive status and the fail-safe provisions of the NVRA allow such people to vote if there was an error. See also Active Voter.

Jurisdictions: Generic term to signify various geographic areas that administer elections. The jurisdictions in this study are also the reporting units and may include counties, parishes, municipalities, independent cities, townships, towns or cities, or, in the case of Alaska, an entire State.

Poll Worker: Election judges, booth workers, wardens, commissioners, or other similar terms that refer to the person or persons who verify the identity of a voter; assist the voter with signing the register, affidavits, or other documents required to cast a ballot; assist the voter by providing a ballot or setting up the voting machine; and serve other functions as dictated by State law. This does not include observers stationed at polling places or regular election office staff.

Polling Place: A facility staffed with poll workers and equipped with voting equipment, or paper ballots, at which persons cast ballots in person on Election Day. Several precincts may be combined into one polling place.

Precinct: An administrative division representing a geographic area in which voters are provided ballots for particular offices. These manageable geographic units may also be referred to as electoral districts, voting districts, boxes, beats, or wards, depending on State law. The number of allowed registered voters in precincts will vary according to State law.

Provisional Ballot: A ballot provided: (1) to an individual who claims he or she is registered and eligible to vote but whose eligibility or registration status cannot be confirmed at the time he or she presents him- or herself to vote; or (2) for other reasons allowed by Federal, State or local law.

Section 5: At the time of the 2012 Survey (November through February 2013), some jurisdictions were required by Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. $\$ 1973$ et seq., to obtain preclearance from the Department of Justice or the United States District Court for the District of Columbia before implementing a change in a voting standard, practice, or procedure.
Section 203: Some jurisdictions are required by Section 203 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. $\$ 1973$ et seq., to provide supplemental voting information to certain language minority groups.
Spoiled ballots: Ballots that, under the applicable State law, are incorrectly marked or impaired in some way by the voter and turned in by the voter at the polling place or mailed in absentee. A replacement ballot is issued so that
the voter can correctly mark the ballot; also referred to in some States as a "voided" ballot.

Voting Age Population (VAP): People who are 18 years of age or older, regardless of whether they are eligible to register to vote, based on estimates made by the Bureau of the Census 2010 U.S. Census and adjusted for the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012. Note that not all persons of voting age may be eligible to vote (e.g., felons, individuals judged to be mentally incompetent, noncitizens, etc.). See also Citizen Voting Age Population.

## Survey Results

## REGISTERING TO VOTE

In most places in the United States, voting begins with registration. While North Dakota has no voter registration and some other States allow eligible voters to register and vote on the same day, in most States, registration takes place several weeks prior to the casting of ballots. States maintain their voter registration rolls by removing invalid registrations when voters move out of State or die and by keeping eligible and registered voters on the rolls.

The key Federal legislation on voter registration is the National Voter Registration Act, or NVRA, 42 U.S.C. §1973gg. The information presented in this section is offered in greater detail in the EAC report, The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office, 2011-2012, available on EAC's website. The report includes complete data tables with totals for each State; data cited in this section are contained in those tables.

## How Many Are Eligible To Vote?

The United States Census is required by Article I, Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution. Obtaining an accurate and complete census of the population remains a daunting task. Complicating the situation is that the decennial census is only a baseline. For example, population estimates must take into account immigration (both legal and illegal), internal migration, mortality rates, and natural population growth and aging.

The Census estimated the domestic Voting Age Population (VAP), which includes those 18 years and older, at $243,003,673$ for 2012 . Voter participation data by State are shown in Table 29. ${ }^{8}$ The VAP is based on the 2010 U.S. Decennial Census, with the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012 taken into account.

The EAC obtained estimates of the citizen voting age population (CVAP) from the 2011 American Community

8 Tables 1-7 are presented in The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office, 2011-2012. Tables 8-27 are presented in the 2012 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act Survey report. Both reports are available on EAC's website (www.eac.gov).

## REGISTERING TO VOTE

To register to vote a person must be a U.S. citizen and, meet age and residency requirements. Eligibility varies according to State laws. Persons who have been legally declared mentally incompetent or who have been convicted of a felony and have not had their civil rights legally restored may not be able to vote (based on State law).

Individuals can register to vote by mail when applying for a driver's license or identity card at their State's driver's licensing offices, at offices providing public assistance, at offices providing State-funded programs for people with dis $\neg$ abilities, and at Armed Forces recruitment offices. Many states offer voter registration services on their website.

An individual can obtain a registration application from either the local election official in his or her county or city or town of residence, or through regᄀistration outreach programs sponsored by various private groups. Federal registration forms and many State forms are now accessible on the Internet

The National Mail Voter Registration Form is the one document that allows individuals to register to vote from anywhere in the United States. (North Dakota does not have voter registration; Wyoming and the four territories do not accept this form; New Hampshire accepts the form only as a request for an absentee voter mail-in registration form.) The form is available at www.eac.gov. *

Survey from the U.S. Census Bureau and applied them to the 2012 VAP. The nationwide estimate for CVAP for 2012 was 222,250,587. The State CVAP data are also reported in Table 29. ${ }^{9}$

9 U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey, http://www.census.gov/acs/www. The true number of eligible voters is reduced further by variation in State laws such as the eligibility of those convicted of felony crimes and those judged to be mentally incapacitated.

## Registration

States reported that more than 194 million persons registered to vote for the 2012 election. While EAC's NVRA report showed that approximately $79.9 \%$ of the nation's estimated voting age population of 243 million was registered to vote, registration rates varied across the country from a low of $54.5 \%$ in Wyoming to a high of $97.9 \%$ in Michigan. ${ }^{10}$

The 2012 EAVS asked a question to distinguish between States that did have Election Day or Same Day Registration in 2012 versus States that did not have formal Election Day Registration but in some cases allowed voters to register and vote on the same day for the 2012 election. Most States require eligible persons to register to vote in advance of the election, but an increasing number of States are allowing some form of Same Day or Election Day Registration. Some States have formal same-day voting systems, while others limit same-day voting to certain contests or certain groups of voters. For example, Alaska limits Election Day registrants to voting only for Federal offices. Further, some States experience overlaps between early voting periods and the cutoff date for registration resulting in some voters being able to register and vote on the same day.

Twelve States including Alaska, the District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Maine, Minnesota, Montana, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, and Wyoming indicated that they had Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration for the November 2012 presidential election. California, Colorado, Mississippi, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Vermont, and Washington reported a number of voters who were allowed to register and then to vote on the same day, but did not indicate that they have Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration

## Active Versus Inactive Voter Rolls

States vary in how they report their registration figures. In 2012, 16 States indicated that they only count active voters in their total number of registrations, 30 States counted both active and inactive voters as registered voters, and seven States had some jurisdictions count only active voters while other jurisdictions counted both active and inactive voters in their registration figures. ${ }^{11}$ Responses to

[^1]the 2012 survey show that over 23.1 million registrants in the United States remain on the list of inactive voters."

## Voter Turnout Rates in 2012

Every eligible voter does not necessarily register to vote, and not every registered voter casts a ballot in each election. In Table 29, voter turnout is reported using three different measures of the eligible population.

Estimates of voter turnout vary depending on the population base used for comparison. Often turnout is based on a percentage of the total estimated voting age population, an estimate of the number of individuals living in the United States who were 18 or older in 2012. This measure provides the lowest estimate of voter participation in the United States because it does not take into account persons' citizenship status. Using Census estimates of the citizen voting age population (CVAP) to calculate turnout produces a higher estimate of voter participation because a lower number of eligible voters is assumed.

## HOW AMERICANS CAST THEIR BALLOTS

An increasing number of alternatives to voting in person at a polling place on Election Day have expanded the ways that Americans cast their ballots in Federal elections. In some places, such as Oregon and Washington, voters primarily receive and submit their ballots through the mail. Further, more States have adopted "no-excuse" absentee voting, which allows more people to vote by mail or in person before Election Day as a convenience. Twentyfive States reported maintaining "permanent absentee" lists, automating the distribution of ballots to voters who request their ballot through the mail in every election. In some communities, election administrators have set up "vote centers," central locations where any voter from any precinct can cast his or her ballot. Finally, voters in Federal elections who encounter challenges or problems at the polling place, such as finding their names removed from the registration rolls, can now vote "provisional" ballots, which can be counted later when questions concerning registration are resolved.

Over $56 \%$ of Americans who voted in the 2012 general election voted in the traditional way of casting their ballots in person at their local polling place on Election Day. The 2012 survey collected data from over 7,800 jurisdictions (of 8,154 total) on how people who participated in the 2012 elections cast their ballot (see Table 28).

Of the 131,590,825 voters participating in the election, $74,343,638(56.5 \%)$ voted in person at polling places.

An additional 21,853,762 (16.6\%) voters cast their ballots as domestic absentee voters, and States reported 600,048 UOCAVA voters ( $0.5 \%$ ). ${ }^{12}$ Mail voting accounted for $6,459,136$ ballots, or $4.9 \%$ of the vote. Provisional ballots accounted for $2,139,315$ ballots, or $1.6 \%$ of the vote. ${ }^{13}$ Provisional balloting is discussed in greater detail below.

Twenty-nine States reported that 11,794,312 people (9.0\%) cast their votes before Election Day through various

12 UOCAVA data on voter participation differs from UOCAVA ballot data because of variations in how States answered the questions and/or track their data.
13 An additional $0.2 \%$ voted by other means. States were unable to classify the remaining $10.7 \%$ of ballots.

VOTER REGISTRATION

The 2012 election saw a substantial increase in the total number of registration applications received directly over the Internet. In 2012, States reported receiving 3,329,216 Internet applications, up from 768,211 in 2010. The number of States receiving Internet applications has also increased in the past few election cycles, from 8 States in 2008, to 17 in 2010, and to 21 States in 2012. Note: States vary in their interpretation of Internet (or online) voter registration; for some it is defined as offering a fillable PDF while for others it includes the ability to email the voter registration form. *

RANKING OF STATE BY PERCENTAGE OF VOTER TURNOUT

| Rank | Based on Voting Age Population (VAP) |  | Based on Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP) |  | Rank | Based on Voting Age Population (VAP) |  | Based on Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Minnesota | 71.9\% | Minnesota | 75.3\% | 27 | District of Columbia | 56.3\% | Pennsylvania | 59.6\% |
| 2 | Wisconsin | 69.8\% | Wisconsin | 72.1\% | 28 | Florida | 55.9\% | South Dakota | 59.6\% |
| 3 | New Hampshire | 68.7\% | Colorado | 71.0\% | 29 | Connecticut | 55.8\% | Louisiana | 59.3\% |
| 4 | Maine | 68.2\% | New Hampshire | 70.8\% | 30 | Alaska | 55.6\% | Rhode Island | 58.7\% |
| 5 | lowa | 67.6\% | lowa | 69.7\% | 31 | Illinois | 54.4\% | Alaska | 58.2\% |
| 6 | Colorado | 65.6\% | Maine | 69.3\% | 32 | South Carolina | 54.4\% | Wyoming | 58.2\% |
| 7 | Ohio | 63.4\% | Massachusetts | 66.6\% | 33 | Rhode Island | 54.2\% | Alabama | 57.9\% |
| 8 | Montana | 62.8\% | Virginia | 66.2\% | 34 | Kentucky | 54.0\% | Georgia | 56.9\% |
| 9 | Michigan | 62.8\% | Maryland | 65.8\% | 35 | Indiana | 53.9\% | South Carolina | 56.5\% |
| 10 | Virginia | 61.6\% | Washington | 65.7\% | 36 | New Jersey | 53.8\% | Nevada | 56.4\% |
| 11 | Missouri | 61.5\% | Michigan | 65.1\% | 37 | Georgia | 52.6\% | Utah | 55.9\% |
| 12 | North Carolina | 60.8\% | Ohio | 64.9\% | 38 | Utah | 52.0\% | Indiana | 55.7\% |
| 13 | Massachusetts | 60.7\% | North Carolina | 64.7\% | 39 | Kansas | 51.6\% | California | 55.6\% |
| 14 | Vermont | 60.7\% | Oregon | 64.5\% | 40 | Tennessee | 50.0\% | Kentucky | 55.3\% |
| 15 | Washington | 60.4\% | Montana | 63.5\% | 41 | Nevada | 48.6\% | Kansas | 54.3\% |
| 16 | Maryland | 60.2\% | Florida | 63.2\% | 42 | Arkansas | 48.3\% | New York | 53.2\% |
| 17 | Oregon | 59.9\% | Missouri | 63.1\% | 43 | Arizona | 47.1\% | Arizona | 53.1\% |
| 18 | North Dakota | 59.9\% | District of Columbia | 62.1\% | 44 | Oklahoma | 46.7\% | Tennessee | 51.8\% |
| 19 | Delaware | 58.7\% | Delaware | 62.1\% | 45 | New York | 46.6\% | Arkansas | 50.1\% |
| 20 | South Dakota | 58.6\% | Vermont | 61.9\% | 46 | West Virginia | 46.6\% | Oklahoma | 48.7\% |
| 21 | Nebraska | 58.6\% | Nebraska | 61.4\% | 47 | California | 45.5\% | Texas | 48.4\% |
| 22 | Louisiana | 57.8\% | New Jersey | 61.2\% | 48 | New Mexico | 43.2\% | West Virginia | 46.9\% |
| 23 | Pennsy/vania | 57.7\% | North Dakota | 60.9\% | 49 | Texas | 41.9\% | New Mexico | 46.9\% |
| 24 | Idaho | 57.0\% | Connecticut | 60.8\% | 50 | Hawaii | 40.1\% | Hawaii | 44.0\% |
| 25 | Wyoming | 56.9\% | Illinois | 59.9\% | 51 | Mississippi | 39.7\% | Mississippi | 40.4\% |
| 26 | Alabama | 56.3\% | Idaho | 59.8\% |  |  |  |  |  |


forms of early voting. In several States, early voting made up a sizeable proportion of the total votes cast. For example, in Nevada, North Carolina, and Tennessee, early voters constituted over half of all ballots.

In reporting these totals, States drew from various sources to determine their participation numbers ${ }^{14}$ (see Table 30):

- 17 States reported using poll book records;
- 27 States drew from totals of ballots counted;
- 19 States used databases of voter histories; and
- 10 States used the total number of votes for the highest office on the ballot.


## Domestic Absentee Voting

Absentee voting covers a range of circumstances under which voters cast their ballots without appearing at a polling place on Election Day. Some States require valid reasons, such as being out of town on Election Day or having a work schedule that precludes getting to a polling place. Other States allow any voter who requests it to vote by absentee ballot. Absentee voting has gradually expanded through the years, and many States no longer require an

[^2]FIGURE 2. HOW AMERICANS VOTED IN THE 2012 GENERAL ELECTION

excuse. Oregon and Washington have moved to replace their polling place systems entirely with vote-by-mail. ${ }^{15}$ States reported that 33,070,385 absentee ballots were transmitted to voters (see Table 31). The 2012 EAC survey collected data on absentee voting from 54 States. Approximately 8 out of 10 absentee ballots (27,624,254 ballots, or

15 States vary in whether they consider vote-by-mail ballots to be absentee ballots; some States with vote-by-mail reserve the term "absentee" for specific circum $\neg$ stances. Also, the absentee voting discussed in this section generally does not include voters covered by UOCAVA.
$83.5 \%)$ were returned and submitted for counting. Additionally, 425,310 (1.3\%) of the domestic absentee ballots were reported to have been returned as undeliverable, 266,642 ( $0.8 \%$ ) were spoiled, and for 3,760,269 ( $11.4 \%$ ) the status was uncertain. As in past elections, Western States had the highest rates of absentee voting, with absentee voting accounting for more than half of all ballots in Arizona, Colorado, and Montana.

HIGHEST ABSENTEE VOTING RATES ${ }^{16}$

| Colorado | $71.4 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Arizona | $65.9 \%$ |
| Montana | $57.5 \%$ |
| Georgia | $48.8 \%$ |

States reported counting 26,834,076 absentee ballots ( $97.1 \%$ ), and rejecting $258,380(0.9 \%)$ (see Tables 32, 33a, 33b, and 33c). Guam, Kentucky, and Louisiana reported rejecting $5 \%$ or more of their absentee ballots. The reasons for rejecting voters' absentee ballots varied widely. Many States do not track the reasons absentee ballots are rejected, leaving an incomplete picture of why these ballots were not counted.

Readers should note that the "Reasons for Rejected Absentee Ballots" listed below are for ballots submitted for counting; nearly 692,000 absentee ballots were never submitted, but instead were returned as undeliverable or spoiled.

## OVERSEAS VOTING

Voting by members of the uniformed services and by U.S. citizens living overseas is an area of critical concern in election administration. The reliance of the United States on local election administration and on casting ballots in physical polling places, as well as State requirements of prior registration, present special difficulties for eligible voters living outside the country. Federal requirements concerning registration and voting by overseas and uniformed services voters are contained in the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (UOCAVA), 42 U.S.C. §1973ff, signed into law in 1986.

Since 2004, EAC has gathered data on UOCAVA ballots and voters, pursuant to the statutory reporting obligations in UOCAVA and HAVA. In the 2012 survey, 18 questions sought to gather detailed information on overseas voting. What is presented in this section is explained

16 Oregon and Washington - which vote entirely by mail - were also excluded.

TOP REASONS FOR REJECTING ABSENTEE BALLOTS

|  | Number | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Non-matching signature | 45,392 | $17.6 \%$ |
| First-time voters lacking required ID | 7,719 | $3.0 \%$ |
| Already voted in person | 4,717 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Unofficial envelope | 1,949 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Unsealed envelope | 1,035 | $0.4 \%$ |

in more detail in the 2012 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act Survey Observations Report, available at EAC's website, www.eac.gov.

Improved data collection of UOCAVA-related information resulted in high response rates in 2012 and more jurisdictions responding overall to this portion of the survey than in previous years. While gaps remain, better data are gradually becoming available on UOCAVA voting.

Responding to the survey's UOCAVA questions, States reported transmitting over 876,000 ballots under 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-3(a) of UOCAVA. Five States (California, Florida, New York, Texas, and Washington) each transmitted more than 50,000 ballots and together accounted for nearly half of the national total of ballots transmitted. Military voters accounted for slightly more of the ballots transmitted than did civilian voters.

While 876,362 ballots transmitted to uniformed services and overseas civilian voters, 606,425 ballots ( $69.2 \%$ ) were submitted for counting including Federal Write-in Absentee Ballots (FWABs) which are not transmitted to voters. Nearly one-quarter of transmitted ballots, $22.2 \%$, were not returned and their status remained unknown. Among the ballots submitted for counting were at least 44,766 FWABs, which UOCAVA voters can use when their requested ballots do not arrive in time. FWAB usage remains a relatively small proportion of UOCAVA voting for both uniformed services and civilian voters.

Once submitted, $95.8 \%$ of UOCAVA ballots were counted. Military voters made up slightly more of the total ballots counted (52.4\%) than civilian voters (45.4\%). Fortynine States reported rejecting 33,762 UOCAVA ballots. The

most common reason for rejecting a UOCAVA ballot was that the voter missed the deadline for returning the ballot; $40.4 \%$ of rejected ballots were not counted for this reason.

## CASTING AND COUNTING PROVISIONAL VOTES

The 2012 Federal election was the fifth in which voters in all 50 States, the territories, and the District of Columbia were allowed to cast a provisional ballot even if their name did not appear on the voter registration rolls in the jurisdiction where they intended to vote, they failed to have the required identification, their eligibility was challenged by an election official, or for other reasons provided by law. Pursuant to HAVA Section 302(a), such voters were allowed to cast a provisional ballot, which would be later counted if election officials determined the person was eligible to vote.

Before the minimum standards set by HAVA, the rules regarding the use of provisional ballots varied widely among the States, and some variation continues. States that had Election Day Registration when HAVA was passed in 2002 are not required to offer provisional ballots. Idaho, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming are exempt from the HAVA provisional ballot requirements, but some of them reported small numbers
of provisional ballots, including New Hampshire (2), Wisconsin (135), and Wyoming (33).

A total of 2,702,470 provisional ballots were submitted for counting in 2012. States reported that 1,790,294 (66.2\%) of the provisional ballots) were counted in full, and 180,571 (6.7\%) were partially counted. States responding to this survey question reported that 651,372 provisional ballots (24.1\%) were rejected.

California and New York reported the largest number of provisional ballots, accounting for $56.1 \%$ of all provisional ballots cast nationwide in the 2012 election (see Table 34). As a share of voters participating in the election, the District of Columbia (13.1\%), California ( $7.4 \%$ ), Arizona ( $6.5 \%$ ), and Alaska ( $6.0 \%$ ) had the largest percentages of voters cast provisional ballots (see Table 28). Readers should note that the different ways in which States use provisional ballots makes comparisons among States difficult. Those States that require a provisional ballot for more circumstances will have a higher incidence of provisional ballot usage when compared to those States with more limited uses. Ohio, for example, uses provisional ballots to process voters' change of address requests in addition to providing an alternative means to vote.


In 2012, $1,970,865$ people cast a provisional ballot that was either partially or fully counted, or about $1.5 \%$ of all Americans who participated in the election. On average, about 1 out of every 41 voters who cast their vote in a polling place cast a provisional ballot. Approximately $72.9 \%$ of all the provisional ballots cast were counted in full or in part ( 15 States reported counting partial provisional ballots). ${ }^{17}$ The percentage of provisional ballots being counted grew from the previous presidential election; in 2008, 1,451,086 provisional ballots were counted in full or in part, or $67.3 \%$ of provisional ballots cast.

Five States (Alaska, the District of Columbia, Maine, Montana, and Oregon) reported counting $90 \%$ or more of their provisional ballots. An additional 11 States reported counting at least $70 \%$ of their provisional ballots. Conversely, 26 States reported counting fewer than half of their provisional ballots.

## Reasons Provisional Ballots Were Rejected

The reasons for rejecting provisional ballots are shown in Tables 35a and 35b. Most provisional ballots ( $38.2 \%$ ) were rejected because the voter was found not to be registered in the State. Another $\mathbf{2 5 . 1 \%}$ were from voters who sought to vote in a precinct or jurisdiction other than where they were

[^3]registered, and State laws mandated that such ballots could not be counted. The principal reasons for the rejection of a provisional ballot are summarized in the table below.

## ELECTION ADMINISTRATION

Despite the increase in convenient voting options such as "no excuse" absentee voting and vote-by-mail, over $56 \%$ of Americans cast their vote in the 2012 general election in polling places on Election Day. Providing voting services to more than 74 million voters on Election Day required a massive effort organized through thousands of precincts, polling places, and poll workers across the country.

TOP REASONS FOR REJECTING PROVISIONAL BALLOTS

|  | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Voter not registered | 248,529 | $38.2 \%$ |
| Wrong jurisdiction | 128,923 | $19.8 \%$ |
| Wrong precinct | 34,703 | $5.3 \%$ |
| Lacked sufficient ID | 13,333 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Incomplete or illegible ballot or | 9,233 | $1.4 \%$ |
| envelope |  |  |
| Voter already voted | 8,865 | $1.4 \%$ |
| No signature | 8,402 | $1.3 \%$ |

## Polling Places and Precincts

States employ some system of precincts (bounded geographic areas to which voters are assigned) and polling places (locations where voting actually takes place) to conduct their elections. In 2012, States operated 176,906 precincts and 119,968 physical polling places (see Table 41). ${ }^{18}$ Of all polling places, 91,282 were separate from official election offices (schools, community halls, etc.), whereas a reported 1,492 election offices were open for casting ballots. States reported that 4,184 locations were available for early voting, including 1,595 election offices.

## Poll Books

Electronic poll books, or electronic voter lists, are in use in some fashion in 25 States (see Table 36):

- 23 States reported that a total of 645 jurisdictions used electronic poll books to sign in voters;
- 21 States reported that a total of 610 jurisdictions used electronic poll books to update voter histories;
- 24 States reported that a total of 947 jurisdictions used electronic poll books to look up polling place assignments for voters; and
- 12 States reported using electronic poll books for some other purpose.

Most polling places still use preprinted lists of registered voters (see Table 37). In the preponderance of reporting jurisdictions (3,279 cases), these books were printed by local jurisdictions, with 274 cases where the printing was completed by the State and the poll books shipped to the jurisdictions.

## Poll Workers

The term "poll worker" encompasses many different names across the United States. Poll workers may be referred to as election judges, booth workers, wardens, commissioners, or other similar terms. As defined in this report, "poll worker" refers to the person or persons who verify the identity of a voter; assist the voter with signing the register, affidavits, or other documents required to cast a ballot; assist the voter by providing a ballot or setting up the voting machine; and may serve other functions as dictated by State law. The term does not apply to observers stationed at polling places or to regular election office staff.

[^4]The complexity of voting technology and rules has led States to seek poll workers with specialized technological knowledge. In many States, poll technicians are assigned to help keep voting machines and electronic poll books functioning properly.

Fifty States reported deploying 887,854 poll workers for Election Day 2012 (see Table 39). California alone had 89,440 poll workers.

The reliance of many jurisdictions on retirees as poll workers has made their age a topic of interest. The EAC survey asked jurisdictions to report the ages of their poll workers (see Table 39). Thirty States were able to provide at least some data on poll worker ages.

States reported age ranges for 361,135 poll workers. The largest number of poll workers fell into two age groups: 41 to 60 and 61 to 70 years of age (both age groups, respectively, included approximately $30 \%$ of poll workers). About $22 \%$ of the poll workers with reported age ranges were aged 71 years or older. Young poll workers are relatively rare; $10.8 \%$ of poll workers were under 26 years of age. ${ }^{19}$

The 2012 survey also asked about the difficulty jurisdictions faced in recruiting adequate numbers of poll workers (see Table 40). About $44 \%$ of responding jurisdictions reported having a somewhat difficult or very difficult time recruiting poll workers, compared with $28.6 \%$ that reported having a somewhat easy or very easy time. Staffing the nation's polling places continues to be a challenge for many jurisdictions.

The survey found that there were on average 7.4 poll workers assigned to each polling place in the United States during the 2012 election (based on those States which reported answers to questions regarding the number of polling places and number of poll workers). Jurisdictions reported an average of 6.6 poll workers per polling place in the last general election in 2008.

## Voting Technology

Voting technology remains highly dynamic in the United States. With the enactment of HAVA, Congress appropriated more than $\$ 3.1$ billion for EAC to distribute to States to make election administration improvements, including the purchase of voting systems.

Voting technology is a difficult topic to measure in the Election Administration and Voting Survey because many

[^5]jurisdictions use multiple systems. For example, a county may employ a scanner for absentee ballots but a Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) machines for in-person voting. Polling places may have more than one type of voting system technology in use on Election Day. For this reason, the EAVS survey measures the breadth of voting technology being used across the country, and the wealth of local-level data will be of substantial value to researchers.

The 2012 survey collected data on almost 320,000 voting systems. The types of voting technology included the following:

- DRE machines with a voter-verified paper audit trail (VVPAT);
- DRE machines without a VVPAT;
- optical or digital scan systems, in which voters fill out a paper ballot which is then read by a scanner;
- hybrid systems combining a DRE with an optical scanner;
- punch card systems;
- lever machines;
- paper ballots; and
- other systems

The most common single type of voting system was an optical or digital scan booth; 23 States reported using 214,888 such machines. The most widely deployed technology across the States, however, is the optical or digital scan counter; 40 States reported using 56,496 of these counters in at least some of their jurisdictions.

Eighteen States reported deploying DREs which produce a paper record that can be checked by the voter. Voters in Arkansas, Colorado, Nevada, Ohio, and West Virginia were among those most likely to vote on such machines. Most States use more than one type of voting machine, either because of local options or to accommodate voters with special needs.

Only Idaho reported using punch cards. Fourteen States reported using paper ballots in at least some of their polling places. Eight States were not able to provide the numbers of voting systems used, though some of them did provide the types of systems used without corresponding counts.

## Observations

The discussion above represents an overview of the data contained in the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey. EAC encourages individuals interested in election data to further examine the State-by-State data, and the county- (or equivalent) level data, available on EAC's website. As shown by the response rates and increase in the number of jurisdictions responding to the 2012 survey, data collection and reporting in the United States have improved. While users of the data must take into account State differences in definitions and data reporting and consider the incomplete responses in many categories, the survey is a valuable resource of data on Federal elections for election administrators, advocates, researchers, and the general public.

## APPENDIX A

## Response Rates

Summarized below are the response rates for selected questions in the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey, with comparisons to 2008 and 2010 response rates where available. ${ }^{20}$ Coverage varies significantly across the questions. Not all questions were applicable to all States.

| Comparing Response Rates from 2012, 2010, and 2008 (excluding Wisconsin) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Survey question | Responding <br> Jurisdictions in 2012 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ |
| Domestic absentee ballots transmitted | 4,520 | $98.0 \%$ | $97.2 \%$ | $95.1 \%$ |
| Domestic absentee ballots cast/counted | 4,456 | $96.6 \%$ | $91.2 \%$ | $94.7 \%$ |
| Domestic absentee ballots rejected | 4,333 | $93.9 \%$ | $94.7 \%$ | $91.6 \%$ |
| Number of poll workers | 4,143 | $89.8 \%$ | $75.4 \%$ | $71.7 \%$ |
| Number of precincts | 4,573 | $99.1 \%$ | $99.1 \%$ | $97.9 \%$ |
| Number of polling places | 4,301 | $93.2 \%$ | $86.5 \%$ | $95.9 \%$ |
| Provisional ballots submitted | 4,111 | $89.1 \%$ | $94.6 \%$ | $82.8 \%$ |
| Provisional ballots rejected | 3,471 | $75.2 \%$ | $77.6 \%$ | $70.9 \%$ |
|  | 4,613 | 4,606 | 4.445 |  |

20 Wisconsin's jurisdictions were excluded from the response rate calculations for all three years reported in the table, as the disproportionately large increase in Wisconsin reporting jurisdictions - from 72 in 2008 and 2010 to 3,541 in 2012 - would skew these results. When including them, the response rates are overly affected by Wisconsin because it comprises nearly half of all jurisdictions. In 2012, Wisconsin switched from reporting data at the county level to the municipality level.

## APPENDIX B <br> Tables and Cross Reference of Survey Questions to the Tables

## CROSS REFERENCE OF SURVEY QUESTIONS TO TABLES

## Section C: Domestic Civilian Absentee Ballots

Question C1: Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted to voters and the disposition of the ballots
Table 31. Domestic Absentee Ballots Transmitted: Disposition of Ballots
Table 32. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Permanent List; Submitted for Counting: Disposition
Question C2: Existence of a permanent absentee voter registration list
This question was categorical and not coded for tabular display
Question C3: Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted to voters due to the existence of a permanent list
Table 32. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Permanent List; Submitted for Counting: Disposition
Question C4:Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots submitted for counting and the disposition of the ballots
Table 32. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Permanent List; Submitted for Counting: Disposition
Table 33. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Parts A, B, and C
Question C5: Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots rejected and the reason for rejection
Table 33. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Parts A, B, and C

## Section D: Election Administration

Question D1: Number of precincts
Table 41. Number and Type of Precincts/Polling Places
Table 43. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place
Question D2: Number of polling places, types of polling places
Table 41. Number and Type of Precincts/Polling Places
Table 44. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place
Question D3:Number of poll workers used
Table 39. Number and Ages of Poll Workers
Table 43. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place
Question D4: Age category for poll workers
Table 39. Number and Ages of Poll Workers
Question D5: Difficulty of obtaining a sufficient number of poll workers
Table 40. Difficulty of Obtaining Sufficient Poll Workers

## Section E: Provisional Ballots

Question E1: Number of voters who submitted provisional ballots
Table 34. Provisional Ballots Submitted: Disposition of Ballots
Table 35. Provisional Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Parts A, B, and C
Table 43. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place
Question E2: Number of voters who submitted provisional ballots and disposition of the ballots
Table 34. Provisional Ballots Submitted: Disposition of Ballots
Table 35. Provisional Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Parts A, B, and C
Question E3: Number of provisional ballots rejected and the reason for rejection Table 35. Provisional Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Parts A, B, and C

## Section F: Election Day Activities

Question F1: Number of people who participated in the November 2012 general election Table 28. Ballots Cast by Means of Voting

Table 29. Turnout Rates for Voter Participation Using Different Bases
Table 30. Source Used to Determine Voter Participation
Table 36. Use of Electronic Poll Books/Lists at the Polling Place
Table 37. Source of Poll Books Used at the Polling Place
Table 38. First-Time Mail Registrants; Use of Printed Registration Lists at the Polling Place
Table 40. Difficulty of Obtaining Sufficient Poll Workers
Table 43. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place
Question F2: Source of the number of persons participating
Table 30. Source Used to Determine Voter Participation
Question F3:First-time mail registrants who were required to provide identification to vote
Table 38. First-Time Mail Registrants; Use of Printed Registration Lists at the Polling Place
Question F4: Uses of electronic poll books or electronic lists of voters at the polling place
Table 36. Use of Electronic Poll Books/Lists at the Polling Place
Question F5: Existence of printed lists of registered voters at the polls
Table 38. First-Time Mail Registrants; Use of Printed Registration Lists at the Polling Place
Question F6: Source of poll books used at the polling place Table 38. Source of Poll Books Used at the Polling Place
Question F7: Information on the number and type of voting equipment used
Table 42. Number and Type of Voting Equipment

## FOOTNOTES TO TABLES

## General Notes:

State:In the interest of consistency in these tables, the term State includes the District of Columbia and the four territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Jurisdictions in the Survey: For the 2012 survey, information was requested for each local election administration jurisdiction. Generally this would be the county or county equivalent in each State. The following exceptions may apply.
a) The information was compiled by town, city, or township in Wisconsin and the six New England States of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
b) Some independent cities were treated as counties for reporting purposes in the States of Illinois, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia.
c) The response was one record for the whole entity for Alaska, the District of Columbia, and the reporting territories.
d) In Hawaii, information for one county, Kalawao, was reported with Maui County

Exceptions are noted by an asterisk below the State name in Table la in "The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office 2011-2012."

Table 6 in "The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office 2011-2012" contains more information on the coverage and reporting for each State.

Missing Data: Information for several items remains unavailable for some States for a number of reasons. Missing data are presented in the tables by a blank data cell, a "-999999" value, or a zero value depending on how the State answered the question. A "-999999" value denotes that a State specifically responded that data was not available for the question under consideration. Note that a zero value may also indicate that the jurisdiction does not know or does not collect the information. The count of cases, included in most tables but not for all variables, reflects the presence of a response from the jurisdiction including reported zeros. For many questions, zero is a valid response. In some instances, however, it is unclear if a response of zero is a valid response or an indication of "Data Not Available" or "Data Not Applicable" options. Researchers should consult the jurisdiction-level dataset for more detail. If a calculation is impossible because of missing information, a separate symbol may be indicated, e.g., a series of periods (......).

Sum of Above: The information listed in the tables below the State detail is, for most columns, simply the arithmetic sum of the information listed in the table. The number of States providing information is indicated as the count of States with information greater than, or in some cases, less than, zero. The percentages indicated on this line are generally the result of a simple division based upon the appropriate numbers from this line. For the Not Categorized columns, the number and percentage in the "Sum of Above" line will generally reflect a calculation of the appropriate fields listed on this line.

## Specific Notes for Tables:

Notes that are specific to each table appear following each table or group of sub-tables. These notes summarize the comments that States included when completing the survey and are occasionally direct quotes of States' comments. The notes also occasionally include explanations of decisions made in reporting States' data.
Tables Included
Table 28. Ballots Cast by Means of Voting ..... 23
Table 29. Turnout Rates for Voter Participation Using Different Bases ..... 29
Table 30. Source Used to Determine Voter Participation ..... 32
Table 31. Domestic Absentee Ballots Transmitted: Disposition of Ballots ..... 35
Table 32. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Permanent List; Submitted for Counting: Disposition ..... 38
Table 33a. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Part A ..... 41
Table 33b. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Part B ..... 43
Table 33c. Domestic Absentee Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Part C ..... 45
Table 34. Provisional Ballots Submitted: Disposition of Ballots ..... 48
Table 35a. Provisional Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Part A. ..... 52
Table 35b. Provisional Ballots: Reasons for Rejection, Part B. ..... 54
Table 36. Use of Electronic Poll Books/Lists at the Polling Place . ..... 59
Table 37. Source of Poll Books Used at the Polling Place ..... 63
Table 38. First-Time Mail Registrants; Use of Printed Registration Lists at the Polling Place ..... 66
Table 39. Number and Ages of Poll Workers. ..... 70
Table 40. Difficulty of Obtaining Sufficient Poll Workers ..... 74
Table 41. Number and Type of Precincts/Polling Places. ..... 78
Table 42. Number and Type of Voting Equipment ..... 82
Table 43. Summary of Selected Factors per Polling Place ..... 85

TABLE 28. BALLOTS CAST BY MEANS OF VOTING

| State | Election Jurisdiction in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | In-Person Voting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | At the Polls |  |  | Early Voting |  |  | Provisional |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent |
| Alabama | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 302,465 | 1 | 203,496 | 1 | 67.3 | 45,600 | 1 | 15.1 | 18,255 | 1 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| Arizona | 2,323,579 | 15 | 633,660 | 15 | 27.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 150,231 | 15 | 6.5 | 4.6 |
| Arkansas | 1,080,809 | 75 | 565,716 | 75 | 52.3 | 477,120 | 75 | 44.1 | 2,153 | 73 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| California | 13,096,097 | 57 | 5,460,518 | 56 | 41.7 | 48,604 | 24 | 0.4 | 968,077 | 56 | 7.4 | 5.0 |
| Colorado | 2,594,628 | 64 | 421,980 | 64 | 16.3 | 250,797 | 64 | 9.7 | 52,977 | 64 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Connecticut | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 417,631 | 3 | 396,408 | 3 | 94.9 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 437 | 3 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 294,254 | 1 | 191,166 | 1 | 65.0 | 52,998 | 1 | 18.0 | 38,636 | 1 | 13.1 | 4.6 |
| Florida | 8,557,692 | 67 | 3,736,946 | 67 | 43.7 | 2,409,097 | 67 | 28.2 | 31,368 | 66 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Georgia | 3,910,557 | 159 | 1,979,776 | 159 | 50.6 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 10,545 | 159 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| Hawaii | 436,774 | 4 | 236,586 | 4 | 54.2 | 40,291 | 4 | 9.2 | 643 | 3 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 666,290 | 44 | 496,546 | 44 | 74.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 5,339,488 | 110 | 4,021,805 | 110 | 75.3 | 1,185,748 | 110 | 22.2 | 43,772 | 110 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Indiana | 2,663,373 | 92 | 2,073,074 | 92 | 77.8 | 0 | 92 | 0.0 | 4,801 | 66 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| lowa | 1,589,951 | 99 | 896,757 | 99 | 56.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 4,996 | 99 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Kansas | 1,115,281 | 105 | 784,825 | 105 | 70.4 | 188,717 | 105 | 16.9 | 38,865 | 105 | 3.5 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,815,896 | 120 | 1,710,486 | 120 | 94.2 | 67,773 | 120 | 3.7 | 50 | 120 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 2,014,511 | 64 | 1,650,912 | 64 | 82.0 | 315,029 | 64 | 15.6 | 1,321 | 64 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Maine | 724,759 | 500 | 536,635 | 500 | 74.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 290 | 500 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 2,734,189 | 24 | 2,068,656 | 24 | 75.7 | 430,546 | 24 | 15.7 | 79,876 | 24 | 2.9 | 1.9 |
| Massachusetts | 3,184,196 | 351 | 2,913,489 | 351 | 91.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 3,288 | 351 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 4,780,701 | 83 | 3,505,208 | 83 | 73.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 2,675 | 83 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Minnesota | 2,950,780 | 87 | 2,640,446 | 87 | 89.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 889,914 | 58 | 708,020 | 50 | 79.6 | 1,051 | 19 | 0.1 | 10,260 | 43 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Missouri | 2,840,776 | 116 | 2,567,998 | 116 | 90.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 6,308 | 115 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Montana | 491,966 | 56 | 198,775 | 56 | 40.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 5,562 | 56 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Nebraska | 815,568 | 93 | 595,284 | 93 | 73.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 15,130 | 93 | 1.9 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 1,017,772 | 17 | 305,122 | 17 | 30.0 | 619,253 | 17 | 60.8 | 3,468 | 17 | 0.3 | 0.3 |

TABLE 28. BALLOTS CAST BY MEANS OF VOTING (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Jurisdiction in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | In-Person Voting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | At the Polls |  |  | Early Voting |  |  | Provisional |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent |
| New Hampshire | 718,700 | 320 | 654,450 | 320 | 91.1 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 3,677,463 | 21 | 3,047,584 | 21 | 82.9 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 94,721 | 21 | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| New Mexico | 679,080 | 26 | 225,870 | 23 | 33.3 | 283,649 | 23 | 41.8 | 3,082 | 24 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| New York | 7,128,852 | 62 | 4,342,214 | 57 | 60.9 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 129,835 | 57 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| North Carolina | 4,539,729 | 100 | 1,743,642 | 100 | 38.4 | 2,557,256 | 100 | 56.3 | 18,041 | 100 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| North Dakota | 326,239 | 53 | 230,890 | 53 | 70.8 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 5,632,423 | 88 | 3,547,582 | 88 | 63.0 | 600,647 | 88 | 10.7 | 208,087 | 88 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| Oklahoma | 1,343,380 | 77 | 1,163,957 | 77 | 86.6 | 112,718 | 77 | 8.4 | 1,724 | 77 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 1,771 | 36 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,783,621 | 67 | 5,488,684 | 67 | 94.9 | 190 | 67 | 0.0 | 48,711 | 67 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| Rhode Island | 451,593 | 39 | 423,691 | 39 | 93.8 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 2,357 | 39 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| South Carolina | 1,981,516 | 46 | 1,525,284 | 46 | 77.0 | 264,754 | 46 | 13.4 | 5,473 | 46 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 368,816 | 66 | 209,102 | 58 | 56.7 | 15,139 | 58 | 4.1 | 199 | 58 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 2,480,182 | 95 | 1,006,868 | 95 | 40.6 | 1,403,486 | 95 | 56.6 | 1,758 | 95 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 7,993,851 | 254 | 5,606 | 234 | 0.1 | 860 | 234 | 0.0 | 50,787 | 254 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| Utah | 1,023,036 | 29 | 573,149 | 29 | 56.0 | 244,130 | 29 | 23.9 | 43,036 | 29 | 4.2 | 3.7 |
| Vermont | 304,509 | 245 | 219,399 | 238 | 72.1 | 10,853 | 163 | 3.6 | 18 | 176 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 3,896,846 | 134 | 3,431,110 | 134 | 88.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 12,831 | 134 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Washington | 3,206,490 | 39 | 11,828 | 39 | 0.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 6,832 | 39 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| West Virginia | 685,099 | 55 | 521,311 | 55 | 76.1 | 150,666 | 55 | 22.0 | 3,152 | 40 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Wisconsin | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 2,413,557 | 3,541 | 78.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 44 | 3,541 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 250,701 | 23 | 183,413 | 23 | 73.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 13,167 | 1 | 11,903 | 1 | 90.4 | 1,062 | 1 | 8.1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 34,075 | 1 | 32,492 | 1 | 95.4 | 1,012 | 1 | 3.0 | 144 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Puerto Rico | 1,878,969 | 1 | 1,829,762 | 1 | 97.4 | 15,266 | 1 | 0.8 | 12,715 | 1 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Virgin Islands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 |
| Sum of Above | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 74,343,638 | 7,796 | 56.5 | 11,794,312 | 2,149 | 9.0 | 2,139,315 | 7,537 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| States Included |  |  | 51 |  |  | 29 |  |  | 47 |  |  |  |
| Question | F1a |  | F1b |  |  | F1f |  |  | F1e |  |  |  |

TABLE 28. BALLOTS CAST BY MEANS OF VOTING (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Absentee Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Mail Voting |  |  | Other Means |  |  | Not Categorized |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dom. Civilian Absentee |  |  | UOCAVA |  |  | Vote by Mail Jurisdicition |  |  | Other Means of Voting |  |  | Balance |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Percent |
| Alabama | 67 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,083,309 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 25,486 | 1 | 8.4 | 9,628 | 1 | 3.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 1,530,416 | 15 | 65.9 | 9,135 | 15 | 0.4 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 137 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 30,144 | 74 | 2.8 | 3,616 | 74 | 0.3 | 1,904 | 10 | 0.2 | 156 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 5,214,992 | 51 | 39.8 | 74,521 | 51 | 0.6 | 1,329,984 | 48 | 10.2 | 18,409 | 9 | 0.1 | $(19,008)$ | (0.1) |
| Colorado | 64 | 1,851,529 | 64 | 71.4 | 17,345 | 64 | 0.7 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,560,640 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 19,492 | 3 | 4.7 | 1,294 | 3 | 0.3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 9,090 | 1 | 3.1 | 2,364 | 1 | 0.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 2,292,822 | 67 | 26.8 | 87,293 | 67 | 1.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 102 | 8 | 0.0 | 64 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 1,906,886 | 159 | 48.8 | 13,356 | 159 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | (6) | (0.0) |
| Hawaii | 4 | 157,236 | 4 | 36.0 | 2,018 | 4 | 0.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 162,156 | 44 | 24.3 | 2,182 | 44 | 0.3 | 2,406 | 44 | 0.4 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3,000 | 0.5 |
| Illinois | 110 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 47,254 | 110 | 0.9 | 40,909 | 0.8 |
| Indiana | 92 | 506,516 | 92 | 19.0 | 5,468 | 92 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 73,514 | 2.8 |
| Iowa | 99 | 684,690 | 99 | 43.1 | 3,508 | 99 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 138,366 | 104 | 12.4 | 3,365 | 105 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | $(38,857)$ | (3.5) |
| Kentucky | 120 | 33,690 | 120 | 1.9 | 3,897 | 120 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 42,640 | 64 | 2.1 | 4,609 | 64 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 184,763 | 500 | 25.5 | 3,071 | 500 | 0.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 140,650 | 24 | 5.1 | 14,461 | 24 | 0.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 259,114 | 351 | 8.1 | 8,305 | 351 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,259,902 | 83 | 26.4 | 12,916 | 83 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 255,141 | 87 | 8.6 | 10,506 | 87 | 0.4 | 44,687 | 87 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 58,417 | 47 | 6.6 | 4,568 | 51 | 0.5 | 264 | 11 | 0.0 | 10,736 | 4 | 1.2 | 96,598 | 10.9 |
| Missouri | 116 | 256,598 | 116 | 9.0 | 9,872 | 116 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 283,097 | 56 | 57.5 | 4,532 | 56 | 0.9 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 206,956 | 93 | 25.4 | 1,267 | 93 | 0.2 | 8,347 | 10 | 1.0 | 118 | 93 | 0.0 | $(11,534)$ | (1.4) |
| Nevada | 17 | 78,528 | 17 | 7.7 | 5,937 | 17 | 0.6 | 5,443 | 17 | 0.5 | 21 | 17 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 28. BALLOTS CAST BY MEANS OF VOTING (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Absentee Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Mail Voting |  |  | Other Means |  |  | Not Categorized |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dom. Civilian Absentee |  |  | UOCAVA |  |  | Vote by Mail Jurisdicition |  |  | Other Means of Voting |  |  | Balance |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Cases | Percent | Total | Percent |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 60,846 | 320 | 8.5 | 3,404 | 320 | 0.5 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 284,103 | 21 | 7.7 | 10,827 | 21 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 240,228 | 21 | 6.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 52,726 | 17 | 7.8 | 3,117 | 19 | 0.5 | 7,825 | 17 | 1.2 | 949 | 5 | 0.1 | 101,862 | 15.0 |
| New York | 62 | 326,189 | 57 | 4.6 | 39,214 | 62 | 0.6 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,291,400 | 32.1 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 205,072 | 100 | 4.5 | 15,718 | 100 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 94,024 | 53 | 28.8 | 1,325 | 53 | 0.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 1,259,904 | 88 | 22.4 | 15,698 | 88 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 505 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 59,523 | 77 | 4.4 | 5,458 | 77 | 0.4 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 12,908 | 36 | 0.7 | 11,749 | 36 | 0.6 | 1,794,079 | 36 | 98.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 241,656 | 67 | 4.2 | 18,018 | 67 | 0.3 | 0 | 67 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | $(13,638)$ | (0.2) |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 24,387 | 39 | 5.4 | 1,158 | 39 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 100,473 | 46 | 5.1 | 6,728 | 46 | 0.3 | 100,473 | 46 | 5.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | $(21,669)$ | (1.1) |
| South Dakota | 66 | 32,814 | 58 | 8.9 | 1,701 | 58 | 0.5 | 1,506 | 58 | 0.4 | 3,708 | 66 | 1.0 | 104,647 | 28.4 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 55,365 | 95 | 2.2 | 12,605 | 95 | 0.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 237,365 | 230 | 3.0 | 40,579 | 233 | 0.5 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7,658,654 | 95.8 |
| Utah | 29 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 3,555 | 29 | 0.3 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 159,166 | 15.6 |
| Vermont | 246 | 62,076 | 224 | 20.4 | 1,914 | 222 | 0.6 | 4,347 | 142 | 1.4 | 2,762 | 25 | 0.9 | 3,140 | 1.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 423,481 | 134 | 10.9 | 29,424 | 134 | 0.8 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 47,521 | 39 | 1.5 | 3,140,309 | 39 | 97.9 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 5,289 | 54 | 0.8 | 1,681 | 55 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3,000 | 0.4 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 658,240 | 3,541 | 21.4 | 6,294 | 3,541 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 65,742 | 23 | 26.2 | 1,533 | 23 | 0.6 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 86 | 1 | 0.7 | 116 | 1 | 0.9 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 96 | 1 | 0.3 | 93 | 1 | 0.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 238 | 1 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 2,080 | 1 | 0.1 | 1,584 | 1 | 0.1 | 17,562 | 1 | 0.9 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 21,853,762 | 7,619 | 16.6 | 600,048 | 7,701 | 0.5 | 6,459,136 | 963 | 4.9 | 324,818 | 724 | 0.2 | 14,075,796 | 10.7 |
| States Included |  | 49 |  |  | 51 |  |  | 14 |  |  | 13 |  |  | 22 |  |
| Question |  | F1d |  |  | F1c |  |  | F1g |  |  | F1h+i+j |  |  | calc |  |

## TABLE 28. BALLOTS CAST BY MEANS OF VOTING

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question F1:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction noted "F1b. Provisional." Another jurisdiction noted that two provisional ballots were counted and vote history was credited

Arizona: One jurisdiction stated that for F1f (Voted at an early vote center), this total is included in the totals noted in F1d and C1b since each is still considered an "Early Ballot" cast. The breakdown of the number of voters who cast an early ballot in-person at an early voting site is 12,527 but again, is still considered as voters who "voted using a domestic civilian early (absentee) ballot". Rejected provisional ballots are NOT included in Fla and Fle totals since they are not used to credit the person's vote history. Rejected Provisional Ballots are considered invalid and/or the individual is not registered so no record exists and therefore no history can be updated. Of the 122,524 provisional ballots cast, 99,684 provisional ballots were deemed valid and counted as reflected in F1e.

California: One jurisdiction commented, " $\operatorname{Flg}(3,116)+\mathrm{F} 1 \mathrm{~d}(3,799)=\mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~b}(6,915)$ and F1e-counted Provisional ballots and the remaining 7 Provisional ballots were not registered voters(E1d). A second jurisdiction noted that F1d differs from C1b because C1b includes rejected domestic absentees; F1d does not include rejected as rejected ballots do not count in vote history. Another jurisdiction noted that F1c, F1d, and F1g equal C1b. A fourth jurisdiction commented that the total is not actually greater than Fla. One jurisdiction stated in reference to Flf that it does not have early voting centers, and also that Fld includes ballots cast and duplicated from DRE equipment. Another jurisdiction stated its Flg totals are included in F1d and it removed 19 deceased voters from Clb. A different jurisdiction also noted that F1f is included in F1d as these voters are given vote by mail ballots. One jurisdiction stated, "F1f-800 ballots were issued from our office 'over-the-counter' then returned to our office. These 800 are already accounted for in F1d." Another jurisdiction stated that early voting is included in vote by mail or absentee.

Florida: One jurisdiction commented, "(1) Since there was no break-out section for domestic military, we added that number in with the domestic civilian absentee ballot. (2) One of the provisional ballots was not registered to vote, therefore no voter history could be credited. We excluded that number from F1e." A second jurisdiction stated that F1f is Early Voting Turnout (D2e is referencing Early Voting locations). A third jurisdiction noted that out of the 16 rejected of provisional ballots, all but 2 received voter history (see E2 and F1h). Another jurisdiction commented, "Total voters that voted by absentee, early, provisional and election day also including referred ballots." A fifth jurisdiction noted that provisional ballots were included in F1a. Another jurisdiction stated that provisional ballot voters that are rejected are not given credit for voting, but E1 asks for total who voted using a provisional ballot. This jurisdiction is unable to account for the 38 vote difference between the two totals after reviewing all reports submitted by vendor.
Guam: In reference to F1h, homebound voting is servicing those who are elderly/physically challenged and are not able to go to the polls.

Indiana: Indiana does not have 'early voting.' Indiana allows voters to cast absentee ballots prior to election day, but all absentee ballots are counted on election day. That is why F1f $=0$ for all counties.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction commented that the number in F1d includes in-office absentee votes and mail-in. Another jurisdiction stated that these figures are per report election results $11 / 6 / 2012$. A third jurisdiction stated that its courthouse burned on $1 / 17 / 2013$.

New Hampshire: Per EAC Instructions Absentee Ballot Totals include rejected ballots whereas F1a and F1b do not.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented "Ballot Issue Report/How voters voted statistics."
Ohio: One jurisdiction stated Ohio has absentee voting beginning 35 days before an election for non-UOCAVA voters, and also noted that it does not have early voting.

Puerto Rico: Under the new Puerto Rico Election Code, people with mobility disabilities have a right to vote by mail, as a domicile vote/ early vote.

South Carolina: Totals come from separate sources and cannot always be reconciled. For example an absentee ballot that was challenged could be represented under "absentee and provisional".
Vermont: One jurisdiction commented, "F1f. In total for domestic civilian absentee ballot." Another jurisdiction stated that voter at early voting center includes mail returns of votes. A third jurisdiction stated these breakdowns were not done. A fourth jurisdiction commented, "An elderly gentleman voted absentee and at the polling place. The elderly poll worker did not catch the unintentional double voting. The Town Clerk caught the mistake too late." Another jurisdiction stated that it does not separate ballots received in the
mail and voted at office. A sixth jurisdiction stated that F1c plus F1d breaks down to 92 in early voting center and 133 by mail. Another jurisdiction commented, "See the Absentee Ballot Portal data for Woodstock."
Washington: Physical poll place voters may have voted during early voting.
West Virginia: Unlike the totals for F1a, F1b, and F1f, which are determined by ballots counted, totals for F1c, F1d, and F1e are determined by voter history as entered into the Statewide Voter Registration

Wyoming: Fla can be greater than the number of registered voters prior to the day of the election. Since Wyoming has Election Day Registration, votes are being cast for registrations that do not appear in the A1 total because they are processed after the election.

TABLE 29. TURNOUT RATES FOR VOTER PARTICIPATION USING DIFFERENT BASES

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Voters Participating |  | Estimated Voting Age |  |  | Estimated Citizen Voting Age |  |  | Reported Registration |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | \%T0 | Rank | Total | \%T0 | Rank | Total | \%T0 | Rank |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 | 3,697,617 | 56.3 | 26 | 3,595,400 | 57.9 | 33 | 3,162,135 | 65.9 | 32 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 | 544,349 | 55.6 | 30 | 519,629 | 58.2 | 31 | 579,304 | 52.2 | 50 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 | 4,932,361 | 47.1 | 43 | 4,376,217 | 53.1 | 43 | 3,725,362 | 62.4 | 39 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 | 2,238,250 | 48.3 | 42 | 2,159,446 | 50.1 | 45 | 1,610,364 | 67.1 | 29 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 | 28,801,211 | 45.5 | 47 | 23,546,880 | 55.6 | 39 | 18,996,338 | 68.9 | 22 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 | 3,956,224 | 65.6 | 6 | 3,654,799 | 71.0 | 3 | 3,651,091 | 71.1 | 15 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 | 2,796,789 | 55.8 | 29 | 2,565,067 | 60.8 | 24 | 2,202,278 | 70.9 | 16 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 | 712,042 | 58.7 | 19 | 672,175 | 62.1 | 19 | 632,805 | 66.0 | 31 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 | 522,843 | 56.3 | 27 | 473,487 | 62.1 | 18 | 557,774 | 52.8 | 49 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 | 15,315,088 | 55.9 | 28 | 13,534,127 | 63.2 | 16 | 11,934,446 | 71.7 | 13 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 | 7,429,820 | 52.6 | 37 | 6,867,525 | 56.9 | 34 | 6,050,050 | 64.6 | 34 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 | 1,089,302 | 40.1 | 50 | 993,045 | 44.0 | 50 | 705,668 | 61.9 | 41 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 | 1,169,075 | 57.0 | 24 | 1,114,631 | 59.8 | 26 | 895,834 | 74.4 | 8 |
| Illinois | 110 | 5,339,488 | 110 | 9,811,190 | 54.4 | 31 | 8,916,661 | 59.9 | 25 | 8,116,660 | 65.8 | 33 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 4,945,857 | 53.9 | 35 | 4,780,336 | 55.7 | 38 | 4,562,268 | 58.4 | 46 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 | 2,351,233 | 67.6 | 5 | 2,280,022 | 69.7 | 5 | 2,236,068 | 71.1 | 14 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 | 2,161,601 | 51.6 | 39 | 2,053,815 | 54.3 | 41 | 1,771,252 | 63.0 | 38 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 | 3,362,177 | 54.0 | 34 | 3,283,865 | 55.3 | 40 | 3,037,153 | 59.8 | 44 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 | 3,484,090 | 57.8 | 22 | 3,396,443 | 59.3 | 29 | 2,965,751 | 67.9 | 25 |
| Maine | 500 | 724,759 | 500 | 1,063,274 | 68.2 | 4 | 1,046,057 | 69.3 | 6 | 1,026,086 | 70.6 | 17 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 | 4,540,763 | 60.2 | 16 | 4,153,057 | 65.8 | 9 | 3,694,658 | 74.0 | 9 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 | 5,244,729 | 60.7 | 13 | 4,784,241 | 66.6 | 7 | 4,340,000 | 73.4 | 10 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 | 7,616,490 | 62.8 | 9 | 7,347,850 | 65.1 | 11 | 7,454,553 | 64.1 | 35 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 4,102,991 | 71.9 | 1 | 3,920,519 | 75.3 | 1 | 3,387,783 | 87.1 | 2 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 | 2,239,593 | 39.7 | 51 | 2,200,437 | 40.4 | 51 | 1,399,209 | 63.6 | 36 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 4,618,513 | 61.5 | 11 | 4,505,205 | 63.1 | 17 | 4,191,778 | 67.8 | 28 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 | 783,161 | 62.8 | 8 | 774,966 | 63.5 | 15 | 681,608 | 72.2 | 11 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 | 1,392,120 | 58.6 | 21 | 1,329,041 | 61.4 | 21 | 1,163,871 | 70.1 | 20 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 | 2,095,348 | 48.6 | 41 | 1,804,094 | 56.4 | 36 | 1,258,409 | 80.9 | 6 |

TABLE 29. TURNOUT RATES FOR VOTER PARTICIPATION USING DIFFERENT BASES (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Voters Participating |  | Estimated Voting Age |  |  | Estimated Citizen Voting Age |  |  | Reported Registration |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | \%T0 | Rank | Total | \%T0 | Rank | Total | \%T0 | Rank |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 | 1,045,878 | 68.7 | 3 | 1,014,537 | 70.8 | 4 | 878,136 | 81.8 | 5 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 | 6,838,206 | 53.8 | 36 | 6,012,270 | 61.2 | 22 | 5,415,639 | 67.9 | 26 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 1,571,096 | 43.2 | 48 | 1,448,740 | 46.9 | 49 | 1,252,438 | 54.2 | 48 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 | 15,307,107 | 46.6 | 45 | 13,408,596 | 53.2 | 42 | 11,720,541 | 60.8 | 43 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 | 7,465,545 | 60.8 | 12 | 7,013,407 | 64.7 | 13 | 6,655,291 | 68.2 | 24 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 | 545,020 | 59.9 | 18 | 536,097 | 60.9 | 23 | 545,020* | 59.9 | 51 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 | 8,880,551 | 63.4 | 7 | 8,678,945 | 64.9 | 12 | 7,987,697 | 70.5 | 18 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 | 2,877,457 | 46.7 | 44 | 2,757,440 | 48.7 | 46 | 2,114,489 | 63.5 | 37 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 | 3,038,729 | 59.9 | 17 | 2,822,652 | 64.5 | 14 | 2,199,360 | 82.8 | 3 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 | 10,024,150 | 57.7 | 23 | 9,700,796 | 59.6 | 27 | 8,352,342 | 69.2 | 21 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 | 833,818 | 54.2 | 33 | 768,684 | 58.7 | 30 | 725,309 | 62.3 | 40 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 | 3,643,633 | 54.4 | 32 | 3,506,606 | 56.5 | 35 | 2,875,121 | 68.9 | 23 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 | 629,185 | 58.6 | 20 | 619,251 | 59.6 | 28 | 523,410 | 70.5 | 19 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 | 4,962,227 | 50.0 | 40 | 4,790,345 | 51.8 | 44 | 4,024,960 | 61.6 | 42 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 | 19,073,564 | 41.9 | 49 | 16,518,813 | 48.4 | 47 | 13,690,729 | 58.4 | 45 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 | 1,967,315 | 52.0 | 38 | 1,829,834 | 55.9 | 37 | 1,508,372 | 67.8 | 27 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 502,060 | 60.7 | 14 | 491,789 | 61.9 | 20 | 460,817 | 66.1 | 30 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 | 6,329,130 | 61.6 | 10 | 5,883,341 | 66.2 | 8 | 5,428,091 | 71.8 | 12 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 | 5,312,045 | 60.4 | 15 | 4,879,174 | 65.7 | 10 | 3,904,959 | 82.1 | 4 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 | 1,471,372 | 46.6 | 46 | 1,460,372 | 46.9 | 48 | 1,246,559 | 55.0 | 47 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 4,408,841 | 69.8 | 2 | 4,271,926 | 72.1 | 2 | 3,987,248 | 77.2 | 7 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 | 440,922 | 56.9 | 25 | 430,996 | 58.2 | 32 | 240,438 | 104.3 | 1 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17,764 | 74.1 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50,701 | 67.2 |  |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 | 2,817,721 | 66.7 | $\ldots$ | 2,756,939 | 68.2 | $\ldots$ | 2,402,941 | 78.2 | $\ldots$ |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 243,003,673 | n/a |  | 222,250,587 | n/a |  | 193,653,908 | n/a |  |
| States Included |  | 54 |  | 52 |  |  | 52 |  |  | 53 |  |  |
| Question |  | F1 |  | Pop.Est. |  |  | ACS |  |  | A1 |  |  |

TABLE 29. TURNOUT RATES FOR VOTER PARTICIPATION USING DIFFERENT BASES

Question F1. Calculations for rates of voter participation (turnout) based upon voting age population, citizens of voting age, and registration.

General note: This table represents a comparison of the rates of participation based upon the number of voters participating (F1a) by calᄀculating the rate based upon selected bases. The estimates of voting age and citizen voting age were not available for the four territories; the four territories are therefore not ranked for any of the measures of voter participation to facilitate comparisons across the measures.

Reported registration is, with a few exceptions, information also taken from the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey (see Tables $1 \mathrm{a}, 1 \mathrm{~b}, 1 \mathrm{c}$, and 1 d of the NVRA Report Appendix). States will vary in whether inactive voters are included in their registration figures.

The Estimated Voting Age (VAP) and the Citizens of Voting Age (CVAP) figures are released by the Bureau of the Census. The VAP numbers are from the 2010 Census (with the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012 taken into account). The CVAP numbers are derived from the 2011 3-year Bureau of the Census American Community Survey. All the information used here and released by the Bureau of the Census share some data issues: a) they are estimates initially based upon the 2010 Census and an ongoing review of administrative records or, in the case of the ACS, an ongoing survey; b) the estimates are for the domestic/resident population; thus, UOCAVA voters are not included in the relevant universe of the voting population; and c) these population bases do not address the statutory eligibility of any person to register or to vote.

Thirty-three jurisdictions across four States (California, Mississippi, New Mexico, and Vermont) did not provide voter turnout. Voter turnout was provided for the large majority of jurisdictions in each State, thus all States are included in the rankings. The reader should be cognizant of the impact this missing information has on the rankings, the calculation of turnout percentages, and the overall national values.

TABLE 30. SOURCE USED TO DETERMINE VOTER PARTICIPATION

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Voters Checked Off or Poll Book Signatures |  |  | Ballots Counted |  |  | Vote History |  |  | Votes for Highest Office |  |  | Other or None Indicated (See Comments) |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases |  | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 |  | 2,023,918 | 65 | 97.1 |  | 0 |  | 59,391 | 2 | 2.9 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 302,465 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 |  | 0 | ... | 1,895,333 | 13 | 81.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 428,246 | 2 | 18.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 | 233,965 | 22 | 21.6 | 774,439 | 44 | 71.7 | 53,707 | 6 | 5.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 18,698 | 3 | 1.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 | 1,143,863 | 5 | 8.7 | 4,705,319 | 26 | 35.9 | 6,860,818 | 20 | 52.4 | 39,535 | 1 | 0.3 | 346,562 | 5 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,594,628 | 64 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 417,631 | 3 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 294,254 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 | 2,990,510 | 27 | 34.9 | 3,466,761 | 21 | 40.5 | 864,847 | 11 | 10.1 | 537,235 | 4 | 6.3 | 698,339 | 4 | 8.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,910,557 | 159 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 372,871 | 3 | 85.4 | 63,903 | 1 | 14.6 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | ... | 666,290 | 44 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 1 | 5,339,488 | 110 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 5,293,802 | 109 | 99.1 | 45,686 | 1 | 0.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 0 | 0.0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 |  | 0 | ... | 1,589,951 | 99 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,815,896 | 120 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,014,511 | 64 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 499 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 724,759 | 500 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 2,734,189 | 24 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,184,196 | 351 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | . |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 | 220,394 | 16 | 24.8 | 370,660 | 18 | 41.7 | 212,065 | 18 | 23.8 | 10,631 | 3 | 1.2 | 76,164 | 3 | 8.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 227,227 | 29 | 8.0 | 2,298,050 | 75 | 80.9 | 39,873 | 4 | 1.4 | 3,970 | 1 | 0.1 | 271,656 | 7 | 9.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 491,966 | 56 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 815,568 | 93 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 30. SOURCE USED TO DETERMINE VOTER PARTICIPATION (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of <br> Voters Participating | Cases | Voters Checked Off or Poll Book Signatures |  |  | Ballots Counted |  |  | Vote History |  |  | Votes for Highest Office |  |  | Other or None Indicated (See Comments) |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Gases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 | 2,156 | 1 | 0.2 | 983,151 | 9 | 96.6 | 4,198 | 2 | 0.4 |  | 0 | ... | 28,267 | 5 | 2.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 718,700 | 320 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 3,677,463 | 21 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 334,381 | 6 | 49.2 | 117,291 | 5 | 17.3 | 83,347 | 4 | 12.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 142,097 | 10 | 20.9 | 1,964 | 0.3 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 7,128,852 | 62 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,539,729 | 100 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 326,239 | 53 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 | 588,462 | 14 | 10.4 | 3,252,435 | 52 | 57.7 | 1,076,928 | 13 | 19.1 | 443,295 | 8 | 7.9 | 271,303 | 1 | 4.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | .. | 1,343,380 | 77 | 100.0 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 1,820,507 | 36 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 5,783,621 | 67 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 451,593 | 39 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,981,516 | 46 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 | 44,974 | 21 | 12.2 | 294,357 | 36 | 79.8 | 27,463 | 8 | 7.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,022 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 | 396,192 | 23 | 16.0 | 344,497 | 7 | 13.9 | 1,739,493 | 65 | 70.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 7,993,851 | 254 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 1,023,036 | 29 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 211,133 | 193 | 69.3 | 79,107 | 42 | 26.0 | 10,642 | 4 | 3.5 |  | 0 | ... | 3,627 | 6 | 1.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,896,846 | 134 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 3,206,490 | 39 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 |  | 0 |  | 685,099 | 55 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 250,701 | 23 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 13,167 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 34,075 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 1,878,969 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 22,542,167 | 4,434 | 17.1 | 34,891,324 | 1,557 | 26.5 | 33,729,329 | 567 | 25.6 | 18,129,804 | 337 | 13.8 | 22,296,237 | 1,224 | 16.9 | 1,964 | 0.0 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 17 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 10 |  |  | 22 |  |  | 1 |  |
| Question |  | F1a |  | F2.1 |  |  | F2.2 |  |  | F2.3 |  |  | F2.4 |  |  | F2.5+0 |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 30. SOURCE USED TO DETERMINE VOTER PARTICIPATION

Questions F1, F2. Number of persons participating and the source of the number of voters.
General Note: Any misspelled responses to F2 were corrected to align with the categorical responses presented in the questionnaire in order to tabulate the number of voters that participated in the election for each source.

Question F2:
Arkansas: One jurisdiction commented, "Election night reporting software - total ballots cast." Another jurisdiction noted this information was drawn from the ERM Summary Report plus ballots returned but not counted.
Arizona: One jurisdiction stated that provisional ballot totals (valid and invalid) are also derived from its verification reports generated from its voter registration system upon assigning a disposition to a given provisional.

Florida: One jurisdiction noted, "Totals from tabulation." Another jurisdiction commented that F1c, d, and e include rejected ballots. A third jurisdiction stated it's "official" number of ballots cast from results certificates is 95,252; voters whose ballots continue to arrive after the election are always given credit for voting to ensure their voter records remain active.

New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "How voters voted statistics report/Ballot issue report."
Oklahoma: Number of ballots counted was derived from total votes cast for highest office, plus over votes and under votes in that race.

Vermont: One jurisdiction noted that its voting tabulator also digitally keeps track of numbers to compare with the checklist from poll workers. A second jurisdiction stated that this designation includes ballots received after election day. Another jurisdiction commented, "Entrance and Exit Checklist verification." A fourth jurisdiction stated that F2 also refers to the number of voters checked off (same number). A different jurisdiction noted that "voters checked off voter checklist include early voters as well." Another jurisdiction noted that F2 also refers to the number of ballots counted.

TABLE 31. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS TRANSMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total Ballots Transmitted |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Transmitted to Voters and Disposition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Returned and Submitted for Counting |  |  | Returned as Undeliverable |  |  | Spoiled or Replaced Ballots |  |  | Status Unknown (Not Returned) |  |  | Other Disposition (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot. |
| Alabama | 67 | 63,840 | 39 | 55,671 | 39 | 87.2 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 8,169 | 12.8 |
| Alaska | 1 | 30,144 | 1 | 25,486 | 1 | 84.5 | 616 | 1 | 2.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,042 | 1 | 13.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 1,920,746 | 15 | 1,542,855 | 15 | 80.3 | 59,945 | 12 | 3.1 | 63,071 | 15 | 3.3 | 254,874 | 15 | 13.3 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 34,257 | 74 | 31,148 | 74 | 90.9 | 154 | 74 | 0.4 | 46 | 73 | 0.1 | 2,678 | 74 | 7.8 | 229 | 13 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 9,394,212 | 58 | 6,634,717 | 58 | 70.6 | 181,886 | 45 | 1.9 | 58,322 | 27 | 0.6 | 2,311,657 | 52 | 24.6 | 145,168 | 22 | 1.5 | 62,462 | 0.7 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,134,847 | 64 | 1,868,130 | 64 | 87.5 | 57,258 | 64 | 2.7 | 23,466 | 64 | 1.1 | 185,859 | 64 | 8.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 134 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 131,416 | 169 | 120,041 | 169 | 91.3 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 11,375 | 8.7 |
| Delaware | 3 | 21,103 | 3 | 19,492 | 3 | 92.4 | 32 | 3 | 0.2 | 570 | 3 | 2.7 | 847 | 3 | 4.0 | 162 | 3 | 0.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 15,953 | 1 | 11,454 | 1 | 71.8 | 326 | 1 | 2.0 | 223 | 1 | 1.4 | 3,950 | 1 | 24.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 2,807,295 | 67 | 2,297,627 | 67 | 81.8 | 40,551 | 65 | 1.4 | 37,618 | 17 | 1.3 | 430,786 | 67 | 15.3 | 713 | 6 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 1,942,497 | 159 | 1,909,845 | 159 | 98.3 | 544 | 159 | 0.0 | 416 | 159 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 31,692 | 1.6 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 174,340 | 4 | 157,236 | 4 | 90.2 | 355 | 2 | 0.2 | 806 | 2 | 0.5 | 15,943 | 4 | 9.1 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 168,599 | 44 | 163,115 | 44 | 96.7 | 447 | 44 | 0.3 | 671 | 44 | 0.4 | 4,356 | 44 | 2.6 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 10 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 328,406 | 110 | 302,359 | 110 | 92.1 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 26,047 | 7.9 |
| Indiana | 92 | 562,430 | 92 | 558,739 | 92 | 99.3 | 115 | 92 | 0.0 | 3,576 | 92 | 0.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 736,304 | 99 | 684,690 | 99 | 93.0 | 2,432 | 99 | 0.3 | 4,605 | 99 | 0.6 | 42,166 | 99 | 5.7 | 2,411 | 99 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 199,306 | 105 | 139,146 | 104 | 69.8 | 1,601 | 105 | 0.8 | 1,170 | 105 | 0.6 | 13,101 | 105 | 6.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 44,288 | 22.2 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 33,690 | 120 | 33,690 | 120 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 55,818 | 64 | 43,686 | 64 | 78.3 | 0 | 64 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 10,974 | 64 | 19.7 | 1,158 | 64 | 2.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 193,105 | 500 | 186,930 | 500 | 96.8 | 147 | 500 | 0.1 | 409 | 500 | 0.2 | 5,619 | 500 | 2.9 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 160,663 | 24 | 140,650 | 24 | 87.5 | 758 | 24 | 0.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 19,255 | 24 | 12.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 282,365 | 351 | 259,114 | 351 | 91.8 | 220 | 351 | 0.1 | 3 | 351 | 0.0 | 23,028 | 351 | 8.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,297,672 | 83 | 1,259,902 | 83 | 97.1 | 1,698 | 83 | 0.1 | 21,031 | 83 | 1.6 | 15,041 | 83 | 1.2 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 277,294 | 87 | 265,315 | 87 | 95.7 | 198 | 87 | 0.1 | 1,058 | 87 | 0.4 | 10,723 | 87 | 3.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 68,692 | 58 | 64,657 | 55 | 94.1 | 211 | 23 | 0.3 | 48 | 19 | 0.1 | 1,668 | 35 | 2.4 | 51 | 5 | 0.1 | 2,057 | 3.0 |
| Missouri | 116 | 269,713 | 116 | 257,329 | 116 | 95.4 | 389 | 110 | 0.1 | 65 | 69 | 0.0 | 2,066 | 38 | 0.8 | 4 | 1 | 0.0 | 9,860 | 3.7 |
| Montana | 56 | 314,536 | 56 | 285,388 | 56 | 90.7 | 3,302 | 56 | 1.0 | 6,367 | 56 | 2.0 | 19,479 | 56 | 6.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 231,377 | 93 | 206,956 | 93 | 89.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 17,148 | 93 | 7.4 | 8,347 | 10 | 3.6 | $(1,074)$ | (0.5) |

TABLE 31. SOURCE USED TO DETERMINE VOTER PARTICIPATION (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total Ballots Transmitted |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Transmitted to Voters and Disposition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Returned and Submitted for Counting |  |  | Returned as Undeliverable |  |  | Spoiled or Replaced Ballots |  |  | Status Unknown (Not Returned) |  |  | Other Disposition (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| Nevada | 17 | 91,634 | 17 | 77,908 | 17 | 85.0 | 1,177 | 17 | 1.3 | 731 | 17 | 0.8 | 11,818 | 17 | 12.9 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 69,354 | 320 | 66,075 | 320 | 95.3 | 102 | 320 | 0.1 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 3,177 | 320 | 4.6 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 336,640 | 21 | 284,103 | 21 | 84.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 52,537 | 21 | 15.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 83,642 | 28 | 71,386 | 26 | 85.3 | 59 | 13 | 0.1 | 32 | 13 | 0.0 | 601 | 11 | 0.7 | 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 11,564 | 13.8 |
| New York | 62 | 340,169 | 57 | 326,189 | 57 | 95.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 16,534 | 57 | 4.9 | $(2,554)$ | (0.8) |
| North Carolina | 100 | 229,672 | 100 | 205,078 | 100 | 89.3 | 542 | 100 | 0.2 | 9,354 | 100 | 4.1 | 14,571 | 100 | 6.3 | 127 | 100 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 99,458 | 53 | 94,024 | 53 | 94.5 | 32 | 53 | 0.0 | 204 | 53 | 0.2 | 5,198 | 51 | 5.2 | 0 | 53 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 1,346,248 | 88 | 1,259,904 | 88 | 93.6 | 2,305 | 88 | 0.2 | 10,010 | 88 | 0.7 | 73,827 | 88 | 5.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 202 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 72,820 | 77 | 61,429 | 77 | 84.4 | 343 | 77 | 0.5 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 11,048 | 77 | 15.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 17,807 | 36 | 12,908 | 36 | 72.5 | 542 | 36 | 3.0 | 1,365 | 36 | 7.7 | 2,992 | 36 | 16.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 282,822 | 67 | 248,561 | 67 | 87.9 | 478 | 67 | 0.2 | 56 | 67 | 0.0 | 33,726 | 67 | 11.9 | 0 | 67 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 27,105 | 39 | 24,425 | 39 | 90.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,680 | 39 | 9.9 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 408,388 | 46 | 395,422 | 46 | 96.8 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 11,024 | 46 | 2.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,942 | 0.5 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 74,231 | 66 | 72,635 | 66 | 97.8 | 18 | 66 | 0.0 | 16 | 66 | 0.0 | 834 | 66 | 1.1 | 4 | 66 | 0.0 | 724 | 1.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 59,667 | 95 | 55,270 | 95 | 92.6 | 273 | 95 | 0.5 | 226 | 95 | 0.4 | 3,890 | 95 | 6.5 | 8 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 253,450 | 233 | 237,365 | 230 | 93.7 | 1,239 | 227 | 0.5 | 1,412 | 220 | 0.6 | 13,434 | 223 | 5.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 29 | 242,393 | 29 | 187,674 | 29 | 77.4 | 4,099 | 29 | 1.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 50,620 | 29 | 20.9 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 71,295 | 238 | 68,152 | 231 | 95.6 | 33 | 189 | 0.0 | 152 | 183 | 0.2 | 2,795 | 202 | 3.9 | 43 | 32 | 0.1 | 120 | 0.2 |
| Virginia | 134 | 441,110 | 134 | 423,481 | 134 | 96.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 17,552 | 134 | 4.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 77 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,832,560 | 39 | 3,140,309 | 39 | 81.9 | 57,653 | 37 | 1.5 | 19,313 | 21 | 0.5 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 615,285 | 16.1 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 15,168 | 55 | 13,792 | 54 | 90.9 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,339 | 54 | 8.8 | 37 | 0.2 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 736,123 | 3,541 | 686,860 | 3,541 | 93.3 | 3,093 | 3,541 | 0.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 50,984 | 3,541 | 6.9 |  | 0 |  | $(4,814)$ | (0.7) |
| Wyoming | 23 | 67,554 | 23 | 65,742 | 23 | 97.3 | 5 | 23 | 0.0 | 230 | 23 | 0.3 | 1,577 | 23 | 2.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 116 | 1 | 86 | 1 | 74.1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 30 | 1 | 25.9 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 133 | 1 | 96 | 1 | 72.2 | 5 | 1 | 3.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 27 | 1 | 20.3 | 5 | 1 | 3.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 20,206 | 1 | 20,012 | 1 | 99.0 | 127 | 1 | 0.6 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 67 | 1 | 0.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 33,070,385 | 8,061 | 27,624,254 | 8,044 | 83.5 | 425,310 | 7,045 | 1.3 | 266,642 | 3,248 | 0.8 | 3,760,269 | 7,049 | 11.4 | 176,304 | 1,035 | 0.5 | 817,606 | 2.5 |
| States Included |  | 54 |  | 54 |  |  | 41 |  |  | 33 |  |  | 45 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 23 |  |
| Question |  | C1a |  | C1b |  |  | C1c |  |  | C1d |  |  | C1e |  |  | C1f+g+h |  |  | calc |  |

## TABLE 31. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS TRANSMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS

Questions C1. Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted to voters and the disposition of the ballots.

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated. This could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question C1:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction noted that two designated bearers did not get picked up. Another jurisdiction commented, "Voter didn't download ballot." A third jurisdiction commented, "Was returned late." A fourth jurisdiction stated that for C1d addresses of two absentee requests were noted in the wrong precinct; as a result, the precinct spoiled their ballots, changed their addresses, and reissued correct ballots.

California: One jurisdiction noted that C1g is included in C1b. A second jurisdiction commented that the total of C1b-h exceeds C1a because the reported number of replacement ballots includes ballots that are being counted in other areas, and therefore they are being counted twice. A third jurisdiction stated that it does not track undeliverable ballots in its EMS system. Another jurisdiction included replacement ballots in all categories showing ballots issued, returned, counted, etc.
Delaware: One jurisdiction had to reissue ballots for one Senate District twice due to a withdrawal and substitution of a candidate.
Florida: One jurisdiction noted that the data for this question was drawn from the VR EAC Report. A second jurisdiction commented that the Absentee Report shows 2,181, but two FWAB absentee ballots were added in the C1a total. Another jurisdiction commented, "Clb does not include 11 ballots that were returned by ineligible voters and 27 ballots returned with no certificate envelope or other voter identifiers. Ballots received after the deadline are 'invalid' and, therefore, no official action is required to 'reject' them. As of 01/02/13, we received 706 'late' ballots from civilian domestic voters."
Missouri: One jurisdiction had 19 replaced ballots, which are reflected in the count. Another jurisdiction commented that the three spoiled ballots (Cld) are included in the 329 transmitted ballots (C1a) count. A third jurisdiction stated that not all ballots mailed were returned. A fourth jurisdiction noted that for C1c, ballots were still coming in; for C1d, some replaced, and MCVR report included military through emails.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction noted that its courthouse burned on 1/17/2013.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "Absentee Statistics Report/Ballot Issue Report/Absentee Register." A second jurisdiction states that its absentee board included UOCAVA voters.

Oregon: Oregon conducts elections by mail. Numbers reported reflect domestic absentee only because under statute, the permanent absentee process is distinctly different from vote by mail elections.

Vermont: One jurisdiction stated that C1 includes all absentee ballots which equaled $144+1$ FWAB, while C1b includes 137 ballots +1 FWAB; for E1b, this jurisdiction did not keep a copy of the tally for spoiled out of locked bag. Another jurisdiction commented, " 5 ballots were returned the day after election. Postal marks indicate multi date transit intra-state. UNACCEPTABLE. See attached scanned copies of the envelopes." A third jurisdiction noted that for C1c one ballot returned as undeliverable was for a prisoner who transferred to another facility. Another jurisdiction stated that a returned ballot was requested and sent under a maiden name and was returned as addressee "unknown" because current address was registered under married name.

West Virginia: No way to track ballots returned as undeliverable, spoiled, or status unknown.

TABLE 32. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: SENT TO PERMANENT LIST; SUBMITTED FOR COUNTING: DISPOSITION

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total <br> Ballots Transmitted <br> Total | Permanent List Transmissions Total | Pct. | Ballots Submitted <br> Total | Disposition of Domestic Absentee Ballots Submitted for Counting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Counted |  |  | Rejected |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| Alabama | 67 | 63,840 |  | ... | 55,671 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 55,671 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 30,144 |  | $\ldots$ | 25,486 | 24,681 | 1 | 96.8 | 805 | 1 | 3.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 1,920,746 | 1,803,314 | 93.9 | 1,542,855 | 1,530,465 | 15 | 99.2 | 12,390 | 15 | 0.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 34,257 | 1,169 | 3.4 | 31,148 | 27,833 | 72 | 89.4 | 949 | 72 | 3.0 |  | 0 | ... | 2,366 | 7.6 |
| California | 58 | 9,394,212 | 7,875,263 | 83.8 | 6,634,717 | 6,554,199 | 58 | 98.8 | 59,070 | 57 | 0.9 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 21,448 | 0.3 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,134,847 | 1,803,342 | 84.5 | 1,868,130 | 1,768,061 | 64 | 94.6 | 16,407 | 64 | 0.9 |  | 0 |  | 83,662 | 4.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 131,416 |  | $\ldots$ | 120,041 | 117,685 | 169 | 98.0 | 2,356 | 169 | 2.0 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 21,103 | 4,120 | 19.5 | 19,492 | 19,251 | 3 | 98.8 | 240 | 3 | 1.2 |  | 0 | . | 1 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 15,953 | 2,699 | 16.9 | 11,454 | 11,058 | 1 | 96.5 | 396 | 1 | 3.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 2,807,295 | 1,209,030 | 43.1 | 2,297,627 | 2,276,767 | 67 | 99.1 | 20,588 | 67 | 0.9 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 272 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 1,942,497 | 83,942 | 4.3 | 1,909,845 | 1,909,136 | 159 | 100.0 | 709 | 159 | 0.0 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 174,340 | 148,602 | 85.2 | 157,236 | 156,130 | 4 | 99.3 | 1,106 | 4 | 0.7 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 168,599 |  | $\ldots$ | 163,115 | 162,156 | 44 | 99.4 | 954 | 44 | 0.6 |  | 0 | . | 5 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 328,406 |  | ... | 302,359 | 298,121 | 110 | 98.6 | 4,238 | 110 | 1.4 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 562,430 |  | .. | 558,739 | 506,516 | 92 | 90.7 | 11,983 | 92 | 2.1 |  | 0 | . | 40,240 | 7.2 |
| Iowa | 99 | 736,304 |  | . | 684,690 | 676,522 | 99 | 98.8 | 8,168 | 99 | 1.2 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 199,306 | 31,712 | 15.9 | 139,146 | 182,169 | 105 | 130.9 | 5,062 | 105 | 3.6 |  | 0 | . | $(48,085)$ | (34.6) |
| Kentucky | 120 | 33,690 |  | ... | 33,690 | 31,876 | 120 | 94.6 | 1,814 | 120 | 5.4 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 55,818 | 33,774 | 60.5 | 43,686 | 41,312 | 64 | 94.6 | 2,374 | 64 | 5.4 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 193,105 |  | ... | 186,930 | 184,763 | 500 | 98.8 | 2,156 | 500 | 1.2 |  | 0 | . | 11 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 160,663 |  | $\ldots$ | 140,650 | 139,136 | 24 | 98.9 | 1,514 | 24 | 1.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 282,365 |  | $\ldots$ | 259,114 | 256,616 | 351 | 99.0 | 2,498 | 351 | 1.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,297,672 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,259,902 | 1,228,162 | 83 | 97.5 | 8,049 | 83 | 0.6 |  | 0 | ... | 23,691 | 1.9 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 277,294 |  | $\ldots$ | 265,315 | 257,542 | 87 | 97.1 | 7,773 | 87 | 2.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 68,692 | 1,385 | 2.0 | 64,657 | 61,160 | 56 | 94.6 | 2,208 | 47 | 3.4 | 66 | 1 | 0.1 | 1,223 | 1.9 |
| Missouri | 116 | 269,713 | 26,589 | 9.9 | 257,329 | 251,954 | 116 | 97.9 | 5,076 | 116 | 2.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 298 | 0.1 |
| Montana | 56 | 314,536 | 257,222 | 81.8 | 285,388 | 284,535 | 56 | 99.7 | 853 | 56 | 0.3 |  | 0 | . | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 231,377 |  | $\ldots$ | 206,956 | 203,014 | 93 | 98.1 | 3,942 | 93 | 1.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 91,634 | 0 | 0.0 | 77,908 | 76,730 | 17 | 98.5 | 1,160 | 17 | 1.5 | 18 | 17 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 32. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: SENT TO PERMANENT LIST; SUBMITTED FOR COUNTING: DISPOSITION (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total <br> Ballots Transmitted <br> Total | Permanent List Transmissions Total | Pct. | Ballots Submitted <br> Total | Disposition of Domestic Absentee Ballots Submitted for Counting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Counted |  |  | Rejected |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 69,354 | 0 | 0.0 | 66,075 | 64,340 | 320 | 97.4 | 1,735 | 320 | 2.6 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 336,640 | 153,851 | 45.7 | 284,103 | 276,693 | 21 | 97.4 | 6,534 | 21 | 2.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 876 | 0.3 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 83,642 | 1,655 | 2.0 | 71,386 | 68,023 | 22 | 95.3 | 971 | 17 | 1.4 | 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 2,392 | 3.4 |
| New York | 62 | 340,169 |  | $\ldots$ | 326,189 | 309,655 | 57 | 94.9 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 16,534 | 5.1 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 229,672 |  | $\ldots$ | 205,078 | 202,841 | 100 | 98.9 | 2,237 | 100 | 1.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 99,458 |  | $\ldots$ | 94,024 | 93,665 | 53 | 99.6 | 359 | 53 | 0.4 | 0 | 53 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 1,346,248 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,259,904 | 1,247,055 | 88 | 99.0 | 12,849 | 88 | 1.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 72,820 | 18,616 | 25.6 | 61,429 | 59,523 | 77 | 96.9 | 1,905 | 77 | 3.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 17,807 | 17,807 | 100.0 | 12,908 | 12,611 | 36 | 97.7 | 297 | 36 | 2.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 282,822 | 7,127 | 2.5 | 248,561 | 246,716 | 67 | 99.3 | 1,845 | 67 | 0.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 27,105 |  | $\ldots$ | 24,425 | 24,099 | 39 | 98.7 | 326 | 39 | 1.3 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 408,388 |  | $\ldots$ | 395,422 | 123,920 | 46 | 31.3 | 650 | 46 | 0.2 |  | 0 |  | 270,852 | 68.5 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 74,231 |  | $\ldots$ | 72,635 | 50,326 | 66 | 69.3 | 148 | 66 | 0.2 | 2 | 66 | 0.0 | 22,159 | 30.5 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 59,667 | 8,640 | 14.5 | 55,270 | 54,284 | 95 | 98.2 | 614 | 95 | 1.1 |  | 0 |  | 372 | 0.7 |
| Texas | 254 | 253,450 |  | $\ldots$ | 237,365 | 225,041 | 227 | 94.8 | 3,647 | 225 | 1.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 8,677 | 3.7 |
| Utah | 29 | 242,393 |  |  | 187,674 | 185,673 | 29 | 98.9 | 2,001 | 29 | 1.1 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 71,295 | 200 | 0.3 | 68,152 | 63,154 | 230 | 92.7 | 467 | 181 | 0.7 | 1 | 22 | 0.0 | 4,530 | 6.6 |
| Virginia | 134 | 441,110 |  | $\ldots$ | 423,481 | 421,203 | 134 | 99.5 | 2,278 | 134 | 0.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,832,560 | 3,832,560 | 100.0 | 3,140,309 | 3,110,331 | 39 | 99.0 | 29,978 | 39 | 1.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 15,168 | 125 | 0.8 | 13,792 | 13,766 | 54 | 99.8 | 26 | 54 | 0.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 736,123 | 57,010 | 7.7 | 686,860 | 658,240 | 3,541 | 95.8 | 4,114 | 3,541 | 0.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 24,506 | 3.6 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 67,554 |  | $\ldots$ | 65,742 | 65,557 | 23 | 99.7 | 177 | 23 | 0.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 8 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 116 | 108 | 93.1 | 86 | 86 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 133 |  | $\ldots$ | 96 | 82 | 1 | 85.4 | 14 | 1 | 14.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 20,206 |  | $\ldots$ | 20,012 | 19,642 | 1 | 98.2 | 370 | 1 | 1.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 33,070,385 | 17,379,862 | 52.6 | 27,624,254 | 26,834,076 | 7,997 | 97.1 | 258,380 | 7,874 | 0.9 | 88 | 531 | 0.0 | 531,710 | 1.9 |
| States Included |  | 54 | 25 |  | 54 | 53 |  |  | 51 |  |  | 5 |  |  | 24 |  |
| Question |  | C1a | C3 | calc | C1b | C4a |  |  | C4b |  |  | C4c+C4d |  |  | calc |  |

## TABLE 32. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: PERMANENT LIST; SUBMITTED FOR COUNTING: DISPOSITION

Questions C1, C3, C4. Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted to voters due to the existence of a permanent list; and ballots submitted for counting and the disposition of the ballots.

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated. This could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question C3:

Arizona: One jurisdiction stated that the C3 total is the number of voters on the Permanent Early Voting List as of the close of requesting to have an early ballot mailed (11 days prior to election).

California: One jurisdiction commented, "perm[anent]. vote by mail voter."
Florida: One jurisdiction noted that C3 represents absentee requests on file at the time of its initial mailing of ballots.
Missouri: One jurisdiction commented that all PD list voters are entered with some entries as non-PD list, disabled voters. A second jurisdiction notes that this figure is an estimate of the 8,212 permanently disabled applications sent.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction noted that three all-mail election precincts are not considered permanent absentee/168 absentee applications were mailed to these voters.

Nevada: Although NV does not have a permanent list, NV NRS 293.313 allows a voter who is (a) at least 65 years of age or (b) has a physical disability or condition which substantially impairs his or her ability to go to the polling place, to request an absentee ballot for all elections held during the year he or she requests an absent ballot.
Vermont: One jurisdiction commented, "Applications received."
Wisconsin: Counts of ballots to voters on permanent absentee voter list can only be provided for jurisdictions who track all absentee ballots in the Statewide Voter Registration System. This accounts for most of the large jurisdictions in Wisconsin.

## Question C4:

Arizona: One jurisdiction noted that C4a does not include the 5,027 UOCAVA ballots that were counted (tabulated), which would bring the grand total of early ballots counted (tabulated) in Maricopa County to 960,391.

California: One jurisdiction stated the vote-by-mail count includes all mail precincts.
Florida: On jurisdiction commented, "The 503 rejected ballots in C4b includes those ballots received after the deadline. These ballots are not submitted for counting, but you request this information in C5." Two jurisdictions indicated that this data is drawn from the VR EAC Report. Another jurisdiction noted six instances of no signature and 1 instance of a ballot signed wrong. A different jurisdiction stated, "Signature did not match."
Maine: One jurisdiction had to reject and then reissue ballots due to the death of a candidate.
Missouri: One jurisdiction indicated ballots were received after the deadline.
Mississippi: One jurisdiction noted that its courthouse burned on 1/17/2013.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "Absentee Statistics Report/Ballot Issue Report/Absentee Register."
New York: The New York County data includes all New York City counties (New York, Bronx, Kings, Queens, and Richmond).
Oregon: Numbers are for domestic absentee electors.
Vermont: One jurisdiction commented, "Rejected because no voter affidavit returned with ballot." Another jurisdiction noted the 40 spoiled ballots are not included as they were counted as spoiled. One jurisdiction does not record "counted" ballots versus "spoiled" ballots by voter. A fourth jurisdiction indicated for C4b one left certificate envelope blank, and one registered to vote in another town. Another jurisdiction had 28 ballots returned that were defective and not counted, but it was not tracked at the time if they were military or overseas. These ballots are now sealed in the storage bags. One jurisdiction commented C4 seems to be asking to include Vermont's category of spoiled ballots; those that were returned by mail and did not have the appropriate envelope or signature were placed in a spoiled ballot envelope and never "submitted" for counting. Therefore, for this county, C5 does not count for its election results. Another jurisdiction noted that, for C 4 b , two absentee voters did not sign the "certificate envelope."
West Virginia: One county did not record absentee ballot information in the Statewide Voter Registration System after ballots were sent.

TABLE 33A. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART A

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not <br> Categorized Balance (See notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Not Received on Time or Missed Deadline |  |  | No Voter Signature |  |  | No Witness Signature |  |  | Non-matching Signature |  |  | No Election Official'sSignature |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| Alabama | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | .. |
| Alaska | 1 | 805 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0.2 | 206 | 1 | 25.6 | 244 | 1 | 30.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 353 | 43.9 |
| Arizona | 15 | 12,390 | 15 | 4,107 | 9 | 33.1 | 5,256 | 13 | 42.4 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 2,051 | 11 | 16.6 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 976 | 7.9 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 949 | 72 | 315 | 69 | 33.2 | 104 | 68 | 11.0 | 34 | 68 | 3.6 | 74 | 69 | 7.8 | 0 | 68 | 0.0 | 422 | 44.5 |
| California | 58 | 59,070 | 57 | 24,609 | 53 | 41.7 | 10,000 | 54 | 16.9 | 3 | 30 | 0.0 | 15,206 | 52 | 25.7 | 0 | 29 | 0.0 | 9,252 | 15.7 |
| Colorado | 64 | 16,407 | 64 | 1,462 | 64 | 8.9 | 2,735 | 64 | 16.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 6,206 | 64 | 37.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 6,004 | 36.6 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 2,356 | 169 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,356 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 240 | 3 | 225 | 3 | 93.8 | 7 | 3 | 2.9 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 1 | 3 | 0.4 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 7 | 2.9 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 396 | 1 | 91 | 1 | 23.0 | 305 | 1 | 77.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 20,588 | 67 | 8,597 | 51 | 41.8 | 5,256 | 66 | 25.5 | 57 | 31 | 0.3 | 5,398 | 67 | 26.2 | 0 | 28 | 0.0 | 1,280 | 6.2 |
| Georgia | 159 | 709 | 159 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 5 | 159 | 0.7 | 71 | 159 | 10.0 | 356 | 159 | 50.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 277 | 39.1 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 1,106 | 4 | 618 | 1 | 55.9 | 138 | 3 | 12.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 220 | 2 | 19.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 130 | 11.8 |
| Idaho | 44 | 954 | 44 | 586 | 44 | 61.4 | 109 | 44 | 11.4 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 53 | 44 | 5.6 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 206 | 21.6 |
| Illinois | 110 | 4,238 | 110 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,238 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 11,983 | 92 | 1,049 | 91 | 8.8 | 97 | 29 | 0.8 | 0 | 27 | 0.0 | 51 | 29 | 0.4 | 59 | 26 | 0.5 | 10,727 | 89.5 |
| Iowa | 99 | 8,168 | 99 | 1,353 | 99 | 16.6 | 1,652 | 99 | 20.2 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 5,163 | 63.2 |
| Kansas | 105 | 5,062 | 105 | 1,648 | 105 | 32.6 | 918 | 105 | 18.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 429 | 105 | 8.5 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 2,067 | 40.8 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,814 | 120 | 238 | 120 | 13.1 | 823 | 120 | 45.4 | 8 | 120 | 0.4 | 47 | 120 | 2.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 698 | 38.5 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,374 | 64 | 975 | 64 | 41.1 | 193 | 64 | 8.1 | 980 | 64 | 41.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 37 | 64 | 1.6 | 189 | 8.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 2,156 | 500 | 284 | 500 | 13.2 | 876 | 500 | 40.6 | 245 | 500 | 11.4 | 25 | 500 | 1.2 |  | 0 | ... | 726 | 33.7 |
| Maryland | 24 | 1,514 | 24 | 903 | 24 | 59.6 | 299 | 24 | 19.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 312 | 20.6 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 2,498 | 351 | 2,180 | 351 | 87.3 | 63 | 351 | 2.5 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 255 | 10.2 |
| Michigan | 83 | 8,049 | 83 | 5,205 | 83 | 64.7 | 900 | 83 | 11.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 208 | 83 | 2.6 |  | 0 | ... | 1,736 | 21.6 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 7,773 | 87 | 1,837 | 87 | 23.6 | 374 | 87 | 4.8 | 1,803 | 87 | 23.2 | 126 | 87 | 1.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,633 | 46.7 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 2,208 | 47 | 52 | 16 | 2.4 | 123 | 19 | 5.6 | 159 | 19 | 7.2 | 5 | 10 | 0.2 | 5 | 9 | 0.2 | 1,864 | 84.4 |
| Missouri | 116 | 5,076 | 116 | 1,846 | 114 | 36.4 | 637 | 116 | 12.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 2,593 | 51.1 |
| Montana | 56 | 853 | 56 | 380 | 56 | 44.5 | 257 | 56 | 30.1 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 160 | 56 | 18.8 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 56 | 6.6 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,942 | 93 | 689 | 93 | 17.5 | 622 | 93 | 15.8 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... | 4 | 93 | 0.1 | 2,627 | 66.6 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,160 | 17 | 611 | 17 | 52.7 | 158 | 17 | 13.6 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 195 | 17 | 16.8 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 196 | 16.9 |

TABLE 33A. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART A (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not <br> Categorized Balance (See notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Not Received on Time or Missed Deadline |  |  | No Voter Signature |  |  | No Witness Signature |  |  | Non-matching Signature |  |  | No Election Official'sSignature |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 1,735 | 320 | 785 | 320 | 45.2 | 163 | 320 | 9.4 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 321 | 320 | 18.5 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 466 | 26.9 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 6,534 | 21 | 1,255 | 21 | 19.2 | 1,907 | 21 | 29.2 |  | 0 | ... | 855 | 21 | 13.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,517 | 38.5 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 971 | 17 | 477 | 11 | 49.1 | 95 | 11 | 9.8 | 0 | 6 | 0.0 | 0 | 6 | 0.0 | 0 | 6 | 0.0 | 399 | 41.1 |
| New York | 62 |  | 0 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| North Carolina | 100 | 2,237 | 100 | 772 | 100 | 34.5 | 214 | 100 | 9.6 | 546 | 100 | 24.4 | 45 | 100 | 2.0 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 660 | 29.5 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 359 | 53 | 135 | 53 | 37.6 | 52 | 53 | 14.5 | 0 | 53 | 0.0 | 129 | 53 | 35.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 43 | 12.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 12,849 | 88 | 6,097 | 88 | 47.5 | 888 | 88 | 6.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 334 | 88 | 2.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 5,530 | 43.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,905 | 77 | 615 | 77 | 32.3 | 125 | 77 | 6.6 | 394 | 77 | 20.7 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 771 | 40.5 |
| Oregon | 36 | 297 | 36 | 152 | 36 | 51.2 | 33 | 36 | 11.1 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 81 | 36 | 27.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 31 | 10.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 1,845 | 67 | 1,373 | 67 | 74.4 | 52 | 67 | 2.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 420 | 22.8 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 326 | 39 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 128 | 39 | 39.3 | 130 | 39 | 39.9 | 60 | 39 | 18.4 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 8 | 2.5 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 650 | 46 | 650 | 46 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 148 | 66 | 74 | 66 | 50.0 | 38 | 66 | 25.7 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 21 | 66 | 14.2 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 15 | 10.1 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 614 | 95 | 407 | 95 | 66.3 | 93 | 95 | 15.1 | 4 | 95 | 0.7 | 8 | 95 | 1.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 102 | 16.6 |
| Texas | 254 | 3,647 | 225 | 3,081 | 226 | 84.5 | 1,671 | 224 | 45.8 | 58 | 222 | 1.6 | 639 | 223 | 17.5 | 0 | 223 | 0.0 | $(1,802)$ | (49.4) |
| Utah | 29 | 2,001 | 29 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,001 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 467 | 181 | 165 | 137 | 35.3 | 80 | 132 | 17.1 | 0 | 113 | 0.0 | 1 | 114 | 0.2 | 0 | 114 | 0.0 | 221 | 47.3 |
| Virginia | 134 | 2,278 | 134 | 437 | 134 | 19.2 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  | 1,841 | 80.8 |
| Washington | 39 | 29,978 | 39 | 5,859 | 39 | 19.5 | 6,972 | 39 | 23.3 | 145 | 39 | 0.5 | 12,067 | 39 | 40.3 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 4,935 | 16.5 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 26 | 54 | 13 | 54 | 50.0 | 1 | 54 | 3.8 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 12 | 46.2 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 4,114 | 3,541 | 496 | 3,541 | 12.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,618 | 87.9 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 177 | 23 | 84 | 11 | 47.5 | 42 | 7 | 23.7 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 51 | 28.8 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 14 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 57.1 | 4 | 1 | 28.6 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 2 | 14.3 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 370 | 1 | 125 | 1 | 33.8 | 77 | 1 | 20.8 | 36 | 1 | 9.7 | 20 | 1 | 5.4 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 112 | 30.3 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 258,380 | 7,874 | 82,922 | 7,241 | 32.1 | 44,748 | 3,671 | 17.3 | 4,917 | 2,417 | 1.9 | 45,392 | 2,814 | 17.6 | 105 | 1,483 | 0.0 | 80,296 | 31.1 |
| States Included |  | 51 |  | 46 |  |  | 45 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 31 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 48 |  |
| Question |  | C4b |  | C5a |  |  | C5b |  |  | C5c |  |  | C5d |  |  | C5e |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 33B. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Returned in Unofficial Envelope |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | Unsealed Envelope |  |  | No Resident Address on Envelope |  |  | Multiple Ballots Returned in Envelope |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot |
| Alabama | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Alaska | 1 | 805 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 17 | 1 | 2.1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 788 | 97.9 |
| Arizona | 15 | 12,390 | 15 | 72 | 4 | 0.6 | 173 | 11 | 1.4 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 122 | 4 | 1.0 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 12,023 | 97.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 949 | 72 | 1 | 68 | 0.1 | 8 | 69 | 0.8 | 0 | 43 | 0.0 | 3 | 46 | 0.3 | 3 | 52 | 0.3 | 934 | 98.4 |
| California | 58 | 59,070 | 57 | 32 | 30 | 0.1 | 579 | 38 | 1.0 | 3 | 28 | 0.0 | 12 | 32 | 0.0 | 79 | 32 | 0.1 | 58,365 | 98.8 |
| Colorado | 64 | 16,407 | 64 |  | 0 | . | 79 | 64 | 0.5 |  | 0 | . |  | 0 |  | 11 | 64 | 0.1 | 16,317 | 99.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 2,356 | 169 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,356 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 240 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 2 | 3 | 0.8 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 238 | 99.2 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 396 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 396 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 20,588 | 67 | 13 | 32 | 0.1 | 9 | 34 | 0.0 | 4 | 29 | 0.0 | 0 | 28 | 0.0 | 16 | 32 | 0.1 | 20,546 | 99.8 |
| Georgia | 159 | 709 | 159 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 229 | 159 | 32.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 480 | 67.7 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 1,106 | 4 | 13 | 1 | 1.2 | 16 | 2 | 1.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 4 | 2 | 0.4 | 1,073 | 97.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 954 | 44 | 9 | 44 | 0.9 | 2 | 44 | 0.2 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 943 | 98.8 |
| Illinois | 110 | 4,238 | 110 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 4,238 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 11,983 | 92 | 10 | 26 | 0.1 | 6 | 28 | 0.1 | 1 | 25 | 0.0 | 0 | 25 | 0.0 | 0 | 27 | 0.0 | 11,966 | 99.9 |
| Iowa | 99 | 8,168 | 99 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 292 | 99 | 3.6 | 798 | 99 | 9.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 12 | 99 | 0.1 | 7,066 | 86.5 |
| Kansas | 105 | 5,062 | 105 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 5,062 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,814 | 120 |  | 0 | ... | 50 | 120 | 2.8 | 209 | 120 | 11.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 1,555 | 85.7 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,374 | 64 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 2,374 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 2,156 | 500 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 2,156 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 1,514 | 24 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,514 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 2,498 | 351 |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 8 | 351 | 0.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,490 | 99.7 |
| Michigan | 83 | 8,049 | 83 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | . |  | 0 |  | 8,049 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 7,773 | 87 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 7,773 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 2,208 | 47 | 8 | 10 | 0.4 | 3 | 9 | 0.1 | 1 | 10 | 0.0 | 0 | 9 | 0.0 | 11 | 9 | 0.5 | 2,185 | 99.0 |
| Missouri | 116 | 5,076 | 116 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 67 | 113 | 1.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 5,008 | 98.7 |
| Montana | 56 | 853 | 56 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 853 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,942 | 93 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,942 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,160 | 17 | 2 | 17 | 0.2 | 10 | 17 | 0.9 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 3 | 17 | 0.3 | 1,145 | 98.7 |

TABLE 33B. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Returned in Unofficial Envelope |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | Unsealed Envelope |  |  | No Resident Address on Envelope |  |  | Multiple Ballots Returned in Envelope |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 1,735 | 320 | 24 | 320 | 1.4 | 27 | 320 | 1.6 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 0 | 320 | 0.0 | 1,684 | 97.1 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 6,534 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 66 | 21 | 1.0 | 8 | 21 | 0.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 6,460 | 98.9 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 971 | 17 | 5 | 6 | 0.5 | 0 | 7 | 0.0 | 0 | 6 | 0.0 | 0 | 6 | 0.0 | 0 | 7 | 0.0 | 966 | 99.5 |
| New York | 62 |  | 0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 0 | .. |
| North Carolina | 100 | 2,237 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 2,237 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 359 | 53 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 53 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 53 | 0.0 | 0 | 53 | 0.0 | 359 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 12,849 | 88 | 1,477 | 88 | 11.5 | 39 | 88 | 0.3 | 0 | 88 | 0.0 | 84 | 88 | 0.7 | 10 | 88 | 0.1 | 11,239 | 87.5 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,905 | 77 | 133 | 77 | 7.0 | 9 | 77 | 0.5 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 1,763 | 92.5 |
| Oregon | 36 | 297 | 36 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 297 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 1,845 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,845 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 326 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 326 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 650 | 46 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 650 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 148 | 66 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 148 | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 614 | 95 | 33 | 95 | 5.4 | 34 | 95 | 5.5 | 0 | 92 | 0.0 | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 547 | 89.1 |
| Texas | 254 | 3,647 | 225 | 3 | 224 | 0.1 | 15 | 224 | 0.4 | 0 | 224 | 0.0 | 73 | 223 | 2.0 | 51 | 225 | 1.4 | 3,505 | 96.1 |
| Utah | 29 | 2,001 | 29 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,001 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 467 | 181 | 91 | 126 | 19.5 | 37 | 122 | 7.9 | 10 | 116 | 2.1 | 2 | 116 | 0.4 | 0 | 115 | 0.0 | 327 | 70.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 2,278 | 134 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 2,278 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 29,978 | 39 | 23 | 39 | 0.1 | 374 | 39 | 1.2 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 4 | 39 | 0.0 | 29,577 | 98.7 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 26 | 54 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 26 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 4,114 | 3,541 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,114 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 177 | 23 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 0.6 |  | 0 |  | 2 | 2 | 1.1 | 174 | 98.3 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 14 | 100.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 370 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 85 | 1 | 23.0 | 285 | 77.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 258,380 | 7,874 | 1,949 | 1,530 | 0.8 | 1,848 | 1,905 | 0.7 | 1,035 | 1,725 | 0.4 | 600 | 2,168 | 0.2 | 291 | 1,847 | 0.1 | 252,657 | 97.8 |
| States Included |  | 51 |  | 17 |  |  | 23 |  |  | 9 |  |  | 9 |  |  | 13 |  |  | 51 |  |
| Question |  | C4b |  | C5f |  |  | C5g |  |  | C5h |  |  | C5i |  |  | C5j |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 33C. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART C

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Voter Deceased |  |  | Already Voted in Person |  |  | First-time Voter without Proper Identification |  |  | No Ballot Application on Record |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 0 |  |
| Alaska | 1 | 805 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 5 | 1 | 0.6 | 331 | 1 | 41.1 | 469 | 58.3 |
| Arizona | 15 | 12,390 | 15 | 224 | 6 | 1.8 | 17 | 5 | 0.1 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 28 | 3 | 0.2 | 340 | 6 | 2.7 | 11,781 | 95.1 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 949 | 72 | 22 | 68 | 2.3 | 14 | 69 | 1.5 | 9 | 68 | 0.9 | 4 | 69 | 0.4 | 238 | 22 | 25.1 | 662 | 69.8 |
| California | 58 | 59,070 | 57 | 847 | 38 | 1.4 | 18 | 29 | 0.0 | 1,845 | 32 | 3.1 | 12 | 28 | 0.0 | 4,902 | 36 | 8.3 | 51,446 | 87.1 |
| Colorado | 64 | 16,407 | 64 | 66 | 64 | 0.4 | 103 | 64 | 0.6 | 5,288 | 64 | 32.2 |  | 0 | .. | 457 | 64 | 2.8 | 10,493 | 64.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 2,356 | 169 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 2,356 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 240 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0.8 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 | 1.3 | 235 | 97.9 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 396 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 396 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 20,588 | 67 | 11 | 31 | 0.1 | 24 | 31 | 0.1 | 130 | 42 | 0.6 | 39 | 34 | 0.2 | 994 | 38 | 4.8 | 19,390 | 94.2 |
| Georgia | 159 | 709 | 159 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 48 | 159 | 6.8 | 661 | 93.2 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 1,106 | 4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 78 | 2 | 7.1 | 1,028 | 92.9 |
| Idaho | 44 | 954 | 44 | 3 | 44 | 0.3 | 158 | 44 | 16.6 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 0 | 44 | 0.0 | 34 | 44 | 3.6 | 759 | 79.6 |
| Illinois | 110 | 4,238 | 110 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  | 4,238 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 11,983 | 92 | 19 | 27 | 0.2 | 12 | 27 | 0.1 | 0 | 24 | 0.0 | 3 | 26 | 0.0 | 95 | 26 | 0.8 | 11,854 | 98.9 |
| Iowa | 99 | 8,168 | 99 | 274 | 99 | 3.4 | 2,129 | 99 | 26.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 84 | 99 | 1.0 | 1,574 | 99 | 19.3 | 4,107 | 50.3 |
| Kansas | 105 | 5,062 | 105 | 46 | 105 | 0.9 | 33 | 105 | 0.7 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 1,988 | 105 | 39.3 | 2,995 | 59.2 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,814 | 120 | 34 | 120 | 1.9 | 4 | 120 | 0.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 401 | 60 | 22.1 | 1,375 | 75.8 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,374 | 64 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 189 | 64 | 8.0 | 2,185 | 92.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 2,156 | 500 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 115 | 500 | 5.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 611 | 500 | 28.3 | 1,430 | 66.3 |
| Maryland | 24 | 1,514 | 24 | 17 | 24 | 1.1 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 88 | 24 | 5.8 | 3 | 24 | 0.2 | 204 | 24 | 13.5 | 1,202 | 79.4 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 2,498 | 351 | 50 | 351 | 2.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,448 | 98.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 8,049 | 83 | 682 | 83 | 8.5 | 717 | 83 | 8.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  | 337 | 83 | 4.2 | 6,313 | 78.4 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 7,773 | 87 | 45 | 87 | 0.6 | 24 | 87 | 0.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,564 | 87 | 45.9 | 4,140 | 53.3 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 2,208 | 47 | 7 | 11 | 0.3 | 14 | 12 | 0.6 | 0 | 9 | 0.0 | 37 | 13 | 1.7 | 237 | 10 | 10.7 | 1,913 | 86.6 |
| Missouri | 116 | 5,076 | 116 | 111 | 115 | 2.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,385 | 85 | 47.0 | 2,580 | 50.8 |
| Montana | 56 | 853 | 56 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 0 | 56 | 0.0 | 56 | 56 | 6.6 | 797 | 93.4 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,942 | 93 | 37 | 93 | 0.9 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,588 | 93 | 65.7 | 1,317 | 33.4 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,160 | 17 | 19 | 17 | 1.6 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 24 | 17 | 2.1 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 138 | 17 | 11.9 | 979 | 84.4 |

TABLE 33C. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART C (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Domestic Absentee Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Voter Deceased |  |  | Already Voted in Person |  |  | First-time Voter without Proper Identification |  |  | No Ballot Application on Record |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 1,735 | 320 | 25 | 320 | 1.4 | 115 | 320 | 6.6 | 1 | 320 | 0.1 | 26 | 320 | 1.5 | 248 | 320 | 14.3 | 1,320 | 76.1 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 6,534 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,516 | 21 | 38.5 | 4,018 | 61.5 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 971 | 17 | 0 | 7 | 0.0 | 2 | 8 | 0.2 | 8 | 7 | 0.8 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 961 | 99.0 |
| New York | 62 |  | 0 |  | 0 | .. | 638 | 57 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | (638) | ... |
| North Carolina | 100 | 2,237 | 100 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 5 | 100 | 0.2 | 200 | 100 | 8.9 | 3 | 100 | 0.1 | 415 | 100 | 18.6 | 1,614 | 72.2 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 359 | 53 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 19 | 53 | 5.3 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 24 | 53 | 6.7 | 316 | 88.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 12,849 | 88 | 118 | 88 | 0.9 | 0 | 88 | 0.0 | 50 | 88 | 0.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,697 | 87 | 28.8 | 8,984 | 69.9 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,905 | 77 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 629 | 77 | 33.0 | 1,276 | 67.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 297 | 36 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 10 | 36 | 3.4 | 21 | 36 | 7.1 | 266 | 89.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 1,845 | 67 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 420 | 67 | 22.8 | 1,425 | 77.2 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 326 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 8 | 39 | 2.5 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 318 | 97.5 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 650 | 46 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 650 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 148 | 66 | 12 | 66 | 8.1 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 136 | 91.9 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 614 | 95 | 4 | 1 | 0.7 | 2 | 1 | 0.3 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 16 | 5 | 2.6 | 592 | 96.4 |
| Texas | 254 | 3,647 | 225 | 13 | 224 | 0.4 | 354 | 224 | 9.7 | 14 | 224 | 0.4 | 91 | 223 | 2.5 |  | 0 | ... | 3,175 | 87.1 |
| Utah | 29 | 2,001 | 29 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 2,001 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 467 | 181 | 0 | 115 | 0.0 | 0 | 115 | 0.0 | 0 | 115 | 0.0 | 0 | 115 | 0.0 | 73 | 23 | 15.6 | 394 | 84.4 |
| Virginia | 134 | 2,278 | 134 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 1,841 | 134 | 80.8 | 437 | 19.2 |
| Washington | 39 | 29,978 | 39 | 19 | 39 | 0.1 | 170 | 39 | 0.6 | 50 | 39 | 0.2 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 4,304 | 21 | 14.4 | 25,435 | 84.8 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 26 | 54 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 0 | 54 | 0.0 | 2 | 54 | 7.7 | 1 | 54 | 3.8 | 9 | 5 | 34.6 | 14 | 53.8 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 4,114 | 3,541 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,618 | 3,541 | 87.9 | 496 | 12.1 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 177 | 23 |  | 0 |  | 3 | 2 | 1.7 | 2 | 1 | 1.1 |  | 0 |  | 40 | 8 | 22.6 | 132 | 74.6 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | ... | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 2 | 1 | 14.3 | 12 | 85.7 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 370 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 27 | 1 | 7.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 |  | 0 | ... | 343 | 92.7 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 258,380 | 7,874 | 2,707 | 2,577 | 1.0 | 4,717 | 2,598 | 1.8 | 7,719 | 1,521 | 3.0 | 346 | 1,589 | 0.1 | 39,665 | 6,292 | 15.4 | 203,226 | 78.7 |
| States Included |  | 51 |  | 25 |  |  | 24 |  |  | 15 |  |  | 14 |  |  | 40 |  |  | 52 |  |
| Question |  | C4b |  | C5k |  |  | C51 |  |  | C5m |  |  | C5n |  |  | C50:v |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 33. DOMESTIC ABSENTEE BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PARTS A, B AND C

Questions C4, C5. Number of domestic civilian absentee ballots rejected and the reason for rejection. [This table is broken into parts due to the large number of reasons tabulated.]

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question C5:

Arizona: One jurisdiction stated: "For C5c, C5e, C5h, C5i, C5l, C5m \& C5n, these reject reasons do not apply in Maricopa County, Arizona for an Early Ballot (EB) or cannot occur in Maricopa County due to our early ballot issuing system (e.g. C5l is n/a because EV system will not allow a voter who already voted in-person to be issued another ballot). These categories are therefore marked as "N/A" above. For C5k, the total number provided here reflects the quantity of EB's initially sent but later canceled due to all cancelation reasons (e.g. death, moved out-ofcounty, felon, etc.) and not just the noted "Voter deceased". For the remaining line noted only as "Data not available", this information is not accumulated since it is data that cannot be associated with an actual valid voter (e.g. voter not registered to vote) or is not considered a valid Early Ballot upon receipt so it is therefore not categorized as a rejected early ballot and therefore is not noted as a true reject within the canvass of the election (e.g. ballot returned in unofficial envelope, multiple ballots so one is invalidated but voter still would have one ballot cast, etc.)."

California: One jurisdiction indicated that C5o includes missing address and address mis-compares (i.e., voter moved and did not re-register).
Colorado: Counts in C5l represent all ballots that were rejected because the voter had already voted, regardless of vote method.
Florida: One jurisdiction reported no rejections. Another jurisdiction commented that, in regards to C5a, ballots received after the deadline are "invalid" and, therefore, no official action is required to "reject" them. As of 01/02/13, this jurisdiction had received 706 "late" ballots from civilian domestic voters.

Indiana: Clay County does manually track the number of returned absentee ballots that are rejected, and stores them in specifically marked envelopes by precinct. However, it does not manually track the reason for why each rejected absentee ballot was rejected. Clinton County does not compile the requested information. Elkhart County did have some absentee ballots rejected due to voter being deceased, some rejected due to lack of signature or signature not matching SVRS records but did not manually track specific numbers. There were few such instances. In addition, three jurisdictions also generally indicated that they do not track this information, and two jurisdictions noted they do not track this information outside of the SVRS. Another jurisdiction stated that the ballots indicated as rejected were sent to the polls, however, there is no way to ensure the poll workers indeed rejected the ballots, only that they fit the criteria indicated and should have been. One jurisdiction commented, "We are a small county and do not have many issues with rejected ballots. The main reason we do not count absentee ballots is because the voter decides not to vote and never returns the ballot." Another jurisdiction reported that it had 19 absentee ballots not returned by voters. One jurisdiction stated that it had a Traveling Board team forget to initial the ballot cards.

Michigan: Initial decisions on rejected absentee ballots are made in the clerk's office before the ballots are submitted to the appropriate precinct board for counting.

Minnesota: For all jurisdictions, C5d: Only if the number provided by the voter did not match, then voter signature did not match. C5m: Firsttime voters who must show ID must follow absentee election-day registration process. C5: Rejected ballots were replaced/resent if received in time. The number of voters for whom all ballot submissions were rejected for reason other than late is 10 .

Missouri: One jurisdiction stated, "Ballots received after deadline." A second jurisdiction commented, "Few ballots still coming in too late." A third county noted that some of the ballots were received after the deadline, so that is why its numbers are off.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction noted that its courthouse burned on 1/17/2013.
New Jersey: Three jurisdictions commented, "Same Ballot has been rejected for multiple reasons."
Ohio: One jurisdiction stated that C5c, C5e, and C5n are not valid reasons for rejection in Ohio. Another jurisdiction commented that the Ohio Board of elections cannot issue an absentee ballot without first receiving a ballot application.

South Carolina: Counted = returned before deadline. Rejected = returned after deadline. No data on ABS ballots not accepted for other reasons such as "voter not qualified" or "oath not signed".

Vermont: Three jurisdictions commented that data on defective ballots is sealed in a ballot bag with the defective ballot envelope and tally sheet, and thus the defective ballot reasons are unknown. Of this group, one jurisdiction reported that it had an additional six ballots returned late. Another jurisdiction reported that this number is for the 2012 general election only. One jurisdiction stated, "C5 seems to include categories of Vermont's spoiled ballots which were never put in the "to count" category though we had one without any signature, and two that were not in an appropriate envelope (not in one at all)."

TABLE 34. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS SUBMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total Ballots Submitted |  |  Provisional Ballots Submitted by Voters and Disposition   <br> Counted Full Ballot Counted Part Ballot Rejected Ballot Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 | 6,728 | 52 | 2,319 | 50 | 34.5 |  | 0 | ... | 4,409 | 47 | 65.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 18,255 | 1 | 4,530 | 1 | 24.8 | 13,480 | 1 | 73.8 | 245 | 1 | 1.3 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 183,259 | 15 | 150,237 | 15 | 82.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 33,022 | 15 | 18.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 2,592 | 73 | 890 | 73 | 34.3 | 5 | 73 | 0.2 | 1,697 | 73 | 65.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 1,065,156 | 56 | 706,381 | 50 | 66.3 | 119,322 | 41 | 11.2 | 177,753 | 55 | 16.7 | 54,274 | 10 | 5.1 | 7,426 | 0.7 |
| Colorado | 64 | 62,847 | 64 | 45,435 | 64 | 72.3 | 7,542 | 64 | 12.0 | 9,870 | 64 | 15.7 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 963 | 169 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 843 | 169 | 87.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 120 | 12.5 |
| Delaware | 3 | 453 | 3 | 35 | 3 | 7.7 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 418 | 3 | 92.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 38,636 | 1 | 32,233 | 1 | 83.4 | 3,158 | 1 | 8.2 | 3,245 | 1 | 8.4 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 42,745 | 67 | 24,633 | 67 | 57.6 |  | 0 | ... | 18,106 | 67 | 42.4 | 1 | 6 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | .. |
| Hawaii | 4 | 711 | 4 | 102 | 3 | 14.3 | 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 609 | 4 | 85.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Illinois | 110 | 43,772 | 110 | 13,486 | 110 | 30.8 |  | 0 | ... | 30,286 | 110 | 69.2 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 4,801 | 66 | 804 | 75 | 16.7 | 0 | 92 | 0.0 | 3,997 | 76 | 83.3 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 4,996 | 99 | 4,131 | 99 | 82.7 |  | 0 | ... | 865 | 99 | 17.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 38,865 | 105 | 25,192 | 105 | 64.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 13,487 | 105 | 34.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 186 | 0.5 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 287 | 120 | 50 | 120 | 17.4 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 237 | 120 | 82.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 6,862 | 64 | 2,609 | 64 | 38.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,253 | 64 | 62.0 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 315 | 499 | 315 | 499 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 79,876 | 24 | 54,328 | 24 | 68.0 | 14,419 | 24 | 18.1 | 11,129 | 24 | 13.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 12,920 | 351 | 3,288 | 351 | 25.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 9,621 | 351 | 74.5 |  | 0 | ... | 11 | 0.1 |
| Michigan | 83 | 2,675 | 83 | 1,190 | 83 | 44.5 |  | 0 | . | 1,485 | 83 | 55.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 |  |
| Mississippi | 82 | 22,478 | 48 | 13,483 | 41 | 60.0 | 1,291 | 14 | 5.7 | 5,722 | 39 | 25.5 | 113 | 1 | 0.5 | 1,869 | 8.3 |
| Missouri | 116 | 6,393 | 116 | 1,882 | 113 | 29.4 |  | 0 |  | 4,511 | 112 | 70.6 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 5,562 | 56 | 5,294 | 56 | 95.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 268 | 56 | 4.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 15,130 | 93 | 11,871 | 92 | 78.5 |  | 0 |  | 3,258 | 93 | 21.5 |  | 0 |  | 1 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 8,329 | 17 | 3,468 | 17 | 41.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,861 | 17 | 58.4 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 34. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS SUBMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total Ballots Submitted |  | Counted Full Ballot |  |  | Counted | Ballots Part Ba | ubmitted | Ry Voters a | nd Dispos | sition | Other <br> (See | isposition <br> omment |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 0 | 320 | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| New Jersey | 21 | 97,481 | 21 | 77,134 | 21 | 79.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 13,081 | 21 | 13.4 | 7,266 | 21 | 7.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 6,630 | 26 | 1,100 | 18 | 16.6 | 206 | 14 | 3.1 | 2,110 | 22 | 31.8 | 1,150 | 4 | 17.3 | 2,064 | 31.1 |
| New York | 62 | 451,868 | 61 | 322,537 | 61 | 71.4 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 129,227 | 61 | 28.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 104 | 0.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 51,192 | 100 | 18,041 | 100 | 35.2 | 5,321 | 100 | 10.4 | 27,830 | 100 | 54.4 |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 |  | 0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Ohio | 88 | 208,087 | 88 | 171,626 | 88 | 82.5 | 2,139 | 88 | 1.0 | 34,322 | 88 | 16.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 5,313 | 77 | 1,724 | 77 | 32.4 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 3,589 | 77 | 67.6 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,771 | 36 | 57 | 36 | 3.2 | 1,639 | 36 | 92.5 | 75 | 36 | 4.2 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 49,000 | 67 | 17,221 | 67 | 35.1 | 11,521 | 67 | 23.5 | 20,258 | 67 | 41.3 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 2,357 | 39 | 751 | 39 | 31.9 | 331 | 39 | 14.0 | 1,275 | 39 | 54.1 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 5,473 | 23 | 3,365 | 23 | 61.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,108 | 23 | 38.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 441 | 66 | 96 | 66 | 21.8 | 2 | 66 | 0.5 | 343 | 66 | 77.8 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 7,089 | 95 | 1,623 | 95 | 22.9 | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 5,466 | 95 | 77.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 50,787 | 254 | 9,046 | 254 | 17.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 41,752 | 254 | 82.2 |  | 0 | ... | (11) | (0.0) |
| Utah | 29 | 53,483 | 29 | 43,283 | 29 | 80.9 |  | 0 | . | 10,198 | 29 | 19.1 |  | 0 |  | 2 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 19 | 227 | 13 | 103 | 68.4 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 5 | 103 | 26.3 | 1 | 30 | 5.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 12,862 | 134 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 8,096 | 134 | 62.9 | 4,766 | 134 | 37.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 6,832 | 39 | 2,716 | 37 | 39.8 | 195 | 36 | 2.9 | 3,050 | 39 | 44.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 871 | 12.7 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 3,152 | 40 | 2,031 | 40 | 64.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,121 | 40 | 35.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 135 | 3,541 | 44 | 3,541 | 32.6 |  | 0 | ... | 77 | 3,541 | 57.0 | 32 | 3,541 | 23.7 | (18) | (13.3) |
| Wyoming | 23 | 33 | 10 | 13 | 6 | 39.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 20 | 6 | 60.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | ... | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 144 | 1 | 40 | 1 | 27.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 104 | 1 | 72.2 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 12,715 | 1 | 9,647 | 1 | 75.9 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 3,068 | 1 | 24.1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 2,702,470 | 7,652 | 1,790,294 | 7,200 | 66.2 | 180,571 | 1,480 | 6.7 | 651,372 | 7,012 | 24.1 | 67,603 | 4,191 | 2.5 | 12,630 | 0.5 |
| States Included |  | 48 |  | 46 |  |  | 15 |  |  | 47 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 13 |  |
| Question |  | E1a |  | E1b |  |  | E1c |  |  | E1d |  |  | E1e +f |  |  | calc |  |

Questions E1, E2. Number of voters who submitted provisional ballots, disposition of the ballots, and the reason for rejected ballots.

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

Also, the term provisional is used here generically though the meaning, availability, and use will vary by State.

## Question E1:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction noted that one voter was removed by error for felony but provided information which the election commissioners accepted; one voter was registered under her maiden name. Another jurisdiction noted that the majority of rejected ballots were from those voters who said they registered at DMV or DHS, and the county had received no information of their registration. Upon verification with DMV, only 2 of the voters had actually registered. A third jurisdiction commented, "Per county election commissioner."

California: One jurisdiction stated that it does not differentiate between fully counted and partially counted ballots when the data is input into the computer. A second jurisdiction commented, "No provisional ballots - all mail ballot election."

Idaho: Idaho is not required to use provisional ballots due to Election Day Registration.
Florida: One jurisdiction reported that out of the 16 rejected provisional ballots, everyone but two received voter history (see E2 and F1h).
Indiana: One jurisdiction stated, "Do not like provisional ballots." Three jurisdictions explicitly noted that no provisional ballots were cast during the 2012 general election. One jurisdiction reported "the already voted was an individual who voted by traveling board first, and then someone took her to vote on Election Day (a family member). She had in fact already voted though and most likely forgot because of her age." Another jurisdiction stated that most forms were incomplete even if the person was able to vote, and that forms are too complicated and poll workers don't do them. One jurisdiction commented, "Less categories, we don't know if they are registered out of state, even if they give Illinois ID." Another jurisdiction commented, "Since we are the home to a large university, we had many students who were not registered but tried to vote. Instead of turning them away, we instruct our workers to provide them with a provisional ballot which is then reviewed by the election board."

Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 11 jurisdictions. Kingsburg Plantation figures were included with Guilford. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation. Edmunds Township figures were included with Dennysville.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction noted that its courthouse burned on 1/17/2013.
North Carolina: Two jurisdictions reported that the number of provisional ballots submitted do exceed the number of civilian absentee ballots transmitted.

North Dakota: North Dakota does not have provisional balloting.
New Hampshire: One jurisdiction commented, "Moderator challenged and rejected absentee ballots."
New Mexico: Four jurisdictions reported they issued no provisional ballots. One jurisdiction indicated that all provisional ballots were rejected. Another jurisdiction commented, "Handwritten provisional Excel spreadsheet."
Ohio: One jurisdiction noted that Ohio permits a registered voter who moves anywhere in the state who fails to timely update his or her address to vote a ballot provisionally in the voter's new precinct.
Pennsylvania: Philadelphia County experienced a change in leadership in the twelve months leading up to the election. In addition, key staff members also retired during that timeframe. As a result, a sufficient knowledge transfer was not conducted thus leading to mistakes in processing SURE jobs, poll book production, and general administration issues. These factors lead to omissions from regular and supplemental poll books which contributed to the high number $(26,983)$ of provisional ballots that were cast. After a thorough analysis, the county concluded that only 7,077 provisional ballots should have been issued.

Virginia: VA does not collect stats on counted full vs. counted partial. General situation is full ballot $100 \%$ of the time.
Vermont: Three jurisdictions indicated they did not have any provisional ballots. Another jurisdiction commented that it does not usually need to offer provisional ballots as they have several State of Vermont affidavits; voters may use these to be reactivated or added on election day.
West Virginia: Fifteen jurisdictions commented, "County did not enter provisional ballot information into the Statewide Voter Registration System."

## Question E2:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction stated, "No record of the voter having registered; the most common complaint from the voter is that he/ she registered to vote through "motor voter," registered at D.F.A but those records were never received by the county clerk." Another jurisdiction indicated that the voters counted in E2j said they registered at DMV or DHS; no records found of their registration. A third jurisdiction commented that most were from DMV.
Arizona: One jurisdiction reported that for E2f the "ballot missing from envelope" total does not reflect 23 rejected ballots since these ballots were presumptively already counted at the polling location (i.e., fed through the optical scan reader as a regular ballot), so they cannot be considered a rejected provisional. Another jurisdiction stated, "The 'Ballot missing from envelope' total was (218) but this total is not included in the grand total of rejected ballots and not reported on our canvass since these ballots were presumptively already counted at the polling location (i.e., fed through the optical scan reader as a regular ballot), so they cannot be considered a provisional that would have been counted at central tabulation. For E2g (No signature), this total is not tracked separately and is instead included in the totals noted in E2e (Envelope and/or ballot was incomplete and/or illegible) and is categorized as 'incomplete.' For E2j (Not Eligible to Vote in this Election), this total includes voters who are registered (so therefore not proper to be part of E2a 'Not Registered') but registered AFTER the 29 day registration cutoff period prescribed for in Arizona State statute. As such, these voters were registered, but not eligible to participate or vote in this election." A third jurisdiction noted that E2j refers to voters who registered after the statutory cutoff date; they are registered but not eligible to vote in the election.

California: One jurisdiction indicated that E2j refers to voters not registered in county. A second jurisdiction noted that the E2a total includes voters registered in within the State but not within Humboldt County. A third jurisdiction indicated that they cannot tell if a voter is registered in another county in the State or any other State; therefore, E2a represents voters not registered in the county itself. Another jurisdiction reported that E3g and E3h are combined. A fifth jurisdiction noted that for E2a it does not check registration outside of the city, and for E2b these voters indicated an address within California but not in the county itself. One jurisdiction indicated it has an all-mail election and does not have provisional ballots.

Idaho: Idaho is not required to use provisional ballots due to Election Day Registration.
Florida: One jurisdiction indicated that out of the 16 rejected provisional ballots, all but two received voter history (see E2 and F1h). A second jurisdiction reported that E2a represents a combination of "registered too late" and ineligible (not registered). Another jurisdiction commented, "Data: VR Report shows Statutory Rejection - Reasons do not match EAC choices. Here is the breakdown by statutory reason: Unable to establish eligibility: 1865, Signature of voter did not match: 38, Already voted Data: VR Report shows Statutory Rejection - Reasons do not match EAC choices. Here is the breakdown by statutory reason: Unable to establish eligibility: 1865, Signature of voter did not match: 38, Already voted early/absentee: 72, Wrong precinct: 368, Incorrect party for ballot: 0, Voter did not provide picture/signature ID: 4, Other: 1." One jurisdiction stated, "They were all convicted felons."

Indiana: One jurisdiction indicated, "Poll Worker Error: failed to initial ballot cards." A second jurisdiction stated that ballots had a cancelled/rejected status because of voter registration acknowledgement cards being returned. A third jurisdiction reported, "No Challenge Form. Military Submitted FWAB, but according to the Indiana Election Division they must submit an application first. Absentee envelope not signed. Initials missing from ballot." Another jurisdiction commented that it did not have any uncounted provisional ballots. A fifth jurisdiction stated that "Did not have Indiana ID and would not surrender Texas driver's license; they registered at a WorkOne agency." Another jurisdiction indicated that ballots were not activated by a poll worker. One jurisdiction stated that three were rejected because the voters moved outside of the State of Indiana and were also proven to be registered in the State they now live in; one was rejected because the voter was deceased; 30 were FWAB that were not eligible to be counted because the voter had not submitted an absentee ballot application. Another jurisdiction indicated that a voter had voted at polls and did not think this vote counted, so she did provisional and check totals, and she had actually voted. One jurisdiction indicated that reasons included late registration, not enough information, no reason given, and more than one same name. One jurisdiction stated that other includes those reasons in fields (E2a, E2b, E2f, E2g, E2h, E2i, E2k, and E2m) that it was unable to capture as they pertain to the survey. Another jurisdiction commented that the provisional ballot information is filed away in the basement with its election materials; time constraints hindered workers' ability to scour through the sealed envelopes to find the requested information. Three jurisdictions indicated "expired driver licenses," "they came right after the polls closed," and "registration cancelled or rejected, no initials on ballot," respectively.
Mississippi: One jurisdiction reported, "We had 579 provisional ballots - election already sealed."
North Carolina: All counties: For E2a, a provisional would not count if the voter is not registered in his or her county of residence.
North Dakota: North Dakota does not have provisional balloting.
Pennsylvania: Twenty-eight counties commented, "Pennsylvania counties have the ability to select more than one rejection reason which was done in this case. As a result, the E2a though E2p can and will be greater than E1d."
Texas: The "in the state" language makes the question Not Applicable for Texas counties. Provisional voting is at the county level would only check to see if the individual voter is eligible to vote within that county.

Vermont: Three jurisdictions explicitly indicated no provisional ballots.
Washington: Ballots for voters who voted in the wrong jurisdiction were sent to the appropriate county for counting.

TABLE 35A. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS SUBMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Submitted by Voters and Disposition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Voter not Registered in State |  |  | Voter Registered but in Wrong Juristiction |  |  | Voter Registered but in Wrong Precinct |  |  | Failure to Provide Sufficient Identification |  |  | Incomplete/IIlegible Envelope/Ballot |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 | 4,409 | 47 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,409 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 245 | 1 | 67 | 1 | 27.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 6 | 1 | 2.4 | 115 | 1 | 46.9 | 57 | 23.3 |
| Arizona | 15 | 33,022 | 15 | 12,481 | 15 | 37.8 | 159 | 9 | 0.5 | 10,979 | 13 | 33.2 | 1,330 | 13 | 4.0 | 2,496 | 12 | 7.6 | 5,577 | 16.9 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,697 | 73 | 1,039 | 69 | 61.2 | 106 | 71 | 6.2 | 89 | 71 | 5.2 | 1 | 73 | 0.1 | 10 | 71 | 0.6 | 452 | 26.6 |
| California | 58 | 177,753 | 55 | 113,671 | 43 | 63.9 | 3,509 | 28 | 2.0 | 85 | 20 | 0.0 | 4,660 | 27 | 2.6 | 2,121 | 36 | 1.2 | 53,707 | 30.2 |
| Colorado | 64 | 9,870 | 64 | 5,001 | 64 | 50.7 | 2,562 | 64 | 26.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 280 | 64 | 2.8 |  | 0 | ... | 2,027 | 20.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 843 | 169 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 843 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 418 | 3 | 361 | 3 | 86.4 | 17 | 3 | 4.1 | 37 | 3 | 8.9 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 3,245 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 1,999 | 1 | 61.6 | 943 | 1 | 29.1 | 142 | 1 | 4.4 | 161 | 5.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 18,106 | 67 | 10,305 | 63 | 56.9 | 304 | 40 | 1.7 | 2,905 | 54 | 16.0 | 137 | 41 | 0.8 | 236 | 37 | 1.3 | 4,219 | 23.3 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Hawaii | 4 | 609 | 4 | 380 | 4 | 62.4 | 4 | 1 | 0.7 | 194 | 3 | 31.9 | 16 | 2 | 2.6 | 3 | 1 | 0.5 | 12 | 2.0 |
| Idaho | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Illinois | 110 | 30,286 | 110 | 12,833 | 62 | 42.4 | 480 | 27 | 1.6 | 5,326 | 28 | 17.6 | 167 | 30 | 0.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 11,480 | 37.9 |
| Indiana | 92 | 3,997 | 76 | 232 | 46 | 5.8 | 1,247 | 56 | 31.2 | 546 | 51 | 13.7 | 452 | 58 | 11.3 | 108 | 50 | 2.7 | 1,412 | 35.3 |
| lowa | 99 | 865 | 99 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 414 | 99 | 47.9 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 451 | 52.1 |
| Kansas | 105 | 13,487 | 105 | 3,768 | 105 | 27.9 | 6,057 | 105 | 44.9 | 302 | 105 | 2.2 | 525 | 105 | 3.9 | 205 | 105 | 1.5 | 2,630 | 19.5 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 237 | 120 | 80 | 120 | 33.8 | 143 | 120 | 60.3 | 5 | 120 | 2.1 | 3 | 120 | 1.3 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 6 | 2.5 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 4,253 | 64 | 1,912 | 64 | 45.0 | 560 | 64 | 13.2 | 41 | 64 | 1.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,740 | 40.9 |
| Maine | 500 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| Maryland | 24 | 11,129 | 24 | 9,277 | 24 | 83.4 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 517 | 24 | 4.6 | 88 | 24 | 0.8 | 1,247 | 11.2 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 9,621 | 351 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 48 | 351 | 0.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 9,573 | 99.5 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,485 | 83 | 90 | 83 | 6.1 | 339 | 83 | 22.8 | 183 | 83 | 12.3 | 709 | 83 | 47.7 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 164 | 11.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Mississippi | 82 | 5,722 | 39 | 2,136 | 22 | 37.3 | 512 | 17 | 8.9 | 928 | 25 | 16.2 | 0 | 8 | 0.0 | 51 | 10 | 0.9 | 2,095 | 36.6 |
| Missouri | 116 | 4,511 | 112 | 76 | 1 | 1.7 | 234 | 1 | 5.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 1 | 0.0 | 56 | 114 | 1.2 | 4,143 | 91.8 |
| Montana | 56 | 268 | 56 | 8 | 4 | 3.0 | 9 | 3 | 3.4 | 18 | 8 | 6.7 | 8 | 5 | 3.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.4 | 224 | 83.6 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,258 | 93 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 852 | 93 | 26.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 211 | 93 | 6.5 | 2,195 | 67.4 |
| Nevada | 17 | 4,861 | 17 | 4,176 | 17 | 85.9 | 13 | 17 | 0.3 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 13 | 16 | 0.3 | 7 | 17 | 0.1 | 652 | 13.4 |

TABLE 35A. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS SUBMITTED: DISPOSITION OF BALLOTS (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Submitted by Voters and Disposition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Voter not Registered in State |  |  | Voter Registered but in Wrong Juristiction |  |  | Voter Registered but in Wrong Precinct |  |  | Failure to Provide Sufficient Identification |  |  | Incomplete/IIlegible Envelope/Ballot |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 0 | 320 | 2 | 320 | .. | 0 | 320 |  | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | (2) | .. |
| New Jersey | 21 | 13,081 | 21 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 21 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 85 | 21 | 0.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 12,996 | 99.4 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 2,110 | 22 | 436 | 19 | 20.7 | 408 | 14 | 19.3 | 12 | 9 | 0.6 | 0 | 10 | 0.0 | 12 | 10 | 0.6 | 1,242 | 58.9 |
| New York | 62 | 129,227 | 61 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 94,240 | 57 | 72.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 34,987 | 27.1 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 27,830 | 100 | 20,056 | 100 | 72.1 | 69 | 100 | 0.2 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 691 | 100 | 2.5 | 260 | 100 | 0.9 | 6,754 | 24.3 |
| North Dakota | 53 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| Ohio | 88 | 34,322 | 88 | 20,119 | 88 | 58.6 | 9,482 | 88 | 27.6 | 37 | 88 | 0.1 | 363 | 88 | 1.1 | 947 | 88 | 2.8 | 3,374 | 9.8 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 3,589 | 77 | 1,888 | 77 | 52.6 | 13 | 77 | 0.4 | 1,523 | 77 | 42.4 | 164 | 77 | 4.6 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 75 | 36 | 16 | 36 | 21.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 59 | 78.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 20,258 | 67 | 15,045 | 67 | 74.3 | 3,681 | 67 | 18.2 | 789 | 67 | 3.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 642 | 67 | 3.2 | 101 | 0.5 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 1,275 | 39 | 1,189 | 39 | 93.3 | 67 | 39 | 5.3 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 12 | 39 | 0.9 | 1 | 39 | 0.1 | 6 | 0.5 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 2,108 | 23 | 38 | 3 | 1.8 | 59 | 5 | 2.8 | 1,299 | 10 | 61.6 | 27 | 6 | 1.3 | 259 | 3 | 12.3 | 426 | 20.2 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 343 | 66 | 100 | 66 | 29.2 | 32 | 66 | 9.3 | 15 | 66 | 4.4 | 2 | 65 | 0.6 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 194 | 56.6 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 5,466 | 95 | 3,439 | 95 | 62.9 | 215 | 95 | 3.9 | 286 | 95 | 5.2 | 416 | 95 | 7.6 | 384 | 95 | 7.0 | 726 | 13.3 |
| Texas | 254 | 41,752 | 254 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,823 | 218 | 6.8 | 3,645 | 215 | 8.7 | 71 | 215 | 0.2 | 579 | 216 | 1.4 | 34,634 | 83.0 |
| Utah | 29 | 10,198 | 29 | 6,494 | 29 | 63.7 |  | 0 |  | 2,018 | 29 | 19.8 | 1,195 | 29 | 11.7 | 156 | 29 | 1.5 | 335 | 3.3 |
| Vermont | 246 | 5 | 103 | 2 | 107 | 40.0 | 5 | 104 | 100.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | (2) | (40.0) |
| Virginia | 134 | 8,096 | 134 | 107 | 35 | 1.3 | 68 | 32 | 0.8 | 32 | 28 | 0.4 | 13 | 24 | 0.2 | 5 | 25 | 0.1 | 7,871 | 97.2 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,050 | 39 | 1,224 | 39 | 40.1 | 1,506 | 39 | 49.4 | 23 | 39 | 0.8 | 11 | 39 | 0.4 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 286 | 9.4 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 1,121 | 40 | 194 | 40 | 17.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 511 | 40 | 45.6 | 28 | 40 | 2.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 388 | 34.6 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 77 | 3,541 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 77 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 20 | 6 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 14 | 4 | 70.0 |  | 0 |  | 6 | 30.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | ... | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 104 | 1 | 71 | 1 | 68.3 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 24 | 1 | 23.1 | 9 | 1 | 8.7 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 3,068 | 1 | 216 | 1 | 7.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 135 | 1 | 4.4 | 2,716 | 88.5 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 651,372 | 7,012 | 248,529 | 2,073 | 38.2 | 128,923 | 2,155 | 19.8 | 34,703 | 2,185 | 5.3 | 13,333 | 2,401 | 2.0 | 9,233 | 2,073 | 1.4 | 216,651 | 33.3 |
| States Included |  | 47 |  | 37 |  |  | 31 |  |  | 29 |  |  | 35 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 44 |  |
| Question |  | E1d |  | E2a |  |  | E2b |  |  | E2c |  |  | E2d |  |  | E2e |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 35B. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Rejected and Resaon, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Gategorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | No Signature |  |  | No-matching Signature |  |  | Voter already Voted |  |  | Other <br> (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pot. |
| Alabama | 67 | 4,409 | 47 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . | 4,409 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 245 | 1 | 30 | 1 | 12.2 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 10 | 1 | 4.1 | 17 | 1 | 6.9 | 188 | 76.7 |
| Arizona | 15 | 33,022 | 15 | 72 | 9 | 0.2 | 150 | 11 | 0.5 | 42 | 9 | 0.1 | 1,117 | 14 | 3.4 | 4,196 | 8 | 12.7 | 27,445 | 83.1 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,697 | 73 | 4 | 71 | 0.2 | 1 | 71 | 0.1 | 0 | 71 | 0.0 | 20 | 71 | 1.2 | 213 | 18 | 12.6 | 1,459 | 86.0 |
| California | 58 | 177,753 | 55 | 3,020 | 31 | 1.7 | 3,444 | 47 | 1.9 | 4,770 | 45 | 2.7 | 2,793 | 45 | 1.6 | 25,866 | 25 | 14.6 | 137,860 | 77.6 |
| Colorado | 64 | 9,870 | 64 | 52 | 64 | 0.5 | 114 | 64 | 1.2 |  | 0 | ... | 704 | 64 | 7.1 | 1,157 | 64 | 11.7 | 7,843 | 79.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 843 | 169 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 843 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 418 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 |  | 0 |  | 418 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 3,245 | 1 | 23 | 1 | 0.7 | 80 | 1 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 58 | 1 | 1.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 3,084 | 95.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 18,106 | 67 | 21 | 36 | 0.1 | 225 | 42 | 1.2 | 182 | 47 | 1.0 | 390 | 52 | 2.2 | 3,388 | 36 | 18.7 | 13,900 | 76.8 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 0 | .. |
| Hawaii | 4 | 609 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 6 | 2 | 1.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 597 | 98.0 |
| Idaho | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 0 | .. |
| Illinois | 110 | 30,286 | 110 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 15 | 12 | 0.0 | 8 | 10 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 17,493 | 33 | 57.8 | 12,770 | 42.2 |
| Indiana | 92 | 3,997 | 76 | 0 | 41 | 0.0 | 7 | 43 | 0.2 | 10 | 41 | 0.3 | 6 | 42 | 0.2 | 933 | 53 | 23.3 | 3,041 | 76.1 |
| Iowa | 99 | 865 | 99 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 101 | 99 | 11.7 | 350 | 99 | 40.5 | 414 | 47.9 |
| Kansas | 105 | 13,487 | 105 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 860 | 105 | 6.4 | 406 | 105 | 3.0 | 225 | 105 | 1.7 | 360 | 105 | 2.7 | 11,636 | 86.3 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 237 | 120 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 1 | 120 | 0.4 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 5 | 5 | 2.1 | 231 | 97.5 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 4,253 | 64 | 40 | 64 | 0.9 | 28 | 64 | 0.7 | 9 | 64 | 0.2 | 12 | 64 | 0.3 | 1,651 | 64 | 38.8 | 2,513 | 59.1 |
| Maine | 500 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Maryland | 24 | 11,129 | 24 | 101 | 24 | 0.9 | 660 | 24 | 5.9 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 386 | 24 | 3.5 | 100 | 24 | 0.9 | 9,882 | 88.8 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 9,621 | 351 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  | 9,573 | 351 | 99.5 | 48 | 0.5 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,485 | 83 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 39 | 83 | 2.6 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . | 1,446 | 97.4 |
| Minnesota | 87 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Mississippi | 82 | 5,722 | 39 | 1 | 9 | 0.0 | 11 | 9 | 0.2 | 0 | 7 | 0.0 | 2 | 7 | 0.0 | 339 | 14 | 5.9 | 5,369 | 93.8 |
| Missouri | 116 | 4,511 | 112 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 167 | 109 | 3.7 | 3,962 | 78 | 87.8 | 382 | 8.5 |
| Montana | 56 | 268 | 56 | 4 | 3 | 1.5 | 120 | 10 | 44.8 | 47 | 5 | 17.5 | 27 | 6 | 10.1 | 26 | 6 | 9.7 | 44 | 16.4 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,258 | 93 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 32 | 93 | 1.0 | 2,139 | 93 | 65.7 | 1,087 | 33.4 |
| Nevada | 17 | 4,861 | 17 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 5 | 17 | 0.1 | 40 | 17 | 0.8 | 1 | 17 | 0.0 | 606 | 17 | 12.5 | 4,209 | 86.6 |

TABLE 35B. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | No Signature |  |  | Non-matching Signature |  |  | Voter Already Voted |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 0 | 320 | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | .. | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| New Jersey | 21 | 13,081 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 30 | 21 | 0.2 | 169 | 21 | 1.3 | 398 | 21 | 3.0 | 2,353 | 21 | 18.0 | 10,131 | 77.4 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 2,110 | 22 | 0 | 10 | 0.0 | 2 | 9 | 0.1 | 0 | 9 | 0.0 | 4 | 9 | 0.2 | 462 | 6 | 21.9 | 1,642 | 77.8 |
| New York | 62 | 129,227 | 61 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 13,859 | 61 | 10.7 | 115,368 | 89.3 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 27,830 | 100 | 64 | 100 | 0.2 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 4 | 100 | 0.0 | 161 | 100 | 0.6 | 6,525 | 100 | 23.4 | 21,076 | 75.7 |
| North Dakota | 53 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | .. |
| Ohio | 88 | 34,322 | 88 | 197 | 88 | 0.6 | 2,026 | 88 | 5.9 | 242 | 88 | 0.7 | 793 | 88 | 2.3 | 116 | 88 | 0.3 | 30,948 | 90.2 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 3,589 | 77 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 1 | 77 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,588 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 75 | 36 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 75 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 20,258 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 22 | 67 | 0.1 | 441 | 67 | 2.2 | 3 | 67 | 0.0 | 19,792 | 97.7 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 1,275 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 6 | 39 | 0.5 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 1,269 | 99.5 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 2,108 | 23 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 55 | 5 | 2.6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 6 | 2 | 0.3 | 365 | 10 | 17.3 | 1,682 | 79.8 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 343 | 66 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 3 | 66 | 0.9 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 1 | 66 | 0.3 | 339 | 98.8 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 5,466 | 95 | 98 | 95 | 1.8 | 197 | 95 | 3.6 | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 369 | 95 | 6.8 | 60 | 9 | 1.1 | 4,742 | 86.8 |
| Texas | 254 | 41,752 | 254 | 37 | 215 | 0.1 | 79 | 216 | 0.2 | 20 | 214 | 0.0 | 222 | 214 | 0.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 41,394 | 99.1 |
| Utah | 29 | 10,198 | 29 |  | 0 | . |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 264 | 29 | 2.6 |  | 0 |  | 9,934 | 97.4 |
| Vermont | 246 | 5 | 103 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 19 | 0.0 | 5 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 8,096 | 134 | 0 | 24 | 0.0 | 12 | 24 | 0.1 | 1 | 24 | 0.0 | 15 | 29 | 0.2 | 7,843 | 122 | 96.9 | 225 | 2.8 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,050 | 39 | 2 | 39 | 0.1 | 15 | 39 | 0.5 | 34 | 39 | 1.1 | 75 | 39 | 2.5 | 160 | 4 | 5.2 | 2,764 | 90.6 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 1,121 | 40 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  | 1 | 40 | 0.1 | 5 | 40 | 0.4 | 298 | 40 | 26.6 | 817 | 72.9 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 77 | 3,541 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 3,541 | 0.0 | 77 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 20 | 6 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 5 | 3 | 25.0 | 14 | 70.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 1 | ... | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 104 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 104 | 100.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 3,068 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 222 | 1 | 7.2 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 47 | 1 | 1.5 | 2,447 | 1 | 79.8 | 352 | 11.5 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 651,372 | 7,012 | 3,770 | 1,771 | 0.6 | 8,402 | 2,030 | 1.3 | 6,007 | 1,849 | 0.9 | 8,865 | 2,279 | 1.4 | 106,872 | 5,614 | 16.4 | 517,456 | 79.4 |
| States Included |  | 47 |  | 17 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 47 |  |
| Question |  | E1d |  | E2f |  |  | E2g |  |  | E2h |  |  | E2i |  |  | E2j:p |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 35B. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | No Signature |  |  | Non-matching Signature |  |  | Voter Already Voted |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 | 4,409 | 47 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 4,409 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 245 | 1 | 30 | 1 | 12.2 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 10 | 1 | 4.1 | 17 | 1 | 6.9 | 188 | 76.7 |
| Arizona | 15 | 33,022 | 15 | 72 | 9 | 0.2 | 150 | 11 | 0.5 | 42 | 9 | 0.1 | 1,117 | 14 | 3.4 | 4,196 | 8 | 12.7 | 27,445 | 83.1 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,697 | 73 | 4 | 71 | 0.2 | 1 | 71 | 0.1 | 0 | 71 | 0.0 | 20 | 71 | 1.2 | 213 | 18 | 12.6 | 1,459 | 86.0 |
| California | 58 | 177,753 | 55 | 3,020 | 31 | 1.7 | 3,444 | 47 | 1.9 | 4,770 | 45 | 2.7 | 2,793 | 45 | 1.6 | 25,866 | 25 | 14.6 | 137,860 | 77.6 |
| Colorado | 64 | 9,870 | 64 | 52 | 64 | 0.5 | 114 | 64 | 1.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 704 | 64 | 7.1 | 1,157 | 64 | 11.7 | 7,843 | 79.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 843 | 169 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 843 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 418 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 | 0 | 3 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 418 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 3,245 | 1 | 23 | 1 | 0.7 | 80 | 1 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 58 | 1 | 1.8 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 3,084 | 95.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 18,106 | 67 | 21 | 36 | 0.1 | 225 | 42 | 1.2 | 182 | 47 | 1.0 | 390 | 52 | 2.2 | 3,388 | 36 | 18.7 | 13,900 | 76.8 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Hawaii | 4 | 609 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0.7 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 |  | 0 |  | 6 | 2 | 1.0 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 597 | 98.0 |
| Idaho | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | . |
| Illinois | 110 | 30,286 | 110 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 15 | 12 | 0.0 | 8 | 10 | 0.0 |  | 0 | ... | 17,493 | 33 | 57.8 | 12,770 | 42.2 |
| Indiana | 92 | 3,997 | 76 | 0 | 41 | 0.0 | 7 | 43 | 0.2 | 10 | 41 | 0.3 | 6 | 42 | 0.2 | 933 | 53 | 23.3 | 3,041 | 76.1 |
| Iowa | 99 | 865 | 99 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 | 0 | 99 | 0.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 101 | 99 | 11.7 | 350 | 99 | 40.5 | 414 | 47.9 |
| Kansas | 105 | 13,487 | 105 |  | 0 | ... | 860 | 105 | 6.4 | 406 | 105 | 3.0 | 225 | 105 | 1.7 | 360 | 105 | 2.7 | 11,636 | 86.3 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 237 | 120 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 1 | 120 | 0.4 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 0 | 120 | 0.0 | 5 | 5 | 2.1 | 231 | 97.5 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 4,253 | 64 | 40 | 64 | 0.9 | 28 | 64 | 0.7 | 9 | 64 | 0.2 | 12 | 64 | 0.3 | 1,651 | 64 | 38.8 | 2,513 | 59.1 |
| Maine | 500 |  | 0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | . |
| Maryland | 24 | 11,129 | 24 | 101 | 24 | 0.9 | 660 | 24 | 5.9 |  | 0 | ... | 386 | 24 | 3.5 | 100 | 24 | 0.9 | 9,882 | 88.8 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 9,621 | 351 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 9,573 | 351 | 99.5 | 48 | 0.5 |
| Michigan | 83 | 1,485 | 83 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 39 | 83 | 2.6 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 1,446 | 97.4 |
| Minnesota | 87 |  | 0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Mississippi | 82 | 5,722 | 39 | 1 | 9 | 0.0 | 11 | 9 | 0.2 | 0 | 7 | 0.0 | 2 | 7 | 0.0 | 339 | 14 | 5.9 | 5,369 | 93.8 |
| Missouri | 116 | 4,511 | 112 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 167 | 109 | 3.7 | 3,962 | 78 | 87.8 | 382 | 8.5 |
| Montana | 56 | 268 | 56 | 4 | 3 | 1.5 | 120 | 10 | 44.8 | 47 | 5 | 17.5 | 27 | 6 | 10.1 | 26 | 6 | 9.7 | 44 | 16.4 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 3,258 | 93 |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 32 | 93 | 1.0 | 2,139 | 93 | 65.7 | 1,087 | 33.4 |
| Nevada | 17 | 4,861 | 17 | 0 | 17 | 0.0 | 5 | 17 | 0.1 | 40 | 17 | 0.8 | 1 | 17 | 0.0 | 606 | 17 | 12.5 | 4,209 | 86.6 |

TABLE 35B. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PART B (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Ballots Rejected |  | Provisional Ballots Rejected and Reason, Part B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ballot Missing from Envelope |  |  | No Signature |  |  | Non-matching Signature |  |  | Voter Already Voted |  |  | Other (See Comments) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 0 | 320 | 0 | 320 | ... | 0 | 320 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 320 | ... | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 320 | $\ldots$ | 0 | .. |
| New Jersey | 21 | 13,081 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 30 | 21 | 0.2 | 169 | 21 | 1.3 | 398 | 21 | 3.0 | 2,353 | 21 | 18.0 | 10,131 | 77.4 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 2,110 | 22 | 0 | 10 | 0.0 | 2 | 9 | 0.1 | 0 | 9 | 0.0 | 4 | 9 | 0.2 | 462 | 6 | 21.9 | 1,642 | 77.8 |
| New York | 62 | 129,227 | 61 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | .. | 13,859 | 61 | 10.7 | 115,368 | 89.3 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 27,830 | 100 | 64 | 100 | 0.2 | 0 | 100 | 0.0 | 4 | 100 | 0.0 | 161 | 100 | 0.6 | 6,525 | 100 | 23.4 | 21,076 | 75.7 |
| North Dakota | 53 |  | 0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Ohio | 88 | 34,322 | 88 | 197 | 88 | 0.6 | 2,026 | 88 | 5.9 | 242 | 88 | 0.7 | 793 | 88 | 2.3 | 116 | 88 | 0.3 | 30,948 | 90.2 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 3,589 | 77 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 0 | 77 | 0.0 | 1 | 77 | 0.0 |  | 0 |  | 3,588 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 75 | 36 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 75 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 20,258 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 22 | 67 | 0.1 | 441 | 67 | 2.2 | 3 | 67 | 0.0 | 19,792 | 97.7 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 1,275 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 6 | 39 | 0.5 | 0 | 39 | 0.0 | 1,269 | 99.5 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 2,108 | 23 |  | 0 |  | 55 | 5 | 2.6 |  | 0 |  | 6 | 2 | 0.3 | 365 | 10 | 17.3 | 1,682 | 79.8 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 343 | 66 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 3 | 66 | 0.9 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 0 | 66 | 0.0 | 1 | 66 | 0.3 | 339 | 98.8 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 5,466 | 95 | 98 | 95 | 1.8 | 197 | 95 | 3.6 | 0 | 95 | 0.0 | 369 | 95 | 6.8 | 60 | 9 | 1.1 | 4,742 | 86.8 |
| Texas | 254 | 41,752 | 254 | 37 | 215 | 0.1 | 79 | 216 | 0.2 | 20 | 214 | 0.0 | 222 | 214 | 0.5 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 41,394 | 99.1 |
| Utah | 29 | 10,198 | 29 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 264 | 29 | 2.6 |  | 0 |  | 9,934 | 97.4 |
| Vermont | 246 | 5 | 103 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 101 | 0.0 | 0 | 19 | 0.0 | 5 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 8,096 | 134 | 0 | 24 | 0.0 | 12 | 24 | 0.1 | 1 | 24 | 0.0 | 15 | 29 | 0.2 | 7,843 | 122 | 96.9 | 225 | 2.8 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,050 | 39 | 2 | 39 | 0.1 | 15 | 39 | 0.5 | 34 | 39 | 1.1 | 75 | 39 | 2.5 | 160 | 4 | 5.2 | 2,764 | 90.6 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 1,121 | 40 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | .. | 1 | 40 | 0.1 | 5 | 40 | 0.4 | 298 | 40 | 26.6 | 817 | 72.9 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 77 | 3,541 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 3,541 | 0.0 | 77 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 20 | 6 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 5 | 3 | 25.0 | 14 | 70.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 1 | $\cdot$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 104 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 |  | 0 |  | 104 | 100.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 3,068 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 222 | 1 | 7.2 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 47 | 1 | 1.5 | 2,447 | 1 | 79.8 | 352 | 11.5 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 651,372 | 7,012 | 3,770 | 1,771 | 0.6 | 8,402 | 2,030 | 1.3 | 6,007 | 1,849 | 0.9 | 8,865 | 2,279 | 1.4 | 106,872 | 5,614 | 16.4 | 517,456 | 79.4 |
| States Included |  | 47 |  | 17 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 17 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 34 |  |  | 47 |  |
| Question |  | E1d |  | E2f |  |  | E2g |  |  | E2h |  |  | E2i |  |  | E2j:p |  |  | calc |  |

TABLE 35. PROVISIONAL BALLOTS: REASONS FOR REJECTION, PARTS A AND B

Question E2, Number of provisional ballots rejected and the reason for rejection. [This table is broken into parts due to the large number of reasons tabulated.]

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

TABLE 36. USE OF ELECTRONIC POLL BOOKS/LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of <br> Voters Participating | Cases | Sign Voters In |  |  |  | Update Vote History |  |  |  | Lookup Polling Places |  |  |  | Other Use (See Comments) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 | 143,789 | 2 | 2,179,790 | 13 | 143,789 | 2 | 2,179,790 | 13 | 21,823 | 1 | 2,301,756 | 14 |  | 0 | 932,743 | 14 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 | 115,236 | 8 | 965,573 | 67 | 73,661 | 3 | 1,007,148 | 72 | 120,432 | 6 | 960,377 | 69 |  | 0 | 1,080,809 | 75 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 | 142,493 | 2 | 12,828,688 | 51 | 296,416 | 3 | 12,617,093 | 49 | 718,743 | 6 | 12,315,020 | 48 |  | 0 | 8,605,732 | 35 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 | 1,150,149 | 17 | 1,444,479 | 47 | 1,194,353 | 20 | 1,398,822 | 42 | 154,808 | 8 | 2,439,820 | 56 | 961,997 | 10 | 1,632,631 | 54 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 1,560,640 | 169 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | 417,631 | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 | 294,254 | 1 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 | 4,714,439 | 40 | 3,843,253 | 27 | 4,574,929 | 40 | 3,982,763 | 27 | 5,972,288 | 39 | 2,585,404 | 28 | 1,222,293 | 6 | 6,833,922 | 59 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 | 372,871 | 3 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 5,339,488 | 110 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 239,375 | 7 | 2,423,998 | 85 | 239,375 | 7 | 2,423,998 | 85 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 | 957,491 | 53 | 632,460 | 46 | 957,491 | 53 | 632,460 | 46 | 957,491 | 53 | 632,460 | 46 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 | 534,987 | 44 | 63,892 | 10 | 464,048 | 32 | 129,224 | 22 | 487,321 | 30 | 107,805 | 23 | 20,173 | 5 | 520,335 | 39 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | 1,815,896 | 120 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 | 2,014,511 | 64 |
| Maine | 500 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 | 724,759 | 500 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 | 4,744,484 | 78 | 36,217 | 5 | 4,744,484 | 78 | 36,217 | 5 | 4,744,484 | 78 | 36,217 | 5 |  | 0 | 4,780,701 | 83 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 |  | 0 | 2,950,780 | 87 |  | 0 | 2,950,780 | 87 |  | 0 | 2,950,780 | 87 |  | 0 | 2,950,780 | 87 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 | 24,364 | 4 | 809,875 | 53 | 793 | 1 | 826,546 | 55 | 66,835 | 2 | 754,209 | 53 | 17,727 | 2 | 237,226 | 16 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 878,518 | 28 | 1,923,020 | 84 | 682,992 | 17 | 2,135,897 | 96 | 1,771,587 | 30 | 1,033,365 | 82 | 510,357 | 5 | 1,159,740 | 42 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | 815,568 | 93 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 | 1,017,772 | 17 |

TABLE 36. USE OF ELECTRONIC POLL BOOKS/LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Sign Voters In |  |  |  | Update Vote History |  |  |  | Lookup Polling Places |  |  |  | Other Use (See Comments) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |  | No |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 | 718,700 | 320 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 718,700 | 320 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | 3,677,463 | 21 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 376,874 | 9 | 163,093 | 11 | 98,923 | 6 | 441,044 | 13 | 89,582 | 5 | 450,385 | 14 | 271,927 | 1 | 40,964 | 6 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 | 210,254 | 8 | 115,985 | 45 |  | 0 | 326,239 | 53 | 198,489 | 7 | 127,750 | 46 |  | 0 | 326,239 | 53 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 | 1,140,143 | 7 | 4,492,280 | 81 | 1,375,608 | 10 | 4,256,815 | 78 | 1,444,388 | 10 | 4,188,035 | 78 |  | 0 | 5,632,423 | 88 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | 1,343,380 | 77 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 | 1,820,507 | 36 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | 451,593 | 39 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 | 1,742,248 | 29 | 239,268 | 17 | 1,742,248 | 29 | 239,268 | 17 | 1,742,248 | 29 | 239,268 | 17 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 | 24,513 | 5 | 344,303 | 61 | 23,535 | 4 | 345,281 | 62 | 14,546 | 4 | 354,270 | 62 | 21,542 | 2 | 347,274 | 64 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 | 451,468 | 3 | 2,028,714 | 92 | 438,634 | 2 | 2,041,548 | 93 | 894,254 | 6 | 1,585,928 | 89 | 256,796 | 2 | 2,223,386 | 93 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 | 4,252,658 | 156 | 2,664,599 | 79 | 4,252,658 | 156 | 2,664,599 | 79 | 4,252,658 | 156 | 2,664,599 | 79 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 17,892 | 19 | 277,873 | 215 | 36,989 | 22 | 255,720 | 208 | 91,626 | 30 | 199,605 | 198 | 31,551 | 12 | 158,821 | 144 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | 3,206,490 | 39 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 | 7,161 | 1 | 677,938 | 54 |  | 0 | 685,099 | 55 | 7,161 | 1 | 677,938 | 54 |  | 0 | 685,099 | 55 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | 250,701 | 23 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | 34,075 | 1 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | 1,878,969 | 1 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 29,155,621 | 645 | 83,120,399 | 6,596 | 28,628,011 | 610 | 83,590,672 | 6,623 | 32,050,803 | 947 | 77,606,358 | 6,193 | 10,601,448 | 170 | 63,348,486 | 6,074 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 23 |  | 46 |  | 21 |  | 46 |  | 24 |  | 43 |  | 12 |  | 35 |  |
| Question |  | F1a |  | f4a_y |  | f4a_n |  | f4b_y |  | f4b_n |  | f4c_y |  | f4c_n |  | f4d_y |  | f4d_n |  |

## TABLE 36. USE OF ELECTRONIC POLL BOOKS/LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE

Questions F1, F4. Use of electronic poll books at the polling place and the number of voters participating in these polling places.

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question F4:

Arkansas: sing electronic poll book was new for Perry County; two polling places in this jurisdiction used electronic poll books to sign voters in.

Arizona: One jurisdiction commented in reference to F4c that laptops were used with voter registration to look up voters. Pinal County did not use electronic poll books in the 2012 general election cycle.
California: One jurisdiction commented that only three of its polling places used electronic poll books; the remaining 95 polling places used paper rosters. Another jurisdiction reported that an electronic list was used for early voting only. A third jurisdiction indicated, "All mail ballot election." A fourth jurisdiction reported using electronic poll books in 60 of 144 precincts; in each case, a signature was captured on a paper poll book. Sonoma County provided precinct officers a Palm Pilot (Election Assistant) to help voters locate their correct polling location for voters; there is no data collected on these devices.

Colorado: One county stated, "Principal use of electronic poll books is to print signature card labels, which in turn gives voter credit for voting at polling place. The voting credit data was then exported from electronic poll books and uploaded into the statewide voter registration system, effectively updating voter history. Electronic poll books were programmed for the entire county, so they could also be used to direct voters to correct precinct or clerk's office, if appropriate (e.g., poll book reflected mail-in ballot was sent to voter, etc.)."
Illinois: Two jurisdictions commented that electronic poll lists are used in "some" or "a few" polling places.
Florida: Three jurisdictions stated they used electronic lists or poll books during early voting to sign in voters and update voter history but not on election day. One of these jurisdictions also stated that Palm Pilots are used on election day. A different jurisdiction stated that it used a voter focus counter program for Early Voting only. One jurisdiction stated that it used EVIDs at five precincts; for the three remaining counties it used a paper precinct register, but used an EVID during early voting. Another jurisdiction specified that EVID machines were used for voter look up, check-in, voter signature and to tabulate history. One jurisdiction simply indicated, "VR - EviDs." Another jurisdiction stated that laptops with complete county rolls are provided to each polling place to expedite voter lookup on election day and reduce the necessity for calls to the office. One jurisdiction stated that electronic poll books were only used in four out of 16 precincts. Another jurisdiction simply indicated, "Look up voter's eligibility."

Indiana: The State is aware that some counties set up PCs at polling locations to allow staff or voters to look up polling locations on the SVRS Public Portal (www.indianavoters.com). They used the public portal to reduce security concerns, rather than setting up a PC linked to SVRS. However, the State did not collect this information as part of the 2012 General Election survey. Additionally, in the State of Indiana, Electronic Poll Books refer to a jurisdiction utilizing Vote Centers. In these counties, "at the polling place" refers to "at the Vote Center locations."

Michigan: Electronic Poll books and lists of voters are utilized in $80 \%$ of precincts.
Missouri: One jurisdiction indicated that electronic poll books are used at two polling locations, and another jurisdiction reported using electronic poll books at eight out of 15 polling locations. Two jurisdictions reported using Palm Pilots to verify voter status.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction commented that the poll books and sign-in sheets are not electronic. Another jurisdiction stated, "Call Circuit Clerk office and they were told where to go."

New Mexico: One jurisdiction stated that it only uses a ballot on demand and the IPower for early voting and absentee, not for election day polling places.

New York: Not yet accommodated in current statutes.
Ohio: One jurisdiction reported using an electronic poll book in one of its 474 polling places. A second jurisdiction indicated, "Not in every precinct."

Puerto Rico: Puerto Rico used paper voter rolls that voters sign in at the polling station after showing their Voter Identification card, and then they are provided with their paper ballots. According to Joint Resolution No. 44 of June 3, 2011, the State Election Commission has a mandate to adopt and implement a statewide optical scanning vote counting system complemented with an electronic poll book system.

Vermont: One jurisdiction commented that voter history was updated electronically but not at the polling places and not on the day of the election. Another jurisdiction stated that all voters are checked in manually from its checklist. A third jurisdiction reported that the internet was not available at the polling location, while another jurisdiction stated, "Nothing electronic at the polling place." One jurisdiction stated that an electronic list was used to research and evaluate if a voter had been removed from the checklist. Another jurisdiction simply commented, "We use an entrance and exit checklist."

Washington: We do not have poll sites. Our voting centers are countywide. Any voters on the accessible voting units would be looked up in the voter registration system to see if they have already returned a ballot before voting.

TABLE 37. SOURCE OF POLL BOOKS USED AT THE POLLING PLACE

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of <br> Voters Participating | Cases | State Printed Poll Books and Shipped to Jurisdiction |  |  | Jurisdiction Arranged for Printing of Poll Books |  |  | Combination of State and Local Jurisdiction |  |  | Information Unavailable |  |  | Other or None Indicated (See Comments) |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases |  | Total | Cases | Pot. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,083,309 | 67 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 | 302,465 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,179,790 | 13 | 93.8 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 143,789 | 2 | 6.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,040,656 | 73 | 96.3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 24,522 | 1 | 2.3 | 15,631 | 1 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 12,879,672 | 51 | 98.3 |  | 0 | .. | 12,624 | 3 | 0.1 | 203,801 | 3 | 1.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,594,628 | 64 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,560,640 | 169 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 417,631 | 3 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 294,254 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 7,038,699 | 54 | 82.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,058,750 | 3 | 12.4 | 460,243 | 10 | 5.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 3,910,557 | 159 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 | 436,774 | 4 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | ... | 666,290 | 44 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 5,339,488 | 110 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 5,339,488 | 110 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 2,663,373 | 92 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,589,951 | 99 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,115,281 | 105 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | . |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 724,759 | 500 | 1,430 | 17 | 0.2 | 723,329 | 483 | 99.8 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | . |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | ... | 2,734,189 | 24 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,184,196 | 351 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 4,780,701 | 83 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 1,293,451 | 13 | 43.8 | 1,657,329 | 74 | 56.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 878,172 | 56 | 98.7 | 6,900 | 1 | 0.8 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 4,842 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 18,541 | 1 | 0.7 | 2,322,009 | 105 | 81.7 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 66,843 | 3 | 2.4 | 433,383 | 7 | 15.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 491,966 | 56 | 100.0 |  | 0 | .. |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 815,568 | 93 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,017,772 | 17 | 100.0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 37. SOURCE OF POLL BOOKS USED AT THE POLLING PLACE (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | State Printed Poll Books and Shipped to Jurisdiction |  |  | Jurisdiction Arranged for Printing of Poll Books |  |  | Combination of State and Local Jurisdiction |  |  | Information Unavailable |  |  | Other or None Indicated (See Comments) |  |  | Not Categorized Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pet. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Cases | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 718,700 | 320 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,677,463 | 21 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\cdots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 607 | 1 | 0.1 | 205,287 | 14 | 30.2 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 10,685 | 1 | 1.6 | 462,501 | 10 | 68.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 7,128,852 | 62 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 |  | 0 |  | 4,204,769 | 92 | 92.6 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 334,960 | 8 | 7.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 235,170 | 50 | 72.1 |  | 0 | $\cdots$ | 11,765 | 1 | 3.6 | 79,304 | 2 | 24.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 |  | 0 |  | 5,632,423 | 88 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | ... | 1,343,380 | 77 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | . | 1,820,507 | 36 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | ... | 5,783,621 | 67 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 |  | 451,593 | 39 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 368,816 | 66 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 |  | 0 | ... | 2,480,182 | 95 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 |  | 0 | ... | 7,993,851 | 254 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1,023,036 | 29 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 5,295 | 6 | 1.7 | 250,473 | 187 | 82.3 | 10,678 | 12 | 3.5 | 33,496 | 33 | 11.0 | 4,567 | 7 | 1.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 |  | 0 |  | 3,896,846 | 134 | 100.0 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,206,490 | 39 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 |  | 0 |  | 655,816 | 53 | 95.7 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 |  | 29,283 | 2 | 4.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 250,701 | 23 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 13,167 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 34,075 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 | 100.0 |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ |  | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 9,749,455 | 274 | 7.4 | 90,556,781 | 3,279 | 68.8 | 5,215,910 | 99 | 4.0 | 4,425,175 | 84 | 3.4 | 21,643,504 | 4,384 | 16.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 11 |  |  | 38 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 18 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Question |  | F1a |  | F6.1 |  |  | F6. 2 |  |  | F6.3 |  |  | F6. 4 |  |  | F6.rem |  |  | calc |  |

Questions F1, F6. Source of poll books used at the polling place and the number of voters participating in these polling places

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

## Question F6:

Alaska: The State of Alaska conducts federal and state elections and the poll books were provided directly to the poll workers by the state.

Arkansas: One jurisdiction indicated it does not use printed books. Two jurisdictions reported that the County Clerk's Office prints poll books.

California: One jurisdiction commented, "No polls." Another jurisdiction stated that poll books are printed by a local vendor. A third jurisdiction stated that poll books are printed in-house. One jurisdiction indicated, "All mail ballot election."
District of Columbia: District prints poll books and operates the polling places.
Florida: One jurisdiction reported that it printed its poll registers in-house. A second jurisdiction reported that its three largest precincts used EViDs (electronic poll books) while the remaining precincts used printed poll books on election day; early voting used EViDs. Another jurisdiction indicated that printed poll books were not used at the polls.

Maryland: Printed poll books were used as a backup to electronic poll books.
Maine: Seventeen jurisdictions commented, "Municipality lacks internet connection."
Michigan: Counties purchase poll books designed by State from commercial vendors and supply to local jurisdictions.
Missouri: One jurisdiction indicated, "Backup for epollbook only." Another jurisdiction stated that poll books were printed from MCVR in County Clerk's Office. One jurisdiction also stated that these are printed by the County Clerk's office, while a different jurisdiction stated that it prints out of MCVER. Five jurisdictions stated that they print their poll books in-house.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction reported that poll books were printed for all precincts in the Circuit Clerk's office.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented that signature rosters are printed at the county level.
Virginia: State provided ready PDF files to jurisdictions.
Vermont: One jurisdiction stated that printed lists of registered voters are used. A second jurisdiction noted that the checklist prints directly from the voter registration database. A third jurisdiction reported using paper ballots that go through its Accuvote system (machine), which prints the totals at the close of the voting day; they are supposed to correspond to the number of voters checked off the voter checklist. One jurisdiction commented, "Checklist," and another reported no poll books. Another jurisdiction reported that a list is run from State website and printed in local office. Six jurisdictions stated that town checklists are printed from Statewide HAVA checklist. Two jurisdictions reported not using poll books, though one stated this is only true if these do not refer to voter checklists. Similarly, one jurisdiction commented, "Not a 'poll book.' It was a checklist." One jurisdiction stated that the town printed poll books. Another jurisdiction reported that the only printing the State provides is the ballots. Election officials reported printing and distributing checklists themselves.

Washington: Printed poll books not used.

TABLE 38. FIRST-TIME MAIL REGISTRANTS; USE OF PRINTED REGISTRATION LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE

| State | Election Jurisdiction in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Number of First-time Mail Registrants (Voted or Not) |  | Use of Printed Lists at the Polls |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Yes |  | No |  | Info. Unavailable |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 | 2,083,309 | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 | 302,465 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 |  | 0 | 2,179,790 | 13 | 143,789 | 2 |  | 0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 | 1,660 | 14 | 1,040,656 | 73 | 40,153 | 2 |  | 0 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 | 13,737 | 36 | 12,889,818 | 52 | 656 | 1 | 1,822 | 1 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 |  | 0 | 1,551,434 | 47 | 1,043,194 | 17 |  | 0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 | 1,560,640 | 169 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 | 417,631 | 3 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 | 756 | 1 | 294,254 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 | 3,857 | 54 | 6,573,560 | 50 | 1,984,132 | 17 |  | 0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 | 24 | 1 | 436,774 | 4 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 | 666,290 | 44 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 5,339,488 | 110 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 11,754 | 92 | 2,423,998 | 85 | 239,375 | 7 |  | 0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 |  | 0 | 1,589,951 | 99 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 |  | 0 | 484,618 | 35 | 108,295 | 19 | 519,520 | 50 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 | 1,815,896 | 120 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 | 70,106 | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Maine | 500 | 724,759 | 500 | 4,101 | 500 | 724,759 | 500 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 | 2,734,189 | 24 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 |  | 0 | 3,911,667 | 64 | 869,034 | 19 |  | 0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 991 | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 | 77 | 5 | 880,956 | 56 | 8,958 | 2 |  | 0 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 2,678 | 1 | 2,362,174 | 108 | 478,602 | 8 |  | 0 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 | 491,966 | 56 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 | 815,568 | 93 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 | 252 | 9 | 1,017,772 | 17 |  | 0 |  | 0 |

TABLE 38. FIRST-TIME MAIL REGISTRANTS; USE OF PRINTED REGISTRATION LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Jurisdiction in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Number of First-time Mail Registrants (Voted or Not) |  | Use of Printed Lists at the Polls |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Yes |  | No |  | Info. Unavailable |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases | Total | Cases |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 | 384 | 320 | 718,700 | 320 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 | 3,677,463 | 21 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 341 | 6 | 225,986 | 16 | 334,108 | 4 |  | 0 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 | 7,128,852 | 62 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 | 12,490 | 100 | 4,204,769 | 92 | 334,960 | 8 |  | 0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 |  | 0 | 235,170 | 50 | 91,069 | 3 |  | 0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 | 2,168 | 11 | 5,614,754 | 86 | 6,967 | 1 |  | 0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 | 1,343,380 | 77 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 1,820,507 | 36 |  | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 | 5,783,621 | 67 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 | 451,593 | 39 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 |  | 0 | 1,981,516 | 46 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 | 3 | 1 | 368,816 | 66 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 |  | 0 | 2,480,182 | 95 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 | 84,707 | 253 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 7,993,851 | 254 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 442 | 88 | 298,808 | 239 | 5,178 | 5 |  | 0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 | 1,780 | 115 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 | 379 | 39 |  | 0 | 3,206,490 | 39 |  | 0 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 |  | 0 | 655,816 | 53 | 29,283 | 2 |  | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 11,902 | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 | 250,701 | 23 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 | 13,167 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 | 34,075 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 | 1,878,969 | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 224,589 | 5,338 | 94,639,899 | 6,828 | 10,744,750 | 192 | 8,515,193 | 305 |
| States Included |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |  | 18 |  | 3 |  |
| Question |  | F1a |  | F3 |  | F5. 1 |  | F5. 2 |  | F5. 3 |  |

## TABLE 38. FIRST-TIME MAIL REGISTRANTS; USE OF PRINTED REGISTRATION LISTS AT THE POLLING PLACE

Questions F1, F3, F5. First-time mail registrants. Uses of printed registration lists at the polling place with the number of voters participating in these polling places.

## Question F3:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction reported, "Must show ID is in each poll book, then have to check each voter history to see if they were a first time voter."

Arizona: Proof of Identity (ID verification) is required at the polls for ALL Arizona voters and not just first time voters. As such, this "first-time" voter identification requirement is not applicable to State of Arizona.

California: One jurisdiction commented, "Total Qty was: 284 Not broken out between VBM and Polls."
Idaho: Idaho Code requires all voters to show ID or sign a Personal Identification Affidavit prior to voting. If a voter registered on Election Day, they were required to show a photo ID and proof of residence prior to registering and voting.
Delaware: Do not collect this data.
Florida: One jurisdiction indicated, "VR-reports." Another jurisdiction indicated none that it was aware of. A third jurisdiction reported that all voters' IDs are checked, and a fourth jurisdiction stated, "ID provided by voter."

Louisiana: Total includes all first-time voter mail registrants regardless of voter registration date.
Maryland: Not applicable.
Mississippi: One jurisdiction commented, "Courthouse burned 1/17/2013."
Montana: Montana requires all voters to provide ID.
North Dakota: North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction stated that the above includes people who came into the office in person; in-person voters (registrants) do not require ID." Another jurisdiction commented, "ID required Statistics Report."

Nevada: Five jurisdictions indicated that they do not track this information.
Oklahoma: Effective 7-1-2011, Oklahoma requires "proof of identity" from all in-person voters (early voting or at polling place on election day).

Oregon: Did not track origin.
Puerto Rico: Puerto Rico is exempt from the NVRA, as the rest of the territories, and the HAVA 303(b) mail in registration applies to NVRA jurisdictions.

Vermont: One jurisdiction indicated that this number is the people who were able to vote; it does not keep track of who and if they actually cast a ballot. A second jurisdiction reported that no first time voters submitted their registration by mail. Another jurisdiction noted that verifiable numbers are uncertain due to clerk turnover. One jurisdiction commented that the Town Clerk registers and knows everyone. One election official stated, "I send letters out to the first time voters telling them I need identification and they either come in or mail me a copy of their ID before the election."

## Question F5:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction commented, "No - Electronic Pollbooks."
California: One jurisdiction reported no polls. Another jurisdiction indicated, "Alpha Roster/Street Index." A third jurisdiction noted that it ran an all-mail ballot election.

Colorado: Nine jurisdictions reported using signature cards; one of these jurisdictions reported that poll books were also available, and another indicated that it also used a poll book exported into a "Master Voter List." Four jurisdictions reported using poll books as a backup, and one jurisdiction commented, "Printed poll books were deployed as back-ups to electronic poll books. Some polling places used the paper poll books to make initial determination of whether voter was in correct precinct and entitled to vote an official rather than provisional ballot. Problematic voters could be directed quickly to the provisional ballot judges without waiting in line, if appropriate." One jurisdiction indicated it had a third backup, a PDF file.

Florida: One jurisdiction reported that printed lists were used at the polls on election day, and two jurisdictions reported using printed lists in some of their precincts. Eight jurisdictions reported using printed lists as a backup in their polling places (e.g., in the event of a power outage). One jurisdiction reported only using EViDs, and another jurisdiction reported that it used EViDs (electronic poll books) for voter check-in during early voting.

Maryland: Used as a backup to electronic poll books.
Michigan: Paper poll books and printed lists of voters are utilized in $20 \%$ of precincts.
Missouri: Two jurisdictions reported using printed lists as a backup in case electronic poll books did not work. Another jurisdiction stated that it used printed lists at six polling locations.

New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "Absentee only," and another jurisdiction reported a mixed use of list/computer.
Nevada: Nine jurisdictions reported using both labels for early voting and a pre-printed roster on election day. Eight jurisdictions reported using only pre-printed rosters.

South Carolina: One jurisdiction commented, "Used as a backup if electronic list was used."
Tennessee: One jurisdiction indicated that paper poll books were used for election day, while early voting is PC direct connect to database. Another jurisdiction stated that it used electronic poll books on election day, but paper signature lists were prepared as a backup in case of an emergency.

Vermont: Two jurisdictions commented that their checklists were printed from HAVA. One jurisdiction indicated, "Voter checklist."
West Virginia: One jurisdiction reported that it uses poll books with registration cards.

TABLE 39. NUMBER AND AGES OF POLL WORKERS

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Number of Poll Workers Total | Cases | Under 18 |  | 18 to 25 |  | 26 to 40 |  | 41 to 60 |  | 61 to 70 |  | 71 and Over |  | Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Pct. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pet. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pet. |
| Alabama | 67 |  | 0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Alaska | 1 | 2,499 | 1 |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 2,499 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 11,700 | 15 | 229 | 2.0 | 280 | 2.4 | 395 | 3.4 | 1,763 | 15.1 | 2,405 | 20.6 | 1,951 | 16.7 | 4,677 | 40.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 9,346 | 72 | 2 | 0.0 | 73 | 0.8 | 231 | 2.5 | 743 | 7.9 | 1,365 | 14.6 | 1,348 | 14.4 | 5,584 | 59.7 |
| California | 58 | 89,440 | 57 | 12,750 | 14.3 | 5,263 | 5.9 | 7,743 | 8.7 | 18,836 | 21.1 | 11,068 | 12.4 | 8,338 | 9.3 | 25,442 | 28.4 |
| Colorado | 64 | 10,790 | 64 | 437 | 4.1 | 175 | 1.6 | 281 | 2.6 | 1,345 | 12.5 | 1,301 | 12.1 | 835 | 7.7 | 6,416 | 59.5 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 4,464 | 169 |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 4,464 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 4,129 | 3 | 228 | 5.5 | 293 | 7.1 | 298 | 7.2 | 1,460 | 35.4 | 1,028 | 24.9 | 822 | 19.9 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1,708 | 1 | 2 | 0.1 | 238 | 13.9 | 138 | 8.1 | 697 | 40.8 | 362 | 21.2 | 194 | 11.4 | 77 | 4.5 |
| Florida | 67 | 52,086 | 67 | 128 | 0.2 | 1,558 | 3.0 | 2,498 | 4.8 | 10,483 | 20.1 | 11,293 | 21.7 | 11,488 | 22.1 | 14,638 | 28.1 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 0 |  |
| Hawaii | 4 | 2,583 | 3 | 315 | 12.2 | 301 | 11.7 | 245 | 9.5 | 1,005 | 38.9 | 703 | 27.2 | 401 | 15.5 | (387) | (15.0) |
| Idaho | 44 | 5,860 | 44 | 30 | 0.5 | 182 | 3.1 | 450 | 7.7 | 1,670 | 28.5 | 1,765 | 30.1 | 1,563 | 26.7 | 200 | 3.4 |
| Illinois | 110 | 49,357 | 110 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 49,357 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 22,427 | 81 | 61 | 0.3 | 247 | 1.1 | 405 | 1.8 | 1,782 | 7.9 | 1,733 | 7.7 | 1,527 | 6.8 | 16,672 | 74.3 |
| lowa | 99 | 9,821 | 99 |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 9,821 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 8,374 | 105 |  |  |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 8,374 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 15,290 | 120 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 15,290 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 17,782 | 64 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 17,782 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 5,983 | 499 | 20 | 0.3 | 106 | 1.8 | 413 | 6.9 | 2,154 | 36.0 | 1,923 | 32.1 | 1,367 | 22.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 23,603 | 24 | 252 | 1.1 | 1,017 | 4.3 | 1,937 | 8.2 | 8,874 | 37.6 | 6,800 | 28.8 | 3,798 | 16.1 | 925 | 3.9 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 18,946 | 348 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 18,946 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 37,206 | 83 | 1,349 | 3.6 | 2,201 | 5.9 | 2,954 | 7.9 | 10,899 | 29.3 | 11,877 | 31.9 | 7,926 | 21.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 27,602 | 87 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 27,602 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 6,974 | 57 | 0 | 0.0 | 94 | 1.3 | 197 | 2.8 | 529 | 7.6 | 798 | 11.4 | 555 | 8.0 | 4,801 | 68.8 |
| Missouri | 116 | 21,588 | 112 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 21,588 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 4,201 | 56 | 20 | 0.5 | 63 | 1.5 | 245 | 5.8 | 1,217 | 29.0 | 1,465 | 34.9 | 1,191 | 28.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 8,322 | 93 | 92 | 1.1 | 90 | 1.1 | 492 | 5.9 | 2,319 | 27.9 | 2,609 | 31.4 | 2,701 | 32.5 | 19 | 0.2 |
| Nevada | 17 | 5,165 | 17 | 253 | 4.9 | 248 | 4.8 | 346 | 6.7 | 1,378 | 26.7 | 1,570 | 30.4 | 1,119 | 21.7 | 251 | 4.9 |

TABLE 39. NUMBER AND AGES OF POLL WORKERS (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Number of Poll Workers Total | Cases | Under 18 |  | 18 to 25 |  | 26 to 40 |  | 41 to 60 |  | 61 to 70 |  | 71 and Over |  | Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Pct. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pet. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 2,392 | 320 |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | .. |  | ... |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 2,392 | 100.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 |  | 0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | ... |
| New Mexico | 33 | 7,671 | 25 | 170 | 2.2 | 706 | 9.2 | 1,088 | 14.2 | 2,378 | 31.0 | 1,458 | 19.0 | 968 | 12.6 | 903 | 11.8 |
| New York | 62 | 82,811 | 57 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 82,811 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 23,020 | 100 | 384 | 1.7 | 464 | 2.0 | 1,040 | 4.5 | 5,232 | 22.7 | 5,887 | 25.6 | 4,163 | 18.1 | 5,850 | 25.4 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 1,286 | 45 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1,286 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 45,556 | 88 | 2,107 | 4.6 | 1,997 | 4.4 | 2,057 | 4.5 | 10,225 | 22.4 | 10,008 | 22.0 | 7,807 | 17.1 | 11,355 | 24.9 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 7,489 | 77 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... | 7,489 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,402 | 36 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\cdots$ |  | ... | 1,402 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 |  | 0 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 0 | ... |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 3,016 | 39 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 3,016 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 13,213 | 46 | 825 | 6.2 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 12,388 | 93.8 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 2,827 | 66 | 0 | 0.0 | 12 | 0.4 | 48 | 1.7 | 296 | 10.5 | 320 | 11.3 | 259 | 9.2 | 1,892 | 66.9 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 15,879 | 95 | 291 | 1.8 | 454 | 2.9 | 723 | 4.6 | 3,489 | 22.0 | 5,421 | 34.1 | 4,516 | 28.4 | 985 | 6.2 |
| Texas | 254 | 36,019 | 231 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 36,019 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 29 | 4,850 | 10 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . | 4,850 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 3,055 | 221 | 21 | 0.7 | 34 | 1.1 | 112 | 3.7 | 743 | 24.3 | 725 | 23.7 | 407 | 13.3 | 1,013 | 33.2 |
| Virginia | 134 | 24,691 | 134 | 332 | 1.3 | 1,128 | 4.6 | 1,741 | 7.1 | 7,579 | 30.7 | 7,868 | 31.9 | 4,268 | 17.3 | 1,775 | 7.2 |
| Washington | 39 | 782 | 39 | 0 | 0.0 | 32 | 4.1 | 67 | 8.6 | 161 | 20.6 | 107 | 13.7 | 65 | 8.3 | 350 | 44.8 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 7,263 | 37 | 0 | 0.0 | 92 | 1.3 | 238 | 3.3 | 638 | 8.8 | 700 | 9.6 | 228 | 3.1 | 5,367 | 73.9 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 34,902 | 3,541 | 543 | 1.6 | 567 | 1.6 | 1,611 | 4.6 | 8,121 | 23.3 | 13,442 | 38.5 | 10,457 | 30.0 | 161 | 0.5 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 2,449 | 23 | 14 | 0.6 | 28 | 1.1 | 93 | 3.8 | 669 | 27.3 | 655 | 26.7 | 362 | 14.8 | 628 | 25.6 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 336 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 336 | 100.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 286 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 77 | 26.9 | 72 | 25.2 | 95 | 33.2 | 33 | 11.5 | 9 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 89,413 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 89,413 | 100.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 887,854 | 7,684 | 20,855 | 2.3 | 18,020 | 2.0 | 28,158 | 3.2 | 106,780 | 12.0 | 106,689 | 12.0 | 80,633 | 9.1 | 526,719 | 59.3 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 25 |  | 29 |  | 29 |  | 29 |  | 29 |  | 29 |  | 45 |  |
| Question |  | D3 |  | D4a |  | D4b |  | D4c |  | D4d |  | D4e |  | D4f |  | calc |  |

Questions D3, D4. Number of poll workers used and age category.

## Question D3:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction stated, "Approximately. Larger polling sited had more workers, smaller does less."
Arizona: One jurisdiction commented, "As a note, we also hired 119 citizen board Troubleshooters that do not serve as polling place board workers but are assigned several specific polling place locations to assist the board workers at these locations with any issues that come up on Election Day. This quantity of additional workers (119) is NOT reflected in the above grand total."

California: One jurisdiction reported that this figure includes student poll workers. A second jurisdiction reported 1,580 poll workers unknown. Another jurisdiction indicated that 56 are standby poll workers. One jurisdiction commented, "All mail ballot."

District of Columbia: number of poll workers failed to report for duty; this number represents the total that showed for work.
Florida: One jurisdiction noted that this number includes Canvassing Board members, tech team, supply return check-in team, and poll workers (both early voting and election day). Another jurisdiction reported 233 worked election day, and 125 worked early voting; a lot of these workers worked both election day and early voting.
Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 11 jurisdictions. Kingsburg Plantation figures were included with Guilford. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation. Edmunds Township figures were included with Dennysville.
Minnesota: Estimated number.
Missouri: One jurisdiction stated that several precincts were combined at polling places.
Mississippi: One jurisdiction commented, " 5 Resolution Board."
North Carolina: Several jurisdictions included specific breakdowns of their types of workers, including poll workers, One-Stop workers, chief judges, judges, clerks, student assistants, computer assistants, and rovers. Five jurisdictions stated generally that most of their One-Stop workers also worked in a precinct on Election Day. Several jurisdictions also noted that their worker counts included individuals who worked at both One-Stop sites and at polling places. In a few instances, these individuals were counted twice; in others, these individuals were only counted once.

New Hampshire: Minimum required.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "PSR Report/EW Payroll Report."
Puerto Rico: Poll workers are hired as their volunteer representatives and trained by the political parties. For the Nov.6, 2012 General Election, there were two (2) Principal Parties and four (4) Political Parties by Petition (Third Parties). Each party had the right to have up to three (3) poll workers per polling station (7755, plus 1533 provisional voting stations).

South Dakota: One jurisdiction indicated there were five workers at each place.
Vermont: One jurisdiction noted that this count includes the Town Clerk. Another jurisdiction stated that this does not include BCA who counted ballots (8). One jurisdiction commented, "Election Officials work in shifts throughout the day." A fourth jurisdiction stated that this does not include people who only counted votes (23). One jurisdiction specified, "4 people in tow hour shifts from $8 \mathrm{am}-7 \mathrm{pm}$, then 8 people (not including the Clerk) to count the votes by hand." Another jurisdiction indicated that its count includes six Boy Scouts that assist voters with finding an open voting booth, replenishing pens and removing campaign materials left in the booths. One jurisdiction specified, " 11 Justice of the Peace, 1 Clerk, 2 Constables"
Washington: Three jurisdictions reported these figures include election day and early voting. One jurisdiction specified that this number includes an 18-day early voting period and election day workers only.

Wyoming: In preparation for the 2012 election cycle, the Albany County election staff designed various efforts to recruit new election judges during new voter registrations at the courthouse and through educational testimony during annual off site VR drives. A mailing was created to generate commitment to participate and when making election judges assignments for the Primary and the General election, the County Clerk and her election staff were thoughtful with regard to pairing seasoned judges with new recruits to facilitate continuity in experiential training. A second jurisdiction reported that it did not count County employees. For another jurisdiction, this number includes election judges assigned to absentee, write-in, and resolution boards. One jurisdiction reported that four of its poll workers worked/helped in the Absentee Polling Place.

## Question D4:

Arizona: Maricopa County implemented "Student" poll workers program back in 2008. Since its inception, we have seen a steady increase in participation amongst students. For this 2012 General election, of the 4,820 workers, we had over 167 of these board workers that were "Student" poll workers.

California: Five jurisdictions reported that they did not have age information available for a portion of their poll workers. One second jurisdiction specified that there were 26 election day appointments made; those officers are not currently linked to their voter registration (DOB) information so they are not included in breakdown. A third jurisdiction indicated that DIMS does not have a report that contains information on poll worker ages. Another jurisdiction noted that the 126 difference from D3 to D4 is because it does not track all ages of its county support staff. One jurisdiction commented that 56 are standby poll workers, and 23 are Field Supervisors who support the vote centers.

Colorado: Six jurisdictions reported that information on poll workers' ages were unavailable; one jurisdiction simply commented, "These are estimates." Another jurisdiction specified that 97 judges were county employees for which it does not have birthdates. One jurisdiction noted that it had four student judges included in its total, and a second jurisdiction stated that 34 of the 99 were student judges. One jurisdiction specified, "About $2 / 3$ of our judges were in the 61 to 70 range with a good portion of the other $1 / 3$ in the $71+$ range. We had a smattering of younger judges. We did not have any student judges this year."

Florida: One jurisdiction stated that this number only includes election day poll workers. Another jurisdiction commented that it had two poll workers who were 90 years old when they worked the general election.

Indiana: Four jurisdictions stated that they do not track poll workers' ages. One jurisdiction commented, "While the birthdate of poll workers is captured upon their sign-up and assignment, so many changes are made on election day and the pay vouchers do not include a birthdate, thus determining the exact age and ranges of the workers who actually reported on election day." Another jurisdiction noted generally that its workers' ages range from 18 to over 70 . One jurisdiction commented that most of the poll workers were 60 and older, another jurisdiction reported that the average age of its poll workers was above 70 years old, and a third jurisdiction estimated that the majority of poll workers would be between 60 and 80 but did not have an exact number. Two jurisdictions stated that their worker pools are aging. One jurisdiction commented, "Our oldest poll worker was 91 . We had quite a few in their 80 s that have worked for years."

Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 11 jurisdictions. Kingsburg Plantation figures were included with Guilford. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation. Edmunds Township figures were included with Dennysville.

Minnesota: Age data not available.
Mississippi: One jurisdiction commented, "Courthouse burned 1/17/2013."
North Carolina: Several jurisdictions commented that the majority of their workers were 55 years old or above. A couple of jurisdictions reported they did not track this data or stated that this data was based on an estimate. One jurisdiction commented that the majority of its poll workers are re-appointments. Another jurisdiction commented that only 188 of its reported workers worked in the 2012 general elections; seven of these either didn't work for some reason or have resigned and are still on the poll worker list.

New Hampshire: Data not available.
New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "Run PSR Report/EW."
Nevada: One jurisdiction indicated that D4e may contain workers over 71 years of age.
Pennsylvania: Not tracked.
South Carolina: Age breakdown unavailable for workers 18+.
Vermont: Three jurisdictions indicated that these numbers are estimates only. One jurisdiction indicated that all but one worker were over 40 years old.

Wyoming: One jurisdiction indicated that the majority of its election judges are retired senior citizens. Two jurisdictions indicate they do not track this information.

TABLE 40. DIFFICULTY OF OBTAINING SUFFICIENT POLL WORKERS

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Very Difficult |  | Somewhat Difficult |  | Neither Diff./Easy |  | Somewhat Easy |  | Very Easy |  | Not Enough Information |  | Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pet. | Cases | Pot. | Cases | Pet. | Cases | Pct. |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,083,309 | 67 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 67 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 302,465 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 2,323,579 | 15 | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 40.0 | 7 | 46.7 | 1 | 6.7 | 1 | 6.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,080,809 | 75 | 4 | 5.3 | 25 | 33.3 | 17 | 22.7 | 18 | 24.0 | 8 | 10.7 | 3 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 13,096,097 | 57 | 4 | 7.0 | 18 | 31.6 | 17 | 29.8 | 9 | 15.8 | 5 | 8.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 7.0 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,594,628 | 64 | 6 | 9.4 | 33 | 51.6 | 12 | 18.8 | 12 | 18.8 | 1 | 1.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 1,560,640 | 169 | 0 | 0.0 | 169 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 417,631 | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 294,254 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 8,557,692 | 67 | 2 | 3.0 | 13 | 19.4 | 23 | 34.3 | 16 | 23.9 | 13 | 19.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 3,910,557 | 159 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 159 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 436,774 | 4 | 2 | 50.0 | 2 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 666,290 | 44 | 3 | 6.8 | 16 | 36.4 | 12 | 27.3 | 5 | 11.4 | 8 | 18.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 5,339,488 | 110 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 110 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 92 | 2,663,373 | 92 | 16 | 17.4 | 34 | 37.0 | 21 | 22.8 | 6 | 6.5 | 3 | 3.3 | 3 | 3.3 | 9 | 9.8 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,589,951 | 99 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 99 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,115,281 | 105 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 105 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 1,815,896 | 120 | 120 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,014,511 | 64 | 0 | 0.0 | 64 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 724,759 | 500 | 32 | 6.4 | 165 | 33.0 | 122 | 24.4 | 82 | 16.4 | 82 | 16.4 | 2 | 0.4 | 15 | 3.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 2,734,189 | 24 | 4 | 16.7 | 6 | 25.0 | 5 | 20.8 | 6 | 25.0 | 3 | 12.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 3,184,196 | 351 | 1 | 0.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 347 | 98.9 |
| Michigan | 83 | 4,780,701 | 83 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 83 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,950,780 | 87 | 1 | 1.1 | 3 | 3.4 | 30 | 34.5 | 24 | 27.6 | 3 | 3.4 | 26 | 29.9 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 889,914 | 58 | 1 | 1.7 | 18 | 31.0 | 16 | 27.6 | 10 | 17.2 | 9 | 15.5 | 1 | 1.7 | 3 | 5.2 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,840,776 | 116 | 9 | 7.8 | 50 | 43.1 | 38 | 32.8 | 15 | 12.9 | 3 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.9 |
| Montana | 56 | 491,966 | 56 | 8 | 14.3 | 29 | 51.8 | 9 | 16.1 | 5 | 8.9 | 2 | 3.6 | 3 | 5.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 815,568 | 93 | 13 | 14.0 | 38 | 40.9 | 14 | 15.1 | 14 | 15.1 | 14 | 15.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,017,772 | 17 | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 35.3 | 5 | 29.4 | 3 | 17.6 | 3 | 17.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 40. DIFFICULTY OF OBTAINING SUFFICIENT POLL WORKERS (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Total of Voters Participating | Cases | Very Difficult |  | Somewhat Difficult |  | Neither <br> Diff./Easy |  | Somewhat Easy |  | Very Easy |  | Not Enough Information |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Balance } \\ & \text { (See Notes) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Gases | Pet. | Cases | Pct. | Gases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. | Cases | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 718,700 | 320 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 320 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,677,463 | 21 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 21 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 679,080 | 26 | 1 | 3.8 | 5 | 19.2 | 6 | 23.1 | 6 | 23.1 | 3 | 11.5 | 2 | 7.7 | 3 | 11.5 |
| New York | 62 | 7,128,852 | 62 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 62 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 4,539,729 | 100 | 9 | 9.0 | 50 | 50.0 | 25 | 25.0 | 13 | 13.0 | 3 | 3.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 326,239 | 53 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 53 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 88 | 5,632,423 | 88 | 1 | 1.1 | 41 | 46.6 | 26 | 29.5 | 18 | 20.5 | 2 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,343,380 | 77 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 77 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,820,507 | 36 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 36 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 5,783,621 | 67 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 67 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 451,593 | 39 | 9 | 23.1 | 10 | 25.6 | 10 | 25.6 | 3 | 7.7 | 7 | 17.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 1,981,516 | 46 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 46 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 368,816 | 66 | 4 | 6.1 | 23 | 34.8 | 22 | 33.3 | 16 | 24.2 | 1 | 1.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,480,182 | 95 | 14 | 14.7 | 40 | 42.1 | 20 | 21.1 | 14 | 14.7 | 4 | 4.2 | 3 | 3.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 254 | 7,993,851 | 254 | 23 | 9.1 | 46 | 18.1 | 101 | 39.8 | 46 | 18.1 | 19 | 7.5 | 18 | 7.1 | 1 | 0.4 |
| Utah | 29 | 1,023,036 | 29 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 29 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 246 | 304,509 | 245 | 3 | 1.2 | 35 | 14.3 | 74 | 30.2 | 48 | 19.6 | 76 | 31.0 | 3 | 1.2 | 6 | 2.4 |
| Virginia | 134 | 3,896,846 | 134 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 134 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 3,206,490 | 39 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 20.5 | 7 | 17.9 | 6 | 15.4 | 9 | 23.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 23.1 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 685,099 | 55 | 4 | 7.3 | 12 | 21.8 | 10 | 18.2 | 6 | 10.9 | 5 | 9.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 18 | 32.7 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,078,135 | 3,541 | 909 | 25.7 | 585 | 16.5 | 959 | 27.1 | 599 | 16.9 | 486 | 13.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.1 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 250,701 | 23 | 1 | 4.3 | 18 | 78.3 | 1 | 4.3 | 3 | 13.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 13,167 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 34,075 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 1,878,969 | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 131,590,825 | 8,120 | 1,205 | 14.8 | 1,573 | 19.4 | 1,755 | 21.6 | 1,007 | 12.4 | 810 | 10.0 | 768 | 9.5 | 1,002 | 12.3 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 28 |  | 33 |  | 30 |  | 28 |  | 28 |  | 17 |  | 18 |  |
| Question |  | F1a |  | D5.1 |  | D5.2 |  | D5.3 |  | D5.4 |  | D5.5 |  | D5.6 |  | calc |  |

## TABLE 40. DIFFICULTY OF OBTAINING SUFFICIENT POLL WORKERS

## Questions F1, D5. Difficulty of obtaining a sufficient number of poll workers for the election.

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. For this table, the total used for comparison is the number of cases in the State. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, result $\neg$ ing in some over-counting.

## Question D5:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction noted that workers face long hours, too much paperwork, and a stressful day.
Arizona: One jurisdiction commented that people do not want to work long hours for so little pay. Two jurisdictions stated that obtaining poll workers can be hindered by geographic reasons, primarily in rural areas.
California: A couple of jurisdictions noted that it was difficult to recruit bilingual poll workers. A few jurisdictions noted that recruiting student poll workers was helpful in obtaining a sufficient number of workers. A few jurisdictions stated that there was lots of interest in volunteering for this election due to the attention around the presidential content. One jurisdiction stated that long hours can be a deterrent to poll workers, and half day shifts seemed to be key for some of its workers. One jurisdiction commented, "Does not apply - all mail ballot."

Colorado: Several jurisdictions reported a high rate of drop outs before the election, making it difficult to recruit and train additional judges. A few jurisdictions noted that they had the most difficulty finding a balance between members of the two major political parties. A couple of jurisdictions noted that student judges were important to obtaining enough poll workers, but one jurisdiction noted that recruiting was difficult because schools did not like students missing a whole day of school. A few jurisdictions noted that there can be long hours and a stressful environment.

Florida: One jurisdiction commented that it had to send out two mailings to bring back retired workers and struggled to keep those committed to work the polls to actually be able to show up on election day. One jurisdiction stated that it encourages poll workers to "find a friend," i.e., find someone they would like to work with and become poll workers, but it struggled to find enough non-Republicans to meet the requirements under the law. One jurisdiction reported it had approximately 100 more election workers available than needed, and nearly 100 more who were interested but did not attend orientation earlier in the year.

Indiana: A few jurisdictions reported that their local political parties find their poll workers. A couple of jurisdictions noted that finding workers can be difficult due to long hours and difficult pay, and some quit after training because they didn't know what they were getting into. One jurisdiction stated that presidential elections prove to be the easiest time to recruit poll as the public is very interested in assisting in the election process. One jurisdiction stated that the difficulty rested in the need to find over 1,500 poll workers, while another jurisdiction commented that it reduced the number of polling locations and boards to reduce the number of poll workers needed.

Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 11 jurisdictions. Kingsburg Plantation figures were included with Guilford. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation. Edmunds Township figures were included with Dennysville.

Missouri: One jurisdiction noted that 145 started training and quit when they saw how much work was involved; also, Missouri law which requires a balance between political parties among workers caused many problems. Another jurisdiction stated that recruitment of both paid and volunteer workers needs to be reviewed and improved with more interest in securing workers from the corporate world and volunteers from more of the area schools.

Mississippi: One jurisdiction stated that the local election commission gathers poll workers based on registered voters per voting precinct.

Montana: A few jurisdictions noted difficult obtaining workers due to language requirements, the need to fill last minute judge vacancies, and rural geographies. One jurisdiction commented that everyone works; it is hard to find younger people due to jobs and kids.

North Carolina: Several jurisdictions commented that it is difficult to find roughly even numbers of workers from each political party. A few jurisdictions noted that finding poll workers can be more difficult in certain precincts, particularly smaller precincts and places with last minute vacancies. One jurisdiction noted that recruiting workers is getting hard, but it has been able to recruit from college and recent retirees.

Nebraska: Several jurisdictions noted that finding poll workers is difficult due to long hours, low pay, work commitments, bilingual requirements, and finding even numbers of people to represent each political party. In addition, several jurisdictions also noted that they had a very difficult time recruiting younger poll workers during this election. One jurisdiction indicated that it will possibly consider all mail-in precincts in the future. A couple of jurisdictions reported they have a core group of volunteers who have served for many years, enjoy it, and take their responsibility very seriously.

New Mexico: One jurisdiction reported difficulty with political party balance. Another jurisdiction stated that it lost a lot of workers due to new rules. A third jurisdiction stated that it is always hard to get presiding judges.

New York; Hurricane Sandy affected the ability of poll workers in declared jurisdictions to report for work as originally assigned.
Vermont: Two jurisdictions reported that large portions of their Board of Civil Authority worked during the day, and they had to seek others to fill the need. One of these jurisdictions reported they staff elections with retired people. One jurisdiction reported that it had a waiting list of residents who wish to be poll workers for each election. Another jurisdiction reported that it pays workers an attractive stipend and provides meals. When they compensated less, it was more difficult to have enough coverage (easier to find people but a significant expense for the Town).

Wyoming: Several jurisdictions noted they had a difficult time recruiting workers, and their workers are getting older and are less likely to work. A few jurisdictions also reported having a difficult time recruiting younger workers. One jurisdiction stated that some precincts were easier to recruit for than others; some individuals did not mind being asked to work in a precinct other than their own, but others did not seem eager to work in a polling place other than their own.

TABLE 41. NUMBER AND TYPE OF PRECINCTS/POLLING PLACES

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Number of Precincts |  | Number of Polling Places |  | Election Day Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Early Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Non-election Office | Election Office |  | Other Type |  | Non-election Office |  | Election Office |  | Other Type |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,527 | 67 | 2,252 | 67 | 2,252 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 438 | 1 | 533 | 1 | 453 | 85.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 75 | 14.1 | 5 | 0.9 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arizona | 15 | 1,667 | 15 | 1,537 | 15 | 1,458 | 94.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 40 | 2.6 | 23 | 1.5 | 16 | 1.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 2,747 | 75 | 1,631 | 75 | 1,494 | 91.6 | 3 | 0.2 |  | $\ldots$ | 95 | 5.8 | 37 | 2.3 | 2 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| California | 58 | 24,349 | 58 | 14,686 | 57 | 14,493 | 98.7 | 69 | 0.5 | 2 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.0 | 43 | 0.3 | 2 | 0.0 | 72 | 0.5 |
| Colorado | 64 | 2,917 | 64 | 1,237 | 64 | 1,029 | 83.2 | 53 | 4.3 |  | $\ldots$ | 94 | 7.6 | 61 | 4.9 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 744 | 169 | 744 | 169 | 744 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 3 | 432 | 3 | 285 | 3 | 283 | 99.3 | 2 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 151 | 1 | 151 | 1 | 143 | 94.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 5.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 67 | 6,242 | 67 | 4,928 | 67 | 4,631 | 94.0 | 19 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 194 | 3.9 | 95 | 1.9 | 0 | 0.0 | (11) | (0.2) |
| Georgia | 159 | 2,850 | 159 |  | 0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Hawaii | 4 | 247 | 4 | 240 | 4 | 231 | 96.3 |  | $\ldots$ | 3 | 1.3 | 3 | 1.3 | 3 | 1.3 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 44 | 924 | 44 | 807 | 44 | 762 | 94.4 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 45 | 5.6 |  | ... | 0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 | 10,088 | 110 | 6,520 | 110 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 295 | 4.5 | 115 | 1.8 |  | ... | 6,110 | 93.7 |
| Indiana | 92 | 5,353 | 92 | 3,976 | 92 | 3,054 | 76.8 | 758 | 19.1 |  | $\ldots$ | 98 | 2.5 | 66 | 1.7 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,688 | 99 | 1,787 | 99 | 1,688 | 94.5 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | . | 99 | 5.5 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 105 | 3,565 | 105 | 1,308 | 105 | 1,246 | 95.3 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 62 | 4.7 |  | ... |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 3,632 | 120 | 2,506 | 120 | 2,506 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 64 | 4,267 | 64 | 2,256 | 64 | 2,166 | 96.0 |  | $\cdots$ |  | . | 13 | 0.6 | 77 | 3.4 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maine | 500 | 563 | 499 | 542 | 499 | 542 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 24 | 1,865 | 24 | 1,636 | 24 | 1,590 | 97.2 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 45 | 2.8 | 1 | 0.1 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 2,164 | 351 | 1,353 | 351 | 1,353 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Michigan | 83 | 5,454 | 83 | 3,688 | 83 | 3,544 | 96.1 | 144 | 3.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 4,103 | 87 | 2,936 | 87 | 2,883 | 98.2 | 53 | 1.8 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 1,376 | 63 | 1,396 | 63 | 1,257 | 90.0 | 36 | 2.6 |  | $\ldots$ | 2 | 0.1 | 31 | 2.2 | 1 | 0.1 | 69 | 4.9 |
| Missouri | 116 | 4,615 | 116 | 2,913 | 116 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | ... |  |  | 2,913 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 56 | 794 | 56 | 422 | 56 | 422 | 100.0 |  | ... |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 1,394 | 93 | 1,182 | 93 | 1,089 | 92.1 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 93 | 7.9 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| Nevada | 17 | 1,935 | 17 | 556 | 17 | 412 | 74.1 | 8 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 123 | 22.1 | 13 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

TABLE 41. NUMBER AND TYPE OF PRECINCTS/POLLING PLACES (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Number of Precincts |  | Number of Polling Places |  | Election Day Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Early Voting |  |  |  |  |  | Balance (See Notes) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Non-election Office | Election Office |  | Other Type |  | Non-election Office |  | Election Office |  | Other Type |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Cases |  |  | Total | Cases | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 336 | 320 | 307 | 320 | 307 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 6,440 | 21 | 3,409 | 21 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | .. |  | . | 3,409 | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 1,393 | 27 | 856 | 27 | 622 | 72.7 | 71 | 8.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 67 | 7.8 | 25 | 2.9 | 5 | 0.6 | 66 | 7.7 |
| New York | 62 | 13,966 | 57 | 5,111 | 57 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 5,111 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 2,756 | 100 | 3,121 | 100 | 2,756 | 88.3 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\cdots$ | 293 | 9.4 | 72 | 2.3 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 426 | 53 | 297 | 53 | 287 | 96.6 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 9 | 3.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 88 | 9,242 | 88 | 4,779 | 88 | 4,645 | 97.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.1 | 85 | 1.8 |  | $\ldots$ | 45 | 0.9 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 1,958 | 77 | 2,021 | 77 | 1,944 | 96.2 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 77 | 3.8 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 1,399 | 36 | 36 | 36 |  | $\ldots$ | 36 | 100.0 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 9,249 | 67 | 9,283 | 67 | 4,687 | 50.5 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 4,596 | 49.5 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 453 | 39 | 453 | 39 | 413 | 91.2 | 40 | 8.8 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 2,145 | 46 | 2,191 | 46 | 2,145 | 97.9 |  |  |  |  |  | . | 46 | 2.1 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 66 | 785 | 66 | 602 | 65 | 496 | 82.4 | 21 | 3.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.8 | 47 | 7.8 | 3 | 0.5 | 30 | 5.0 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,089 | 95 | 2,204 | 95 | 1,985 | 90.1 | 10 | 0.5 | 5 | 0.2 | 106 | 4.8 | 88 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 0.5 |
| Texas | 254 | 9,142 | 254 | 6,399 | 234 | 5,606 | 87.6 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 860 | 13.4 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | (67) | (1.0) |
| Utah | 29 | 2,105 | 29 |  | 0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | $\ldots$ |
| Vermont | 246 | 262 | 238 | 459 | 244 | 150 | 32.7 | 104 | 22.7 | 3 | 0.7 | 27 | 5.9 | 156 | 34.0 | 4 | 0.9 | 15 | 3.3 |
| Virginia | 134 | 632 | 134 | 694 | 66 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 694 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 39 | 6,975 | 39 | 62 | 39 | 20 | 32.3 | 42 | 67.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 42 | 67.7 | 0 | 0.0 | (42) | (67.7) |
| West Virginia | 55 | 1,853 | 55 | 1,896 | 55 | 1,831 | 96.6 | 22 | 1.2 |  | $\ldots$ | 15 | 0.8 | 53 | 2.8 |  | $\ldots$ | (25) | (1.3) |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,541 | 3,541 | 3,541 | 3,541 | 3,541 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 23 | 482 | 23 | 306 | 23 | 301 | 98.4 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. | 5 | 1.6 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 18 | 1 | 46 | 1 | 45 | 97.8 | 1 | 2.2 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Guam | 1 | 58 | 1 | 22 | 1 | 21 | 95.5 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 4.5 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 110 | 1 | 7,865 | 1 | 7,755 | 98.6 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 19 | 0.2 | 91 | 1.2 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 176,906 | 8,114 | 119,968 | 7,842 | 91,282 | 51.6 | 1,492 | 0.8 | 14 | 0.0 | 2,556 | 1.4 | 1,595 | 0.9 | 33 | 0.0 | 22,996 | 13.0 |
| States Included |  |  |  | 52 |  | 46 |  | 19 |  | 5 |  | 25 |  | 29 |  | 7 |  | 18 |  |
| Question |  | D1 |  | D2a |  | D2b |  | D2c |  | D2d |  | D2e |  | D2f |  | D2g |  | calc |  |

## TABLE 41. NUMBER AND TYPE OF PRECINCTS/POLLING PLACES

Questions D1, D2. Number of precincts, number of polling places, types of polling places.
General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by the parentheses) the difference indicates the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting. Note: in this case there appears to be much doublecounting which merely indicates the multiple purposes of some polling places, e.g., an election office being used for both Early Voting and Election Day Voting.

## Question D1:

Arkansas: Three jurisdictions reported including counts from early vote, precincts and absentee, and precincts plus early voting and absentee, respectively. One jurisdiction reported that this count does not include absentee and early precincts.

Arizona: One jurisdiction commented, "Arizona underwent "Redistricting" prior to the 2012 General Election and part of the redistricting efforts for Maricopa County was to redraw and consolidate precincts. Prior to 2012, Maricopa County had 1,124 precincts (since 2006). With the increase in the number of voters in Maricopa County on the Permanent Early Voting List $(1,162,067)$, we were able to merge several precincts to reach a new precinct total for 2012 of 724 precincts."

California: One jurisdiction commented, "Consolidated precincts." One jurisdiction stated that Dla represents the total number of consolidated precincts for November 2012. One jurisdiction included voting precincts and mailed ballot precincts in its count, while another jurisdiction included precincts, vote by mail precincts, and mail ballot precincts. One jurisdiction reported 22 mail ballot precincts.

Idaho: This number only includes physical precincts. It does not include any absentee precincts, which are non-physical precincts to allow the county to count all of the absentee ballots together as a precinct rather than dividing them by precincts.

Florida: One jurisdiction reported that during redistricting, it combined a number of polling places together, but kept the precincts separate.

Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 14 jurisdictions. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation.
Michigan: Totals include physical polling places (jurisdictional precincts) and central count locations (referred to as AVCB, absent voter counting boards).

Missouri: One jurisdiction commented that it had "counted the office as (1). Absentee Voting." Two jurisdictions reported that these figures include absentee.

New Mexico: One jurisdiction reported that it had successfully used voting convenience centers. Another jurisdiction commented, " 24 to include $\mathrm{Ab} / \mathrm{EV}$." A third jurisdiction reported that this number includes early voting and absentee precincts. One jurisdiction reported that two precincts are split by district. Another jurisdiction commented, " 23 Voting Convenience Centers and 12 Regular."

Puerto Rico; The island is divided into 110 precincts, 1533 Voting Units and 7755 polling stations (plus 1533 provisional voting stations, for a total 8557 polling stations).

South Carolina: Does not include VR Office.
Vermont: The City of Burlington has seven Wards which also serve seven State Representative Districts for 19 total Ward/District combinations. Another jurisdiction commented, "We only have one place to vote."

## Question D2:

Arkansas: One jurisdiction commented, "Early voting in the county clerk's office."
Arizona: One jurisdiction noted, "D2a is a total number of physical polling places (677) IN ADDITION to the 15 early voting centers ( 3 offices and 12 off-site locations) and the 5 drop off "ballot box" sites for a total of 697. "Election Day" voting (D2b) is only offered at polling place locations. Each of the 724 precincts is technically assigned a polling place. However, in certain areas some precinct polling places were co-located within the same facility and that is why the "physical" polling place location total is less than the number of precincts existing. A co-located polling place consists of two different and separate boards specifically assigned to a given precinct and a specific set of voters within that precinct. Additionally, we had 7 All-Mail Precincts where the total number of registered voters within those precincts was less than 25 registered voters. These All-Mail precincts were still co-located and assigned to a physical polling place in case a voter opted to vote in-person versus by mail." Another jurisdiction reported that it utilized Vote Centers and not traditional polling places for the 2012 elections.

California: One jurisdiction reported that it had 787 polling places, with one early voting site that was also an election day voting site. A second jurisdiction indicated that the polling places for D2c and D2f are the same. A third jurisdiction reported that its Elections Office is election day and early voting. Similarly, two other jurisdictions noted that the Elections Office was used as an early voting site and also used on election day; the totals for D2a will not match. One jurisdiction stated that the Truckee early voting site was not open for voting on election day; therefore its count is off by one. Another jurisdiction commented, " $18 \mathrm{PP} / 16$ Locations + Office." A different jurisdiction noted that its two election offices serve as polling places on Election Day and also as a location where voters can pick up their VBM ballot beginning 29 days before the election. Another jurisdiction noted that the county Elections Office is open for voting, by law, 29 days prior to election day; the total number of physical polling places in the county includes the county Elections Office.

Idaho: Idaho does not have "Early Voting." However, the States does have In-Person absentee voting at least 3 weeks before the election. The In-Person absentee polling place is being reported under the Early Voting heading.
Florida: Two jurisdictions reported that their elections offices are used for election day voting and for early voting, so these are counted twice in the D2 totals. Three jurisdictions also noted that they use multiple early voting sites and included these in their counts. Another jurisdiction commented, "One City Hall."
Maine: Municipal Clerks did not report figures in 11 jurisdictions. Kingsburg Plantation figures were included with Guilford. Hersey reported that it shares election workers with Moro Plantation. Edmunds Township figures were included with Dennysville.
Michigan: Total of physical precincts (jurisdictional precincts).
Mississippi: Three jurisdictions noted that Mississippi does not have early voting but has absentee voting. One of these jurisdictions commented that its County Clerk's office served as the only polling place for absentee voting until, but not on. Election Day.

New Mexico: One jurisdiction commented, "Vote Centers." A second jurisdiction noted that it had 39 election day, one absentee (Clerk's Office), one alternate site, three tribal early voting sites, and three all mail precincts/not polling place. Another jurisdiction stated, " 2 VCC locations." A fourth jurisdiction commented that it had 16 precincts on election day and in-person voting and absentee.

New York: Early voting not permitted in NY.
Oregon: Vote by mail state. No early voting.
South Dakota: One jurisdiction indicated that D2f refers to in-house absentee voting; election office is not considered absentee polling place - ballots are all processed at the 22 precincts' polling places. Another jurisdiction noted that the auditor's office was open for voters to absentee vote from 9-28-2012 until 3 P.M. election day.
Virginia: Virginia is not an early voting state. Election offices may not be actual voting locations.
Vermont: One jurisdiction reported that it does not have early voting. One jurisdiction stated that early voters may vote outside the election office at home and return the ballot to the election official before the close of polls on election day. A third jurisdiction stated that voters could vote in the Town Office through November 5, 2012; on November 6, 2012, everyone else had to come to the gymnasium to vote. Four jurisdictions noted that their early voting and election day voting is held in the same place - two at their Town Offices, one at its Town Clerk's Office, and one at its Town Hall. Another jurisdiction commented, "D2f Same place." One jurisdiction stated, "One polling placed at the school gym." Another jurisdiction reported, "D2b. Our election office is not open on election day. D2e. Early voting is conducted in the election office (Town Clerk's Office)."

Washington: In Washington State, polling places are voting centers, centrally located. Each election office is for early voting as well as voting on election day.

West Virginia: Nineteen jurisdictions reported that their election offices were used for both election day voting and early voting. Four jurisdictions indicated that one non-election polling place was used for both election day voting and early voting. One jurisdiction stated that two non-election polling places were sued for both election day voting and early voting.

Wyoming: Five jurisdictions commented that the absentee polling places are not open on election day.

## TABLE 42. NUMBER AND TYPE OF VOTING EQUIPMENT

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Sum of All Voting Equipment (See Notes) | DRE w/o VVPAT |  | DRE w/ VVPAT |  | Hybrid of DRE/Optical Scan |  | Optical or Digital Scan |  | Optical or Digital Scan |  | Punch Card |  | Punch Gard |  | Lever |  | Paper |  | Other-1 |  | Other-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Pct. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pct. | Counters | Pet. | Booths | BpC | Counters | Pet. | Booths | BpC | Total | Pct. | Booths | Pct. | Total | Pet. | Total | Pct. |
| Alabama | 67 | 5,267 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,357 | 44.8 | 2,910 | 55.2 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | .. | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Alaska | 1 | 914 |  | $\cdots$ | 443 | 48.5 |  | $\cdots$ | 338 | 37.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 133 | 14.6 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Arizona | 15 | 3,107 |  | ... | 1,559 | 50.2 | 20 | 0.6 | 1,528 | 49.2 | 14,150 | 455 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Arkansas | 75 | 3,601 | 139 | 3.9 | 3,088 | 85.8 |  | $\ldots$ | 318 | 8.8 | 180 | 5 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 41 | 1.1 | 15 | 0.4 |  |  |
| California | 58 | 25,369 | 98 | 0.4 | 18,996 | 74.9 | 1,013 | 4.0 | 4,397 | 17.3 | 23,289 | 92 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 688 | 2.7 | 50 | 0.2 | 127 | 0.5 |
| Colorado | 64 | 4,544 | 214 | 4.7 | 3,732 | 82.1 |  | $\ldots$ | 598 | 13.2 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Connecticut | 169 | 2,232 |  |  |  |  | 744 | 33.3 | 744 | 33.3 | 8,166 | 366 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 744 | 33.3 |  |  |
| Delaware | 3 | 1,292 | 1,288 | 99.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 579 |  | $\ldots$ | 255 | 44.0 | 167 | 28.8 | 157 | 27.1 | 157 | 27 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Florida | 67 | 13,350 | 4,065 | 30.4 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,190 | 8.9 | 7,839 | 58.7 | 56,054 | 420 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 255 | 1.9 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Georgia | 159 | 26,515 | 26,515 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Hawaii | 4 | 520 |  | $\ldots$ | 260 | 50.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 260 | 50.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Idaho | 44 | 1,590 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 824 | 51.8 | 73 | 4.6 | 6,210 | 391 | 4 | 0.3 | 641 | 160 | 0 | 0.0 | 689 | 43.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 110 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Indiana | 92 | 9,543 | 7,427 | 77.8 |  | $\ldots$ | 869 | 9.1 | 1,239 | 13.0 | 3,605 | 38 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | . | 8 | 0.1 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| lowa | 99 | 3,376 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,688 | 50.0 | 1,688 | 50.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| Kansas | 105 | 6,423 | 3,617 | 56.3 | 1,118 | 17.4 | 606 | 9.4 | 919 | 14.3 | 8,107 | 126 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... | 163 | 2.5 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Kentucky | 120 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  |  |
| Louisiana | 64 | 9,633 | 9,004 | 93.5 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 84 | 0.9 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 545 | 5.7 |  |  |
| Maine | 500 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | ... |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| Maryland | 24 | 17,700 | 17,610 | 99.5 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 90 | 0.5 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 351 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  |  |
| Michigan | 83 | 8,998 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 3,544 | 39.4 | 5,454 | 60.6 |  | . |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  |
| Minnesota | 87 | 6,242 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 3,121 | 50.0 | 3,121 | 50.0 | 23,130 | 371 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 4,693 | 2,515 | 53.6 | 1,758 | 37.5 |  |  | 125 | 2.7 | 408 | 9 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 1 | 0.0 | 294 | 6.3 |  |  |
| Missouri | 116 | 6,978 |  | ... | 3,720 | 53.3 | 336 | 4.8 | 2,807 | 40.2 | 13,679 | 196 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 64 | 0.9 | 51 | 0.7 |
| Montana | 56 | 1,037 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 505 | 48.7 | 345 | 33.3 | 4,353 | 420 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 187 | 18.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| Nebraska | 93 | 1,302 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1,087 | 83.5 | 215 | 16.5 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\cdots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Nevada | 17 | 6,608 |  | $\ldots$ | 6,577 | 99.5 |  | $\ldots$ | 31 | 0.5 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |

TABLE 42. NUMBER AND TYPE OF VOTING EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

|  | Election Juris. in Survey | Sum of All <br> Voting Equipment (See Notes) | DRE w/o VVPAT |  | DRE w/ VVPAT |  | Hybrid of DRE/ Optical Scan |  | Optical or Digital Scan |  | Optical or Digital Scan |  | Punch Gard |  | Punch Gard |  | Lever |  | Paper |  | Other-1 |  | Other-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Pot. | Total | Pot. | Total | Pot. | Counters | Pct. | Booths | BpC | Counters | Pet. | Booths | BpC | Total | Pet. | Booths | Pet. | Total | Pct. | Total | Pct. |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 1,546 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 244 | 15.8 | 9,335 | 604 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 1,302 | 84.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 11,244 | 11,244 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| New Mexico | 33 | 1,202 | 53 | 4.4 | 179 | 14.9 | 413 | 34.4 | 531 | 44.2 | 3,222 | 268 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 26 | 2.2 |
| New York | 62 | 18,649 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 7,567 | 40.6 | 11,082 | 59.4 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |
| North Carolina | 100 | 11,608 | 0 | 0.0 | 7,226 | 62.3 | 1,853 | 16.0 | 2,514 | 21.7 | 18,394 | 158 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 15 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 387 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 384 | 99.2 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 3 | 0.8 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Ohio | 88 | 29,001 |  | $\ldots$ | 25,495 | 87.9 | 718 | 2.5 | 2,769 | 9.5 | 14,844 | 51 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 19 | 0.1 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 2,064 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,064 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |
| Oregon | 36 | 71 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 71 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 22,070 | 21,300 | 96.5 |  | ... | 770 | 3.5 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  | $\ldots$ |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 908 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 454 | 50.0 | 3,971 | 437 |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 454 | 50.0 |  | $\ldots$ |
| South Carolina | 46 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| South Dakota | 66 | 660 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ | 602 | 91.2 | 58 | 8.8 | 148 | 22 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Tennessee | 95 | 8,731 | 8,580 | 98.3 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 151 | 1.7 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Texas | 254 |  |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | . |  | $\ldots$ |
| Utah | 29 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Vermont | 246 | 2,469 | 32 | 1.3 | 5 | 0.2 | 1,278 | 51.8 | 123 | 5.0 | 1,697 | 69 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 978 | 39.6 | 52 | 2.1 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 134 | 8,273 | 7,937 | 95.9 |  | $\ldots$ | 184 | 2.2 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 76 | 0.9 | 76 | 0.9 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Washington | 39 | 426 |  | $\ldots$ | 321 | 75.4 | 19 | 4.5 | 86 | 20.2 | 50 | 12 |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| West Virginia | 55 | 4,667 | 0 | 0.0 | 4,304 | 92.2 | 58 | 1.2 | 205 | 4.4 | 1,737 | 37 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0.0 | 100 | 2.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Wyoming | 23 | 1,154 | 0 | 0.0 | 321 | 27.8 | 360 | 31.2 | 473 | 41.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| American <br> Samoa | 1 | 46 |  | $\ldots$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 46 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Guam | 1 | 3 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | 3 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 23,265 |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 23,265 | 100.0 |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 319,857 | 121,638 | 38.0 | 79,357 | 24.8 | 31,893 | 10.0 | 56,496 | 17.7 | 214,888 | 4 | 4 | 0.0 | 641 | 160 | 0 | 0.0 | 27,677 | 8.7 | 2,586 | 0.8 | 206 | 0.1 |
| States Included |  |  | 17 |  | 18 |  | 26 |  | 40 |  | 23 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 0 |  | 14 |  | 13 |  | 5 |  |
| Question |  | calc | F7a |  | F7b |  | F7c |  | F7d[c] |  | F7d[b] |  | F7e[c] |  | F7e[b] |  | F7f |  | F7g[b] |  | F7h |  | F7i |  |

TABLE 42. NUMBER AND TYPE OF VOTING EQUIPMENT

Question F7. Information on the number and type of voting equipment used in the elections and the purposes for which they are used.

Note: This table is a simple summary of a complex set of information. Researchers are advised to consult the dataset for complete informa $\neg$ tion. The "Sum of All Voting Equipment" is a calculated estimate to enable comparative percentage values. This sum is determined by using the number of machines or counters as well as the number of booths for paper ballots and the "other" types of equipment.

TABLE 43. SUMMARY OF SELECTED FACTORS PER POLLING PLACE

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Polling Places Total | Precincts |  | Registrants |  | Voters |  | Election Day Voters (exc. Provisionals) |  | Provisional Ballots |  | Poll Workers |  | Voting Equipment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP |
| Alabama | 67 | 2,252 | 2,527 | 1.1 | 3,162,135 | 1,404.1 | 2,083,309 | 925.1 |  | $\ldots$ | 6,728 | 3.0 |  |  | 5,267 | 2.3 |
| Alaska | 1 | 533 | 438 | 0.8 | 579,304 | 1,087 | 302,465 | 567 | 203,496 | 382 | 18,255 | 34 | 2,499 | 5 | 914 | 2 |
| Arizona | 15 | 1,537 | 1,667 | 1.1 | 3,725,362 | 2,424 | 2,323,579 | 1,512 | 633,660 | 412 | 183,259 | 119 | 11,700 | 8 | 3,107 | 2 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 1,631 | 2,747 | 1.7 | 1,610,364 | 987 | 1,080,809 | 663 | 565,716 | 347 | 2,592 | 2 | 9,346 | 6 | 3,601 | 2 |
| California | 58 | 14,686 | 24,349 | 1.7 | 18,996,338 | 1,293 | 13,096,097 | 892 | 5,460,518 | 372 | 1,065,156 | 73 | 89,440 | 6 | 25,369 | 2 |
| Colorado | 64 | 1,237 | 2,917 | 2.4 | 3,651,091 | 2,952 | 2,594,628 | 2,098 | 421,980 | 341 | 62,847 | 51 | 10,790 | 9 | 4,544 | 4 |
| Connecticut | 169 | 744 | 744 | 1.0 | 2,202,278 | 2,960 | 1,560,640 | 2,098 |  | $\ldots$ | 963 | 1 | 4,464 | 6 | 2,232 | 3 |
| Delaware | 3 | 285 | 432 | 1.5 | 632,805 | 2,220 | 417,631 | 1,465 | 396,408 | 1,391 | 453 | 2 | 4,129 | 14 | 1,292 | 5 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 151 | 151 | 1.0 | 557,774 | 3,694 | 294,254 | 1,949 | 191,166 | 1,266 | 38,636 | 256 | 1,708 | 11 | 579 | 4 |
| Florida | 67 | 4,928 | 6,242 | 1.3 | 11,934,446 | 2,422 | 8,557,692 | 1,737 | 3,736,946 | 758 | 42,745 | 9 | 52,086 | 11 | 13,350 | 3 |
| Georgia | 159 |  | 2,850 | . | 6,050,050 |  | 3,910,557 |  | 1,979,776 | .. |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 26,515 |  |
| Hawaii | 4 | 240 | 247 | 1.0 | 705,668 | 2,940 | 436,774 | 1,820 | 236,586 | 986 | 711 | 3 | 2,583 | 11 | 520 | 2 |
| Idaho | 44 | 807 | 924 | 1.1 | 895,834 | 1,110 | 666,290 | 826 | 496,546 | 615 |  |  | 5,860 | 7 | 1,590 | 2 |
| Illinois | 110 | 6,520 | 10,088 | 1.5 | 8,116,660 | 1,245 | 5,339,488 | 819 | 4,021,805 | 617 | 43,772 | 7 | 49,357 | 8 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Indiana | 92 | 3,976 | 5,353 | 1.3 | 4,562,268 | 1,147 | 2,663,373 | 670 | 2,073,074 | 521 | 4,801 | 1 | 22,427 | 6 | 9,543 | 2 |
| Iowa | 99 | 1,787 | 1,688 | 0.9 | 2,236,068 | 1,251 | 1,589,951 | 890 | 896,757 | 502 | 4,996 | 3 | 9,821 | 5 | 3,376 | 2 |
| Kansas | 105 | 1,308 | 3,565 | 2.7 | 1,771,252 | 1,354 | 1,115,281 | 853 | 784,825 | 600 | 38,865 | 30 | 8,374 | 6 | 6,423 | 5 |
| Kentucky | 120 | 2,506 | 3,632 | 1.4 | 3,037,153 | 1,212 | 1,815,896 | 725 | 1,710,486 | 683 | 287 | 0 | 15,290 | 6 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Louisiana | 64 | 2,256 | 4,267 | 1.9 | 2,965,751 | 1,315 | 2,014,511 | 893 | 1,650,912 | 732 | 6,862 | 3 | 17,782 | 8 | 9,633 | 4 |
| Maine | 500 | 542 | 563 | 1.0 | 1,026,086 | 1,893 | 724,759 | 1,337 | 536,635 | 990 | 315 | 1 | 5,983 | 11 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Maryland | 24 | 1,636 | 1,865 | 1.1 | 3,694,658 | 2,258 | 2,734,189 | 1,671 | 2,068,656 | 1,264 | 79,876 | 49 | 23,603 | 14 | 17,700 | 11 |
| Massachusetts | 351 | 1,353 | 2,164 | 1.6 | 4,340,000 | 3,208 | 3,184,196 | 2,353 | 2,913,489 | 2,153 | 12,920 | 10 | 18,946 | 14 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Michigan | 83 | 3,688 | 5,454 | 1.5 | 7,454,553 | 2,021 | 4,780,701 | 1,296 | 3,505,208 | 950 | 2,675 | 1 | 37,206 | 10 | 8,998 | 2 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 2,936 | 4,103 | 1.4 | 3,387,783 | 1,154 | 2,950,780 | 1,005 | 2,640,446 | 899 |  | $\ldots$ | 27,602 | 9 | 6,242 | 2 |
| Mississippi | 82 | 1,396 | 1,376 | 1.0 | 1,399,209 | 1,002 | 889,914 | 637 | 708,020 | 507 | 22,478 | 16 | 6,974 | 5 | 4,693 | 3 |
| Missouri | 116 | 2,913 | 4,615 | 1.6 | 4,191,778 | 1,439 | 2,840,776 | 975 | 2,567,998 | 882 | 6,393 | 2 | 21,588 | 7 | 6,978 | 2 |
| Montana | 56 | 422 | 794 | 1.9 | 681,608 | 1,615 | 491,966 | 1,166 | 198,775 | 471 | 5,562 | 13 | 4,201 | 10 | 1,037 | 2 |
| Nebraska | 93 | 1,182 | 1,394 | 1.2 | 1,163,871 | 985 | 815,568 | 690 | 595,284 | 504 | 15,130 | 13 | 8,322 | 7 | 1,302 | 1 |
| Nevada | 17 | 556 | 1,935 | 3.5 | 1,258,409 | 2,263 | 1,017,772 | 1,831 | 305,122 | 549 | 8,329 | 15 | 5,165 | 9 | 6,608 | 12 |

TABLE 43. SUMMARY OF SELECTED FACTORS PER POLLING PLACE (CONTINUED)

| State | Election Juris. in Survey | Polling Places Total | Precincts |  | Registrants |  | Voters |  | Election Day Voters (exc. Provisionals) |  | Provisional Ballots |  | Poll Workers |  | Voting Equipment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP | Total | per PP |
| New Hampshire | 320 | 307 | 336 | 1.1 | 878,136 | 2,860 | 718,700 | 2,341 | 654,450 | 2,132 | 0 | 0 | 2,392 | 8 | 1,546 | 5 |
| New Jersey | 21 | 3,409 | 6,440 | 1.9 | 5,415,639 | 1,589 | 3,677,463 | 1,079 | 3,047,584 | 894 | 97,481 | 29 |  | $\ldots$ | 11,244 | 3 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 856 | 1,393 | 1.6 | 1,252,438 | 1,463 | 679,080 | 793 | 225,870 | 264 | 6,630 | 8 | 7,671 | 9 | 1,202 | 1 |
| New York | 62 | 5,111 | 13,966 | 2.7 | 11,720,541 | 2,293 | 7,128,852 | 1,395 | 4,342,214 | 850 | 451,868 | 88 | 82,811 | 16 | 18,649 | 4 |
| North Carolina | 100 | 3,121 | 2,756 | 0.9 | 6,655,291 | 2,132 | 4,539,729 | 1,455 | 1,743,642 | 559 | 51,192 | 16 | 23,020 | 7 | 11,608 | 4 |
| North Dakota | 53 | 297 | 426 | 1.4 |  | $\ldots$ | 326,239 | 1,098 | 230,890 | 777 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,286 | 4 | 387 | 1 |
| Ohio | 88 | 4,779 | 9,242 | 1.9 | 7,987,697 | 1,671 | 5,632,423 | 1,179 | 3,547,582 | 742 | 208,087 | 44 | 45,556 | 10 | 29,001 | 6 |
| Oklahoma | 77 | 2,021 | 1,958 | 1.0 | 2,114,489 | 1,046 | 1,343,380 | 665 | 1,163,957 | 576 | 5,313 | 3 | 7,489 | 4 | 2,064 | 1 |
| Oregon | 36 | 36 | 1,399 | 38.9 | 2,199,360 | 61,093 | 1,820,507 | 50,570 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,771 | 49 | 1,402 | 39 | 71 | 2 |
| Pennsylvania | 67 | 9,283 | 9,249 | 1.0 | 8,352,342 | 900 | 5,783,621 | 623 | 5,488,684 | 591 | 49,000 | 5 |  | $\ldots$ | 22,070 | 2 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 453 | 453 | 1.0 | 725,309 | 1,601 | 451,593 | 997 | 423,691 | 935 | 2,357 | 5 | 3,016 | 7 | 908 | 2 |
| South Carolina | 46 | 2,191 | 2,145 | 1.0 | 2,875,121 | 1,312 | 1,981,516 | 904 | 1,525,284 | 696 | 5,473 | 2 | 13,213 | 6 |  | $\cdots$ |
| South Dakota | 66 | 602 | 785 | 1.3 | 523,410 | 869 | 368,816 | 613 | 209,102 | 347 | 441 | 1 | 2,827 | 5 | 660 | 1 |
| Tennessee | 95 | 2,204 | 2,089 | 0.9 | 4,024,960 | 1,826 | 2,480,182 | 1,125 | 1,006,868 | 457 | 7,089 | 3 | 15,879 | 7 | 8,731 | 4 |
| Texas | 254 | 6,399 | 9,142 | 1.4 | 13,690,729 | 2,140 | 7,993,851 | 1,249 | 5,606 | 1 | 50,787 | 8 | 36,019 | 6 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Utah | 29 |  | 2,105 | . | 1,508,372 |  | 1,023,036 | $\ldots$ | 573,149 | .. | 53,483 |  | 4,850 | . |  |  |
| Vermont | 246 | 459 | 262 | 0.6 | 460,817 | 1,004 | 304,509 | 663 | 219,399 | 478 | 19 | 0 | 3,055 | 7 | 2,469 | 5 |
| Virginia | 134 | 694 | 632 | 0.9 | 5,428,091 | 7,821 | 3,896,846 | 5,615 | 3,431,110 | 4,944 | 12,862 | 19 | 24,691 | 36 | 8,273 | 12 |
| Washington | 39 | 62 | 6,975 | 112.5 | 3,904,959 | 62,983 | 3,206,490 | 51,718 | 11,828 | 191 | 6,832 | 110 | 782 | 13 | 426 | 7 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 1,896 | 1,853 | 1.0 | 1,246,559 | 657 | 685,099 | 361 | 521,311 | 275 | 3,152 | 2 | 7,263 | 4 | 4,667 | 2 |
| Wisconsin | 3,541 | 3,541 | 3,541 | 1.0 | 3,987,248 | 1,126 | 3,078,135 | 869 | 2,413,557 | 682 | 135 | 0 | 34,902 | 10 |  | . |
| Wyoming | 23 | 306 | 482 | 1.6 | 240,438 | 786 | 250,701 | 819 | 183,413 | 599 | 33 | 0 | 2,449 | 8 | 1,154 | 4 |
| American Samoa | 1 | 46 | 18 | 0.4 | 17,764 | 386 | 13,167 | 286 | 11,903 | 259 | 0 | 0 | 336 | 7 | 46 | 1 |
| Guam | 1 | 22 | 58 | 2.6 | 50,701 | 2,305 | 34,075 | 1,549 | 32,492 | 1,477 | 144 | 7 | 286 | 13 | 3 | 0 |
| Puerto Rico | 1 | 7,865 | 110 | 0.0 | 2,402,941 | 306 | 1,878,969 | 239 | 1,829,762 | 233 | 12,715 | 2 | 89,413 | 11 | 23,265 | 3 |
| Virgin Islands | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sum of Above | 8,154 | 119,968 | 176,906 | 1.5 | 193,653,908 | 1,614 | 131,590,825 | 1,097 | 74,343,638 | 620 | 2,702,470 | 23 | 887,854 | 7 | 319,857 | 3 |
| States Included |  |  | 54 |  | 53 |  | 54 |  | 51 |  | 48 |  | 50 |  | 46 |  |
| Question |  | D2a | D1 |  | A1 |  | F1a |  | F1b |  | E1 |  | D3 |  | F7:calc |  |

TABLE 43. SUMMARY OF SELECTED FACTORS PER POLLING PLACE

Questions A1, D1, D2, D3, E1, F1, F7. Calculations for selected factors per polling place.
Note: This table summarizes information from several tables and calculates the value of the unit in each category per polling place. These values are provided to give an overview of the distribution of these factors amongst the States and are merely illustrative.

## APPENDIX C

## Questionnaire



## U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION 2012 Election Administration \& Voting Survey

The ongoing process of improving America's election systems relies in part on having accurate data about the way Americans cast their ballots. In 2002, Congress chartered the U.S. Election Assistance Commission (EAC) to collect information on the state of American elections and make it widely available to policy makers, advocates, scholars, journalists and the general public. Since 2004, the Commission has sponsored a biennial survey as its primary tool for fulfilling that mission. We are pleased to present the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey, and we ask for your help in making it the most complete and accurate survey in its history.
The questions below ask for information about ballots cast; voter registration; overseas and military voting; Election Day activities; voting technology; and other important issues. The section concerning the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Voting Act (UOCAVA) serves as the EAC's standardized format for state reporting of UOCAVA voting information as required by 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-1. States that complete and timely submit this section to the EAC will fulfill their UOCAVA reporting requirement under 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-1(c). Additionally, EAC is mandated by the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) to collection information from states concerning the impact of that statute on the administration of Federal elections. With this information EAC is required to make a report to Congress and provide recommendations for the improvement of Federal and State procedures, forms, and other NVRA matters. States that timely respond to all questions in this survey concerning voter registration related matters will meet their NVRA reporting requirements under 42 U.S.C. § $1973 \mathrm{gg}-7$ and EAC regulations.

The EAC recognizes the burden that asking for this data places on state and local election officials, and we have worked to minimize that burden as much as possible.

In advance, we thank you for your cooperation and look forward to answering any questions you might have.

Information supplied by:

| Name | Title |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Office/Agency name |  |  |  |
| Address 1 | State | Zip Code |  |
| Address 2 |  |  |  |
| City |  |  |  |
| E-mail address |  |  |  |
| Telephone (area code and number) | Extension | Fax number (area code and number) |  |

## Instructions for Completing the 2012 Election Administration \& Voting Survey

1. This survey collects information on election administration issues in local election offices (typically counties or townships) that are responsible for the administration of the November 2012 general election. As such, all data should be reported at the level of the local jurisdiction. However, the State or Territorial level election office may fill out any or all of the information on behalf of the local election offices under its jurisdiction.
2. Do not leave items blank - always provide an answer to the question asked using the "Data not available" or "Other" categories discussed below, if needed.
3. Use the "Data not available" box if the question asks for details that are not required by your state law or the question asks for information that is not currently collected.
4. You may find it helpful to read an entire section before answering any of the questions in that section.
5. Please attempt to record data according to the categories as they are defined in the question. If your jurisdiction uses a different data classification scheme (for instance, collects data in such a way that combines two or more categories listed in a question), you can use the space provided for "Other" to provide numbers and details on these categories. Use as many "Other" categories as you need to adequately report the relevant statistics for your jurisdiction. If you enter information into the "Other" field, please use the comments field to provide an explanation for the answer.

In the example below, the jurisdiction does not collect separate statistics on the number of duplicate and rejected registration forms, but instead has only one number that represents the total number of registration forms that are either duplicated/or rejected.

## EXAMPLE:

A5. In order to evaluate the workflow of your office over the last election cycle, enter the total number of registration forms your jurisdiction received from all sources during the period from the close of registration for the November 2010 general election until the close of registration for the November 2012 general election. Include here any Election Day or Same Day registrations, if applicable. Also include any special categories of voters who may have extended deadlines, such as returning military personnel, if applicable.
 available

Next, divide the total number of registration application forms received (as entered in A5a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A4a.

A5b. New registrations
A5c. Invalid or rejected (other than duplicates)
A5d. Duplicate of existing registration
A5e. Changes to name, party or within-jurisdiction address change
A5f. Moved into jurisdiction but was registered elsewhere in the state
A5g. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: duplicate and invalid registrations combined
A5h. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: TOTAL


## SECTION A

## VOTER REGISTRATION

EAC is mandated by the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) to collection information from states concerning the impact of that statute on the administration of Federal elections. With this information EAC is required to make a report to Congress and provide recommendations for the improvement of Federal and State procedures, forms, and other NVRA matters. States that timely respond to all questions in this survey concerning voter registration related matters will meet their NVRA reporting requirements under 42 U.S.C. § 1973gg-7 and EAC regulations.

## Roadmap to Section A:

- A1, A2 and A3 ask for information about the number of registered voters in your jurisdiction and how you calculate those statistics.
- A4 asks for information about registration activity on days in which it was possible for a person to both register and vote on the same day.
- A5 asks for information on all registration forms for all types of registration transactions (successful and unsuccessful) received by your office.
- A6 asks for the sources of all registration forms (both successful and unsuccessful).
- A7 asks for the sources of new registrations.
- A8 asks for the sources of duplicate registrations.
- A9 asks for the sources of invalid or rejected registrations.
- A10 asks for information on removal notices sent under NVRA Section 8(d) 2.
- A11 asks for the number of voters removed from the voter registration rolls and the reason for their removal.

A1. Enter the total number of persons in your jurisdiction who were registered and eligible to vote in the November $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ general election. Include all persons eligible to vote in the election including special categories of voters with extended deadlines (such as returning military). Do not include any persons under the age of 18 who may be registered under a "pre-registration" program.
A1a. Total ............................................................................ $\quad \square$
available

## A1 Comments

A2. When you report the number of registered voters in your jurisdiction for the November 2012 general election (as in A1a) do you include both active and inactive voters in the count, or does your jurisdiction only include active voters? (Select only one)

A2a. Jurisdiction uses both active and inactive registered voters $\qquad$
$\square$
A2b. Jurisdiction only uses active registered voters $\qquad$
$\square$
A2c. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$ _............................................................................... $\square$

## A2 Comments

A3. Enter the total number of persons who were registered and eligible to vote in the November 2012 general election into the following categories. Do not include any persons under the age of 18 who may be registered under a "pre-registration" program.

A3b. Inactive


## A3 Comments

A4. If your state's laws allowed any voters to register and then to vote on the same day, enter the total number of registration forms received on those days in which it was possible to both register for and vote in the November 2012 general election on the same day. This question includes jurisdictions in states that have formal Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration and those states that have other situations that provide Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration. This question includes jurisdictions in states that permit Election Day Registration for voting for office of President, such as Connecticut and Rhode Island.
A4a. Total new registrations. $\square$ .Data not available
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Not applicable

A4b. Are the numbers you provided for question A4a because your state allows Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration for all voters, or does your answer come from a difference circumstance?.....Yes, our state has Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration.No, our state does not have formal Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration, but some voters were able to register and vote on the same day for the 2012 election.... Other $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$
$\square \ldots$ Not applicable.

## A4 Comments


#### Abstract

A5. In order to evaluate the workflow of your office over the last election cycle, enter the total number of forms your jurisdiction received from all sources during the period from the close of registration for the November 2010 general election until the close of registration for the November 2012 general election. Include any forms that were processed, such as changes to name, party or address, duplicates, or pre-registrations. Include here any Election Day or Same Day registrations, if applicable. Also include any special categories of voters who may have extended deadlines such as returning military personnel, if applicable.


A5a. Total


Next, divide the total number of registration application forms received (as entered in A5a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A5a.

|  |
| :---: |
| A5b. New valid registrations (excluding pre-registrations of persons under 18)... |
| A5c. New "pre" registrations of persons under age 18 .................................... |
| A5d. Duplicate of existing valid registration |
| A5e. Invalid or rejected (other than duplicates) |
| A5f. Changes to name, party or within-jurisdiction address change .................. |
| A5g. Address changes that cross jurisdiction borders. |
| A5h. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |
| A5i. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |
| A5j. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |
| A5k. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |
| A5I. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |
| TOTAL |

## A5 Comments

A6a through A6o: Divide the total number of all registration forms received (as entered in A5a) into the following sources. A7a through A70: Divide the total number of new registration forms received (as entered in A5b) into the following sources. A8a through A80: Divide the total number of duplicate registration forms received (as entered in A5d) into the following sources. A9a through A90: Divide the total number of invalid or rejected registration forms (as entered in A5e) received into the following sources.


A10. Enter the total number of confirmation notices sent to voters in the period between the close of registration for the November 2010 general election and the close of registration for the November 2012 general election, because the person had not voted or appeared to vote in the two previous federal elections (per NVRA Section 8 (d) (2)).

A10a. Total $\square$ .... $\square$ Data not available

Next, divide the total number of confirmation notices mailed (as entered in A10a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A10a.

|  | Data not available |
| :---: | :---: |
| A10b. Received back from voters confirming registration | $\square . . . . . \square$ |
| A10c. Received back confirming registration should be invalidated. |  |
| A10d. Returned back as undeliverable |  |
| A10e. Status unknown (neither received confirmation nor returned undeliverable). | ....... |
| A10f. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| A10g. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| A10h. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| TOTAL | A10a |

A10 Comments

A11. Enter the total number of voters removed from the voter registration rolls in your jurisdiction in the period between the close of registration for the November 2010 general election and the close of registration for the November 2012 general election. Note this question asks for those ineligible to vote, not merely those moved into an "inactive" status.

A11a. Total $\square$ .. Data not available

Next, divide the total number of voters removed (as entered in A11a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A11a.


A11 Comments

## SECTION B UNIFORMED \& OVERSEAS CITIZENS ABSENTEE VOTING ACT (UOCAVA)

Section B serves as the EAC's standardized format for the state reporting of UOCAVA voting information as required by 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-1. States that complete and timely submit this section to the EAC will fulfill their UOCAVA reporting requirement under 42 U.S.C §1973ff-1(c).
Pursuant UOCAVA, this section collects various data elements needed to determine: (1) the combined number of absentee ballots transmitted to UOCAVA voters; (2) the combined number of ballots returned by UOCAVA voters; and (3) the combined number of returned ballots cast by UOCAVA voters (the number of cast ballots is practically determined by collecting data concerning the total votes counted and rejected).

## Roadmap to Section B:

- B1 and B2 ask for information about the number and type of UOCAVA absentee ballots transmitted.
- B3 asks for the number and type of all UOCAVA ballots returned and submitted for counting.
- B4, B5, B6, and B7 asks for information on the type of UOCAVA ballot returned by type of UOCAVA voter.
- B8 asks for the number and type of all UOCAVA ballots counted.
- B9, B10, B11, and B12 asks for information on the type of UOCAVA ballot counted by type of UOCAVA voter.
- B13 asks for the number and type of all UOCAVA ballots rejected.
- B14 asks for information on reasons why UOCAVA ballots were rejected.
- B15, B16, B17, and B18 asks for information on the type of UOCAVA ballot rejected by type of UOCAVA voter.

B1. Enter the total number of absentee ballots transmitted to UOCAVA voters for the November 2012 general election.

B1a. Total $\square$
$\square$ Data not available

Next, divide the total number of absentee ballots transmitted to UOCAVA voters (as entered in B1a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in B1a.


## B1 Comments

B2. Of the UOCAVA absentee ballots transmitted (as entered in B1a) how many were:

|  | Data not available |
| :---: | :---: |
| B2a. Returned by voter and submitted for counting (include both those that were counted and those that were rejected) $\qquad$ |  |
| B2b. Returned as undeliverable |  |
| B2c. Spoiled or replaced ballots |  |
| B2d. Status unknown (neither returned undeliverable nor returned from voter)... | $\square$ |
| B2e. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| B2f. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| B2g. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: |  |
| TOTAL | a |

## B2 Comments

B3. Enter the total number of all UOCAVA ballots (including regular UOCAVA absentee ballots and Federal Write-in Absentee Ballots (FWAB)) returned by UOCAVA voters and submitted for counting for the November 2012 general election. Please include both those ballots that were later counted and those that were rejected. Do not include ballots that were returned undeliverable.

B3a. Total $\square$ ..... $\square$ Data not available

## B3 Comments

B4a through B4c. Divide the total number of UOCAVA ballots returned by UOCAVA voters and submitted for counting (as entered in B3) into each category of UOCAVA voter below.

Next, for each type of UOCAVA voter, enter the number of:

- B5a through B5c: Regular UOCAVA absentee ballots returned and submitted for counting.
- B6a through B6c: FWAB returned and submitted for counting.
- B7a through B7c: Other type of ballots returned and submitted for counting.

Of the total UOCAVA ballots returned (as entered in B3), how many were ballots of each of the following ballot types:

Type of UOCAVA voter:
a. Uniformed services voters - domestic or foreign
b. Non-military/civilian overseas voters
c. Other type of voter $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$
$\square$ B3

| B4. All UOCAVA <br> ballots | B5. Absentee <br> ballots |  | B6. FWAB |  | B7. Other type of <br> ballot $\rightarrow$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NA <br> $\nabla$ |  | NA <br> $\nabla$ |  | NA |  |
| $\nabla$ |  |  | NA <br> $\nabla$ |  |  |  |

TOTAL
$\square$



B4, B5, B6, and B7 Comments
$\square$

B8. Enter the total number of all UOCAVA ballots (including regular UOCAVA absentee ballots and FWAB) counted in the November 2012 general election.

B8a. Total $\qquad$
$\square$ .................. $\square$ Data not available

B8 Comments

B9a through B9c. Divide the total number of UOCAVA ballots counted (as entered in B8) into each category of UOCAVA voter below.

Next, for each type of UOCAVA voter, enter the number of:

- B10a through B10c: Regular UOCAVA absentee ballots counted.
- B11a through B11c: FWAB counted.
- B12a through B12c: Other type of ballots counted.


B9, B10, B11 and B12 Comments

B13. Enter the total number of UOCAVA ballots (including regular UOCAVA absentee ballots and FWAB) rejected in the November 2012 general election.

B13a. Total.................... $\quad . . . \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$.

## B13 Comments

B14. Please divide the total number of all UOCAVA ballots rejected (as entered in B13a) into the following categories indicating the reason the absentee ballots were rejected. The amounts should sum to the total provided in B13a.


## B14 Comments

B15a through B15c. Divide the total number of UOCAVA ballots rejected (as entered in B13) into each category of UOCAVA voter below.

Next, for each type of UOCAVA voter, enter the number of:

- B16a through B16c: Regular UOCAVA absentee ballots rejected.
- B17a through B17c: FWAB rejected.
- B18a through B18c: Other type of ballots rejected.

Type of UOCAVA voter:
a. Uniformed services voters - domestic or foreign
b. Non-military/civilian overseas voters
c. Other type of voter $\rightarrow$ comments $\qquad$


## B15, B16, B17, and B18 Comments

## SECTION C Domestic Civilian Absentee Ballots

## Roadmap to Section C.

- C1 asks for information about absentee ballots transmitted and the status of the transmitted ballots.
- C2 and C3 ask for information on any voters who may be registered as permanent absentee voters.
- C4 asks for information on the status of absentee ballots returned and submitted for counting.
- C5 asks for information on the reasons absentee ballots were rejected.

C1. Enter the total number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted to voters for the November 2012 general election. Do not include absentee ballots transmitted to UOCAVA voters
C1a. Total $\square$ .... Data not available

Next, divide the total number of absentee ballots transmitted to voters (as entered in C1a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in C1a.


## C1 Comments

$\square$

C2. Does your jurisdiction have a permanent absentee voter registration list in which voters may apply to receive an absentee (or mail) ballot for subsequent elections without further application? Do not include UOCAVA voters.
$\square$
....... Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to question C3.
$\square \ldots . .$. No $\rightarrow$ Skip to question C4.

## C2 Comments

C3. Of the total number of domestic civilian absentee ballots transmitted (as entered in C 1 ) how many ballots were sent to voters in your jurisdiction because they appear on a permanent absentee (or mail) ballot voter registration list?
Total $\square$ ..Data not available

C3 Comments

C4. Of the total number of absentee ballots returned by voters and submitted for counting (as entered in C1b) how many ballots were:


## C4 Comments

C5. Please divide the total number of domestic civilian absentee ballots rejected (as entered in C4b) into the following categories indicating the reason why the absentee ballots were rejected. The amounts should sum to the total provided in C4b.


## C5 Comments

## SECTION D Election Administration

- D1 asks for information on the number of precincts in your jurisdiction
- D2 asks for information on the number and type of polling places in your jurisdiction
- D3, D4, and D5 ask for information on poll workers utilized in the November 2012 general election.


## D1. Enter the total number of precincts in your jurisdictions for the November 2012 general election.

D1a. Total $\square$
$\square$ Data not available

## D1 Comments

$\square$

D2. Enter the total number of physical polling places in your jurisdiction for the November 2012 general election. Please include physical polling places in operation on Election Day and physical polling places in operation before Election Day (such as early vote centers).

D2a. Total $\square$
$\square$ Data not available

Next, divide the total physical polling places in your jurisdiction (as entered in D2a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in D2a. If you do not include election offices in your count of polling places, enter 0 .

Election Day voting


## Early voting



## D2 Comments

D3. Enter the total number of poll workers used in your jurisdiction for the November 2012 general election.

- Poll workers may include election judges, booth workers, wardens, commissioners, or other similar terms that refer to persons who verify the identity of a voter; assist the voter with signing the register, affidavits or other documents required to cast a ballot; assist the voter by providing the voter with a ballot or setting up the voting machine for the voter; and serving other functions as dictated by State law.
- Include all people recruited specifically for the purposes of working at physical polling places in operation on and/or before Election Day, but, do not include observers stationed at the polling places or regular office staff.

D3a. Total $\square$ .. $\square$ Data not available

## D3 Comments

D4. If your jurisdiction has data on the ages of its poll workers (for example, from voter registration records, payroll records or from poll worker applications), enter the total number of poll workers in each age category.

D4a. Under 18 years old
D4b. 18 to 25
D4c. 26 to 40
D4d. 41 to 60
D4e. 61 to 70
D4f. 71 years old and over $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Data not available

## D4 Comments

D5. How difficult or easy was it for your jurisdiction to obtain a sufficient number of poll workers for the November 2012 general election?...... Very difficult...... Somewhat difficult... Neither difficult nor easySomewhat easy.. Very easy
$\square$....... Not enough information to answer

## D5 Comments

## SECTION E Provisional Ballots

- E1 asks for the information on the number and status of provisional ballots submitted.
- E2 asks for the information on reasons why provisional ballots were rejected.


## E1. Enter the total number of voters who submitted provisional ballots in the November 2012 general election. <br> E1a.Total

$\square$ ..... Data not available

Next, divide the total number of voters who submitted provisional ballots in the November $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ general election (as entered in E1) into the following categories.

E1b. Counted the full ballot
E1c. Counted part of the ballot
E1d. Rejected ballot
E1e. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$


## E1 Comments

E2. Please divide the total number of provisional ballots rejected (as entered in E1d) into the following categories indicating the reason the provision ballots were rejected. The amounts should sum to the total provided in E1d.


## SECTION F

Election Day Activities

- F1 and F2 ask for turnout figures for the November 2012 general election and the source used to arrive at this number.
- F3 asks for the number of first time voters who registered to vote by mail and, under HAVA 303(b), were required to provide identification in order to vote.
- F4 asks for information on electronic poll books or electronic lists of voters that may have been used.
- F5 and F6 ask for information on printed poll books or printed lists of voters that may have been used.
- F7 asks for the type of primary voting equipment used.
- F8 solicits any additional comments jurisdictions may wish to share regarding their Election Day experiences.

F1. Enter the total number of people in your jurisdiction who participated in the November 2012 general election. Include all type of voters (civilian and military) by all types of ballots. Include rejected provisional ballots only if your jurisdiction credits the person's vote history even though the provisional ballot was rejected.

F1a. Total $\square$Data not available

Next, divide the total number people who participated in the November 2012 general election (as entered in F1a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in F1a.

Data not available

F1b. Voted at a physical polling place on Election Day (not including provisional ballots or absentee ballots dropped off at the polls).
F1c. UOCAVA voters who voted via absentee or FWAB (as in B2a)
F1d. Voted using a domestic civilian absentee ballot (as in C1b)
F1e. Voted using a provisional ballot (as in E1)
F1f. Voted at an early vote center (as in D2e,f,g)..
F1g. Voted by mail in a vote by mail jurisdiction
F1h. Other $\rightarrow$ comments:
F1i. Other $\rightarrow$ comments:
$\qquad$

F1j. Other $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$ ................................................................... $\square$
…........................................ $\square$ TOTAL

$$
\text { .......................................... } \quad \text { F1a }
$$

## F1 Comments

F2. Indicate the source used to arrive at the total number of voters entered in F1a. (Select only one source.)...... Number of voters checked off by poll workers or who signed poll books at physical polling places plus the number of UOCAVA and other absentee or early voters.$\ldots . .$. Number of ballots counted at precincts and/or at a central location (including UOCAVA and other absentee or early vote ballots)... Number of voters generated after "vote history" has been added...... Number of votes cast for the highest office on the ballot...... Other: $\rightarrow$ comments: $\qquad$

F2 Comments

F3. HAVA 303(b) states that all first-time voters in a State who registered to vote by mail are required to provide identification in order to vote and have their ballot counted. Enter the number of voters who provided identification and were able to vote in the November 2012 general election in your jurisdiction.

Total $\quad \square \ldots . \square$ Data not available
.................. $\square$ Not applicable
F3 Comments
$\square$

F4. Were electronic poll books or electronic lists of voters used at the polling place for the November 2012 general election in your jurisdiction to (select either Yes or No for each item):


## F4 Comments

$\square$

F5. Did your jurisdiction use printed lists of registered voters at the polls in the November 2012 Federal general election?
Yes ........................................... $\square \rightarrow$ Continue to F6
No ............................................... $\square \rightarrow$ Skip to F7
Information unavailable .............. $\square \rightarrow$ Skip to F7

F5 Comments
$\square$

F6. Did your state print and ship the printed poll books to your local jurisdiction or did your jurisdiction arrange for the printing of the poll books? (Select only one.)

| Jurisdiction arranged for printing of poll books $\qquad$ Combination of printing by the state and local jurisdiction Information unavailable $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

F6 Comments

F7. Enter information on the number and type of voting equipment used for the 2012 November general election. Then, for each type of voting equipment, please identify how the machines were used in the voting process and where the ballots from that machine type were tallied. Do not include backup systems that were not actually used.

| Type of Equipment | Number used | Make | Model | Version | Vendor | Machine use (select all that apply) | Location of Vote Tally (select all that apply) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F7a. Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) <br> (Not Equipped with Voter Verified Paper Audit Trail (VVPAT)) | $\square$ Not Available | Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |
| F7b. Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) <br> (Equipped with VVPAT) | $\square$ Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |




| Type of Equipment | Number used | Make | Model | Version | Vendor | Machine use (select all that apply) | Location of Vote Tally (select all that apply) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F7e. Punch Card | Number of counters: |  | Not <br> Available | $\square$ Not <br> Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  | Number of booths: |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available Place |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Absentee | $\square$ A Central Location Not Available |
|  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |  |  |
| F7f. Lever | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not |  | $\begin{aligned} & \square \text { Not } \\ & \text { Available } \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ NotAvailable | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters |  |  |  | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting |  |  |  | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |  |  |  |


| Type of Equipment | Number used | Make | Model | Version | Vendor | Machine use (select all that apply) | Location of Vote Tally (select all that apply) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F7g. Hand-counted paper ballots (not optical scan system) | Number of booths: |  |  |  |  | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | $\square$ A Central Location $\square$ Precinct/Polling Place $\square$ Not Available Place |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | $\square$ A Central Location $\square$ Precinct/Polling Place $\square$ Not Available Place $\square$ A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | $\square$ A Central Location $\square$ Precinct/Polling Place $\square$ Not Available Place |
|  | $\square$ Not Available |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | $\square$ A Central Location $\square$ Precinct/Polling Place $\square$ Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Absentee | A Central Location Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |
| F7h. Other | Not <br> Available | $\square$ Not Available | Not Available | Not <br> Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | $\square$ A Central Location $\square$ Precinct/Polling Place $\square$ Not Available Place |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Absentee | A Central Location Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |


| Type of Equipment | Number used | Make | Model | Version | Vendor | Machine use (select all that apply) | Location of Vote Tally (select all that apply) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F7i. Other | $\begin{aligned} & \square \text { Not } \\ & \text { Available } \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | $\square$ Not Available | Not Available | $\square$ In-Precinct regular ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Special Device accessible to disabled voters | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Provisional Ballot voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Early Vote Site voting | A Central Location Precinct/Polling Place Not Available Place |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Absentee | A Central Location Not Available |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Not Available |  |

F8. The U.S. Election Assistance Commission welcomes any general comments the jurisdiction may wish to share regarding its Election Day experiences (e.g., problems with voting system anomalies ${ }^{*}$, recounts, staffing, challenges to eligibility, long lines, etc.), or note-worthy success in administering the November 2012 general election. Please feel free to attach additional pages as necessary.

* An anomaly is defined as an irregular or inconsistent action or response from the voting system or system component resulting in some disruption to the election process. Incidents resulting from administrator error or procedural deficiencies are not considered anomalies for purposes of this survey question (EAC Voting Systems Testing and Certification Program Manual).

END OF SURVEY

THANK YOU FOR RESPONDING TO THIS SURVEY
*This information collection is required for the U.S. Election Assistance Commission (EAC) to meet its statutory requirements under the Help America Vote Act (HAVA) of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 15301), the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) (42 U.S.C. 1973gg-1 et seq.), and the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voters Act (UOCAVA) (42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1). Respondent's obligation to reply to this information collection is mandatory as required under NVRA (42 U.S.C. 1973gg-1 et seq.) and UOCAVA (42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1); respondents include the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. Territories. This information will be made publicly available on the EAC Web site (http://www.eac.gov). According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is OMB Control No. 3265-0006 (expires 5/31/2013). The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 88 hours per State response. This estimate includes the time for reviewing the instructions, gathering information, and completing the form. Comments regarding this burden estimate should be sent the U.S. Election Assistance Commission - 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey, 1201 New York Avenue, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20005.

U.S. Election Assistance Commission

1201 New York Avenue, NW • Suite 300 • Washington, DC 20005 • 866-747-1471 (toll free)•HAVAinfo@eac.gov • www.eac.gov


[^0]:    5 States were allowed to change the list of jurisdictions to match their own reporting and administration systems. Some States, particularly those with township systems, may change the number of local jurisdictions administering elections from year to year, as towns run joint elections to ease the administrative burden.

    6 The Virgin Islands did not respond. Its name appears in the tables but without any data.

[^1]:    10 This excludes North Dakota, which has no voter registration, and Alaska and the District of Columbia, which reported registration rates over $100 \%$ of the estimated voting age population.
    11 North Dakota does not have voter registration and therefore does not make a distinction between active and inactive voters.

[^2]:    14 Most States used a combination of methods.

[^3]:    17 A partially counted ballot means the jurisdiction counted only the races for which the voter was eligible.

[^4]:    18 Fewer jurisdictions reported the number of physical polling places than reported the number of precincts.

[^5]:    19 EAC has worked to encourage the recruitment of young poll workers through its College Poll Worker Grant Program, which has awarded grants to colleges and nonprofit organizations to work with election offices to recruit, train, and support college student poll workers.

