

ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 VSTL Certification Test Plan

Prepared for Election System & Software 11208 John Galt Blvd. Omaha, NE 68137 EAC Application # ESS0703

Version 1.0

	Trace to Standards					
	NIST Handbook 150-22					
4.2	4.2.3, 5.3.5, 5.3.6, 5.4.2, 5.4.6, 5.5.1, 5.7 thru 5.7.3					
	HA	VA				
	3	01				
	VVS VVSG					
Vol.	Section(s) #	Vol.	Section(s) #			
#		#				
1	2, 3, 4, 5, & 6	1	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, & 7			
1	9.6.2.1	2	1.8.2.1			
2	2, 3, 4, 5, & 6	2	2, 3, 4, 5, & 6			
2	Appendix A	2	Appendix A			

iBeta Quality Assurance is accredited for Voting System Testing under:



EAC Lab Code: 0702 - Effective thru 7/16/11

NVLAP LAB CODE 200749-0

	Version History							
Ver#	Description of Change	Author	Approved by	Date				
v.1.0	Initial release to the EAC	Carolyn Coggins	Carolyn Coggins & Sue Munguia	9/18/09				

This Test Plan follows the format identified NOC 09-001

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1 Introduction

This Test Plan identifies iBeta Quality Assurance's (iBeta) approach to VSTL Certification Testing of the Election System & Software (ES&S) Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system to the Voting System Standards 2002 (VSS 2002). The purpose of this plan is to document the scope and detail the requirements of certification testing tailored to the design and complexity of software being tested and the type of voting system hardware.

The ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system has been submitted to iBeta for testing to support ES&S' application # ESS00703 (originally identified as Unity 3.0.1.0 w/ ATS 1.3) to the US Election Assistance Commission (EAC) for certification to the VSS 2002. This application is a change to the EAC certification **ESSUnity3200** voting system. Per the process outlined in VSS 2002 v.1: 9.5.2 *Modifications to Qualified Systems*, ES&S is submitting the following:

Modifications to ESSUnity3200 Configuration in Unity 3.2.1.0

Hardware and Firmware changes to the Unity 3.2.0.0 Certified System for Unity 3.2.1.0:

- Addition of the M100 Hardware v.1.3.0 and Firmware v.5.4.0.0
- ERM v.7.5.5.0 is a change to address Issue #104 transferred from Unity 3.2.0.0 (ERM v.7.5.4.0) Functional changes to Unity 3.2.0.0 Certified System for Unity 3.2.1.0:
 - Modification of the work environment to permit networking of PCs running the Unity EMS applications in both a peer-to-peer and client/server configuration
 - Incorporation of the system limits of the M100

Document changes to Unity 3.2.0.0 Certified System for Unity 3.2.1.0.

- Unity 3.2.1.0 System Overview,
- Unity 3.2.1.0 System Limits (incorporating M100 limits)
- Unity 3.2.1.0 Windows Hardening documentation addressing networking of EMS PCs
- All M100 documents; including
 - System Functionality Description
 - System Hardware Specification
 - Software Design and Specification
 - System Operator's Procedure
 - System Maintenance Manual
 - Test Cases
 - Training document
 - Build documents

Unchanged configuration of the Unity 3.2.0.0 Certified System in Unity 3.2.1.0

Election Management System software:

- Audit Manager (AM) v. 7.5.2.0
- Election Data Manager v. 7.8.1.0
- ES&S Ballot Image Manager (ESSIM) v. 7.7.1.0
- Hardware Programming Manager (HPM) v. 5.7.1.0
- AIMS (Automark information Management System) v. 1.3.157
- LogMonitor v.1.0.0.0

Precinct Hardware and Firmware

- DS200 Hardware v. 1.2.0, v. 1.2.1, Firmware v. 1.3.10.0, (Linux Kernel 2.6.16.27)
- Model M650 Hardware v. 1.1, v. 1.2, Firmware v. 2.2.2.0, (QNX Kernel 4.25)
- AutoMark Model A100-00 Hardware Rev. 1.0 Printer Engine Board (PEB) 1.65 Single Board Computer (SBC) 1.0, Firmware v. 1.3.2906 (WinCE 5.0.1400)
- AutoMark Model A200-00 Hardware Rev. 1.1 Printer Engine Board (PEB) 1.65 Single Board Computer (SBC) 2.0, Firmware v.1.3.2906; (WinCE 5.0.1400)
- AutoMark Model A200-00 Hardware Rev. 1.3.1 Printer Engine Board (PEB) 1.65 Single Board Computer (SBC) 2.5, Firmware v.1.3.2906; (WinCE 5.00.19)
- AutoMark Model A200-00 Hardware Rev. 1.3.1 Printer Engine Board (PEB) 1.70 Single Board Computer (SBC) 2.5, Firmware v.1.3.2906; (WinCE 5.00.19)

Central Count Hardware and Firmware

Model M650 Hardware v. 1.1, v. 1.2, Firmware v. 2.2.2.0, (QNX Kernel 4.25)

Due to the October 2008 suspension of SysTest Labs (SysTest) in the middle of various Unity certification efforts, ES&S was authorized by the EAC to transfer their application for certification of the Unity 3.2.1.0 (originally identified as Unity 3.0.1.0 w/ ATS 1.3) to iBeta. With the addition of M100 precinct counter Unity 3.2.1.0 includes all the of paper ballot voting systems contained in the Unity v.4.0.0.0 voting system. At the time of the suspension the Unity v.4.0.0.0 test plan was approved by the EAC and a substantial amount of relevant testing had been successfully completed. ES&S petitioned the EAC to assess the testing performed by SysTest for consideration of reuse. The EAC documented their approval of the following assessment process in the *8-04-09 Ltr to ESS reuse of testing final*:

- iBeta is to review any TDP documents that have changed since the submission of the Unity 3.2.0.0 TDP. In addition, iBeta is to review all material related to the M100 optical scanner in order ensure all required information is present.
- iBeta will conduct a 3% review of the ES&S source code for the M100 voting system. This review will focus on important functional sections of the code in order to determine the depth and focus of source review conducted by SysTest. iBeta will provide a recommendation to the EAC regarding the reuse of the source code review conducted by SysTest. The EAC will then issue a decision regarding the reuse of the source code review conducted by SysTest..
- The EAC Technical Reviewers will review and assess the Functional, Accessibility, Maintainability, Accuracy, and Reliability test summary reports provided by SysTest on the M100. The EAC will issue a decision regarding the reuse of this testing.
- Applicable areas from the Unity v.4.0.0.0 Test Plan may be used as well as applicable areas from the approved Unity 3.2.0.0 test plan. However, iBeta must issue a Unity v.3.2.1.0 test plan. The EAC will review and approve a full test plan provided by iBeta.
- SysTest shall provide the appropriate test summaries for all items that are accepted for reuse.

Non-core hardware environmental testing is outside SysTest's test accreditation scope as a VSTL. SysTest's methods for validating the qualifications of the subcontractor laboratories was provided to the EAC and considered in their decision to permit reuse of the non-core environmental testing. SysTest conducted the non-core safety and hardware environmental assessments and testing with the following subcontractors:

- Compliance Integrity Services 1822 Skyway Drive Unit J, Longmont, Colorado 80504
- Criterion Technology 1350 Tolland Road, P.O. Box 489, Rollinsville, CO 80474
- Percept Technology Labs 4735 Walnut St. #E, Boulder, CO 80301
- Sun Advanced Product Testing (APT) 1601 Dry Creek Drive Suite 2000, Longmont, CO 80503

The Physical Configuration Audit (PCA) of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 shall incorporate use of the baseline documents certified in Unity 3.2.0.0. New M100 Technical Data Package (TDP) documents and changes to the Unity 3.2.0.0 baseline shall be reviewed in PCA Document Review. The 3% PCA Source Code Review Assessment shall be performed. The results of this assessment with a recommendation shall be submitted to the EAC. The EAC will direct iBeta if the SysTest Source Code Review may be accepted for reuse.

A Functional Configuration Audit (FCA) includes identification of the scope of testing, a test plan, customization of test cases, management of system configurations, test execution, and analysis of the test results. The FCA of the Unity 3.2.1.0 shall include an EAC review of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 testing performed by SysTest on the M100 to:

- The requirements of Voting System Standards 2002;
- The Unity v.4.0.0.0 specifications of the ES&S TDP; and
- The voting system requirements of section 301 of the Help American Vote Act (HAVA). iBeta shall identify the scope of the Unity 3.2.1.0 volume, stress, error recovery, security testing and a single end-to-end system level functional test. Discrepancies transferred from Unity 4.0.0.0 or 3.2.0.0 shall be incorporated into appropriate test cases. We shall develop a test plan; customize test cases; manage the system configurations; execute tests, and analyze the test results.

Information regarding test responsibilities is identified in the Sequence of Certification Test.

This test plan contains:

- The voting system and the scope of certification testing;
- The pre-certification test approach and methods;
- The certification test hardware, software, references and other materials for testing;
- The certification test approach and methods;
- The certification test tasks and prerequisite tasks; and
- The certification resource requirements.

1.1 References

The documents listed below are used in the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort. Documents relevant to the unmodified EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system are found in the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report

1.1.1 Internal Documentation

The documents identified below are iBeta internal documents used in Unity 3.2.1.0 certification testing

Table	4 1		Docum	
I anie	'I INT	ırnaı ı	DOCHM	ents

Version #	Title	Abbv	Date	Author (Org.)
iBeta	& ES&S Contract Documents			
v.07	Voting Certification Master Services	MSA	11/15/08	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Agreement- Election Systems & Software	contract		•
Rev 01	Statement of Work No. 03 Maximum Reuse	SOW 3-01		iBeta Quality Assurance
	Project Estimate			-
Rev 01	Statement of Work No. 04	SOW 4-01		iBeta Quality Assurance
iBeta	VSTL Procedures			
v.2.1	Voting Deliverable Receipt Procedure		9/19/08	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.2.0	PCA Document Review Procedure		2/4/08	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.2.0	PCA Source Code Review Procedure		4/21/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.5.0	C and C++ Review Criteria		4/21/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.0.2	COBOL Review Criteria		4/21/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.1.0	Witness Build Procedure		4/18/08	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.2.0	Trusted Build Procedure		1/23/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.4.1	Test Case Preparation & Execution Procedure		4/7/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.5.2	Project Management Voting Procedure		8/5/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.4.0	VSTL Test Planning Procedure		5/23/08	iBeta Quality Assurance
v.4.0	VSTL Certification Report Procedure		4/24/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
iBeta	Unity 3.2.1.0 Testing			
	ESS Source Code Review Assessment Letter	3% Source	8/13/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
		Code Review		
		Assessment		
	Unity 3.2.1.0 PCA Document Review	PCA	9/16/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
		Document		
		Review		
	ESS Unity 3.2.1.0 Code & Equipment Receipt		9/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Test Methods Unity 3.2.1.0		9/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Reuse Environmental Test Case -Unity 3.2.1.0		8/25/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Reuse Characteristics Test Case -Unity 3.2.1.0		8/4/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Security Review Unity 3.2.1.0		9/4/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Security Test - Unity 3.2.1.0 Windows		9/16/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Configuration Test steps		0/4/00	15.40 11.4
	FCA Test Documents Review Unity 3.2.1.0		8/4/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 1		9/4/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 2		9/4/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 4		8/27/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 5		8/26/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 11		9/16/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	FCA Volume 12		9/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	EAC Clearing House Catalog		9/2/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Validated Test Tools		7/8/09	IBeta Quality Assurance
:D (ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 EAC Matrix		pending	iBeta Quality Assurance
iBeta	ECO Assessments DS200 Ballot Box	1	0/40/22	iBata Ovality A
	Assessment ECO000315 Add Glue to BOM		8/12/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Assessment ECO000332 New lock		8/12/09	iBeta Quality Assurance
	Assessment ECO000337 Status Change		9/18/09	iBeta Quality Assurance

Version #	Title	Abbv	Date	Author (Org.)		
	Assessment ECO000339 Add washer to lid		8/12/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Assessment ECO 000340 Drawings to Rev A		8/19/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Assessment ECO000342 Ballot Box Retrofit		8/11/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Change to Engineering Status (process)					
	Assessment ECO000359 Ballot Box Bottom Metal Edge		9/18/09	IBeta Quality Assurance		
Rev 1	Assessment ECO 000366 Drawing Ballot Box Retrofit		8/20/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Assessment ECO000375 Drawing Carry Case		9/18/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Assessment ECO000423 Ballot Box Shipping Configuration		8/21/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
iBeta	ECO Assessments DS200 Other					
	Assessment ECO 839 (DS200 CF label)		8/20/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
Unity	v.4.0.0.0 Reuse Correspondence					
	ESS Unity 3.2.1.0 Source Code Reuse		8/13/09	EAC		
	Recommendation*					
Reused	EAC Certification # ESSUnity3200					
v.4.0	Election Systems & Software Unity 3.2.0.0 Voting System VSTL Certification Test Report (V)2009-30Jun-001(D) *	Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report	7/22/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 3		6/3/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 6		6/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 7		6/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 8		6/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 9		6/29/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Volume 10		5/12/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Security Review Unity 3.2		6/23/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	FCA Security Test - Unity 3.2 Windows		6/3/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		
	Configuration Test steps					
	Regression System Level TC		6/17/09	iBeta Quality Assurance		

^{*} Public document found on the EAC website

1.1.2 External Documentation

The documents identified below include general external resources used in all certification testing. ES&S and EAC correspondence relevant to the Unity 3.2.1.0 test effort is listed. SysTest Unity 4.0.0.0 test documents are included only if they are relevant to the Unity 3.2.1.0 test effort.

Table 2 External Documents

Version #	Title	Abbv	Date	Author (Org.)
	Help America Vote Act*	HAVA	10/29/02	107 th Congress
NIST	NVLAP Voting System Testing	NIST 150	Feb.2006	National Voluntary Lab
Handbook 150 2006				Accreditation Program
Edition				
NIST	NVLAP Voting System Testing	NIST 150-22	Dec. 2005	National Voluntary Lab
Handbook 150-22				Accreditation Program
	Federal Election Commission Voting System	VSS	April 2002	Federal Election
	Standards			Commission
	Testing and Certification Program Manual*	Certification	1/1/07	EAC
		Program		
		Manual		
v.1.0	Voting System Test Laboratory Program	VSTL	July 2008	EAC
	Manual*	Program		
		Manual		
v.5.2	EAC Test Matrix template*			EAC
	EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2007-02, 2002 Voting Systems Standards, Vol.	Interpretation 2007-02	5/14/07	EAC
	1, Section 4.2.5*			
	EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation	Interpretation 2007-04	10/29/07	EAC

2007-04, 2005 VVSG Vol. 1 Section 3.1.3'	Version #	Title	Abbv	Date	Author (Org.)
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2007-05, 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 4.2.1 (Testing Focus and Applicability) EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2007-06, 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 4.1.1, 2.1.26 M. 2.3.3 ab. 2.4.3.8d. (Recording and reporting undervotes) EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-01, 2002 VSS Vol. II, 2005 VVSG Vol. II, 2008-01 EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-02, Battery Backup for Optical Scan Voting machines* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-03 (VSG Vol. I. 2.1.5.2, 5.1.1, 7.2.1, Vol. 2. 3.5* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-06 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-07 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-07 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-09 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-09 (Operating Configuration)	VOI SIOII II		ADD	Date	Addition (Org.)
2007-05, 2005 VVSG Vol. 1 Section 4.2.1 Testing Focus and Applicability Testing Focus and Applicabilit			Interpretation	11/6/07	FAC
Testing Focus and Applicability			•	1 17 67 61	
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2007-06, 2005 VVSG Vol. 5 exciton. 4.1.1, 2.1.2 s.8, 12.3.3.0 s. 8.2.4.3.8d. (Recording and reporting undervotes)* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-01, 2002 VSS Vol. II, Soction. 4.7.1 & Appendix C*					
2007-06			Interpretation	11/7/07	EAC
2.1.2 c 8f. 2.3.3.3 o 8 2.4.3 c 8d. (Recording and reporting undervotes)			•		
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-01, 2002 VSS Vol. II, 2005 VVSG Vol. II, 25005 VVSG Vol. II, 251, 2005 VVSG Vol. II, 2005 VSS Vol. II, 251, 2005 VVSG Vol. II, 2005 VSS					
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-01 2002 VSS Vol. I, 2005 VVSG Vol. II, 2006-01 2008-02 20810 on Request for Interpretation 2008-02 20810 on Request for Interpretation 2008-02 20810 on Request for Interpretation 2008-02 2098 Vol. 1: 22.53.4 1.1, 62.11, Vol. 2: 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. I: 22.53.4 1.1, 62.11, Vol. 2: 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. I: 22.53.4 1.1, 62.11, Vol. 2: 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Section 2.3.1.3 1a 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Section 2.3.1.3 1a 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Section 2.3.1.3 1a 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Section 2.2.1.3a Ballot Production 2008-04, 2002 VSS Vol. I, Section 3.4.2 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Vol. 2: 3.2.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Vol. 2: 3.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2005 VVSG Vol. II, Vol. 2: 3.4.2.4c 2: 3.2.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2: 3.4.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2:					
Section 4.7.1 & Appendix C*			Interpretation	2/6/08	EAC
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-02 Battery Backup for Optical Scan Voting machines*					
2008-02, Battery Backup for Optical Scan Voting machines*					
EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-04 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-05 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-06 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-07 (Operating System Configuration) 2008-09 (Operating System Configu			Interpretation	2/19/08	EAC
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2008-03 (Operating System Configuration) 2002 VSS Vol. 1; 22.53, 4.11, 6.21, Vol. 2; 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. 1; 22.15.3, 4.11, 6.21, Vol. 2; 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. 1; 22.15.2, 5.1.1, 7.2.1, Vol. 2; 3.5; 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 2.3.1,3.1a 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 2.2.1,3a Ballot Production* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-05 2002 VSS Vol. 1, Section 3.4.2 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 3.2.2 Ac 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 3.2.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Sections 3.2.2.4c, 3.2.2.5 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Sections 3.2.2.4c, 2008-06 EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-06, 2002 VSS Vol. 1, Sections 3.2.2.4c, 2008-06 EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-07; 2002 VSS Vol. 1, Sections, 2.3.4, 2.3.5, 2.3.6, 2.4.1, 4.4.3, 9.4; 2002 VSS Vol. 1, Sections, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.4, 2.2.5, 2.2.5, 2.3.1, 5.4.3; 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Sections 1, 3.3.1, 3.3.2; 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Sections 4.3.8* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-09 (Safety Testing) 2002 VSS Vol. 1, Section 4.3.8* EAC Decision on Request for Interpretation 2008-09 (Safety Testing) 2002 VSG Vol. 1, Section 4.1.2.6 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section 4.2.7 2005 VVSG Vol. 1, Section					
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	Test Laboratory (VSTL) responsibilities in the			(3.)
	management and oversight of third party			
	testing*			
	Notice of Clarification NOC 08-001: Validity of	NOC 08-001	3/26/08	EAC
	Prior Non-Core Hardware Environmental and			
	EMC Testing*			
	Notice of Clarification: NOC 08-002:	NOC 08-002	8/30/08	EAC
	Clarification of EAC Mark of Certification			
	Requirement*			
	Notice of Clarification NOC 08-003:	NOC 08-003	7/30/08	EAC
	Clarification of EAC Conformance Testing			
	Requirements for VSTLs*			
	Notice of Clarification: NOC 09-001	NOC 09-001	5/1/09	EAC
	Clarification of the Requirements for Voting			
	System Test Laboratories (VSTLs)			
	Development and Submission of Test Plans*			
	Notice of Clarification: NOC 09-002:	NOC 09-002	5/4/09	EAC
	Clarification of EAC Laboratory Independence			
11.7	Requirement*			
Unity	3.2.1.0 EAC Correspondence	1	0/44/00	F0.00
	2002 VSS Supported Functionality Declaration		8/11/09	ES&S
	Unity 3.2.1.0 Application Letter		7/20/09 8/11/09	ES&S ES&S
	Unity 3.2.1.0 Application			ES&S
Lloity	Unity 3.2.1.0 Modules v.4.0.0.0 Reuse Correspondence		No date	Εδάδ
Offity	8 04 09 ltr to ESS reuse of testing final*		8/4/09	EAC
	ÿ		9/11/09	EAC
المناها ا	9 11 09 Approval Source Code Final*		9/11/09	EAC
Rev.10.0	v.4.0.0.0 Test Documents ES&S Unity 4.0 Certification Test Plan	I	12/0/00	CyaTaat
Rev. 10.0	Document Number 07-V-ESS-035-CTP-01		12/9/08	SysTest
Rev.0.2	Voting System Test Summary Report, Test		12/19/08	SysTest
1164.0.2	Report for testing through 10/22/08 for ES&S		12/19/00	Systest
	Unity 4.0 Voting System, Report Number 01-V-			
	ESS-035-CTP-01			
Rev.0.3	Election Assistance Commission Voting System	Summary	7/14/09	EAC
	Test Summary Report Summary of test Report	Report of		
	for testing through 10/22/08 for Election Systems	Unity 4.0		
	& Software (ES&S), Unity 4.0 Voting System			
	Report Number 07-V-ESS-035-CTP-01			
	Unity 4.0 Disc Rpt 10-28-08		10/28/08	SysTest
	ESS M100 Electrical Supply Rev 01 TE01		7/11/09	SysTest
	EMC Qualification Test Report Election Systems		6/29/06	Criterion Technology Inc.
	and Software Voting System, M100 Test Report			
	Number 060530-1050		7/24/06	Sun Micropyotomo
	Advanced Product Testing Lab Testing Services		7/21/06	Sun Microsystems Advance Product Testing
	Report APT Job Number: 06-00329			Lab
	Certificate of Compliance Certificate Number :		7/29/08	Compliance Integrity
	#SS-0806-R06-COC		1/23/00	Services
	Engineering Change Evaluation & Review ECO		6/28/06	SysTest
	682		3 3. 0	-,
	•			•

^{*} Public document found on the EAC website

1.1.3 Technical Data Package Documents

The modifications to the Technical Data Package Documents submitted for the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort are listed below. The unmodified documents from the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system are contained in the Unity 3.2.0.0 test report.

Table 3 Unity 3.2.1.0 Modifications Technical Data Package Documents

Title	Version	Date	Author
Unity 3.2.1.0 (Modifications to the ESSUnity3200)			

Tide	Versien	Dete	Author
Title	Version	Date On /4.4 /00	Author
Election Systems & Software System Overview Unity v. 3.2.1.0	3.0	08/11/09	ESS
2002 VSS Supported Functionality Declaration	None	08/11/09	ESS
Election Systems & Software System Limitations Unity v. 3.2.1.0	4.0	08/18/09	ESS
Unity 3.2.1.0 System Change Notes	1.0	No Date	ESS
Election Systems & Software Technical Documentation Package	None	Aug 2009	ESS
Technical Documentation Package	None	No Date	ESS
ES&S TDP Organization and Abstract	1.0	No Date	ESS
Requirements of the 2005 VVSG Trace to Vendor Testing and Technical	None	08/11/09	ESS
Data Package			
ES&S Software Design Specifications Model 100 Unity v. 3.2.1.0	4.0	09/02/09	ESS
ES&S System Functionality Description Model 100 Unity v. 3.2.1.0	3.0	08/11/09	ESS
ES&S System Hardware Specification Model 100 Unity v. 3.2.1.0	4.0	09/02/09	ESS
ES&S Inc. INDENTED BILL OF MATERIAL	None	05/15/08	ESS
ES&S M100 System Maintenance Manual Firmware Version 5.4.0.0	None	08/11/09	ESS
Hardware Version 1.3			
ES&S Model 100 System Operations Procedures Firmware Version	None	08/28/09	ESS
5.4.0.0 Hardware revision 1.3			
ES&S System Security Specification Version Release 3.2.1.0	None	08/28/09	ESS
Election Systems & Software Model 100 Validation Guide	2.0	08/18/09	ESS
Engineering Programmer Quick Start Guide	None	No Date	BPM Microsystems,
			L.P.
Hardening Procedures for the Election Management System PC	None	09/08/09	ESS
Model 100 Test Case Specification Firmware Version 5.4.0.0 Hardware	None	11/15/07	ESS
Version 1.3 Test Case 1.0			
Combining M100 and iVotronic Results at the Precinct Handout	None	07/31/09	ESS
Model 100 Election Day Checklist Version Number 5.4.0.0	None	07/31/09	ESS
Model 100 Pre-Election Day Checklist Version Number 5.4.0.0	None	07/31/09	ESS
U3210 Physical Configuration Diagram	None	No date	ESS
Build Documents for Modifications in Unity 3.2.1.0			
How to Create Firmware Update Media for the Model 100	None	05/07/07	ESS
Build Procedure Model 100 Precinct Tabulator Firmware Version 5.4.1.0	1.1	09/01/200	ESS
		9	
Installation Guide QNX Software Systems, Ltd. QNX 4.22A Product	1.0	08/14/09	ESS
Suite			
Build Procedure Unity 3.2.1.0 Unity Software Applications	1.1	09/01/200	ESS
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		9	
Engineering Change Orders for - Unity 3.2.1.0			
ECO 839	None	07/28/09	Ricoh Electronics
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000315 [M200-Release drawing, 1st MP and	None	04/16/09	Pivot International
change to ES2]			
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000332 [M200 - Update drawings]	None	05/04/200	Pivot International
		9	
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000337 [Release New Bill of Material and	None	05/05/09	Pivot International
change Lifecycle Phase			
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000339 [M200 - Update BOM and drawing;	None	05/06/09	Pivot International
release new drawings, add MPs, change to ES1			
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000340- DS200	None	05/07/09	Pivot International
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000342 [M200 (ES1 Prototype Released).]	None	05/08/200	Pivot International
		9	
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000359 M200 - Release new Bill Of Materials	None	06/01/09	Pivot International
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000366 M200 - Release drawing-change	None	06/04/09	Pivot International
lifecycle			
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000375 M200 - Release drawing-change	None	06/17/09	Pivot International
lifecycle			
Normal & DMR ECO ECO-000423 [M200 - Replace packaging, reduce	None	07/19/09	Pivot International
stack quantity]			
Unity 4.0 Testing - M100			
ECO 682 Steward 28A0393-0A0 (image)	None	06/14/06	ESS
ECO 682 Braid (image)	None	06/14/06	ESS
ECO 682 Steward 28A350-0B2 (image)	None	06/14/06	ESS
ECO 682 Steward 28S0670-000 flat ribbon ferrite (image)	None	06/14/06	ESS
ECO 682 (M100)	None	06/19/06	ESS
	•	•	

1.2 Terms and Definitions

The Terms and Definitions identified below are used in this test report. **Table 4 Terms and Definitions**

Term	Abbreviation	Definition
Absentee Ballot		A paper ballot cast outside of an early voting center or
		election day polling place
Adobe Acrobat Standard v.8 & v.9		COTS software used in ESSIM for creation of Portable
		Document Format (PDF) ballot files.
Audit Manager	AM	A Unity election management system audit logging
		software application for the Election Data Manager and
		Ballot Image Manager
Ballot Control - Accepts		HPM option that instructs the DS200 to accept and
		tabulate overvoted, blank, primary crossovers or ballots
		with unreadable marks without alerting the voter.
Ballot Control- Query		HPM option that instructs the DS200 to return and
		query the voter when encountering an overvoted,
		blank, primary crossovers or ballots with unreadable
		marks. Voter has the option to request a new ballot or
		instruct he system to accept the ballot as is.
Ballot Control - Reject		HPM option that instructs the DS200 to automatically
		reject crossover, overvoted or blank ballots. Ballots will
		not be accepted.
Ballot Marking Device	BMD	A device that marks a paper ballot for a voter
Ballot On Demand	BOD	An optional operating mode in ESSIM that is used to
		print a small quantity of election quality ES&S paper
		ballots on a COTS OKI 9600 HDN color laser printer.
Certified Information System Security	CISSP	A certification for information system security
Profession		practitioners, indicating successful completion of the
		CISSP examination administered by the International
		Information Systems Security Certification Consortium
Central counter		A type of voting system that records and reports paper
		ballots at the central count
Double Spit and Wipe		Functionality on the VAT to support older ES&S optical
		scanners outside the scope of Unity 3.2.0.0
Early voting mode -		A mode on the DS200 that permits ballots to be cast
		prior to election day. A flag is set in HPM to include all
		precincts for the election. The poll-worker can select a
		voter's precinct and ballot style when used in Early
		Voting or an Absentee configuration.
Election Data Manager	EDM	A Unity election management system software
-		application to define and store jurisdiction election data
Election Systems and Software	ES&S	Manufacturer of the Unity Voting System
Election management system	EMS	The ballot preparation and central count portions of a
,		voting system.
Election Reporting Manager	ERM	A Unity central count software application to compile
1 0 0		and report election results from Unity voting devices
Enhanced AutoCast		Functionality for automatically dropping AutoMARK
		ballots into a ballot box. This functionality requires PEB
		FW v.1.70 and Auto MARK FW v.1.4. That version of
		AutoMARK IIIIIWare is not supported in Only 5.2.0.0
Escrow Agency		AutoMARK firmware is not supported in Unity 3.2.0.0 EAC identified repository that retains the file signature
Escrow Agency		EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build
Escrow Agency ES&S AutoMARK Information	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build
ES&S AutoMARK Information	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system
	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for
ES&S AutoMARK Information	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election
ES&S AutoMARK Information	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create
ES&S AutoMARK Information Management System		EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create VAT flash memory cards
ES&S AutoMARK Information	AIMS	EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create VAT flash memory cards A Unity election management system desktop
ES&S AutoMARK Information Management System		EAC identified repository that retains the file signature of the trusted build A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create VAT flash memory cards

Term	Abbreviation	Definition
		lines of code.
Flash Memory Card	FMC	Portable memory that contains the election definition to
		display the ballot content on a VAT.
Full or New Code Review		First time submission submitted for certification review
		or previously certified code with changes to the code so
	0.11	significant that a full review is warranted.
Graphical User Interface	GUI	A method of interaction with a computer which uses
		pictorial buttons (icons) and command lists controlled
Hardware Programming Manager	HPM	by a mouse A Unity election management system software
Traidware i Tograffiffiling Mariager	I II IVI	application to import, format, and convert an election
		file and create election definitions for ballot scanning
		equipment
Help America Vote Act	HAVA	Legislation enacted in 2002 which includes creation of
•		the EAC, federal voting standards and accreditation of
		test labs
intElect DS200	DS200	A Unity Voting System precinct count optical scanner
		paper ballot tabulator including a 12-inch touch screen
		display providing clear voter feedback and poll worker
		messaging.
Model 100	M100	A Unity Voting System precinct-based, voter-activated
MI-1000	MOTO	paper ballot counter and vote tabulator.
Model 650	M650	A Unity Voting System central count high-speed optical scanner paper ballot tabulator The M650 prints results
		reports to an external printer and saves results to a zip
		disk.
National Standard Reference Library	NSRL	Part of NIST that provides software escrow.
National Voluntary Laboratory	NVLAP	Part of NIST that provides third-party accreditation to
Accreditation Program	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	testing and calibration laboratories.
Open Primary Pick a Party (Party		Ballot contains all contests that the voter is eligible to
Preference)		vote for in addition to any nonpartisan contests. Voter
,		only votes the partisan contests for one party but
		chooses which party in the privacy of the voting booth
		by only voting for candidates from the desired party.
		Pick a Party is where a party selection contest appears
		before the partisan section of the ballot. If the voter
		chooses a party from the party selection contest, votes
		for candidates that represent any other party are ignored so that the voter cannot spoil the ballot.
Precinct counter		A type of voting system that records paper or electronic
recinct counter		ballots at the polling place
Printer Engine Board version	PEB v.	The version of the firmware on the Printer Engine
3		Board identifies support or non-support of Enhanced
		AutoCast and Double Spit & Wipe (v.1.70 supports)
Single Board Computer version	SBC v.	Version of the Single Board Computer identifying board
		connections and chips
Trusted Build		A compile and build of the source code reviewed by
		iBeta into executable code. Construction of the build
		platform and compile is performed by iBeta following
		the documented instructions of the manufacturer. A manufacturer's representative is present to witness the
		build.
Technical Data Package	TDP	The documentation and code relating to the voting
100milloui Data i donage		system, submitted by the manufacturer for review.
Universal Power Supply	UPS	Uninterrupted power supply
U.S. Election Assistance Commission	EAC	U.S. agency established by the Help America Vote Act
		of 2002 to administer Federal elections.
Voluntary Voting System Guidelines	VVSG	Federal voting system test standards created by the
		EAC. Eventually these will replace the VSS.
Voting System Standards	VSS	Federal voting system test standards, predecessor of
		the VVSG.
Voting System Test Lab	VSTL	Lab accredited by the EAC to perform certification
		testing of voting systems.

Term	Abbreviation	Definition
Voting Variations		Significant variations among state election laws
		incorporating permissible ballot content, voting options
		and associated ballot counting logic
Voter Assist Terminal	VAT	A ballot marking device to assist multilingual voters and
		voters with visual, aural or dexterity disabilities to vote a
		paper ballots in a private manner
Unity x.x.x.x		A voting system produced by ES&S configured with
		various election software applications, DREs, optical
		scanners and ballot marking devices. The
		configuration varies for each version of Unity.
Witness Build for		The Unity 4.0.0.0 Trusted Build performed by SysTest.
Unity 3.2.0.0		iBeta shall initiate testing with this build. Following
		iBeta's performance of the Trusted Build a regression
		test will be run.

1.3 Testing Responsibilities

1.3.1 Project Schedule

The VSS 2002 identifies that there is no prescribed sequence for the testing of a voting system (Vol.1 Sect 9.4.2). The only sequence requirement is that predecessor tasks are completed prior to initiation of a task. Three entities influence the certification testing of voting systems, the manufacturer, the VSTL and the EAC. The schedule defined by iBeta details the tasks, dependencies, personnel and test phase. As the schedule for testing is dependent upon the level of system development, comprehensiveness of the TDP, demonstration of compliance of the voting system, and EAC approvals identification of schedule dates in the test plan is immediately obsolete. iBeta provides project time lines to the EAC and manufacturers throughout the test project. The Certification test tasks identified below are the critical path for completion of the certification test effort.

1.3.1.1 Owner Assignments

Staff assigned to the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification includes:

- Project Manager: Carolyn Coggins
- Lead Tester/Reviewer: Gail Audette, Carolyn Coggins, Jennifer Garcia, and Kevin Wilson
- Tester/Reviewers: Stephanie Eaton, Sridevi Jakileti, Saeng Sivixay, and Michael Warner.
- Owner Assignments are identified in Table 5. Owners identified as TBD will be determined during the certification test effort and updated in the as run Test Plan submitted with the Test Report.

1.3.1.2 Test Case Development

Test methods identified in section 7 provide an outline of the content of the test cases. Test method and test case development are incorporated into Table 5.

1.3.1.3 Test Procedure Development and Validation

Test procedures and validations are documented in the test cases.

1.3.1.4 Third Party Tests

Description of the reuse of third party tests is included in sections 1.0, 2.1.4, 4.4.1, 4.4.2 and 7.2 and incorporated into Table 5.

1.3.1.5 EAC and Manufacturer Dependencies

EAC and Manufacturer dependencies are incorporated into Table 5.

Table 5 - Sequence of Certification Test Tasks Schedule

Certification Test Task	Predecessor Tasks or Dependencies	Owner	Phase
Identify scope of project for	Determination of voting system change status; EAC	Coggins, Garcia	Complete
contract negotiation	approval of the ES&S application changes		
Set up Project Repositories	Contract Authority	Coggins	Complete

Certification Test Task	Predecessor Tasks or Dependencies	Owner	Phase
Reporting of Discrepancies	Commencement of the project	All staff	Aug to Nov
PCA TDP Document Review	Project repository and TDP Documents received with the changes in Unity 3.2.1.0	Eaton, Jakileti, Sivixay & Warner	Complete
PCA TDP 3% Source Code Assessment for Reuse	Project repository and TDP Documents & Source Code received, EAC determination regarding reuse	Jakileti, Warner	Complete
Determination for reuse of SysTest Lab Unity 4.0 testing of FCA Functional, Accuracy, Maintenance, Availability, Accessibility& Usability Test Case	Review of the SysTest Unity 4.0 test record	EAC Reviewers	Aug/Sept
FCA Testing Review and Test Scope/ Requirements Identified; development of test methods	TDP & Test Documents received for the changes in Unity 3.2.1.0; receipt of the list of the SysTest M100 discrepancies; and determination of reuse from SysTest Unity 4.0 test effort	Garcia, Eaton, Wilson, Jakileti, Warner	Aug/Sep
Certification Test Plan	EAC determination of reuse; Preliminary PCA TDP Document Review, FCA Testing Review	All staff	Aug/Sept
FCA Test Case preparation	TDP Documentation received, FCA Testing Review, Identification of Test Scope and Requirements	Garcia, Eaton, Wilson, Jakileti, Sixivay, Warner	Aug/Sept
PCA System Configuration	All deliveries of the TDP Documentation, hardware and software received	Eaton, Sixivay	Aug to Nov
Trusted Build	PCA Source Code Review; validate COTS, review and validation of installation procedure including user selections and configuration changes	Jakileti, Warner	Sept
Test tool validation	Identification of tools; verify validations performed on earlier projects for standard tools	Audette, Jakileti & Wilson	Complete
Test Method validation	Completion of test method, Dry run M100 operational status check,	Coggins, Garcia, Eaton & Warner	Aug/Sept.
FCA Environmental Hardware Test Case Execution	EAC authorization for reuse of SysTest Environmental HW test; review of reused reports; identification of HW scope FCA Environmental Test Case preparation, operational status check developed, & PCA System Configuration; assessment of any submitted ECOs, delivery of hardware; sub-contractor selection; quotations and purchase order issuance	Coggins, Garcia, Eaton	Sept/Oct
FCA Security Review & Testing	Receipt of updated security documents, review and assessment of EAC Clearing House threats, preparation of the FCA Security Document Review, Test Method, and Security Test Case preparation, Trusted Build completed	Garcia, Jakileti, Wilson	Aug/Sept/Oct
FCA Telephony and Cryptography Review and Test	Verification of modem removal from the M100	Garcia, Jakileti, Wilson	Sept
FCA Regression Test Execution	FCA Regression Test Method and Test Case completed; PCA System Configuration verified; and Trusted Build completed	Coggins, Garcia, Eaton & Warner	Sept
FCA Volume Test Execution	FCA Volume Test Method and Test Case completed; PCA System Configuration verified; and Trusted Build completed	Garcia, Eaton, Jakileti, Sixivay, Warner	Sept
VSTL Certification Report	Successfully complete all FCA and PCA tasks	All staff	Oct/Nov
Deliver the Certification Report for EAC Review	Completion of VSTL Certification Report	Coggins, Eaton, Garcia, Sixivay, Warner	Oct/Nov
Re-issue the Certification Report with the EAC Certification Number	Acceptance of the Certification Report by the EAC	Coggins	Nov

1.4 Target of Evaluation Description

1.4.1 System Overview

Unity 3.2.1.0 incorporates all functionality of the EAC Certified ESSUnity3200 (Unity 3.2.0.0 Voting System) with the addition of the Model 100 precinct counter optical scanner and an EMS Local Area Network Configuration.

1.4.1.1 Overview of the Unchanged Portions from Unity 3.2.0.0

The overview of the Certified ESSUnity3200 (Unity 3.2.0.0 Voting System) is found in section 4 Voting System Overview of the *Election Systems & Software Unity 3.2.0.0 Voting System VSTL Certification Test Report v.4.0.*

1.4.1.2 Overview of the Changes Submitted in Unity 3.2.1.0

Model 100 Precinct Count Optical Scanner (M100)

The Model 100 is a precinct-based, voter-activated paper ballot counter and vote tabulator. The Model 100 uses advanced Intelligent Mark Recognition (IMR) visible light scanning technology, proven to be accurate and secure. In special cases, the Model 100 may serve as a central tabulator for jurisdictions with a very small installed voter base and fewer than 30 political subdivisions (precincts).

The Model 100 submitted for testing in Unity 3.2.1.0:

- Reads marks on both one and two-sided ballots;
- Can generate reports and store election results from paper reports produced from:
 - o The tabulator's internal, thermal printer
 - An external printer connected to the tabulator;
- Transfer report and election results to Election Reporting Manager via a removable PCMCIA card
- Uses PCMCIA cards to store the tabulator's election definition, audit log and other electionspecific information;
- Has an LCD screen that controls all tabulator functions and four message areas that identify:
 - o The current menu
 - The status of the tabulator.
 - o The battery status, and
 - o The available menu options;
- Feeds scanned ballots directly into the ballot box, which sorts the ballots according to criteria programmed in the election definition with an internal diverter;
- Uses a 12-volt, 7-amp lead acid battery to power the tabulator to ensure that tabulator operations continue without interruption in case of an electrical power failure;
- Multi-sheet sensor prevents multiple ballots from passing through the tabulator's read area at the same time;;
- Contains an internal back-up battery that can run the tabulator for one to three hours if a power outage were to occur, depending on tabulator activity;
- Accepts ballots inserted in any orientation top first, face up; bottom first, face down; etc;
- Alerts and returns the ballot to the voter to permit the voter to revise and recast overvoted races, undervoted races, or blank ballots;
- Is designed with physical security features and maintains a real time audit log of all transactions;
- Is driven by an Intel processor and employs the real-time QNX operating system software;
- Holds up to 2800 paper ballots; and
- Can process ballots for up to 18 precincts on Election Day.

The Model 100 submitted for testing in Unity 3.2.1.0 has had the modems removed for this certification effort. All M100 functions for supporting modems and data transferred by modem directly from the tabulator to the central count location are out of scope.

EMS LAN Configuration

Local networking of Election Management System workstations and reporting workstations is supported in two configurations:

- Windows XP peer-to-peer includes the AIMS PC, one or more Unity PC(EDM, ESSIM, ERM, Audit Manager, HPM and LogMonitor) and one or Unity ERM PC
- Windows 2003 Server includes the server, AIMS PC, one or more Unity PC(EDM, ESSIM, ERM, Audit Manager, ,HPM and LogMonitor) and one or more Unity ERM PC.

1.4.2 Block Diagram

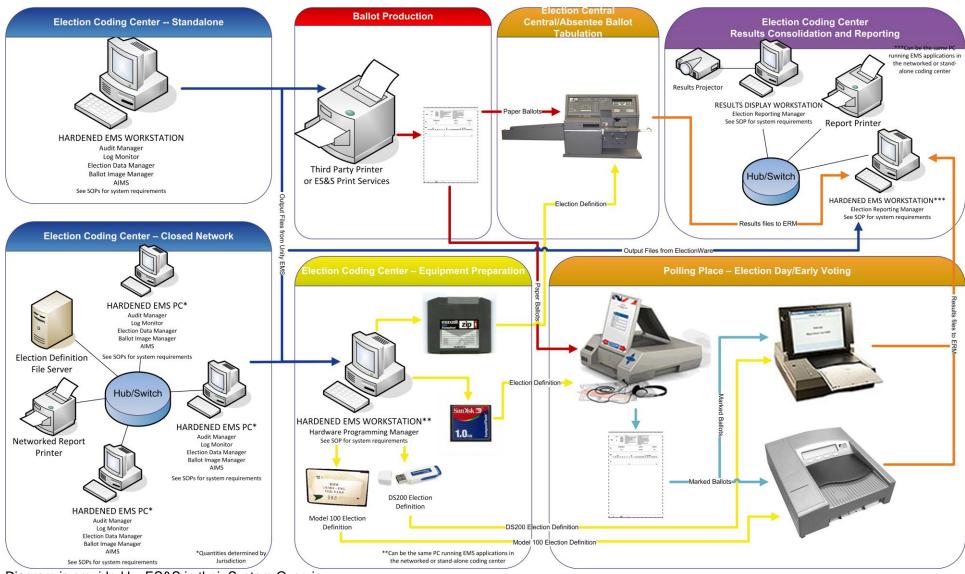


Diagram is provided by ES&S in their System Overview

1.4.3 System Limits

Limits that are dictated by the applications of the EMS of Unity 3.2.1.0 are identified as limits to the full system. Specific limits that apply to individual hardware are identified by product.

1.4.3.1 Limits to Full System

The following system limits and the applicable application:

- Maximum precincts allowed in an election 2900 HPM/ERM
- Maximum precincts allowed per polling place 2200 HPM
- Maximum Precincts included per poll (reporting limit) 1900 ERM
- Maximum contests allowed in an election Depends on election content 5200 theoretical maximum* ERM
- Maximum candidates/counters allowed per election (Software) 21,000 ERM
- Maximum candidate counters allowed per precinct 1000 ERM Import
- Maximum Candidates per polling place 1200 HPM
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per election 5000 HPM
- Maximum contests allowed per ballot style 1100 HPM
- Maximum precincts allowed per ballot style 1700 HPM
- Maximum candidates (ballot choices) allowed per contest 175 HPM
- Maximum count for any precinct element 999,000 ERM report (65,535 on any precinct results import)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per precinct 5000 HPM
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per Election (coded by ballot style) 1639 HPM
- Maximum number of parties allowed 18 HPM
- Maximum 'vote for' per contest 90 HPM

*Note: The calculated "theoretical maximum" allowed number of contests is an estimate based on the system's 21,000 counter limit and recognition that the minimum number of counters allowed for any contest is four (the minimum number of overhead counters that must be associated with a contest (undervotes, overvotes and precincts counted) plus one candidate). The three overhead counter estimate assumes that no Absentee Precincts are defined in the election (An absentee precinct adds an "absentee precincts counted" overhead counter). Thus, the absolute maximum number of contests for an election can only be reached if all contests contain only one candidate and is calculated as follows: 21,000 (counter limit)/4 (3 overhead counters + 1 candidate per contest) = 5250 (rounded to 5200). A more realistic maximum, calculated for two candidates per contest, follows 21,000 (counter limit)/5 (3 overhead counters + 2 candidates per contest) = 4250

1.4.3.2 AutoMARK VAT Hardware Limits

The ES&S AutoMARK capacities exceed the documented limitations for the ES&S election management, vote tabulation and reporting system. For this reason, the full system limitations and ballot tabulator limitations define the practical system boundaries and capabilities of the AutoMARK system.

1.4.3.3 DS200 Hardware Limits

The following system limits of the DS200:

- Maximum precincts allowed per polling place: Election Day-10, Early Vote- All (1639 max)
- Maximum contests allowed in an election: Depends on Election Content (e.g. 5200 if 1 candidate per contest, 4250 if 2 candidates per contest, etc)
- Maximum candidates/counters allowed per election: 21,000
- Maximum candidate counters allowed per precinct: 1000 (ERM limitation)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per election: 5000 or Paper Code **
- Maximum contests allowed per ballot style: 250 or # of positions on ballot
- Maximum candidates (ballot choices) allowed per contest: 175
- Maximum count for any precinct element: 65,500 (ERM limitation)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per precinct: 40
- Maximum number of parties allowed: 18
- Maximum 'vote for' per contest: 90

**Note: 'Paper Code' refers to the paper ballot code channel, which is the series of black boxes that appear between the timing track and ballot contents. This code limits the number of available ballot variations depending on how a jurisdiction uses the paper code to differentiate ballots. The code can be used to differentiate ballots by Sequence (limited to 1-1639 variations), Type (1-30 variations) or Split (1-40 variations).

1.4.3.4 M100 Hardware Limits

The following system limits of the M100:

- Maximum precincts allowed per polling place: Election Day-18, Early Vote- 450
- Maximum contests allowed in an election: Depends on Election Content (e.g. 5200 if 1 candidate per contest, 4250 if 2 candidates per contest, etc)
- Maximum candidates/counters allowed per election: (blank)
- Maximum candidate counters allowed per precinct: 1000
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per election: Paper Code**
- Maximum contests allowed per ballot style: 250 or # of positions on ballot
- Maximum candidates (ballot choices) allowed per contest: 175
- Maximum count for any precinct element: 65,500 (ERM limitation)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per precinct: 40 (per type if coded by Precinct ID)
- Maximum number of parties allowed: 18
- Maximum 'vote for' per contest: 90

1.4.3.5 M650 Hardware Limits

The following system limits of the M650:

- Maximum precincts allowed per polling place: 1639
- Maximum contests allowed in an election: Depends on Election Content (e.g. 5200 if 1 candidate per contest, 4250 if 2 candidates per contest, etc)
- Maximum candidates/counters allowed per election: 3750***
- Maximum candidate counters allowed per precinct: 1000 (ERM limitation)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per election: N/A
- Maximum contests allowed per ballot style: # of positions on ballot
- Maximum candidates (ballot choices) allowed per contest: 175
- Maximum count for any precinct element: 65,500 (ERM limitation)
- Maximum ballot styles allowed per precinct: 100
- Maximum number of parties allowed: 18
- Maximum 'vote for' per contest: 90

***Note: The total number of counters included in an election is calculated by adding one overhead counter (OC) to the number of statistical counters configured in EDM (SC), plus the number of candidates (Ca) in each contest (Co), plus the overvote (Ov) and undervote (Uv) counters for every contest (Co) in the election. OC+SC+(Ca + Co)+((Ov+Uv) x Co) = Counters

1.4.4 Supported Languages

Unity 3.2.1.0 supports only English and Spanish ballot languages.

1.4.5 System Functionality

System functionality of the Unity 3.2.1.0 is identified in Appendix A. Appendix A identifies the unmodified requirements from the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 and testing addressing the following changes:

- Inclusion of the M100 Precinct Count Scanner which supports the same functionality as the DS200; and
- Inclusion of the EMS configured in a peer-to-peer or client/server local area network.

1.4.6 VSS 2002 Requirements Included and Excluded from Unity 3.2.1.0

The included and excluded VSS 2002 Requirements are listed in Appendix A.

As identified in the VSS2002 vol.1 section 4.1.2, software is excluded if it:

- Provides no support of voting system capabilities;
- Cannot function while voting system functionality is enabled; and
- Procedures are provided that confirm software has been removed, disconnected or switched.

The following functions are excluded from Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system and are not tested in this certification effort.

- All Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) requirements. Unity 3.2.1.0 is a paper ballot system.
- Provisional ballots: The handling of provisional ballots is procedural. There is no provisional ballot functionality.
- Transmission via Public Telecommunications: There is no transmission via public telecommunications. The DS200 and M100 modem is removed from this certification.
- Use of Wireless Communications : There is no use of wireless communications
- Enhanced AutoCast: This AutoMARK functionality requires both PEB v.1.70 and Auto MARK FW v.1.4. That version of AutoMARK firmware is not supported in Unity 3.2.1.0

1.4.6.1 Unity v.4.0.0.0 Scope Excluded from Unity 3.2.1.0

The Unity 4.0.0.0 items identified as exclusions are not contained in the Unity 3.2.1.0 system submitted for Certification under EAC Application # ESS0703.

- Hardware including related software/firmware and peripherals: Automated Bar Code Reader (ABCR), iVotronic DRE Precinct Tabulator, the DS200 modem kit, the M100 configured with a modem and the M650 configured with a network card;
- EMS Software: Data Acquisition Manager and iVotronic Ballot Image Manager; and
- System functionality and maintenance: DRE, VVPAT
- Remote transmission of votes (via public telecommunications)
- Language accessibility other than English and Spanish.
- Blanket primary elections
- In the ESS Unity 3.2.0.0 certification the EAC granted permission for ES&S to reuse the Unity v.4.0.0.0 TDP if the documents bore a disclaimer outlining the uncertified functionality that was not part of the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification. As such the review of the document content related to the uncertified Unity v.4.0.0.0 functionality is excluded from review in Unity 3.2.1.0.

In receiving the source code, documents, hardware and test artifacts from SysTest, iBeta determined if the material was in or out of the Unity 3.2.1.0 test scope. Items determined to be out of scope were stored without further examination.

2 Pre-certification Tests

2.1 Pre-certification Test Activity & Test Results

The scope of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort resulted from a change to the EAC Certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system and the transfer of two EAC certification test efforts previously submitted for testing to SysTest. ES&S' petition for consideration of reuse of SysTest reviews and testing resulted in the identification of a unique set of pre-certification test activities. As noted in the section 1 Introduction responsibility for these activities was designated to either iBeta or the EAC.

- iBeta identified the changes to the Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system;
- iBeta conducted a review of the test documentation provided by ES&S and SysTest to assess
 the scope of testing for conformance to the 2002 VSS Environmental Hardware, Volume,
 Stress, Error Recovery, Telecommunication and Security requirements for the changes to the
 Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system;
- The EAC assessed the reuse of the Functional, Usability, Accessibility, Maintainability, Accuracy and Reliability testing for the changes to the Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system.

iBeta's evaluation of prior Non-VSTL and VSTL testing and test results is listed below.

2.1.1 FCA Document Review & Results

iBeta initiated an assessment to identify and separate 1)Unity v.4.0.0.0 hardware and software excluded from Unity 3.2.1.0, 2) SysTest test results petitioned for reuse by ES&S, and 3)items in scope of additional testing required in the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort. Following the assessment a process for review was identified. This process and the results of the FCA Document Review are described below.

2.1.1.1 Identification of the Out of Scope Unity v.4.0.0.0 Hardware & Software

Unity v.4.0.0.0 hardware and software excluded from the application for Unity 3.2.1.0 filed with the EAC was identified as out of scope for Unity 3.2.1.0 certification. This included: iVotronic Ballot Image Manager (iVIM); Data Acquisition Manager (DAM); iVotronic DRE precinct tabulator including the associated peripherals; Automatic Bar Code Scanner (ABCR); and remote transmission of vote data and/or consolidated results data.

FCA Document Review Result: All documentation of testing and review for these Unity v.4.0.0.0 hardware and software was excluded from examination in Unity 3.2.1.0

2.1.1.2 Identification of Unity v.4.0.0.0 Hardware & Software Test Results Petitioned for Reuse

The components transferred for certification previously certified under Unity 3.2.0.0 are identified in section 1. The changes to Unity 3.2.0.0 that were transferred for certification under Unity 3.2.1.0 included:

- Addition of the Model 100 precinct count scanner (M100), HW v. 1.3.0, FW v. 5.4.0.0.
- ERM v.7.5.5.0 firmware change to address Issue #104 transferred from Unity 3.2.0.0 (ERM v.7.5.4.0)
- Functional changes for the addition of a peer-to-peer or client/server LAN to the EMS.

ES&S petitioned the EAC for reuse of the M100 Unity v.4.0.0.0 test results. SysTest documented these results and provided them in the *Election Assistance Commission Voting System Test Summary Report Summary of Test Report for testing through 10/22/08 for Election Systems & Software (ES&S), Unity 4.0 Voting System Report Number 07-V-ESS-035-CTP-01, Rev 0.3, July 15, 2009*. This report documented their certification processes and testing performed including: "documentation review of the Technical Data Package, source code review, and testing... executing functional test cases based on the project test requirements, system level tests prepared by SysTest and analysis of results." For the hardware and software identified above as in scope for Unity 3.2.1.0 iBeta reviewed the open discrepancies related to the M100 system functionality and system changes submitted during the Unity v.4.0.0.0 test effort. A comparison of the versions submitted in the SysTest report and those identified discrepancies

for Unity 3.2.1.0 was conducted to confirm if the versions being submitted for Unity 3.2.1.0 matched the versions that were tested in the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification.

If the Unity version number of the submitted system changes was equal to or less than the version identified in the report it was excluded due to the petition for reuse of the SysTest results. If the open functional discrepancy was equal to the version or greater than the identified in the report it was included in the iBeta testing of Unity 3.2.1.0.

FCA Document Review Result: It was found that SysTest tested the versions identified in the System Changes. This resulted in the exclusion of the discrepancy 463 from the iBeta test scope. Functional issues encountered in the versions identified in the report. This resulted in the inclusion of 428 and 475 in the iBeta testing of Unity 3.2.1.0.

Table 6 Functional Issues Transferred from SysTest

	_		es Transferred from SysTest	Outlibelling
#	Туре	Location	Issue Description	Guideline
7	Func-	Model 100	From SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 428	V1 : 6.1
	tional	v.5.4.0.0	M100 accepted fake ballots that were copied from un-	Systems are:
	Defect		voted original ballots on a laser color copier printer	To protect the system from
			(XEROX WORKCENTRE 7665).	intentional manipulation and
				fraud, and from malicious
				mischief
9	Func-	ERM v.	Issue 35 transferred from Unity 3.2.0.0	V1: 4.4.4.a, b
	tional	7.5.0.0	From SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 475	Voting systems shall meet these
	Defect	40HTEST	Numbered Key - Districts report is showing two M650	reporting requirements by
		1 TC	groups and the iVo PEB group does not appear;	providing software capable of
			however, the PEB totals match the totals appearing	obtaining data concerning
			alongside the second M650 group totals (it appears that	various aspects of vote counting
			the 'label' is incorrect and should read 'IVO PEB"). I	and producing reports of them on
			then went into add/change groups and switched the	a printer. At a minimum, vote
			location of the M650 group and the M100 group,	tally data shall include:
			regenerated the report and we now show two M100	a. Number of ballots cast, using
			groups and again the iVo totals appeared under the	each ballot configuration, by
			second M100 group. It seems the report is mimicking	tabulator, by precinct, and by
			the name in group three into group four, but applying	political subdivision;
			the correct totals. Copies of the report and screen shot	b. Candidate and measure vote
			of the add/change groups faxed to vendor.	totals for each contest, by
				tabulator;

Table 7 Out of Scope & Non Issues

SysTest #	Assessment Finding	Disposition
23, 24, 26, 27, 43, 190, 191,	Excluded from Unity v.3.2.1.0:	Not reviewed, remains open in
196, 198, 235, 238, 245, 284,	System Hardware	Unity v.4.0.0.0
318, 348, 355, 359, 361, 369,	Automated Bar Code Reader	
382, 388, 390, 401, 434, 437,	iVotronic DRE Precinct Tabulator	
441, 442, 445, 446, 450, 451,	Voyager Hand Scanner (COTS)	
452, 458, 464, 466, 467, 468,	System Software	
469, 474, 478, 483, 485, 486,	Unity Data Acquisition Manager	
487, 488, 490, 491, 494, 548	Unity iVotronic Ballot Image Manager	
	Uncertified System Features	
	Remote transmission of vote data and/or consolidated	
	results data (via the public networks)	
	Combined reports for M100 &iVotronic	
None	Closed or Informational Issues	Not reviewed, non- significant
	Comments in the report identified these issues as	issue
	closed or informational typographic errors	
463	Issues Written Against System Change Notes	As these are findings for
	Changes during Unity v.4.0.0.0 testing were reported in	functional test scope they
	System Change Notes. The role of the VSTL in the	remain open in Unity v.4.0.0.0;
	FCA process is to determine if changes were tested	iBeta shall examine the change
	appropriately and determine how they should be	notes as part of the FCA
	incorporated into certification testing. This discrepancy	Document Review for relevance
	identifies inadequate documentation of testing. The	to the Unity v.3.2.1.0 test scope

SysTest #	Assessment Finding	Disposition
	VSS instructs the VSTL to test if testing is inadequate.	
	This is not a discrepancy but rather an FCA finding.	

2.1.1.3 Identification of Unity 3.2.1.0 Additional Testing

The EAC approved a Unity v.4.0.0.0 Test Plan. At the time of the suspension of SysTest they had completed System Level Functional, Usability, Accessibility, Maintenance, Data Accuracy, and Reliability on the M100. The Volume, Stress, Error Recovery and Security testing of the M100 had not been completed. An FCA documentation review was completed to determine the VSS requirements applicable to security, volume, stress, performance and recovery testing for the M100, as well as incorporation of the SysTest open in-scope functional discrepancies 428 and 475. Using the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system testing as a baseline iBeta examined the Unity 3.2.1.0 system limitations and security documentation provided to determine the required content of the Volume, Stress, Error Recovery and Security testing. Lastly reports to the EAC Clearing House were examined to identify security issues relevant to the scope of the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort.

FCA Document Review Result: iBeta shall initiate Volume, Stress, Error Recovery and Security testing of the changes from the EAC Certified Unity 3.2.0.0 baseline. Determination of reuse is pending decision by the EAC. The EAC reuse of testing review process shall be identified in the as run test plan submitted with the test report.

2.1.2 PCA Document Review

The EAC Certified Unity 3.2.0.0 Technical Data Package was transferred to the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort. Unchanged documents are accepted for reuse without additional review. ES&S submitted both changes to documents submitted in Unity 3.2.0.0 and new documents which reflected the expanded scope of Unity 3.2.1.0. These new and changed documents were submitted to a PCA TDP Documentation Review to assess compliance with the requirements of VSS 2002 Vol. 2 section 2.

2.1.2.1 PCA Document Review Results

The preliminary PCA Documentation Review of the TDP performed to assess compliance with the requirements of VSS 2002 Vol. 2 section 2, found that the submitted TDP met the requirements except for the five document discrepancies including #13, 14, 17, 21 and 22. These discrepancies were reported to ES&S. Additionally iBeta verified that all but one of the SysTest document discrepancies for the M100 could be closed. Resolution of all identified document defects shall be verified prior to completion of the certification test effort. These shall be documented in the ESS Unity 3.2.1.0 PCA and FCA Discrepancy Report, which will be included as an appendix in the test report.

Table 8 PCA Document Review Discrepancies & Transferred from SysTest

#	Type	Location	Issue Description	Guideline
3	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S M100 Sys Maint Manual v.5.4 HW Ver. 1.3, 5/17/07	CLOSED- SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 6 ES&S M100 System Maintenance Manual does not describe how data output is initiated and controlled or how power is converted.	v.2 2.9.1: Introduction f. The description shall include a concept of operations that fully describes such items as: How data output is initiated and controlled; g. The description shall include a concept of operations that fully describes such items as: How power is converted or conditioned;
4	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S M100 SOP	CLOSED- SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 26 ES&S M100 System of operations document did not provide a schedule for the software installation.	v.2: 2.8.5: Operating Procedures g. Supports successful ballot and program installation and control by election officials, provides a detailed work plan or other form of documentation providing a schedule and steps for the

#	Туре	Location	Issue Description	Guideline
				software and ballot installation, which includes a table outlining the key dates, events and deliverables
5	Document Defect	Unity 4.0 Discrepancy Report 05/18/07 (SysTest) ES&S M100 SOP FW Ver. 5.4.0.0, HW Rev. 1.3, February 29, 2008	From SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 27 ES&S M100 System of Operations does not provide procedures for product acquisition there is no reference to PDTR readiness testing documents, and does not provide information on system maintenance, correction of defects, and incorporating hardware and new software releases. (Note: Chapter 13: Combining M100 and iVotronic Results, Pre-election day setup heading, Test the PEB Setup subheading is out of scope of Unity 3.2.1.0. It will be testing in Unity 4.0 when the iVotronic is added.) 8/7/09 Reject - SLE: Chapter 3: Understanding the Counter and Chapter 7: Maintaining the Counter does not contain information on understanding or maintaining the counter. 8/7/09 Accept -SLE - Verified in M100 SOP FW dated 10/17/08 Operations Support FAQ addresses system purchased, installation, setup, training needed, and with a checklist; Product acquisition and PDTR readiness testing, is addressed in Chapters 1, 3:, 6, 10, & 11. System maintenance, correction of defects, and incorporating hardware and new software releases, are addressed in the Chapter 1, 2, 4, 7, 9 & 12	v.2: 2.8.6: Operations Support a. Defines the procedures required to support system acquisition, installation, and readiness testing. These procedures may be provided by reference, if they are contained either in the system hardware specifications, or in other vendor documentation; b. Describes procedures for providing technical support, system maintenance and correction of defects, and for incorporating hardware upgrades and new software releases.
6	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S M100 SOP FW V.5.4.0.0, HW rev1.3 11/16/07	CLOSED- SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 372 ES&S M100 System of Operations documents do not indicate how the scanners track or report on paper provisional ballots.	VVSG Vol. I, Section 2.4.2: Consolidating Vote Data All systems shall provide a means to consolidate vote data from all polling places, and optionally from other sources such as absentee ballots, provisional ballots, and voted ballots requiring human review (e.g., write-in votes).
8	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S Sys Overview V.4.0.0.0 8/22/08	CLOSED-SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 551 ES&S M100 System Overview does not state that the scanner can be used as a central count scanner as stated in the M100 SOP, chapter 1.	V2: 2.2.1.b The system description shall include written descriptions, drawings and diagrams that present: A description of the operational environment of the system that provides an overview of the hardware, software, and communications structure
9	Func- tional Defect	ERM v. 7.5.0.0 40HTEST1 TC	Issue 35 transferred from Unity 3.2.0.0 From SysTest Unity 4.0 Testing - Disc: 475 Numbered Key - Districts report is showing two M650 groups and the iVo PEB group does not appear; however, the PEB totals match the totals appearing alongside the second M650 group totals (it appears that the 'label' is incorrect and should read 'IVO PEB"). I then went into add/change groups and switched the location of the M650 group and the M100 group, regenerated the report and we now show two M100 groups and again the iVo totals appeared under the second M100 group. It seems the report is mimicking the name in group three into	V1: 4.4.4.a, b Voting systems shall meet these reporting requirements by providing software capable of obtaining data concerning various aspects of vote counting and producing reports of them on a printer. At a minimum, vote tally data shall include: a. Number of ballots cast, using each ballot configuration, by tabulator, by precinct, and by political subdivision;

#	Туре	Location	Issue Description	Guideline
			group four, but applying the correct totals. Copies of the report and screen shot of the add/change groups faxed to vendor.	b. Candidate and measure vote totals for each contest, by tabulator;
13	Document Defect	ES&S SW Design Spec Model 100 Unity v.3.2.1.0 8/11/09	The Hardware Environment and Constraints section mentions DS200, not the M100 In the "ES&S Software Design Spec Model 100" manual, in the HARDWARE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSTRAINTS table, the "Peripheral device interface hardware" hardware characteristic description says "PCMCIA SRAM card are the devices interfacing with the DS200", but does not mention the M100.	V2:2.5.5.1.d Hardware Environment and Constraints - The vendor shall identify and describe the hardware characteristics that influence the design of the software, such as: d.) Peripheral device interface hardware;
14	Document Defect	ES&S System HW Spec Model 100 Unity v. 3.2.1.0 8/11/09	Electromagnetic Environment section mentions DS200, not M100 In the ES&S System Hardware Specification Model 100 manual, the ELECTROMAGNETIC ENVIRONMENT section refers to the DS200, but does not mention the M100.	V2:2.4.2.b The vendor shall provide sufficient data, or references to data, to identify unequivocally the details of the system configuration submitted for qualification testing. The vendor shall provide a list of materials and components used in the system and a description of their assembly into major system components and the system as a whole. Paragraphs and diagrams shall be provided that describe: b.) The electromagnetic environment generated by the system
17	Docu- ment Defect	Requirement s of the 2005 VVSG Trace to Vendor Testing and TDP 8/11/09	The location of the System Change Notes for Unity 3.2.1.0 was not identified. Unity 3.2.1.0 is a change to Unity 3.2.0.0. Submission of Change Notes was not identified (see V2:2.13 a - d for the required content of the System Change Notes)	V2: 2.13 Vendors submitting a system for testing that has been tested previously by the test authority and issued a qualification number shall submit system change notes.
21	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S System Overview Unity v. 3.2.1.0 8/11/09	M100 absent from Table of Contents in System Overview document. The M100 is absent from Table of Contents, even though it appears as item 1.2.1 in the Operational Environment section.	V2:2.1.1.3 The TDP shall include a detailed table of contents for the required documents, an abstract of each document and a listing of each of the informational sections and appendices presented.
22	Docu- ment Defect	ES&S System Overview Unity v. 3.2.1.0 8/11/09	M100 absent from System Description in System Overview document. The M100 is absent from the chart in the System Description section, even though it appears as item 1.2.1 in the Operational Environment section.	V2:2.2.1.b The system description shall include written descriptions, drawings and diagrams that present: b. A description of the operational environment of the system that provides an overview of the hardware, software, and communications structure;

2.1.3 PCA Source Code Review

The audit of the 3% review of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 source code in accordance the EAC instructions (see section 1 Introduction) for assessment and recommendation for reuse of the applicable Unity v.4.0.0.0 PCA Source Code Review conducted by SysTest.

2.1.3.1 Documentation of the 3% Source Code Review Process

The 3% source code review was conducted using iBeta's PCA Source Code Review Procedure. The source code was delivered from SysTest and configuration managed in the iBeta Source Code Repository. iBeta reused the language specific interpretations of the generic VSS 2002 requirements used in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the C and COBOL source code review. The VSS 2002 requirements applicable to the source code review included: volume 1 sections 4.2.2 through 4.2.7, 6.2 and 6.4.2; and volume 2 sections 2.5.4.d and 5.4.2.

To select the 3% for review iBeta used a static analysis tool to parse application source code base to obtain a list of the files and functions, in addition to a Lines of Code (LOC) count. iBeta used executable LOCs only, excluding comment, blank, or continued lines in the metrics. As our static analysis tools did not address COBOL, the number of files and files sizes were used to determine the 3% of code to review. Spreadsheets were populated for each application. The selection of files/functions was based upon the file header information documenting the file purpose. iBeta focused the review by selecting source code files and functions that process vote data, audit logs, and reporting.

A peer review of the M100 Source Code Review was conducted by an experienced reviewer who had reviewed source code to the VSS requirements on a minimum of two VSTL test efforts. Based on the EAC's August 4th instruction, "This review will focus on important functional sections of the code in order to determine the depth and focus of source review conducted by SysTest", the peer reviewer examined the identified results and source code to confirm the accuracy of the review.

Table 9 3% Source Code Review

Product	Source Code Langua ge	Version Submitt ed to SysTest	Submitt ed to SysTest	Spreadsheet	Lines Revie wed	Total Lines	Total Issue s	EAC Issue s
Unity 3.2.1.0 Firmware								
Model 100								
M-100	С	5.4.0.0	6/20/07	C M100 5.4.0.0 Source Code Review	798	21287	0	0
Totals					798	21287	0	0
Percentages						3.7%		0%

2.1.3.2 Summary of 3% Source Code Review Results

Precedence for the iBeta interpretation has been established with testing for other clients and these established interpretations were applied to Unity 3.2.1.0. Zero discrepancies were identified.

2.1.3.3 Recommendation Regarding the Reuse of the SysTest Source Code Review

In order to provide a recommendation, iBeta evaluated the results of the 3% source code review. As there were zero discrepancies written that potentially impact the source code, iBeta recommends reuse of the results of the SysTest source code. The EAC approved the SysTest M100 source code review for reuse in 9 11 09 Approval Source Code Final.

2.1.4 Reused Environmental Hardware Assessment

In 8 04 09 Itr to ESS Reuse of Testing Final the EAC has authorized the reuse of the hardware testing conducted by SysTest' sub-contractors on the M100. In order to ensure that these test results provided sufficient documentation of the Environmental Hardware test assessment and results iBeta reviewed the reports to confirm any failures resulting in engineering changes were documented and the reports document that the M100 passed.

The result of the review generated requests for additional documentation. These requests were documented in discrepancies 1, 2, 27, and 28. These issues are traced to the *Environmental Test Report Matrix* in Appendix B.

Table 10 Environmental Hardware Test Report Review

No.	Location	Issue Description	Standard- Requirement	ES&S Response	Resolution Validation
1	M100 HW Report - Criterion 080424-1241 Section 1.3	The potentially reusable M100 ESD test report does not identify the equipment serial number. Section 1.3 Equipment under test identifies the model but not the serial number of the unit that went through hardware testing.	v.2: 4.6.1.1 Equipment identification shall be recorded.	ES&S has withdrawn their request to reuse this ESD report.	In accordance with NOC 08-001 an ESD test will be conducted on the M100
2	M100 HW Report - Criterion 080424-1241 & ECO 775 Change Evaluation	There is no clear connection between potentially reusable M100 ESD test report and documentation of mitigation conducted during testing. ECO 775 Change Evaluation identifies a mitigation to the M100, however no failure nor validation resolution is documented in the either the SysTest Discrepancy Report or the subcontractor ESD Test Report. The ECO 775 Change Evaluation identifies "changes were modeled in the M100 and allowed it to pass ESD testing on 5/2/2008".	v.1: 9.6.2.6 The ITA shall evaluate data resulting from examinations and tests employing the following practices: a: If any malfunction is detected that would be classified as a relevant failure using the criteria in Vol.2, its occurrence shall be recorded for inclusion in the analysis of data obtained from the test EAC NOC 07-005 it is the lead VSTL's responsibility to properly test the voting system and accurately report those tests to the EAC.	ES&S has withdrawn their request to reuse this ESD report.	In accordance with NOC 08-001 an ESD test will be conducted on the M100
27	ES&S Retest Matrix v.1.16 - M100 testing (SysTest) Sun Micro- systems APT Test Service Report APT Job # 06-00329 (Final Approval 7/21/06)	Potentially reusable Unity 4.0 hardware test results do not identify whether the M100 passed or failed. Nor does it identify the VSS or corresponding international test standard The matrix indicates the APT report contains the results of M100 testing on page 3. The report does not provide pass/fail results. The report lists an order of tests but these test do not identify either the VSS or international standard corresponding to the identified test.	v.2: B.5 The test report shall be organized so as to facilitate the presentation of conclusionsa summary of test results	Pending response	
28	Unity 4.0 Discrepancy Report 10/28/08	Potentially reusable Unity 4.0 hardware test results contain no identification of the mitigation	v.1: 9.6.2.6.e The ITA shall evaluate data resulting from examinations and tests employing the following practices:	9/8/09 -A copy of ES&S ECO 682, images of the ferrite and SysTest ECO	9/8/09 Accept C Coggins, Verified that ECO 682 documentation

No.	Location	Issue Description	Standard- Requirement	ES&S Response	Resolution Validation
	(SysTest)	manufacturing change note.	Any and all failures that occurred as a result of a deficiency shall be classified	682 Completed Evaluation was provided by ES&S	corresponds to the mitigation described on
	(Criterion) EMC	On page 48 of the sub-contractor	as purged, and test results shall be		page 48
	Qualification	(Criterion) report mitigation occurred in	evaluatedif the 1) vendor submits a		
	Test Report	the RF Immunity Test (Stewart part	design, manufacturing change		
	ES&S Voting	No. 28S0670-000 flat split type ferrite	notice		
	System, M100	placed on ribbon cable close to J8).			
	060530-1050	There is no identification of an			
	6/29/06	Engineering Change corresponding to			
		the mitigation.			

3 Materials Required for Testing

The System Identification stipulates the following materials required for testing of ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

3.1 Voting System Software

The software listed in Table 11 is the documented configuration of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

Table 11 Voting System Software

Application	Manufacturer	Version	Description (identify COTS)
Election Management Software			
Election Data Manager	ES&S	7.8.1.0	EMS software for election definition and ballot preparation for M650, DS200, and M100
ES&S Ballot Image Manager (ESSIM)	ES&S	7.7.1.0	Unity election management system desktop publishing tool to layout and format paper ballots
Audit Manager (AM)	ES&S	7.5.2.0	A Unity election management system audit logging software application including security and user tracking for the Election Data Manager and Ballot Image Manager
Hardware Programming Manager (HPM)	ES&S	5.7.1.0	A Unity election management system software application to import, format, and convert an election file and create election definitions for ballot scanning equipment
AIMS (Automark information Management System)	ES&S AutoMARK	1.3.157	A windows-based election management system software application to define election parameters for the VAT, including functionality to import election definition files produced by the Unity EMS and create VAT flash memory cards
Voter Assist Terminal (VAT)	ES&S AutoMARK	1.3.2906	A software application to assist multilingual voters and voters with visual, aural or dexterity disabilities to vote a paper ballots in a private manner
Election Reporting Manager (ERM)	ES&S	7.5.5.0	A Unity central count software application to compile and report election results
Log Monitor	ES&S	1.0.0.0	A software application that checks the status of the Windows Event Log feature and closes all ES&S applications if the Event Log feature is disabled or not configured properly.
Excel 2003 (Microsoft Office)	Microsoft		COTS software used by AIMS to import audio scripts

Application	Manufacturer	Version	Description (identify COTS)
Microsoft Windows XP	Microsoft	Service Pack 2 & 3	COTS personal computer operating system. When hardening procedure is done, SP2 gets updated to SP3.
Acrobat Standard	Adobe	V. 9	COTS software used with ESSIM to create ballot files for printing.
RM/COBOL		V. 11.01	COTS interpreter software used in HPM & ERM
Polling Place			
intElect DS200	ES&S	1.3.10.0	Precinct count optical scanner paper ballot tabulator including a 12-inch touch screen display providing voter feedback and poll worker messaging. DS200 scanner reads marks on both one- and two-sided ballots. Administrators can request custom ballot acceptance criteria, which ES&S programs onto the scanner's election definition.
M100	ES&S	5.4.0.0	Precinct-based, voter-activated paper ballot counter and vote tabulator. The M100 simultaneously read both sides of the ballot, and record the voter selections. The M100 may also be used as a central tabulator but functionality is no different than Precinct Count tabulator. Optional connection of a COTS results printer which overrides operation of the M100 printer when connected
Central Count			
Model 650 (M650)	ES&S	2.2.2.0	Central count high-speed optical scanner paper ballot tabulator. The scanner checks the preprinted codes along the ballot edge to determine each ballot's precinct, split and type. The M650 prints results reports to an external printer and saves results to a zip disk.

3.2 Voting System Hardware and Equipment
The equipment listed in Table 12 is the documented configuration of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

Table 12 Voting System Hardware and other Equipment

Hardware or Equipment	Manufacturer	Version	Description (identify COTS)
M650			
M650 Tabulator SN: 2406 8013- Green, Right Oval	ES&S	HW Rev 1.1 FW 2.2.2.0	Central count optical scanner that has color specific optical light and reads either left or right

Hardware or Equipment	Manufacturer	Version	Description (identify COTS)
			ballot oval.
M650 Tabulator SN: 7003 – Red, Left Oval	ES&S	HW Rev 1.2 FW 2.2.2.0	Central count optical scanner that has color specific optical light and reads either left or right ballot oval.
(2) LQ-590 Printers SN: FSQY093447 SN: FSQY094255	Epson	Model: #P363A	M650 Log and Results report printers (COTS)
Belkin Universal Power Supply SN: 20V06516228WE	Belkin	N/A	COTS: M650 Power Supply
Iomega Zip Drive Z250USBPCMBP SN: 1GBS2250K7	Iomega	N/A	COTS: Central Count M650 Disk Reader/Writer
DS200			
(2) ES&S intElect DS200 SN: ES0107370025 SN: ES0107360007	ES&S	HW 1.2.1 FW 1.3.10.0	Precinct Count Optical Scanner (Modem removed in Unity 3.2.0.0)
Steel Ballot Box P/N 76245-10, SN: 1573	ES&S	N/A	Precinct Steel Ballot Box, No Diverter
Plastic Ballot Box P/N 94050	ES&S	N/A	ES&S Ballot Box , No Diverter
M100			
(4) ES&S Model 100 SN: 205071 SN: 202975 SN: 015483 SN: 231531	ES&S	HW Rev 1.3.0 FW 5.4.0.0 Bios v 2.02 OS v 4.22	Precinct Count Optical Scanner (modem removed)
AutoMARK VAT			
AutoMark Voter Assisted Terminal SN: AM0106430376	ES&S	Model A100 HW Rev 1.0 FW 1.3.2906 OS 5.00.14 PEB 1.65 SBC 1.0	Accessible paper ballot marking device original release – multiple cable connector and printed circuit boards are mounted in the lower portion of the VAT
AutoMark Voter Assisted Terminal SN: AM0206443384	ES&S	Model A200 HW Rev 1.1 FW 1.3.2906 OS 5.00.14 PEB 1.65 SBC 2.0	Accessible paper ballot marking device. Change: Consolidate PCB, relocate PCB and cables to upper portion for easier maintenance

3.3 Testing Software, Hardware and Materials

The software, hardware and materials listed in Table 13 are needed to support testing and in test simulations of elections of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

Table 13 Testing Software, Hardware and Materials

Software, Hardware or Material	Description	Description of use in testing
DS200		
Thumb Drive 2GB, 4GB & 8GB	Storage media for the DS200	Media for installing elections
M650		
Iomega Zip Disk 100MB	Storage media for the M650	COTS: Media with election definition and results totals for M650
Pick Belt	Thick rubber band use for moving	Belt use by the M650 that grabs the

Software, Hardware or Material	Description	Description of use in testing
	paper ballots by the M650	top ballot and moves it into the read area
ES&S M650 Output Tray	Central Count Ballot Output Tray	Central Count Ballot Output Tray for ballots scanned
Paper	Paper - Continuous feed	COTS: for Central count (M650) audit log and reports
M100		
Vikant Corporation PCMCIA SRAM Card	Storage media for M100	COTS: Media for installing elections, recording and reporting votes
(4) OmniDrive USB Professional SN: 790-USB2 SN: 8814-USB2 SN: 23728-USB SN: 21430-USB	PCMCIA card reader/writer for M100	COTS: Drive for reading and writing to SRAM media cards for M100
AutoMARK VAT		
Sandisk Reader/writer Model SDDR-92	Compact flash card reader/writer	COTS: Device use to read and write election files to compact flash cards for VAT
SanDisk Imagemate CF Model #SDDR-91	Compact flash card reader/writer	COTS: Device use to read and write election files to compact flash cards for VAT
SanDisk Compact Flash Card 256MB	Storage media for the VAT	COTS: Media for installing elections on the VAT
AutoMark Inkjet Print Cartridge	Print cartridge for VAT	Replacement ink cartridges for VAT
Foot Pedal	Alternative vote input device for VAT	Allows the user to alternatively cast votes.
AutoMark Programming Cable	Cable use for AutoMARK firmware Installs	For AutoMARK firmware installs
Paper rolls	Paper, Thermal Printer	COTS: DS200 and M100 reports
HP LaserJet Printer 4050N SN: 600004	Report Printer	COTS: Used for printing reports from EDM, HPM, ERM, and ESSIM
Ballot Marker Pens	Marking Device	VL Ballot Pen to mark paper ballots
(2) D-Link 10/100 Dual Speed Hub w/Switch SN: H0GH314002325 SN: H0GH315000171	LAN line hub for connecting multiple PCs	COTS: Unity/Aims/Printer hub/switch for communicating between hardware
OKI Printer B410dn	Network Printer	COTS: Used for printing reports from PCs connected to Hubs
Ethernet Cables	Cables for the LAN	COTS: Transfer election management data among workstations and/or servers on the EMS LAN
Test Management and Tools		
Multiple desktop and laptop PCs	A variety of PCs running Microsoft operating systems	Supplied by iBeta: Preparation, management and recording of test plans, test cases, reviews and results
Repository servers	Separate servers for storage of test documents and source code, running industry standards operating systems, security and back up utilities	Supplied by iBeta: Documents are maintained on a secure network server. Source code is maintained on a separate data disk on a restricted server
Microsoft Office 2003 & 2007	Excel and Word software and	Supplied by iBeta: The software used

Software, Hardware or Material	Description	Description of use in testing
	document templates	to create and record test plans, test cases, reviews and results
SharePoint 2003	TDP and test documentation repository	Supplied by iBeta: TDP and test documentation repository and configuration management tool
Other standard business application software	Internet browsers, PDF viewers email	Supplied by iBeta: Industry standard tools to support testing, business and project implementation
RSM v.6.92 (M Squared Technologies)	C, C++, Java & C# static analysis tool	Supplied by iBeta: identify line counts and cyclomatic complexity
Beyond Compare 2 v.2.4.3 (Scooter Software)	Comparison utility	Supplied by iBeta: used to compare file/folder differences
WinDiff 5.1 (Microsoft)	Comparison utility	Supplied by iBeta: used to compare file/folder differences
Hash.exe v.7.08.10.07.12 (Maresware)	Hash creation utility	Supplied by iBeta: used to generate hash signatures for Trusted Builds
Symantec Ghost v. 11	Image capture tool	Supplied by iBeta: used to capture and test environments.
SLAX LIVE W/ SHA1DEEP	Hash creation tool	Supplied by iBeta: used to generate hash signatures for the M100

3.4 Deliverable Materials

Documents listed in Table 14 are delivered as part of the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

Table 14 Unity 3.2.1.0 Voting Systems User Documents

Title	Version	Date	Author (Organization.)
Unity 3.2.1.0 (Modifications to the ESSUnity3200)			
Election Systems & Software System Overview Unity v. 3.2.1.0	3.0	08/11/09	ESS
ES&S M100 System Maintenance Manual Firmware Version	None	08/11/09	ESS
5.4.0.0 Hardware Version 1.3			
ES&S Model 100 System Operations Procedures Firmware Version	None	08/28/09	ESS
5.4.0.0 Hardware revision 1.3			
ES&S System Security Specification Version Release 3.2.1.0	None	08/28/09	ESS
Election Systems & Software Model 100 Validation Guide	2.0	08/18/09	ESS
Hardening Procedures for the Election Management System PC	None	09/08/09	ESS
Combining M100 and iVotronic Results at the Precinct Handout	None	07/31/09	ESS
Model 100 Election Day Checklist Version Number 5.4.0.0	None	07/31/09	ESS
Model 100 Pre-Election Day Checklist Version Number 5.4.0.0	None	07/31/09	ESS

The materials listed in Table 15 are to be delivered as part of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system.

Table 15 Voting System Materials

Material	Material Description	Use in the Voting System
intellect DS200 (DS200)	A Unity precinct count optical	Precinct count vote tabulator
	scanner	
Thumb Drive 2GB, 4GB & 8GB	Storage media for the DS200	Media for installing elections
Model 650 (M650)	A Unity central count optical	Central count vote tabulator,
	scanner	configured for use with left or right
		ovals and green or red optical read
		light
Iomega Zip Disk 100MB	Storage media for M650	COTS: Media with election definition
		and results totals for M650
LQ-590 Printers	COTS printers used for M650	COTS: Central count vote tabulator
	reporting	report and audit log printers

Material	Material Description	Use in the Voting System
ES&S Model 100	A Unity precinct count optical	Precinct count vote tabulator
	scanner	
Vikant Corporation PCMCIA SRAM	Storage media for M100	COTS: Media for installing elections,
Card		recording and reporting votes
AutoMark Voter Assisted Terminal	An accessible paper ballot	Audio and non-manual input device to
(VAT)	marking device for the Unity	record votes on Unity paper ballots.
	voting system	
SanDisk CompactFlash Card	Storage media for the VAT	COTS: Media for installing elections,
256MB		recording and reporting votes
HP LaserJet Printer 4050N	Printer for printing reports	COTS: Print results and audit log
		reports
Ballot Marker Pens	Marking Device	Supplied by ES&S: VL Ballot Pen to
		mark paper ballots

3.5 Proprietary Data

All software, hardware, documentation and materials shall be considered by iBeta as proprietary to ES&S. None of the elements submitted for certification testing may be used outside the scope of testing. No release or disclosure may occur without the written authorization of ES&S. Authorization for release to the EAC is contained in the MSA contract. ES&S shall be responsible to ensure that any TDP materials they deem confidential and protected from release are appropriately marked prior to submission to iBeta, per section 10 of the EAC Program Manual. iBeta shall notify ES&S when materials are submitted to the EAC.

No information submitted to the EAC in this test plan has been identified by ES&S as subject to restriction on use, release or disclosure.

When iBeta provides internal process documentation to the EAC to assist in the review of their test plan this information includes programming language specific review criteria and test case detail. These documents are tendered in separate electronic files and identified as confidential and protected from release as a trade secret because they are a description of how the process is performed and the end result of substantial effort. This information is explicitly prohibited from release by the FOIA and the Trade Secrets Act (18 U.S.C. §1905).

4 Test Specifications

Certification testing of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system is to the configuration submitted in the EAC application #ESS0307 to the requirements of the VSS 2002.

The test methods in Section 7 of this test plan identify the test operation procedures, i.e. how testing to the VSS 2002 will be implemented and the organizations responsible for the testing. The test method is used to create a test case which contains the information necessary to reproduce testing.

Testing for the system level (functional and integration), environmental, accuracy, reliability, availability and characteristics (recovery, usability, accessibility, and maintainability) test cases was performed by SysTest. Based upon the precedent set in Unity 3.2.0.0 ES&S has petitioned the EAC for reuse of the M100 testing. The EAC reuse of testing review process is contained in Appendix C.

Volume, stress, security, telephony and cryptographic test methods for the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system were developed by iBeta following a review of the EAC approved *Unity 4.0.0.0 Test Plan*, the 3% Source Code Review Assessment, the system limitations and security documentation for the modifications to the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system. The test methods prepared for the modifications are contained in Section 7. A test case is developed from each test method. Documentation of all test iterations shall be maintained in the test case with a separate record of the configuration and results of each test execution.

4.1 Requirements (Strategy for evaluating sections of the VSS 2002)

The strategy for evaluation of any voting system submitted for certification is to confirm that it conforms to the Volume 1 requirements of the VSS 2002. This overall approach is the same for all voting systems submitted for certification to the VSS 2002. The certification test scope of the voting system is identified as initial submission or a modification. All submitted systems must meet all applicable requirements. Initial submissions must be tested for all requirements. Modified systems must only be tested for the modification, with reuse of the EAC certified unmodified portions validated in a functional system level regression test.

- **Section 1 Introduction**: Identification of the relevant and non-relevant definitions applicable to the voting (see section 1).
- Section 2 Functional Capabilities: Following the assessment of scope, iBeta identifies the relevant and non-relevant requirements of the voting system submitted for certification testing and optional functionality incorporated into the voting system by the manufacturer. The relevant requirements, optional functionality, accessibility features and supported voting variations are assessed in order to customize iBeta's standard FCA Functional System Level Test Cases for the submitted voting (see sections 2, 4, and Appendix A)
- Section 3 Hardware Standards: Following the assessment of scope, iBeta identifies the relevant and non-relevant requirements. The relevant requirements are assessed in order to customize various iBeta standard test cases. The FCA Environmental Test Case is customized for the environmental performance requirements. The FCA Functional System Level and FCA Volume Test Case are customized for the EMS, vote recording, paper based conversion, vote processing, reporting, and vote data management performance requirements. The FCA Characteristics Test Case addresses the physical aspects of the voting system hardware (DREs, precinct scanners, central scanners and ballot marking devices), including the physical characteristics, maintenance, reliability, maintainability, and availability requirements of the voting system submitted for certification testing. As the accurate display, recording, storing, and reporting of ballot information and votes is applicable to all voting system functions, accuracy performance requirements are included in the FCA Functional System Level Test Cases, FCA Accuracy Test Case, FCA Volume Test Cases, FCA Security Test Case, FCA Characteristic Test Case, and FCA Environmental Hardware Test Case (see section 2, 4, Appendix A & B)
- Section 4 Software Standards: Following the assessment of scope, iBeta identifies the relevant and non-relevant source code submitted for certification testing. A PCA Source Code Review is conducted as a pre-certification test activity. The source code review requirements are interpreted by iBeta for each submitted language and maintained in an internal library of Language Specific Review Criteria (see section 2.1.3). Functional testing of the relevant audit

- and tally software is incorporated into the FCA Functional System Level Test Case and FCA Security Test Case (see sections 2, 4, and Appendix A).
- Section 5 Telecommunications: Following the assessment of scope, iBeta identifies the relevant and non-relevant telecommunication requirements of the voting system submitted for certification testing. Verification of the functionality to transmit and receive data electronically using hardware and software components over distances both within and external to the polling place are incorporated into the FCA Telecommunications Test Case (see section 4, 7 and Appendix A).
- Section 6 Security Standards: Following the assessment of scope, iBeta identifies the relevant and non-relevant requirements of the voting system submitted for certification testing. The security documentation submitted by the manufacturer is reviewed. The identified access controls, physical security measures, software security, telecommunication, shared operating environments and transmission of official data over public networks are assessed. Methods to verify the adequacy of these security controls are documented in the review, including specific source code reviews, document reviews and functional security tests. When practical functional security testing is incorporated into the FCA Functional System Level Test Cases. Tests that incorporate unique threats are impractical for inclusion in the standard testing. A separate FCA Security Test Case is prepared with voting system specific security testing. (see section 4, 7 and Appendix A). While the VSS 2002 does not identify requirements for testing of the system limits of a voting system, testing of these limits is incorporated into the FCA Volume Test Cases (see section 4, 7 and Appendix A).
- Section 7 Quality Assurance: These requirements are reviewed in the PCA Document Review stipulated in volume 2, section 2.12. During the certification test process any observed instances of non-compliance with the manufacturers policies in documentation, software or hardware are reported as informational disclosures in the discrepancy report.
- Section 8 Configuration Management: These requirements are reviewed in the PCA Document Review stipulated in volume 2, section 2.11. During the certification test process any observed instances of non-compliance with the manufacturers policies in documentation, software or hardware are reported as informational disclosures in the discrepancy report.
- Section 9 Overview of Qualification Tests: The requirements of section 9 outline the
 complete certification test process. It contains process requirements that are applicable to both
 the manufacturer and VSTL. This section provides guidance to iBeta and the manufacturer of
 the certification test process rules and definitions. These processes include identification of test
 scope, test focus, sequence of tests, applicability of tests for new and modified systems, pretest, test and post test practices, requirements and activities.

4.1.1 Mapping of requirements to the equipment type and features

The mapping of requirements is found in Appendix A.

4.1.2 Rationale for why some requirements are NA for this campaign

The rationale for identification of specific requirements as not applicable for this campaign is identified in the mapping of requirements.

As identified in the VSS2002 vol.1 section 4.1.2, software is excluded if it:

- Provides no support of voting system capabilities;
- Cannot function while voting system functionality is enabled; and
- Procedures are provided that confirm software has been removed, disconnected or switched.

The following functions are excluded from Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system and are not tested in this certification effort.

- All Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) requirements. Unity 3.2.1.0 is a paper ballot system.
- Provisional ballots: The handling of provisional ballots is procedural. There is no provisional ballot functionality.
- Transmission via Public Telecommunications: There is no transmission via public telecommunications. The DS200 and M100 modem is removed from this certification.

4.2 Hardware Configuration and Design

The baseline hardware configuration of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system submitted for testing is identified in Table 10. It is recorded in the *PCA Configuration Unity 3.2.1.0* document. If during testing there is any change to the configuration of the system, the complete voting system configuration will be recorded on a new tab. The new tab will reflect the date upon which the new configuration was documented. All test cases identified in Tables 17 and 18 will include verification and documentation of the test environment against the applicable PCA Configuration tab

4.3 Software System Functions

Testing of the software system functions defined in the VSS 2002 include the following tasks:

- Identification of the functional test scope based upon the PCA TDP Document Review (Vol. 2, Sect. 2) and FCA review of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system testing (Vol.2 Appendix A.2)
- PCA Source Code Review of all new or changed code (Vol.2 Sect. 5.4) and an assessment for reuse of the Unity 4.0 source code review performed by SysTest on the M100;
- Verification of COTs software and completion of a trusted build by iBeta with the M100 v.5.4.1.0 source code provided by SysTest and modifications to ERM v.7.5.5.0 (from the Unity 3.4.0.0 ERM v.7.5.4.0). iBeta constructed the build and recorded the file signature of the build environment and final build. The process followed the steps outlined in the iBeta *Trusted Build Procedure* to ensure compliance with the section 5.6 of the Certification Program Manual.
- Reuse of the escrowed code from the unmodified applications of the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system
- Development of a Certification Test Plan and Test Cases (Vol. 2, Appendix A)
- Execution of Functional/System Integration Tests including those listed in the Reuse System Level Test Method, Regression System Level Test Case and Volume Test Cases (Vol. 2, Sect. 6)
- Testing of the performance and sequence of system software functions identified in System
 Operations, Maintenance and Diagnostic Testing Manuals, including those listed in the Reuse
 System Level Test Methods, Reuse Accuracy Test Method, Reuse Characteristics Test Method
 and the Volume, Stress, Security, Telephony and Cryptographic Test Cases. (Vol. 2. Sect. 6.8)
- The section 5.7 of the Certification Program Manual specified deliverables shall be provided to the EAC stipulated escrow agency upon certification.

4.4 Test Case Design

4.4.1 Hardware Qualitative Examination Design

iBeta conducted a review of performance characteristics for the modifications to the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system that were identified in the Unity 3.2.1.0 submitted TDP. The review was conducted in accordance with vol. 2 Appendix A.4.3.1 (a-d) of the VSS 2002 and Section 301 of HAVA. As a result of this review it was determined that iBeta will conduct Volume, Stress, Security and Error Recovery testing on the M100 to determine the quality of the hardware design. Security testing shall incorporate the inclusion of a peer-to-peer and client/server network in the EMS. iBeta will also conduct a System Level Regression Test to determine the quality of the overall voting capabilities, pre-voting, voting and post voting functions of the complete ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system. ES&S petitioned the EAC for reuse of the Environmental, Reliability, Accuracy, Maintenance, Availability, Durability and Safety testing of the M100. The EAC shall assess the SysTest test results of the M100 for the Reuse Characteristic (Usability, Accessibility and Maintenance), Reuse Functional System Level, Reuse Accuracy and Reliability testing identified in the applicable test method. The EAC reuse of testing review process shall be identified in the as run test plan submitted with the test report. A sampling of maintenance and accuracy functions are incorporated into the System Level Regression Test.

An examination of the M100 shall be conducted to confirm that it does not contain: wireless technology, modems, or use of the public networks and is exempt from such testing. The results of this review will be recorded in the FCA Telephony and Cryptographic Test Case.

SysTest and their subcontractors (see section 1) examined the M100 and determined the scope of hardware environmental testing required by the VSS 2002. The EAC conducted a review of the

SysTest environmental testing for the M100 in Unity v.4.0.0.0 and approved its reuse. iBeta was tasked by the EAC to review the M100 test reports to confirmed the reports identified the hardware had passed and that any failures identified in the reports had documentation of a matching engineering change. This review was completed as a Pre-certification Test (see section 2.1.4, 4.4.2 and Appendix B).

4.4.1.1 Mapping of requirements to the M100

Appendix A contains identifies the VSS 2002 requirements applicable to the M100.

4.4.2 Hardware Environmental Test Case Design

The SysTest's subcontractors listed in section 1 performed hardware testing of the M100 for Unity v.4.0. The review, analysis, testing and test results are contained in the test reports and engineering change assessments listed in the Table 2 - Unity v.4.0.0.0 Test Documents. The EAC issued their approval for reuse of the results of the SysTest Environmental Hardware testing in 8-04-09 Ltr to ESS reuse of testing final. In order to ensure that iBeta had all documentation of the Environmental Hardware test assessment and results for the M100 iBeta reviewed the reports to confirm they included documentation that the M100 submitted hardware passed the required tests and that any failures resulting in engineering changes were documented. Based upon the discrepancies 1 and 2 indentified in this review ES&S withdrew their request for reuse of the Electrostatic Disruption (ESD) test conducted in 2008. iBeta sub-contractor Criterion Technologies Inc. shall conduct an ESD test as required by in NOC-08-001 (see section 2.1.4).

ES&S submitted engineering changes to the EAC certified DS200 plastic ballot box/case (a new metal lock and bottom edge, modification of the adhesive and washers attaching the foam padding to the case, and reducing the number of ballot boxes per shipping pallet). These changes require an assessment for impact to ESD and Transportation and Storage. The results of the assessment and any required testing shall be documented in the as run test plan submitted with the test report.

As no changes have been submitted to the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 AutoMARK VAT and M650, iBeta has assessed that no environmental testing is required.

4.4.3 Software Module Test Case Design and Data

ES&S has petitioned for reuse of the functional testing performed by SysTest on the M100 in the certification effort of Unity v.4.0.0.0.

The iBeta customized test cases for the modification to the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 include the identification of the controls between the applications, user interfaces, and hardware interfaces with the capture of entry and exit data. (See Table 16, Table 17 and the cross referenced test methods in Section 7.)

4.4.4 Software Functional Test Case Design

Following assessment of the changes of Unity 3.2.1.0 from the EAC Unity 3.2.0.0 certified voting system; iBeta determined that functional testing of the M100 was required. ES&S has petitioned for reuse of the functional testing performed on the M100 by SysTest in the certification effort of Unity v.4.0.0.0. The EAC shall assess the SysTest test results of the M100 for Reuse Functional System Level testing identified in the test method. The EAC reuse of testing review process shall be identified in the as run test plan submitted with the test report.

iBeta additionally followed the process outlined in Section 2.1.1 document review and results and identified the scope of required functional testing outside the ES&S petition for reuse. Testing identified as outside the petition for reuse included Volume, Stress, Error Handling and Security of the M100. A review of the section 1.4.3 System Limits was conducted to assess the limits applicable to the M100 system. This assessment was compared to the volume tests conducted on the EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0. The M100 limits were not found to impact the customer maximums identified in the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification test effort. iBeta found that Volume 1, 2, and 4 were applicable for the limits on ballot styles and storage media. It was determined that they would need to be modified to test the limits of the M100. The assessment also determined two additional M100 Volume test cases were necessary

to test for M100 precinct limits in early voting and on election day (Volume 11 and 12). The assessment found that Volume 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 Tests Case were relevant to the EMS and not applicable to the modifications. They were therefore out of scope of the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification test effort. As part of the assessment Beta identified:

- Volume conditions to determine that the voting system could successfully prepare and process elections to the maximum capacity without errors for the election criteria listed in Table 17-Volume Tests.
- Stress conditions to verify that the voting system provides an appropriate response to an overloading condition exceeding the maximum capacity for the election criteria listed in Table 17 Stress Tests.
- Error recovery conditions using a three part approach. First, the 3% Source Code Review verified the error response and recovery within the sample of code examined. The results were reported to the EAC for consideration in their determination of reuse of the SysTest Source Code Review The second part of the approach was to force hardware errors for power recovery. The third part was the incorporation of error responses into the Volume and Stress testing such that error recovery would confirm that in exceeding a limit the voting system was able to recovery without losing vote data (see Table 17 Recovery Tests).

The EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 voting system functions are identified in the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report. A sampling of this functionality, M100 functionality, and the ERM v.7.5.5.0 modifications will be tested by iBeta in the Regression System Level Test Case. This test case shall test a substantial subset of the functional requirements of the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system. It shall be executed as a system level test with a multi-lingual ballot including the EMS, M100 and DS200 precinct scanners, and M650 central count scanner. Paper ballots shall be cast manually with ES&S specified marking devices and on the AutoMARK VAT in visual and audio modes with audio and non-manual assistive devices.

Greater description of each Test Case is found in the Test Methods (see section 7). Detailed test steps and test data are found in the separate individual Test Case documents.

Table 16 iBeta Sampling of System Function and Test Cases

iBeta Sampling of System Function	Test Case
a. Ballot Preparation Subsystem	Regression System Level, Volume 11 & 12
b. Test operations performed prior to, during and after processing of ballots, including:	
i. Logic Test – Interpretation of Ballot Styles & recognition of precincts	Regression System Level Volume 1 & 2
ii. Accuracy Tests- Ballot reading accuracy	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
iii. Status Tests- Equipment statement &memory contents	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
iv. Report Generation – Produce test output data	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
v. Report Generation- Produce audit data	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
c. Procedures applicable to equipment used in a Polling Place for:	
i. Opening the polls, accepting & counting ballots	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
ii. Monitoring equipment status	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
iii. Equipment response to commands	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
iv. Generating real-time audit	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
v: Closing polls and disabling ballot acceptance	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
vi. Generating election data reports	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12
vii Transfer ballot count to central counting location	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, & 12

iBeta Sampling of System Function	Test Case
viii Electronic transmission (Negative test: no modem present)	Telephony & Cryptographic
d. Procedures applicable to equipment used in a Central Count Place	
i. Process ballot deck for >1precinct	Regression System Level Volume 1, 11 & 12
ii. Monitoring equipment status	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12
iii. Equipment response to commands	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12
iv. Integration with peripherals equipment or other data processing systems	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12
v. Generating real-time audit messages	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12
vi. Generating precinct-level election data reports	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12
vii. Generating summary election data reports	Regression System Level Volume 1, 2, 11, & 12

4.4.5 System Level Test Case Design

The majority of functional tests are being executed as mock elections in an end-to-end system level test (see section 4.4.4). They have been prepared to assess the response of the hardware and software to a range of conditions.

Detailed information for the tests is included in the corresponding Test Method contained in Section **Error! Reference source not found.**. All of these test cases or reviews identify Accept/Reject performance criteria for certification based upon the VSS 2002 and the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system software, hardware, security and specifications. Detailed test steps and test data are found in the separate individual Test Case documents.

Table 17 System- Level Test Cases

Table 17 System- Level Test Cases	
	Test Cases
a. Volume Test	
Using the ES&S defined Unity 3.2.1.0 system limitations for the M100 confirm the estimated maximum of the largest ES&S customers exceeds the customer maximums. Document in the test case the percentage that the system limit exceeds the customer maximum. (System Limit * 100) /Customer Maximum =% System Limit) Using the ES&S defined M100 system limit, verify that the maximum capacity is successfully prepared and processed without errors for: Vol. 1) The maximum number of paper ballot styles within an election. Vol. 2) The maximum number of ballot styles in a precinct Vol. 4) See below (g. Recovery Tests) Vol. 11) The maximum number of precincts in an early voting location	Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, 12 (Volume)
Vol. 12) The maximum number of precincts in a polling place on election day	
b. Stress Test)
Using the ES&S defined system limits for the M100, verify that the voting system provides an appropriate response to an overloading condition, exceeding: Vol. 1) The maximum number of paper ballot styles within an election. Vol. 2) The maximum number of ballot styles in a precinct Vol. 4) See below (g. Recovery Tests) Vol. 11) The maximum number of precincts in an early voting location Vol. 12) The maximum number of precincts in a polling place on election day Stress scenarios exceeding the maximum limitations will be executed to confirm any applicable error handling: If error messages are generated they are: - Stored & reported as they occur - Errors requiring intervention clearly display issues & action instructions or with indicators - Incorrect responses will not lead to irreversible errors. If error messages are not generated: - The system processes without error; or	Volume 1, 2, 4, 11, 12 (Stress)

	Test Cases
- If there are any system errors then the system shall recover without any loss	Test Cases
of data.	
c. Usability Tests:	
Election database and ballots will be prepared, installed, voted and reported	Reuse System Level
exercising the input controls, error content, and audit message content of the voting system.	Reuse Characteristics Volume Tests 1, 2, 4, 11, 12
A review will assess the content and clarity of instructions and processes.	(Error Recovery)
d. Accessibility Tests:	(Eller Receivery)
An audio Spanish and English ballot will be programmed. Votes will be marked	Regression System Level
on the VAT to confirm:	
Ballots can be accessed visually, aurally or with non-electronic dexterity	
aids in Spanish and English	
Ballots can be accessed with various screen contrast, ballot display settings, and required audio ballot controls	
Physical aspect measurements of the voting system will comply with the	
VSS 2002	
e. Security Tests:	
During system level testing steps will be incorporated into the pre-vote, vote,	Regression System Level
and post vote election phases. These steps shall test:	Security Test Case
Security access controls limit or detect access to critical systems for ballot	(Windows Hardening Test Steps peer-to-peer& Client/Server)
preparation in the peer-to-peer and client/server EMS local area network Security access controls limit or detect access to critical systems for ballot	peer-to-peera Client/Server)
installation, poll opening/closing, ballot activation, transfer of data,	
reporting of results and audit functions of the M100	
Loss of system integrity, availability, confidentiality and accountability are	
detectable on the M100	
The effectiveness of the documented security polices and procedures	
M100 security specific test cases shall include:	
Attempts to circumvent user sign in and insert media to circumvent	Security Test Case
Methods to bypass or defeat the security	
Denial of service attacks simulated	
Poll workers, and voters as threat agents to access the ability of the	
system to resist or detect attacks, log and/or report attempts	
Effectiveness of the documented security polices and procedures	
(The details for these high level test objectives are found in the section 7 Security Test Method)	
Security rest interriou)	
Telephony test cases shall include:	Security, Telephony &
Confirmation that the system doesn't access the public telephone network	Cryptographic Test Cases
After defining language specific review criteria, a software source code review	
will be executed to confirm that:	iBeta 3% Source Code Review
Modules contain single exit points	Assessment and the SysTest' Source Code Review
There are no unbound arrays	Course Neview
There are no vote counter overflows	
Audit records log errors & events	
There is separate and redundant ballot image, vote and audit recording Value of separate and redundant ballot image, vote and audit recording	
Voting systems halt execution at the loss of critical systems There are no computer generated passwords.	
There are no computer-generated passwords F. Performance Tests:	
During various functional and accuracy testing the elections will be	Reuse System Level
programmed, voted and tallied to ensure ballot formats are accurately	Regression System Level
displayed, votes are accurately and reliably cast for the voting variations and	
functionality supported by the voting system.	
High or overloaded volume processing, storing and reporting shall assure	Volume 1 2 4 5 11 9 12
High or overloaded volume processing, storing and reporting shall occur without system degradation on the M100.	Volume 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, & 12
g. Recovery Tests:	
Consistency assessment of Source Code to confirm that the single exit point is	Source Code Review v.1:4.2.3.e

	Test Cases
the point where control is returned. At that point, the data that is expected as output is appropriately set. The exception for the exit point is where a problem is so severe that execution cannot be resumed. In this case, the design explicitly protects all recorded votes and audit log information and implements formal exception handlers provided by the language	
iBeta examined the power recovery test case and results provided by SysTest to determine sufficiency for incorporation of results into the iBeta testing to determine the system is able to: Recover from power or other system failure, without loss of vote data; and	Volume 5 (Reuse Electrical Supply)
Be supported on back up power for a minimum of two hours.	
On the M100:	
Vol. 1) The maximum number of paper ballot styles within an election Vol. 2) The maximum number of ballot styles in a precinct Vol. 4) The maximum media capacity Vol. 11) The maximum number of precincts in an early voting location Vol. 12) The maximum number of precincts in a polling place on election day	Volume 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, & 12
If during Volume and Stress testing there are system errors that cause a crash the system shall recover without any loss of data	

4.5 Security Functions

A security documentation review in accordance with VSS 2002 Vol. 2 Sect. 6.4 was completed and documented in the *FCA Security Review and Test Method*. Based upon the assessment of the security documents and findings of this review specific security tests were identified and recorded in the same document to meet the requirements of Vol. 1 Sect. 6. The review was either conducted or peer reviewed by an iBeta CISSP staff member. Based upon this review specific security tests, source code and/or document reviews were defined. These were then incorporated into the security test contained in section 7.

In addition to the review of the ES&S security documentation, Vol.2 Sect. 1.5 states VSTLs "shall expand tests used for system security to address the threats that are applicable to a particular design of voting system." In order to assess if new threats were identified that impact iBeta testing, iBeta examined reports submitted to the EAC Clearing House. The assessment of the reports was recorded. Reports and identified threats impact was identified as "No Impact", "Impact" or "Duplicate". The initial examination of the Clearing House report was to determine if the document contained a threat which had impact on iBeta security testing. The examination record identified the report, the voting system, a description of the report and/or threat, an assessment with rationale, impact, if the report was in the scope of the VSTL, if it was contained in current testing, the location of current testing and actions to take based upon the review.

Reports and/or threats identified as "No Impact" included: transmittals, cover letters, procedures/ reports that do not identify threats applicable to a particular voting system design, reports of issues already addressed by VSTL testing/RFIs. "Duplicate" reports were noted without further assessment. All assessment of "No Impact" and "Duplicate" items is completed. They require no further action. To date fourteen items identified as "Impact" have been further assessed to determine the applicable type of voting system and identify appropriate testing. Fourteen items "Impact" iBeta testing. In most instances it was found that while iBeta was testing these functions the test were inadequately described. As such tests were not ensuring repeatability from test effort to test effort. The fourteen were reviewed for the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system. Eight items were applicable to the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting systems. These eight items were previously incorporated into security or functional testing of other certified voting systems and will be incorporated into Unity 3.2.1.0. Test documentation was enhanced for the following:

- Tampering with the voting system to block & swap votes (CT-10/1/06 & 7/1/07)
- Multiple key presses close the polls (CT 7/1/07)
- Screen recalibration is a protected function(NY 7/12/07)
- Protections when re-importing results from the same card (NY 7/12/07)

- Any manual input of votes at the central count requires authentication and username logging (NY 7/12/07)
- Testing of serial ports incorporating appropriate buffer overflows and input-based attacks (NY 7/12/07)
- Testing for vulnerabilities in the boots sequence of systems (NY 7/12/07).

4.6 TDP Evaluation

The PCA Document Review (volume 1 section 9.6.1.2.b) is conducted to confirm the completeness and clarity of the documents. This is part of the Pre-Certification Test to the VSS 2002 volume 2 section 2 requirements. All activities and reported results are contained above in sections 2.1.2 through 2.1.2.3.

The TDP is used to develop and execute the test plan, test methods and test cases for the purposes of confirming that the configuration and operation of the system conform to the submitted documentation (Vol. 1 Sect. 9.6.2.1.f). Documented access control policies, procedures and system capabilities are evaluated to identify and verify the features implementation (Vol. 2 Sect. 6.4.1). Review of test procedures and results are performed to determine if the vendor's functional requirements have been tested (Vol. 2 Sect. 6.7). The results of these reviews are used to prepare test plan sections 2.0 through 2.1.1.3, 2.1.4 through 2.1.4.3, 4 and 7.

If during the evaluation of the TDP it is found that the documentation does not address or conform to the requirements of the VSS 2002, a document defect is noted in the ESS Unity 3.2.1.0 PCA and FCA Discrepancy Report. All defects must be addressed by ES&S and verified by iBeta prior to completion of certification testing.

4.7 Source Code Review

The PCA Source Code Review VSS 2002 requirements (Vol. 1 Sect. 4.2.2 through 4.2.7, 6.2 and 6.4.2; and Vol. 2 Sect. 2.5.4.d and 5.4.2) are part of the Pre-Certification Tests. All activities and results are contained above in sections 2.1.3 through 2.1.3.3.

Following the completion of the PCA Source Code Review iBeta initiated Trusted Builds to ensure that the certification executable release is built from the tested components. These builds included the changes to ERM v.7.5.5.0 from the Unity 3.2.0.0 baseline (ERM v.7.5.4.0) and the Unity 3.2.1.0 baseline M100 v.5.4.1.0. These builds followed the same process as the Trusted Builds of the unmodified Unity 3.2.0.0 applications. Detailed documentation of the Trusted Build process is contained in Appendix G of the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report.

During the review of security documentation iBeta identifies any security functions that are best validated by reviewing the source code. The source code review in this instance is a separate review that is detailed and recorded in the *FCA Security Test Case*.

4.8 QA & CM System Review

As there were no changes to the ES&S Unity 3.2.0.0 Quality Assurance and Configuration Management documentation, no additional review was required in Unity 3.2.1.0.

In addition to the build and installation process, iBeta observes the Unity 3.2.1.0 delivered materials, documents, hardware and software to confirm that ES&S' is consistent with their internal quality procedures and configuration management. The VSS tasks the VSTL with this observation during testing. iBeta shall deem that ES&S follows their policies if no inconsistencies are identified during the test effort. If any inconsistencies are identified by iBeta, they shall be noted on the ESS Unity 3.2.1.0 PCA and FCA Discrepancy Report as informational.

5 Test Data

5.1 Test Data Recording

The results of testing and review to the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system to the VSS 2002 are recorded in the test case and review forms prepared by iBeta. Environmental test data will be recorded in the manner appropriate to the test equipment with output reports detailing the results and analysis. An iBeta observer record of the test execution shall also be maintained in a test case. Electronic copies of all testing and reviews will be maintained.

5.2 Test Data Criteria

The results of the voting system tests and reviews results shall be evaluated against the documentation of the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system TDP, and the requirements of the VSS 2002. The ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system shall be evaluated for its performance against the standard and the expected results identified in each test case.

Test cases shall identity the election and ballot inputs on the Test Data and Ballot Data spreadsheet tabs. Vote inputs shall be identified on the Vote Data spreadsheet tab. Outputs shall be verified against the Test Step expected results including the ballot displays, functions initiated during voting and the precinct and summary reports.

5.3 Test Data Reduction

Test data will be processed manually.

6 Test Procedures and Conditions

6.1 Facility Requirements

The test location of the Functional, System Level, Accessibility, Usability and Environmental testing is identified in the Unity 4.0 Summary Test Report. All iBeta software testing and review will be performed at iBeta's laboratory in Aurora, Colorado. An additional ESD test shall be conducted on the M100 at the facilities of sub-contractor Criterion Technologies, Inc. Rollinsville, Colorado.

ES&S Unity v.4.0 test documentation will be maintained by SysTest, as directed by the EAC.

The ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 documentation, test documentation and results will be maintained in the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system project folder on the SharePoint server in the Voting business vertical repository. Reviews and testing reused from Unity 3.2.0.0 baseline shall be maintained in that project folder and the iBeta voting project archive. Only project assigned test personnel will have access to the ES&S repository. ES&S source code will be maintained on a separate server. Only project assigned test personnel will have access to the source code repository. Repositories are backed up daily using industry standard utilities.

6.2 Test Set-up

As part of the PCA, the ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system test platform will be set-up in the manner identified in the system configuration identified in the *Hardening Procedures for the Election Management System PC* and the M100, DS200, M650 and AutoMARK VAT hardware specification. The test platform will be documented. Installation of the unmodified EAC certified Unity 3.2.0.0 applications and the M100 and ERM trusted builds will be observed and documented. An inventory of any accessories or preloaded applications will be documented. Conditions necessary to reproduce the test set up are contained in the applicable test cases and *PCA Configuration Unity 3.2.1.0* document.

6.3 Test Sequence

There is no required sequence for performing system qualifications tests and audits. (Vol. 1 Sect. 9.4.2) PCA, FAC and other test may be schedules in any convenient order provided the prerequisite conditions have been met. Table 5 identifies test tasks and their prerequisite conditions.

6.4 Test Operations Procedures

Test cases and review criteria are contained in separate documents. They are provided to the iBeta test staff and Environmental Hardware Subcontractor with step-by-step procedures for each test case or review conducted. Test and review instructions identify the methods for test or review controls. Results are recorded for each test or review step. Possible results include:

- Accept: the expected result of the test case is observed; an element of the voting system meets the VSS 2002.
- Reject: the expected result of the test case is not observed; an element of the voting system did not meet the VSS 2002.
- Not Applicable (NA): test or review steps that are not applicable to the scope of the current Certification are marked NA.
- Not Testable (NT): rejection of a previous test step prevents execution of this and subsequent test steps.

Reject, Not Applicable and Not Testable results are marked with an explanatory note. The note for rejected results contains the discrepancy number.

Issues identified in testing or reviews are logged on the Discrepancy Report. Issue types include:

- Document Defects: a documentation element of the voting system did not meet the VSS 2002. Resolution of the defect is required for certification.
- Functional Defects: a hardware or software element of the voting system did not meet the VSS 2002. Resolution of the defect is required for certification.

• Informational: an element of the voting system which meets the VSS 2002 but may be significant to either the vendor or the jurisdiction. Resolution of Informational issues is optional. Unresolved issues are disclosed in the certification report.

Test steps are numbered and a tabulation of the test results is reported in the test case. Steps necessary to reproduce the test results are contained in the Test Case documents. Test operation personnel and their assignments are identified in Table 5.

7 Test Operation Procedures

The Test Operation Procedures include the Test Methods which are prepared for each Test Case. Test cases are separate documents.

7.1 System Level Test MethodsA Test Method specifies what is to be tested in a Test Case.

7.1.1 Reuse and Regression System Level Test Methods

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
Test Case Name	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Case
Scope - identifies the type of test	GEN01, GEN02, GEN02 PA, GEN03, PRI01, PRI01 PP, PRI02, 40HTEST1, Ohio Test, 40HTEST3, 40HTEST4, 40HTEST5, 3000 Precincts, Error Recovery, and Electrical Supply	The scope is to test, create and tally the election on a Windows 2003 server based network (multiple PCs) set up, and a regression system level test incorporating validations of a substantial portion of the VSS 2002 required and vendor identified functionality for the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system. Pre-vote: Create a Pick-a-Party Primary election; prepare election media and paper ballots in EDM, ESSIM and HPM; import into AIMS. Vote: Vote Election Day hand & machine marked paper ballots (VAT:A100 & A200); precinct scanning (DS200 and M100) Post Vote: Write election results (DS200 and M100); scan absentee hand marked and VAT marked ballots (M650 central scanner); consolidate absentee & Election Day votes into ERM for tallying and reporting. Testing includes validation of measurable performance including accuracy, processing rate, and ballot format handling capability, incorporating: The test case will have 2 scenarios. Both scenarios will use the same election however, 1 change will be made. Changing the HPM System Type for discrepancy 20.
Test Objective	ES&S has petitioned the EAC for reuse of the applicable components in scope for Unity 3.2.1.0 from the SysTest testing of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort. Determination of reuse of test results for functional, system level, usability, and accessibility testing performed by SysTest validating the VSS 2002 required and ES&S identified functionality for the Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system is identified in Appendix C.	The objective is to validate the ability to store and tally an election on a Windows 2003 server based network configuration, and: - Accurately and securely create paper English and Spanish visual and audio ballots for a pick-a-party primary election; - Create and install election specific media for the VAT and DS200, M100 and M650; - Independently and securely vote audio and visual ballots with mobility and non-mobility restrictions; - Count and report the results and; Validate identified discrepancies: - Discrepancy #7 - M100 accepted ballots that were copied from unvoted original ballots on a laser color copier printer - Discrepancy #9 - Create 4 groups (1- M100, 2- DS200, 3 - M650, 4 - M650 A). After creating the groups go back and switch the location of the M650 group and the M100 group.

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		- Discrepancy #20 - In HPM when the System Type is set to the "Mixed" option in an election that is all Scanner (M100, DS200 & M650), an error is generated in ERM when creating results database - Discrepancy #20 - In HPM when the System Type is set to the "Central Count" option in an election that is only using an M650 Central Scanner, an error is generated in ERM when creating results database.
Test Variables: Voting Variations (as supported by the voting system)	Determination by the EAC of the reuse of SysTest testing, test results and test reporting for Ballot-on-Demand (BOD), VAT and tabulators (M100), for Unity 3.2.0.0 from the SysTest testing of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort.	In Scope for Unity 3.2.1.0: Wisconsin Open Pick-a-Party Primary comprising: - An 14 inch combined paper ballot containing Dem, Rep & Non-Partisan selections, with ovals on the right side - 1 Polling Place - 2 Ballot Styles comprising: Ballot Style 1: 1000, 2000, 3000-02, Ballot Style 2: 3000-01 - 3 Precincts (1000, 2000, 3000) splits (3000-01, 3000-02) - 2 Partisan, 1 Non-Partisan, 1 Referendum Contests & a Party Selection Discrepancy #20 - In HPM select "Mixed" to read in all types of election media into ERM. Election Day voting (VAT, M100 & DS200), Absentee Voting (M650) Vote for 1, Vote for N of M, Write-in votes (all contests) Assistive Devices (AT paddles, tactilely discernible keypad, Audio\Visual ballots) Multi-lingual Audio & Visual Ballots (English & Spanish) - Create all Spanish translations in EDM: modify Democrat part WAV files for Spanish and English & create WAV audio file recorded in AIMS - VAT alerts (set in AIMS) ballots Overvoted and Undervoted - DS200 and M100 Ballot Control Options (HPM): Query: Overvotes, Crossover, and Blank ballots; Reject: Unreadable marks; Accept: undervote M100 - Diverter Installed to divert Blank and Write-in ballots in ballot
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	See Appendix C	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a Windows 2003 server based network.
VSS 2002 vol. 1	2.2.1 thru 2.2.9, 2.2.11 thru 2.5.3.2, 2.5.4, 3.2.4 thru 3.2.4.2.1, 3.2.4.2.3, 3.2.4.2.5, 3.2.4.2.6, 3.2.5 thru 3.2.6.1.2, 3.2.7 thru 3.2.8.2 HAVA a thru c2 RFI: 2007-02, 2007-04, 2007-06, 2008-04, 2008-07, 2008-12	2.2.1 thru 2.2.9, 2.3.1.1 thru 2.5.3.2 , (DRE requirements applicable to VAT excluding vote storage) 3.2.4.2.5, 3.2.4.2.6, 3.2.5.1.3 a thru d.4, 3.2.6.1.1, 3.2.8 thru 3.2.8.2 HAVA a thru c2 RFI: 2007-04, 2007-06, 2008-04, 2008-07, 2008-12
VSS 2002 vol. 2	6.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.4.1, 6.5, 6.6, 6.7 RFI: 2007-06, 2008-07, 2008-12	6.2, 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.4.1 , 6.5, 6.6, 6.7 RFI: 2007-06, 2008-07, 2008-12

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test location	Determination by the EAC of the reuse of SysTest testing. Configuration of SysTest See Appendix C	EMS Software: EMS Ballot Preparation SW: Audit Manager (AM), Election Data Manager (EDM), ES&S Image Manager (ESSIM), Hardware Programming Manager (HPM), AutoMARK Information Management System (AIMS), Election Reporting Manager (ERM), LogMonitor Service Hardware: (4) Ballot Marking Device: Voter Assist Terminal (VAT), Models A100 (2) & A200 (2) (1) Precinct Count scanner/tabulator: intElect DS200 (DS200) (1) Precinct Count scanner/tabulator: Model 100 (M100) (1) Central Count scanner/tabulator: Model 650 (M650) (1) File Server (1) PC for Unity EMS applications (1) PC for AIMS (2) PCs for ERM (1) Network Printer (1) Network hub/switch Test Location: iBeta, 3131 S. Vaughn Way, Aurora, CO 80014
Pre-requisites and preparation for test case execution	See Appendix C	Prior to execution of testing, the following prerequisites must be completed: - Record the testers & date - Perform and install witness/trusted build of software/firmware components utilizing ES&S documentation - System has been installed and set up as identified in the user manuals - Gather any necessary materials or manuals (A microphone, PC soundcard and speakers are available/installed to record audio, white and blue blank ballot stock paper) - Ensure customization of the test case template is complete
Getting Started Checks	See Appendix C	Check the voting system to: - Verify the test environment and system configuration is documented in the PCA Configuration matches the configuration of the system used in the 48 hr. temp & power variation test and vendor described configuration. - Validate installation of the witnessed build - Testers understand that no change shall occur to the test environment without documentation in the test record and the authorization of the project manager. -During testing an operational readiness test will be performed. - The environment is set up with a Windows 2003 server based network. (Configuration is as follows: 1 PC for Unity ballot prep. software, 1 PC for AIMS, 2 PCs for ERM, 1 network printer, 1 file server, Network hub/switch, 1 M100 steel ballot box with a deriver and 1DS200 plastic ballot box-returned from hardware test lab)

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	See Appendix C	Test Data: - Record all programmed & observed election, ballot & vote data fields and field contents on the corresponding tabs to provide a method to repeat the test - Preserve all tabs for each instance the test is run. Test Results: - Enter Accept/Reject on the Test Steps - In Comments enter any deviations, discrepancies, or notable observations - Log discrepancies on the Discrepancy Report and insert the number in the Comments
Pre-vote: Ballot Preparation procedures verifications	See Appendix C	Ballot Prep: Verify (RFI: 2007-04, 2008-04, 2008-07) - Spanish/English, visual/audio ballots (contests, candidates, propositions and associated offices/labels) can be accurately/securely defined with multiple ballot styles, precincts and splits Ballots contain partisan races segregated by party and non-partisan races (Dem, Rep, Non-Partisan) - Ballots contain identifying marks (ballot style, precincts/splits) - Ballot & VAT: ovals properly align with candidate names/issues so voters can clearly mark selections; spacing and font size is consistent so there is no preferential voting position - VAT: maximum choices for a single contest are displayed on one page - The election can be accurately/securely imported from Unity 3.2.1.0, before importing into AlMS.) - The AlMS (Prerequisite: define and print ballot in Unity 3.2.1.0, before importing into AlMS.) - The AlMS database can be modified, as required, to support the election definition required for VAT operation; and using AlMS Preview function confirm data was imported correctly and ballots are set up correctly Election media can be accurately/securely programmed in HPM and AlMS for installation in all voting & tabulating devices. (VAT, DS200, M650) - Verify audit logs for AM, EDM, ESSIM, HPM and AlMS for message IUImport - Performed full Unity election import Verify audit logs for status/error messages: EDM: Minimum password length is 6 characters, District Type Name can not be blank, ESSIM: Please Enter a Style Sheet Name, HPM: Admin password is required Installation of Election - Insert a blank CF card, turn to ON position and verify system will not boot up without an election definition Insert a CF card with an election, turn to ON position and verify self-test is successful and VAT displays "Please Insert Your Ballot" - VAT: Setup; perform maintenance checks: ink cartridge, Battery charge, Install Flash Memory Card, Test VAT operations, Set Admin password, Calibrate, Set 'Maint' password to confirm there are no

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		hardware/software failures - DS200, M100 & M650: Setup & install election; set Date & Time; and perform readiness tests
		Scenario 1: HPM System Type is set to "Mixed" Scenario 2:
		HPM System Type is set to "Central Count" for the M650 tally only.
Pre-vote: Ballot Preparation Security	See Appendix C	Ballot Prep: -Security access controls limit or detect access to critical systems and the loss of system integrity, availability, confidentiality & accountability, including AM: set a userid/password for the EDM & ESSIM. HPM: set a password for the DS200 Admin menu and to reopen polls. AIMS: Password required to start AIMS
		VAT: Admin password controls the functions on the System Maint menu -Verify access is permitted and denied without proper credentials for each of the systems
		-Functions are only executable in the intended manner, order & under intended conditions -Prevents execution of functions if preconditions weren't met
		-Implemented restrictions on controlled functions - Documentation of mandatory administrative procedures. COTS
		-Authentication is configured on the local terminal & external connection devices,
		-Operating systems are enabled for all session & connection openings, & closings, all process executions & terminations & for the alteration or detection of any memory or file object
		-Configure the system to only execute intended & needed processes during the execution election software. Processes are halted until termination of critical system processes (such as audit).
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	See Appendix C	Readiness Testing: Verification that: VAT: Proper election has been installed: all buttons, printers and screen function correctly; matching version is displayed; and a ballot can be marked in test mode.
		- Review audit logs to confirm readiness for VAT - Prevents execution of functions if preconditions weren't met VAT: Verify A password is required to access the System Maint menu
		DS200, M100 & M650: Readiness testing automatically incorporated into Opening the Polls; Election name, equipment identification, polling place & ballot format and matching version is displayed or printed on initial state report and/or zero count report; confirmation that there are no hardware/software failures; and device is ready to be activated to accept votes. Perform readiness testing according to VSS

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		requirements - Obtain status, data reports, audit logs and other artifacts to confirm readiness - Attempt to open polls with test totals. Verify a visual screen warning is provided if memory locations contains votes, and the reports/audit log contain a time-stamp record of the status of the votes/results memory and disk storage locations. If a unit or system contains a non-zero counter, a warning message is provided, along with corrective actions to resolve the votes. The unit is disabled until type of resolution is selected. Clear totals on the M100 and the DS200 only. DS200: Verify A password is required to access the Admin menu and to reopen polls M100: Verify A password is required to reopen the polls and access additional reports Read in the M650 test results into ERM. Do not clear totals at this time.
Pre- vote: Opening the Polls Verification	See Appendix C	Precinct Count: - DS200 select 'Open Polls". Zero report will automatically print, an internal test will be performed and results will display. If test is unsuccessful, DS200 will automatically shut down; If successful will display "Please Insert Your Ballot" message Paper based: Verify VAT, M100 & DS200 are ready for use: - VAT & DS200 display "Please Insert Your Ballot" message. - Any failures provide a message for resolution - VAT holds the ballot securely - DS200 & M100 do not contain a frame or fixture for ballot marking - DS200 is attached to a custom DS200 plastic or metal ballot box; with locks and separate compartments; slots prevent unauthorized ballot insertion. Write-ins will be marked with a red circle to indicate review is necessary - M100 is attached to a custom M100 metal ballot box; with locks and separate compartments; slots prevent unauthorized ballot insertion. - VAT security seals are checked: compact flash compartment, top cover & ink compartment
Voting: Ballot Activation and Casting Verifications		Verify (RFI: 2007-06, 2008-12) VAT, M100 & DS200 Protects secrecy of ballot/vote - Voter can make selections based on ballot programming & indicate selection, cancellation, & non-selection (undervotes) - Gives feedback & an opportunity to correct or accept, before the ballot is counted - Functions are only executable in the intended manner, order & under intended conditions - Prevents execution of functions if preconditions weren't met VAT

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
Wethod Detail	Reuse of System Level Test Wethod	- Control of ballot (single ballot cast per vote session) and content of ballot is restricted to the eligible voter - Correct ballot is presented (language, audio/visual, precinct/split) - Party affiliation content is controlled/activated via the "Party Preference" - Touching an area outside the identified selection box does not mark the ballot or display external information - Provides all displays, instructions, messages, alerts and status in multilingual audio & visual displays
		 Voters are able to edit and review write-ins. # of write-ins match Vote For. Audio voting provides repeat functionality & volume control Voter is allowed to mark the ballot, in any combination, or return it without marking (blank) Overvote and Undervote provides alerts, with overvotes prevented Summary screen is provided to signify end of candidate/measures and provides instructions to review/change selections prior to ballot
		marking - Verify alert of selection's complete, ballot is being marked, and to take completed ballot to tabulator DS200 & M100 - Alert successful/unsuccessful storage of cast ballot; provide review & instruction to resolve unsuccessful casting (Query: Overvotes, Crossover, and Blank ballots; Reject: Unreadable marks; Accept:
		undervote Increments the ballot counter for successfully cast ballots - Print Precinct and Status reports to compare to vote data to verify actual votes cast is correct & undervotes/overvotes are counted separately - Access to voted ballot is prevented until after polls close (locked ballot box) M100:
		- External printer is connected, becoming the default printer for reports - Diverter Installed to divert Blank and Write-in ballots in ballot box - Clearinghouse CT 7/1/07: Verify that simultaneously pressing 2 buttons will not cause the polls to close Discrepancy 7: photocopied ballots are rejected by the M100
Voting: Voting System Integrity System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators		The system audit provides a time stamped, always available, report of normal/abnormal events that can't be turned off when the system is in operating mode. - Maintain accurate and complete audit records; verify at various points (After poll open; vote query, reject & accept: any abnormal event encountered in testing; poll close) - Self-tests and diagnostic messages for the hardware will be verified at poll open/close points in the test case Status messages are part of the real time audit record.

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		- Critical status messages requiring operator intervention shall use clear indicators or text Error messages are: - Generated, stored & reported as they occur - Errors requiring intervention by the voter or poll worker clearly display issues & action instructions in easily understood text language or with indicators - The text for any numeric codes is contained in the error or affixed to the inside of the voting system - Incorrect responses will not lead to irreversible errors.
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	See Appendix C	VAT: - Turn VAT to 'Off' position & remove FMC to prevent further casting of ballots; verify a voting session cannot be activated Review the audit logs (only available report) to verify entries are in the proper sequence for operational tests, switching from test to vote modes, ballot printing, audit report access during voting, including complete & accurate error and status messages DS200 & M100: - Attempt to print reports while polls are open; verify this is prohibited Close the polls and a Results Report will print preventing further casting of ballots (attempt to scan a ballot without reopening the polls) - Visibly displays the status "Polls Closed" - Internally tests and verifies that the closing procedures have been followed and the device status is normal by preventing report printing or processing vote totals unless polls were properly closed Confirm polls cannot be reopened without password - Review the audit log to verify test records exists that verify entries for the proper sequence for operational tests, poll open; vote query, reject & accept: any abnormal event encountered in testing; poll close, including complete & accurate error and status messages - Print Status report, Race Results report, Certification report, Precinct Report Summary, Poll Report Summary and Audit Log report once polls are closed. Ensure undervote & overvote is counted Validate data from USB/PCMCIA is extractable by transmitting results into ERM Reopen the polls testing: - Reopen of polls, enter an incorrect and then a correct password - Alert to resume voting or clear votes: select 'resume voting', do not clear votes - Status message "Please insert your ballot" is displayed - Cast a vote and close the polls.
Post-vote: Central Count	See Appendix C	Verify correct vote totals. Obtain status, data reports, audit logs and other artifacts to confirm readiness

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method - M650: Verify the back door is locked - Votes match predicted votes (absentee) - Geographic reports of votes; each contest by precinct & other jurisdictional levels. Reports include: Zero, Grand Totals (long format), Precincts Processed, Totals by Precinct (long format) Machine Readiness, Audit log. Ensure audit logs are accurate & complete and contain error and status messages Scan M650 ballots, then Scan Absentee ballots using separate media for each. Vote Consolidation into ERM: - Discrepancy 20 (both scenarios): verify no error " "Convert Precinct Results File: The precincts results file is from older software and is being converted." and "Error: File: TC NAME.CTR, Error: #35 - File does not exist." "is given when attempting to re-launch ERM. Discrepancy #9 - all 4 groups are displayed 2 ERM PCs will be used for reading results (DS200), and viewing and reading results simultaneously (M100 and M650) - Attempt to read in vote totals with test totals present. Verify message indicating the there are totals present and a corrective action message is provided Admin account and password is needed in ERM System Administrator to prevent access to "Suspension Menu"; and confirm access is denied Geographic reports of votes; each contest by precinct & other jurisdictional levels. Reports include: - Zero - RF12008-07 to ensure ERM is zeroed out before processing election results EL45- Election Summary - total number of votes for each candidate/question & % of total vote for each candidate/question - EL111 - Name Heading Canvass - statistics of total number of precincts counted, total number of votes cast for each candidate and % of total vote received by each candidate - EL50 - Precincts Counted - lists the identification numbers and
		 Zero - RFI2008-07 to ensure ERM is zeroed out before processing election results. EL30A - Prec Report—Group Detail individual precincts & contest results. EL45- Election Summary - total number of votes for each candidate/question & % of total vote for each candidate/question - EL111 - Name Heading Canvass - statistics of total number of precincts counted, total number of votes cast for each candidate and % of total vote received by each candidate
		names of your precincts the precincts that are counted by ERM. - EL50A, Precincts Completed Listing - list of precincts that have been completed along with their Total Ballots Cast, Total Registered Voters, and the Turnout Percentage - Audit log Consolidated reported votes match predicted votes from polling places, & optionally other sources (absentee) - Retrieve ballot images from the DS200 - Data from the M100, M650 & DS200 is prevented from being altered or destroyed by report generation, or extraction from media - DS200 SN is displayed in ERM, once the USB flash drive is read into

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		ERM
Post-vote: Security	See Appendix C	The central count: (See Security Test for detail) During execution confirm: - Security access controls limit or detect access to critical systems& the loss of system integrity, availability, confidentiality and accountability - Functions are only executable in the intended manner, order & under the intended conditions - Prevented execution of functions if preconditions were not met - Implemented restrictions on controlled functions - Provided documentation of mandatory administrative procedures. COTS systems - Authentication is configured on the local terminal and external connection devices, - Operating systems are enabled for all session and connection openings, and closings, all process executions and terminations and for the alteration or detection of any memory or file object - Configure the system to only execute the intended and necessary processes during the execution of the election software. Election software process is halted until the termination of any critical system process, such as system audit.
Post-vote: System Audit	See Appendix C	The system audit provides a central count time stamped always available, report of normal and abnormal events that cannot be turned off when the system is in operating mode. Status message are part of the real time audit record. Audit Messages to be validated: VAT: date/time set DS200, M100 & M650: Election id ERM: DS200 SN is recorded DS200, M100, M650 & ERM: Message of vote totals present, Corrective action messages to resolve residual vote totals Status/Error messages to be validated: AM: 1. Cannot delete 'Admin' user! EDM: 1. Minimum password length is 6 characters. 2. District Type Name can not be blank ESSIM: 1. Please Enter a Style Sheet Name HPM: 1. Admin password is required VAT: 1. System Maintenance (requires password), 2. The Flash Card has been removed. Turn OFF the machine and insert a valid Flash Card. DS200 & M100: Blank Ballot Rejected, More than one party has votes. Votes In Party Contests Will Be Ignored, Ballot Jammed, 119 – MULTIPLE BALLOTS DETECTED/Please Re-insert One Ballot After Beeps M100: 1. One Contest Has Too Many Votes, DS200?

Method Detail	Reuse of SysTest System Level Test Method	Regression System Level Test Method
		No message for UNDER
		M650: 1. Back Door Open, 2. Ballot BACKWARDS or UPSIDE- DOWN! ERM: 1. ####-Not a valid precinct, 2. Canvass Left Edge Heading exceeds the maximum length of 20 for 1UP format report.
Expected Results are observed	See Appendix C	Review the test result against the expected result: • Accept: the expected result is observed • Reject: the expected result of the test case is not observed • Not Testable (NT): rejection of a previous test step prevents execution of this step, or tested in another TC. • Not Applicable (NA): not applicable to test scope
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	SysTest Unity 4.0.0.0 Test Plan identifies results validation: • Accept: expected results is observed • Reject: expected result is NOT observed • Not Testable (NT): rejection of a previous test step prevents validation of this step or this was tested in another test case • Not Applicable (NA): not applicable to the current test scope or to the component under review • Not Supported (NS): not supported in the current test scope	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. - Any failure against the requirements of the EAC guidelines will mean the failure of the system and shall be reported as such. - Failures will be reported to the vendor as Defect Issues in the Discrepancy Report. - The vendor shall have the opportunity to cure all discrepancies prior to issuance of the Certification Report. - If cures are submitted the applicable test will be rerun. Complete information about the rerun test will be preserved in the test case. The cure and results of the retest will be noted in the - Discrepancy Report and submitted as an appendix of the Certification Report. - Operations which do not fail the requirements but could be deemed defects or inconsistent with standard software practices or election practices will be logged as Informational Issues on the Discrepancy Report. It is the vendor's option to address these issues. Open items will be identified in the report.

7.1.2 Volume Test Methods (Volume Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0 & Volume 1)

Method Detail	Volume Unmodifiedfrom Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Method	Volume 1 Test Method
Test Case Name	Volume Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0 System limitations	Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100
Scope - identifies the type of test	To identify system limitation from 3.2.0.0 which will not require testing in Unity 3.2.1.0	The scope of this test 1639 precincts,1639 ballot styles reusing the unmodified election data created in Unity 3.2.0.0: The election data was created on a stand alone PC configuration however, the election will be loaded on a -to-peer configuration (multiple PCs) set up. Scenario 1) The maximum allowed number of ballot styles allowed for
		paper based systems (M100).
Test Objective	The objective is to identify and record the volume test cases that only impact the unmodified limits of EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 for reuse of the test results.	The objective is to validate the ability of the M100 to process, store and report data using the allowed maximum number ballot styles with 1639 precincts within an election using a peer-to-peer configuration. iBeta will reuse the results from Unity 3.2.0.0 for exceeding the maximum numbers of ballot styles (HPM limitation and not a hardware limitation). The test is only to validate the processing, storing and reporting without system degradation. If there are system errors that cause the system to crash the system shall recover without any loss of data.
Test Variables: Volume Stress Performance Error Recovery	The EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 system limits listed above in sections 1.4.3.1 to 1.4.3.3, and 1.4.3.5	Reuse the Volume 1 Election database from the Unity 3.2.0.0 test effort and verify the election contains the following: General Election, Election Day (M100) Partisan, Vote for 1 4 Ovals per Inch ballot - (14" ballot, 48 ovals positions per Column, 6 columns, 288 total positions) 4 candidates per contest Scenario 1) 1639 precincts with 1639 ballot styles (Maximum precincts/Maximum ballot styles) - Contests 1 - 290 in Polling Places 1 -29 (10 precincts to a polling place, 3 contest to a precinct) total of 290 ballot styles - No contest/Precincts assigned to Polling Places 30 -290 - Contests 291 - 1639 in Polling Places 291- 1639 (1 precinct to a polling Place, 3 contest to a polling place) 1348 ballot styles - Contest 1639 in Polling Place 1639 with Precincts 1639 (3 contest in the precinct, and all polling places) 1 ballot style -The election can be loaded on the M100 media.
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	The unmodified Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS Ballot Preparation includes: Audit Manger (AM), Election Data Manger (EDM), (ESSIM), hardware Program Manger (HPM), AutoMARK Information (AIMS) 2 @ Unity 3.2.0.0 marking device: Voter Terminal(VAT) 2 @ Unity 3.2.0.0 precinct count includes: DS200 Unity 3.2.0.0 central count tabulator: Model 650 (M650) Unity 3.2.0.0 central count tally: Election Reporting Manager ERM)	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a peer-to-peer Network: Reusing the ES&S Unity 3.2.0.0 Volume 1 election database to validate the maximum limitation of 1639 ballot styles for paper (M100 Precinct Count scanner) and using a peer-to-peer PC configuration in the EMS.
VSS 2002 vol. 1	9.5.2 Changes introduced after the system has completed qualification	2.2.5.2.2 Audit/Error messages

Method Detail	Volume Unmodifiedfrom Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Method	Volume 1 Test Method
		2.2.3.2.3 Audit/Status messages
	Standards will necessitate further review.	2.2.3 Error Recovery
VSS 2002 vol. 2	3.2.4 Variations of System Functionality Testing to Reflect Voting Systems that incorporate Previously Tested Functionality 6.2.3 Volume (maximum number of ballot styles in an election	6.2.3 Volume (maximum number of ballot styles) A4.3.5 Volume (maximum number of ballot styles) A4.3.5 Volume/Stress (Processing, storing and reporting data when overloading the number of precincts in a Polling Place) A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Ballot format handling capability-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data) A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Processing rates-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data)
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test location	following: Audit Manger (AM), Election Data Manger (EDM), ES^S Ballot Manager (ESSIM), Hardware Program Manger (HPM), DS200, Model 650 (M650), AutoMARK Information (AIMS), Voter Terminal(VAT)	The Unity 3.2.1.0 Voting System consists of the following: Audit Manger (AM), Election Data Manger (EDM), ES&S Ballot Image Manager (ESSIM), Hardware Program Manger (HPM), Model 100 (M100), Election Reporting Manager (ERM), AutoMARK Information (AIMS), Voter Terminal (VAT), LogMonitor 1 @ marking device: Voter Terminal (VAT) 2 @ Unity 3.2.1.0 precinct count includes: M100 2 @ Unity 3.2.1.0 central count tally: Election Reporting Manager (ERM)1 @ Hub/switch, peer-to-peer Windows XP (Professional SP3 PC) file server All testing is perform by iBeta LLC located at 3131 S. Vaughn Way, Aurora, CO 80014.
Pre-requisites and preparation for test case execution	Obtain system limitation documents for Unity 3.2.0.0 and 3.2.1.0	Complete the prerequisites: Test Method Validation: Reuse of Technical review conducted by C. Coggins; Approved 3/4/09 for validation of test method as defined in ISO/IEC 17025 clause 5.4.5; acceptance of the test method by EAC documented with issuance of EAC certification number ESSUnity3200. Successful use of the Import Wizard to import large amounts of data into EDM tested and validated: 3/18/09 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Reuse of the Election data created by the Import Wizard must be on the peer-to-peer Windows XP (Professional SP3) PC.
Getting Started Checks	Getting Started: Complete the prerequisites; Compare the Unity 3.2.0.0 to the 3.2.1.0 system limits to confirm the only changes is the addition of the M100	Getting Started: Complete the prerequisites; Check the voting system to: - Verify the test environment and system configuration is documented in the PCA Configuration and vendor described configuration Validate installation of the unmodified Unity 3.2.0.0 SW/FW and Unity 3.2.1.0 trusted build - Testers understand that no change shall occur to the test environment without documentation in the test record and the authorization of the project manager During testing an operational readiness test was performed The environment is set up with a peer-to-peer configuration: 1 PC for Unity ballot preparation SW, 1 PC for AIMS, 1 PC for ERM

Method Detail	Volume Unmodifiedfrom Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Method	Volume 1 Test Method
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	Incorporate the findings of the assessment of the system limits into the test plan, test methods and test cases. Identify the portions of the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report to reuse	Test Data: - Record all programmed & observed election, ballot & vote data fields and field contents on the corresponding tabs to provide a method to repeat the test - Preserve all tabs for each instance the test is run. Test Results: - Enter Accept/Reject on the Test Steps - In Comments enter any deviations, discrepancies, or notable observations - Log discrepancies on the Discrepancy Report and insert the discrepancy number in the Comments field of Test Step.
Volume: Paper-based voting systems Processing	Reuse of the Volume test cases 1-4, 6-10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	Reuse the Volume 1 Election database from the Unity 3.2.0.0 test effort and verify the election contains the following: - 4 candidates per contest - 1639 Ballot Styles - 1639 Precincts - 1639 Polling Places -An election database was accurately/securely defined & formatted using the Import Wizard. - Set up election by Style -Ballots (candidates & propositions) were accurately defined & generated. - Check EDM reports for election set up - Election media was installed - There were no system errors that caused the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash.
Volume:	Reuse of Volume test cases 1, 2, 3, 6-10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	System response to processing more than the expected number of ballot styles in an election. Maximum capacity is successfully processed without errors. Overloading system's capacity to process, store, and report data.
Stress	Reuse Volume 10 from 3.2.0.0 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	System responses to overloading conditions is generating an error in the EMS, it is not applicable to testing on the M100. Reuse results from ES&S Unity 3.2.0.0 Test report Appendix D, section 7.4.2 Volume 1 Scenario 2
Performance	Reuse Volume 1, 4, 6-10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report).	No system degradation (Ballot format handling capability and Processing rates) is observed: - When installing an election with 1639 precincts and ballot styles onto each device (M100) - The system will not slow down as more and more data is added
Error Recovery	Reuse of Volume test cases 1-10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report).	Voting system gracefully shuts down (no crash) and recovers from errors caused by overloading the number of precincts and ballots styles. - Ballot format handling capabilities and processing capabilities-graceful shut down and recover without loss of data - Critical Status Messages

Method Detail	Volume Unmodifiedfrom Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Method	Volume 1 Test Method
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	Reuse of Volume test cases 1, 2, 7-10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report).	Verify the voting system is ready for the election: - The election is correctly installed (Election ID, polling place name, precincts) - Test data (run 2 different precincts to validate the system is ready) is segregated from voting data, with no residual effect' Test confirmation that there are: - No hardware/software failures - The device is ready to be activated to accept votes (No Identification of any failures & corrective action)
Pre- vote: Opening the Polls Verification	Reuse of Volume test cases 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	Verify the polling place voting system: - Zero count report has no results. All test results have been zeroed out during readiness testing Election identification including, Election Name/ID, Precinct ID/Name, Firmware Version - Key is turned to the Vote position and a message is displayed "Insert ballot"
Voting: Ballot Activation and Casting Verifications	Reuse of Volume test cases 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report).	Protects secrecy of ballot/vote Reuse the ballots marked by the VAT during the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification effort. Scan the ballots using the M100 (Election Day) Vote a sample of the 1639 precincts (approximately 10%). Vote 21 precincts each with a different ballot style Each precinct will contain 3 contest with 4 candidates Records selections and non-selection of individual choices for each contest Increment the ballot counter
Voting: Voting System Integrity, System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators		The system audit provides a time stamped, always available, report of normal/abnormal events found within the percentage of sampled test (approximately 10%). Error messages are: Generated, stored and reported as they occur Errors requiring intervention by the voter or poll worker are clearly display issues and action instructions in easily understood nontechnical text language or with indicators The text for any numeric codes is contained in the error or affixed to the inside of the voting system Incorrect responses will not lead to irreversible errors. Nested conditions are corrected in the sequence to restore the system to the state before the error occurred Status Messages are: Displays and reports critical status messages using unambiguous indicators or English language text. Non-critical status messages are displayed but does not have to be at the time of occurrence and may be numerical codes for subsequent interpretation and reported in unambiguous text. Status messages are part of the real-time audit record.

Method Detail	Volume Unmodifiedfrom Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Method	Volume 1 Test Method
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	Reuse of Volume test cases 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	Once the polls were closed the voting system - Printed reports of ballots counted by tabulator - Reported that votes match predicted votes from the tabulator with votes and undervotes Records selections and non-selection of individual choices for each contest
Expected Results are observed	Reuse of Volume test cases 1 through 10 as run in Unity 3.2.0.0 for the EMS, VAT, DS200 and M650 (See Appendix D, section 7.4.2 in Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report)	Review the test result against the expected result: • Accept: the expected result is observed • Reject: the expected result of the test case is not observed • Not Testable (NT): rejection of a previous test step prevents execution of this step, or tested in another TC. • Not Applicable (NA): not applicable to test scope
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	System limitation documents for 3.2.0.0 and 3.2.1.0 shows the correct limits according to information that has been received. Any discrepancies will be logged to the appropriate Discrepancy Report	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. - Any failure against the requirements of the EAC guidelines will mean the failure of the system. and shall be reported as such. - Failures will be reported to the vendor as Defect Issues in the Discrepancy Report. - The vendor shall have the opportunity to cure all discrepancies prior to issuance of the Certification Report. - If cures are submitted the applicable test will be rerun. Complete information about the rerun test will be preserved in the test case. The cure and results of the retest will be noted in the - Discrepancy Report and submitted as an appendix of the Certification Report. - Operations which do not fail the requirements but could be deemed defects or inconsistent with standard software practices or election practices will be logged as Informational Issues on the Discrepancy Report. It is the vendor's option to address these issues. Open items will be identified in the report.

7.1.3 Volume Test Methods (Volume 2 & 4 Test Methods)

Method Detail	Volume 2 Test Method	Volume 4 Test Method
Test Case Name	Volume 2 - Maximum Ballot Styles in a Single Precinct on the M100	Volume 4 - Storage Error Generation
Scope - identifies the type of test	The scope is to test the maximum numbers of ballot styles on the M100 in a single precinct. Scenario 1) The maximum allowed number of 40 ballot styles on the M100 within a single precinct. To verify that errors are generated in scenario 2: Scenario 2) Exceeding the maximum allowed number of 40 ballot styles on the M100 within a single precinct.	The Test Scope is to test: The M100 component media generate an error messages when capacity is reached without loss of data or data corruption.
Test Objective	The objective is to validate the ability to process, store and report data when using the allowed maximum number of ballot styles within a single precinct in a peer-to-peer configuration. To validate that the system generates errors during EMS ballot preparation (ballot preparation will only include the HPM since the election database was created in Unity 3.2.0.0 and being reused) when exceeding the maximum numbers of ballot styles within a single precinct. Validating the processing, storing and reporting shall occur without system degradation. If there are system errors that cause the system to crash the system shall recover without any loss of data.	The objective is to validate that the M100 provides an error messages when the PCMCIA capacity has been reached and that the PCMCIA card does not become corrupt once the error is displayed nor does the card have any loss of votes or audit log entries.
Test Variables:	Reuse the Volume 1 Election database from the Unity 3.2.0.0 test effort and verify the election contains the following: General election for each scenario 1 Precinct with 40 splits Vote for 1 & Vote for N of M Oval Positions Left Certified Write-Ins 5 contest for each ballot style 4 candidates for each contest Election day (M100) 40 Ballot Styles on the M100 Maximum ballot styles Election set up for the M100 (Reuse election files from Unity 3.2.0.0 Vol 2) Non-partisan offices one page ballot 4 Ovals per Inch ballot - (19 inch ballot, 68 ovals positions per Column, 6 columns per ballot, 408 total oval positions) Election Day Voting (M100) Scenario 1) 1 precinct with 40 Ballot Styles on the M100 Scenario 2) 1 precinct with 41 Ballot Styles on the M100	A PCB file containing an election definition is loaded on to the PCMCIA card. Using the OMNI drive's PC Card Manager program to copy the PCB file on to the PCMCIA card. The file should be near capacity of the 512 PCMCIA card (for the M100), such that it is close to having the allowable storage full.
A description of the	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a peer-to-peer Network:	The test will only include the M100
voting system type and	Reusing the ES&S Unity 3.2.0.0 Volume 2 election database to validate	
the operational	the maximum limitation of 40 ballot styles for paper (M100 Precinct Count	
environment	scanner) and using a peer-to-peer PC configuration.	

Method Detail	Volume 2 Test Method	Volume 4 Test Method
VSS 2002 vol. 1	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	2.2.5.2.2 System Audit Error Messages
		2.2.5.2.3 System Audit Status Messages
VSS 2002 vol. 2	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Processing rates-graceful shut down
		"no system crash" and recovery without loss of data)
		A4.3.5 Stress (system response to overloading data on hardware
		media)
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	The Unity 3.2.1.0 Voting System consists of the following: 1 @ Model 100 (M100)
location		All testing will be perform by iBeta LLC located at 3131 S. Vaughn Way, Aurora, CO 80014.
Pre-requisites and	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	Complete the prerequisites;
preparation for test case execution		Test Method Validation: Technical review conducted by C Coggins Approved 9/18/09 for validation of test method as defined in ISO/IEC 17025 clause 5.4.5.
		Condition of approval - iBeta validates component media is populated to near capacity prior to test execution by viewing the file size using a PC
Getting Started Checks	Getting Started: Complete the prerequisites;	Check the voting system to:
	Check the voting system to: - Verify the test environment and system configuration is documented in the PCA Configuration and vendor described configuration. - Validate installation of the witnessed build - Testers understand that no change shall occur to the test environment without documentation in the test record and the authorization of the project manager.	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper except for the environment. The environment is set up with a Peer to Peer configuration with the OMNI drive's PC Card Manager program.
	-During testing an operational readiness test was performed.	
	- The environment is set up with a peer-to-peer configuration. (Configuration is as follows: 1 PC for Unity ballot prep. software, 1 PC for AIMS, 1 PC for ERM)	
Documentation of Test	Test Data:	Test Data:
Data & Test Results	- Record all programmed & observed election, ballot & vote data fields and field contents on the corresponding tabs to provide a method to repeat the test	- Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
	- Preserve all tabs for each instance the test is run. Test Results:	
	- Enter Accept/Reject on the Test Steps	
	- In Comments enter any deviations, discrepancies, or notable	
	observations	
	- Log discrepancies on the Discrepancy Report and insert the	
	discrepancy number in the Comments field of Test Step.	
Volume: Paper-based	Reuse the Volume 1 Election database from the Unity 3.2.0.0 test effort	Test Data:
voting systems	and verify the election contains the following:	- Election media can be installed
Processing	Scenario 1 maximum limits:	- There are no system errors that cause the M100 to crash.

Method Detail	Volume 2 Test Method	Volume 4 Test Method
	Precinct Vote for N of M 19 inch ballot contest for each ballot style candidates for each contest	
	-Election day (M100) - 40 Ballot Styles on the M100 (M100 Maximum ballot styles) allowed in a single precinct - Election set up for the M100 - If there are any system errors that cause the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash then verify the applications recover without any loss of data. Scenario 2 Exceeding limits: - 41 Ballot Styles on the Test execution of Scenario 2 is expected to stop at this point with errors generated prior to the creation of election media in ballot preparation, however, if no error is displayed continue with the election and verify the application(s) do not crash or have any loss of data. If an error/status message is given, check audit logs messages. Test stops unless system does not error and creates media	
Volume:	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100; except - The system responds to processing more than the expected number of ballot styles in a single precinct	Not Applicable (only testing for error generation of full media on hardware)
Stress	System responses to overloading conditions. Exceeding the maximum allowed number of ballot styles in a single precinct.	Not Applicable (only testing for error generation of full media on hardware)
Performance	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100; except -When installing an election with 1 precinct and over the maximum number of ballot styles for a give device	No system degradation (Ballot Processing rate): - On the M100 with a large amount of data filling up the media storage the system will not be observed to slow down throughout the testing
Error Recovery	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100; except - the errors are caused by overloading the number ballots styles per precinct.	The systems should not error or crash. - If the application does error the system shall provide a clear description of the problem.
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100; except - Test data (run 2 different ballot styles within a precinct to validate the system is ready) is segregated from voting data, with no residual effect	Not Applicable (only testing for error generation of full media on hardware)
Pre- vote: Opening the Polls Verification	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	-Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper
Voting: Ballot Activation and Casting Verifications	Protects secrecy of ballot/vote - Records selections and non-selection of individual choices for each contest - Increment the ballot counter Scenario 1)	M100 Only- Election Day Voting in Polling Place 1 - Zero count report - Using media that is near capacity scan the hand marked ballots - An error "Audit Log Full" is generated.
	- 20 ballots will be test (a 50% sample of 40 ballot styles)	- Error message must advise the official how to handle the error.

Method Detail	Volume 2 Test Method	Volume 4 Test Method
	 Reuse the ballots for 20 different ballot styles within the deck that were generated on the VAT for the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification effort. M100- scans the ballots generated by the VAT with different ballot styles within the deck. Ballot styles 1 through 10, 20 and 40 will be voted The M100 In Election Day mode with a single precinct and 40 ballot styles will not error. If there are any system errors that cause the M100 to shut down then the M100 shall recover without any loss of data. Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: M100 Load election on to the M100 containing 41 ballot styles in a singe precinct. No system failures that cause the M100 to crash or loss data If there are any system errors that cause the M100 to crash then the M100 shall recover without any loss of data. 	
Voting: Voting System Integrity, System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Precincts and Ballot Styles; except - report of normal/abnormal events is found within the 50% sample.	The system audit provides a time stamped, report of normal/abnormal events found within the tested. Error messages are: - Are generated, stored & reported as they occur - Errors requiring intervention by the poll worker clearly display issues & action instructions in easily understood text language or with indicators - Incorrect responses will not lead to irreversible errors.
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	Once the polls are closed the voting system Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100; except M100 Prints a single precinct totals report totaling all ballot styles within the precinct (Election Day voting ends)	Not Applicable (only testing for error recovery of full media on hardware)
Post-vote: Central Count	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Precincts and Ballot Styles; except - View and Print Precinct by Precinct Report for Precinct 1 with 40 ballot styles Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: ERM Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Precincts and Ballot Styles; except - View and Print Precinct by Precinct Report for Precinct 1 with 41 ballot styles - No system failures that cause the ERM application to crash - If there are any system errors that cause the ERM to crash then the ERM application shall recover without any loss of data.	
Expected Results are observed	Review the test result against the expected result: Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	Review the test result against the expected result: • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Ballot Styles for paper on the M100	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100

7.1.4 Volume Test Methods (Volume 5 & 11)

Method Detail	Volume 5 Test Method	Volume 11 Test Method
Test Case Name	Volume 5 - Error Recovery on the M100	Volume 11 - Maximum number precincts in an early voting polling location on the M100
Scope - identifies the type of test	The scope is to reuse SysTest M100 Electrical Supply test (2 hour batter error recovery) and iBeta's M100 Volume and Stress testing: Recovery tests verify the ability of the system to recover from hardware and data errors. Power recovery was tested by SysTest in the M100 Electrical Supply Test Case. ES&S has petitioned the EAC for reuse of	The scope is to test 450 precincts on 1 PCMCIA card, creating and tally the election on a Peer-to-peer configuration (multiple PCs) set up. Scenario 1) Test the maximum allowed: number of precincts in a single early voting polling location
	the applicable components in scope for Unity 3.2.1.0 from the SysTest testing of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort. Determination of reuse was based upon the EAC review of SysTest Electrical Supply test results.	To verify that errors are generated when: Scenario 2) Exceeding the HPM maximum allowed: number of precincts in a single early voting polling location
	iBeta incorporates verification of audit logging of error recovery in the Volume Test Cases	Functional testing of discrepancy #20 in ERM (#104 transferred from Unity 3.2.0.0)
Test Objective	Determination by the EAC of the ES&S Unity 4.0.0.0 reuse and the EAC acceptance of the iBeta Volume methods.	The objective is to validate the ability to process, store and report data to the maximum and exceeding the maximum allowed number of precincts in a single polling location. The election will be created and
	All Error Recovery testing has been covered throughout the Volume and Electrical Supply testing.	tallied on a peer-to-peer configuration (multiple PCs) set up. To validate that the system generates errors during EMS ballot preparation (ballot preparation including: EDM, ESSIM & HPM) when exceeding maximum the allowed number of precincts in a single polling location. Validating the processing, storing and reporting shall occur without system degradation. If there are system errors then the system shall recover without any loss of data.
Test Variables:	Test case must have:	General election by Precinct
Volume, Stress, Performance, Error Recovery	Verify EAC acceptance of reuse of the "Electrical Supply" test case. Verify all Volume 1, 2, 4, 11 & 12 test steps pass.	Scenario 1) M100 set up for Early Voting 450 precincts 5 ballot styles 10 contests total (2 contesting per ballot style) 5 candidates per contest (50 total) 5 District Types 5 District Names 10 District Relations 10 Office Relations 11" Ballots (36 oval positions per column, 6 columns, 216 total positions) 2 Statistical Counters (ballots counted and precincts counted) 1 Polling Place set up as an early voting location Contest 1 w/candidates 1 - 5 and 2 w/candidates 6 - 10 in Precincts 1 - 100, ballot style 1 Contest 3 w/candidates 11 - 15 and 4 w/candidates 16 - 20 in Precincts 101,- 200ballot style 2 Contest 5 w/candidates 21 - 25 and 6 w/candidates 26 - 30 in Precincts 201-300, ballot style 3

Method Detail	Volume 5 Test Method	Volume 11 Test Method
		Contest 7 w/candidates 31 - 35 and 8 w/candidates 36 - 40 in Precincts 301-400, ballot style 4 Contest 9 w/candidates 41 - 45 and 10 w/candidates 46 - 50 in Precincts 401-450, ballot style 5 Discrepancy 20: Set Jurisdiction System Type to "Precinct Count" Scenario 2) Same as scenario 1 except: - 451 precincts
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a peer-to-peer Network and the M100. Testing includes both reuse of ES&S Unity 3.2.0.0 election databases and creation of new election databases to validate the maximum and exceed the maximum limits.	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a peer-to-peer Network: An M100 Precinct Count scanner with 450 precincts in a single Polling Place.
VSS 2002 vol. 1	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
VSS 2002 vol. 2	A4.3.5 Stress (high volume with interrupts and overloading the systems) A4.3.5 Recovery (system recovers from software and hardware errors without loss of data)	A4.3.5 Volume (maximum and exceeding more than the maximum number of precincts in a Polling Place) A4.3.5 Volume/Stress (Processing, storing and reporting data when overloading the number of precincts in a Polling Place) A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Ballot format handling capability-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data) A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Processing rates-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data)
Hardware, Software voting system configuration & test location	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
execution	iBeta Volume Test Cases must have been executed and passed Determination by the EAC allowing the reuse of SysTest Electrical Supply testing	Garcia; Approved 9/14/09 for validation of test method as defined in ISO/IEC 17025 clause 5.4.5. Import Wizard method validation completed in Unity 3.2.0.0 - Excel spreadsheets saved as "Tab Delimited". Tab Delimited documents containing election creating information will be imported into EDM using the Import Wizard option. Spreadsheet 1 - Precincts 450 and 451 Spreadsheet 2 - District Types 5 Spreadsheet 3 - Districts Names 5 Spreadsheet 4 - District Relations 5 Spreadsheet 5 - Master Office 10 Spreadsheet 6 - Office Relations 10 Spreadsheet 7 - Candidates 50
Getting Started Checks	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	Test Data: Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	Testing is being recorded in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the determination of EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.	Test Data: • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper

Method Detail	Volume 5 Test Method	Volume 11 Test Method
Volume: Paper-based voting systems Processing	Review SysTest and iBeta Test Cases and validate the following: Vote processing	Ballot Prep: -An election database can be accurately/securely defined & formatted using the Import WizardBallots (candidates) can be accurately defined & generated. Scenario 1) Election can be created and installed with 450 Precincts in a single Early Voting poll location. No error occurs - If there are any system errors that cause the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash then verify the applications recover without any loss of data Review the EDM, ESSIM and HPM reports to verify election set up.
		Scenario 2) Same as scenario 1 except over the maximum allowed number of Precincts in a single Early Voting poll location (451). Test execution of Scenario 2 is expected to stop at this point with errors generated in the ballot preparation prior to the creation of election media - Check audit logs for critical status messages. Test stops unless system does not error and creates media) - If EDM does not error during the "Ballot Sets Merge" then the EDM reports must be reviewed to verify 451 precincts have been created and assigned to a single early voting Polling Place. Continue to ESSIM and HPM. The system should display a critical status message prior to exiting the HPM If there are any system errors that cause the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash then verify the applications recover without any loss of data. If no error is given prior to leaving HPM continue the test.
Volume:	Review SysTest and iBeta Test Cases and validate the following: Overloading systems capacity to process, store, and report data.	Overloading systems capacity to process, store, and report data. - When importing over the allowed amount of data into the EDM using the Import Wizard - Overloading the HPM with more than the allowed number of precincts in a single polling place.
Stress	Review SysTest and iBeta Test Cases and validate the following: Software response to power interrupts.	System responses to overloading conditions, exceeding the maximum allowed number of Early Voting precincts in a single Polling location.
Error Recovery	Review SysTest and iBeta Test Cases and validate the following: Voting system availability to recover gracefully from errors or crashes caused by power failures.	There is no system degradation (Ballot format handling capability and Processing rates): - When importing large amount of data into the EDM using the Import Wizard. - The system does not slow down throughout the testing
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Pre- vote: Opening the Polls Verification	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	Voting system is ready for the election: Same as Volume 1 - Maximum Precincts Limitations and ballot styles for paper except: Run 2 precincts to validate the system is ready; confirm the test

Method Detail	Volume 5 Test Method	Volume 11 Test Method
		data is segregated from voting data, with no residual effect. Verify totals and audit logs.
Voting: Ballot Activation and Casting Verifications	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	Precinct Count/ Paper based: •Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Voting: Voting System Integrity, System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	Scenario 1) Early Voting - M100 is set up for Early Voting and has all Precincts 1-450. - Voting using 90 different precincts (20% of 450 precincts), 18 ballots per ballot style, ballot styles 1-4 have 100 precincts and ballot style 5 has 50 precincts, each style has 2 contests. A total of 90 ballots will be voted. - Hand mark ballots all but 10% of the ballots - Mark 10% of the ballots using the VAT - Scan using the M100 - No errors are expected. - If there are any system errors that cause the M100 & the VAT to crash then verify the M100 and the VAT recover without any loss of data. - Verify the counter (number of voters) on the M100 and the VAT match the expect results. Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: - Load election - No system failures that cause the M100 and/or the VAT to crash - If there are any system errors that cause the M100 and the VAT to crash
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of the "Electrical Supply test case" reuse tested by SysTest.)	data. Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Post-vote: Central Count	Not Applicable (Testing is being performed in all iBeta Volume test cases and in the EAC acceptance of reuse tested by SysTest "Electrical Supply test case".	Once the polls are closed the voting system - Printed reports of ballots counted by tabulator - The reported votes match the predicted votes for the tabulator with votes and undervotes In the Early Voting Poll location prints the M100 summary report with all 450 precincts (early voting ends)
Expected Results are observed	Review the test result against the expected result: Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper	Scenario 1) The (ERM) central count voting system: Discrepancy 20: Setting "Precinct Count" in HPM does not cause an error in ERM "Error: File: "TC name" CTR, Error: #35 - File does not exist." The election cannot proceed" Discrepancy 20: verify no error " "Convert Precinct Results File: The precincts results file is from older software and is being converted."

Method Detail	Volume 5 Test Method	Volume 11 Test Method
Method Detail		Volume 11 Test Method and "Error: File: Vol8S1.CTR, Error: #35 - File does not exist." is displayed when attempting to re-launch ERM Correctly displays the Election - Print a Zero count report (to verify no votes have been updated into the ERM prior to starting consolidation) - No errors are expected If there are any system errors that cause the ERM to crash then the system shall recover without any loss of data. Vote Consolidation: - ERM consolidated reports match the predicted votes Verify no data was lost within the audit logs or results Reports include:
		- Printed reports of ballots counted by tabulator, with votes and undervotes - Print the Summary Report - View and Print Precinct by Precinct Reports
		Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: - continue to the ERM - No system failures that cause the EMS ERM application to crash - If there are any system errors cause the EMS ERM application to crash then the ERM application shall recover without any loss of data.
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper	Review the test result against the expected result: • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100

7.1.5 Volume Test Method (Volume 12)

Method Detail	Volume 12 Test Method	
Test Case Name	Volume 12 - Maximum number precincts in an polling place polling place.	
Scope - identifies the type of test	The scope is to test 18 precincts on 1 PCMCIA card, create and tally the election on a Peer to Peer configuration (multiple PCs) set up.	
	Scenario 1) Test the M100 maximum allowed: number of Election Day precincts in a single polling place in handled on the M100	
	To verify that errors are generated when: Scenario 2) In HPM when exceeding the M100 maximum allowed: number of Election Day precincts in a single polling Place.	
Test Objective	The objective is to validate the ability to process, store and report data to the M100 maximum and exceeding the maximum allowed number of precincts in a single polling place. The election will be created and tallied on a Peer to Peer configuration (multiple PCs) set up. To validate that the system generates errors during EMS ballot preparation (ballot preparation including: EDM, ESSIM & HPM) when exceeding maximum the allowed number of precincts in a single polling place. Validating the processing, storing and reporting shall occur without system degradation. If there are system errors then the system shall recover without any loss of data.	
Test Variables:	Closed Primary by style	
Volume	Election Day voting	
Stress	Scenario 1)	
Performance	2 parties	
Error Recovery	18 precincts	
•	2 ballot styles (1 for REP and 1 for DEM) each will be included in all 18 precincts.	
	6 contests total (2 partisan and 4 non partisan)	
	10 candidates per contest (total of 60)	
	Vote for 1 and 2 candidates (1 Partisan and 1 Non-Partisan = Vote for 1 and 1 Partisan and 3 Non-Partisan = Vote for 2)	
	Write-Ins on each of the contests	
	5 District Types	
	5 District Names	
	5 District Relations	
	6 Office Relations	
	17" Ballots (45 oval positions per column, 6 columns, 270 total positions)	
	2 Statistical Counters	
	1 Polling Place	
	Scenario 2) Same as scenario 1 except:	
	- 19 precincts	
A description of the voting system type and the	The Unity 3.2.1.0 EMS includes a Peer to Peer Network:	
operational environment	An M100 Precinct Count scanner with 18 precincts in a single Polling Place and using a Peer to Peer PC configuration.	
VSS 2002 vol. 1	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100	
VSS 2002 vol. 2	A4.3.5 Volume (maximum and exceeding more than the maximum number of precincts in a Polling Place)	
	A4.3.5 Volume/Stress (Processing, storing and reporting data when overloading the number of precincts in a Polling	
	Place)	
	A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Ballot format handling capability-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data)	

Method Detail	Volume 12 Test Method		
	A4.3.5 Performance/Recovery (Processing rates-graceful shut down and recovery without loss of data)		
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test place	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper		
Pre-requisites and preparation for execution of the test case.	Complete the prerequisites: Test Method Validation: Technical review conducted by Carolyn Coggins Approved 9/17/09 for validation of test method as defined in ISO/IEC 17025 clause 5.4.5.		
	Import Wizard method tested and validated in Unity 3.2.0.0 certification test effort		
	 Excel spreadsheets saved as "Tab Delimited". Tab Delimited documents containing election creating information will be imported into EDM using the Import Wizard option. Spreadsheet 1 - Precincts 18 and 19 Spreadsheet 2 - District Types 5 Spreadsheet 3 - Districts Names 5 Spreadsheet 4 - District Relations 5 Spreadsheet 5 - Master Office 6 Spreadsheet 6 - Office Relations 6 Spreadsheet 7 - Candidates 60 		
Getting Started Checks	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100		
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100 Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100		
Volume: Paper-based voting systems	Ballot Prep:		
Processing	-An election database can be accurately/securely defined & formatted using the Import WizardBallots (candidates) can be accurately defined & generated. Scenario 1) Election can be created and installed with 18 Precincts in a single polling place poll place. No error occurs - If there are any system errors that cause the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash then verify the applications recover without any loss of data Review the EDM, ESSIM and HPM reports to verify election set up. Scenario 2) Same as scenario 1 except over the maximum allowed number of Precincts in a single polling place poll place (19). Test execution of Scenario 2 is expected to stop at this point with errors generated in the ballot preparation prior to the creation of election media - Check audit logs for critical status messages. Test stops unless system does not error and creates media) - If EDM does not error during the "Ballot Sets Merge" then the EDM reports must be reviewed to verify 19 precincts have been created and assigned to a single polling place. Continue to ESSIM and HPM. The system should display a critical status message prior to exiting the HPM If there are any system errors that cause the EMS ballot preparation applications to crash then verify the applications recover without any loss of data. If no error is given prior to leaving HPM continue the test.		
Volume:	Overloading systems capacity to process, store, and report data. - When importing over the allowed amount of data into the EDM using the Import Wizard - Overloading the HPM with more than the allowed number of precincts in a single polling place.		
Stress	System responses to overloading conditions. Exceeding the maximum allowed number of polling place precincts in a single Polling place .		
Performance	There is no system degradation (Ballot format handling capability and Processing rates): - When importing large amount of data into the EDM using the Import Wizard. - The system does not slow down throughout the testing		

Method Detail	Volume 12 Test Method
Error Recovery	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	Voting system is ready for the election: • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100 - Run 1 precinct to validate the system is ready; confirm the test data is segregated from voting data, with no residual effect. - Verify totals and audit logs.
Pre- vote:	Precinct Count/ Paper based:
Opening the Polls Verification	Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Voting: Ballot Activation and Casting Verifications	Scenario 1) A polling place - M100 is set up for polling place and has all Precincts 1-18. - Voting using 36 ballots, 2 ballots per ballot style - Hand mark ballots all but 10% of the ballots - Mark 10% of the ballots using the VAT - Scan using the M100 - No errors are expected. - If there are any system errors that cause the M100 & the VAT to crash then verify the M100 and the VAT recover without any loss of data. - Verify the counter (number of voters) on the M100 and the VAT match the expect results. Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: - Load election - No system failures that cause the M100 and/or the VAT to crash - If there are any system errors that cause the M100 and the VAT to crash then the M100 and the VAT shall recover
Voting: Voting System Integrity, System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators	without any loss of data. • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	Once the polls are closed the voting system - Printed reports of ballots counted by tabulator - Votes reported match the predicted votes from tabulator with votes and undervotes In the polling place Poll place print the M100 summary report with all of the 450 precincts (polling place ends)
Post-vote: Central Count	Scenario 1) The (ERM) central count voting system: - Correctly displays the Election - Print a Zero count report (to verify no votes have been updated into the ERM prior to starting consolidation) - No errors are expected If there are any system errors that cause the ERM to crash then the system shall recover without any loss of data. Vote Consolidation: - ERM consolidated reports match the predicted votes - Verify no data was lost within the audit logs or results Reports include:
	 Printed reports of ballots counted by tabulator, with votes and undervotes Print the Summary Report

Method Detail	Volume 12 Test Method
	 View and Print Precinct by Precinct Reports Scenario 2) Errors should prevent the test from reaching this point. If the test does get to this point: continue to the ERM No system failures that cause the EMS ERM application to crash If there are any system errors cause the EMS ERM application to crash then the ERM application shall recover without any loss of data.
Expected Results are observed	Review the test result against the expected result: • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the test case. • Same as Volume 1 - Maximum ballot styles for paper on the M100

7.1.6 Security, Telephony and Cryptographic Test Methods

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
Test Case Name	Security Review and Test Case	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Case
Scope - identifies the type of test	Security testing crosses into several areas of voting system testing and thus must be tested at the integrated system level. System Level Tests are customized for the specific voting system to test the security elements incorporated into the pre-vote, voting and post voting functions. Further examination is performed in Telephony and Cryptographic Tests. A review of the security documentation addresses Access Controls, Physical Security and Software Security.	Telephony and Cryptographic testing covers the use of public and non-physically controlled communications as well as the use of required cryptographic techniques in those subsystems for systems that use the public communications networks.
Test Objective	fraud or malicious mischief;	The Unity 3.2.1.0 voting system is exempt from the telecommunications and cryptographic requirements
Test Variables: Voting Variations (as supported by the voting system)	incorporating overflow conditions, boundaries, password configurations,	In the security review and security test case, the applicability of telephony and cryptography is assessed and tested. Confirm no telephony or non-local communications are utilized in the Unity 3.2.1.0 certification and therefore no telephony and cryptography test is required.
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	Same equipment and apparatus as the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification except for the addition of: M100: Precinct count based, voter-activated paper ballot counter and vote tabulator. May also be used in a central count location as a ballot counter and vote tabulator. Addition of multiple workstations connected over a LAN in both election preparation and election reporting locations.	The operational environment excludes any telecommunications and excludes any connection to public communications networks.
VSS 2002 vol. 1	2.2.1, 2.2.4 thru 2.2.5.2.3, 6.2 thru 6.4	5.1 thru 5.2.7, 6.5.3, 6.6.1
VSS 2002 vol. 2		6.4.2
Hardware, Software voting system	This security test is an incremental change to the Unity 3.2.0.0 certified voting system. The configuration includes the same election preparation	Not applicable

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
configuration and test location	and central count applications and devices certified in the Unity 3.2.0.0 configurations. The subsystems included in that certification include EDM (election definition), AIMS (VAT election definition and ballot preparation), ESSIM (ballot preparation), AM (auditing for EDM, ESSIM), HPM and ERM (central count reporting) as well as the voting devices DS200 (precinct scanner), VAT (precinct ballot marking device), and M650 (central count scanner). In addition the M100 acting as either a precinct scanner or central count scanner is added to this certification. This certification also differs from the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification by the addition of a LAN to both the election definition location and central count location. No voting devices are connected to the LAN. All deployments are performed by the physical transport of memory devices consistent with the Unity 3.2.0.0 certification.	
	Configuration 1 (peer-to-peer) Multiple Windows XP SP3 workstations are connected over a LAN. This configuration may also include a network printer. Configuration 2 (domain) Multiple Windows XP SP3 workstations are connected on a LAN that includes a Windows 2003 fileserver (or domain server). This configuration may also include a network printer.	
	Ballot definition (EDM) and ballot preparation (ESSIM) applications may share the network but are procedurally prevented from accessing the same election over the network. Ballot definition deployment (HPM) applications are procedurally prevented from modifying any ballot definitions in a network but are allowed read-only access to ballot definitions to facilitate large deployments. Multiple election reporting workstations may share the election results database to share reporting tasks.	
Pre-requisites and preparation for execution of the test case.	The System Level and Telephony and Cryptographic Test Cases are reviewed to ensure that they incorporate the security test requirements and the procedural requirements identified in the vendor supplied security documentation. - Additional tests, not covered in the System Level Test Cases are performed as applicable for the security requirements of the system. - COTS applications necessary for PC hardening are downloaded or otherwise obtained and validated. - Configurations described above are prepared. COTS PC's are hardened as per vendor documentation and appropriate election applications are loaded.	During Pre-test Maintenance of the M100 observe the technician remove the modem
Getting Started Checks	Prior to testing Verify the following through Document Review -M100 documentation contains instructions to physically protect the PC cards during and following an electionM100 documentation contains for security provisions that are compatible with the procedure and administrative tasks involved in equipment preparation, testing, and operation.	Not applicable

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
	-M100 documentation contains mandatory administrative procedures are	
	provided for effective system security.	
	-Documentation specifies usage of tamper-evident seals to protect the	
	modem, PC-card slot(s), serial ports, polls-open/close switch, and printer	
	compartment during polls-open, and to protect the firmware at all times	
	after it is loaded with a trusted build.	
	-M100 documentation includes maintaining the zeroization report as part	
	of the official audit record.	
	-M100 manual identifies access control security measures including	
	software, hardware, communication, password management, operating	
	system provided controls, supervisor privileges, and segregation of	
	duties.	
	-M100 documentation contains procedures for recovering from a failure of	
	a memory component or data processing component.	
	-M100 documentation contains procedures for handling the failure of any	
	data input or storage device.	
	-M100 documentation contains procedures for installation of software	
	including hardware containing firmware.	
	-Documentation contains procedures for the secure handling of ballot	
	boxes and data in central count.	
	-Documentation contains procedures for the physical security and	
	detection of tampering in polling places.	
	-Documentation contains detailed description of physical access control	
	measures to prevent unauthorized access to the voting system.	
	-During trusted build procedures and installation, verify source code,	
	compilers or assemblers are not resident.	
	- Documentation states that jurisdictional procedures control multiple user	
	access to election definition files in EDM, ESSIM, AM and AIMS.	
	 Documentation states that jurisdictional procedures control multiple user access to election definition files in HPM. Multiple user access to HPM 	
	files is "read-only" during preparation of election definition cartridges for	
	M100, DS200, M650 and VAT.	
	- By document review verify that the multiple user access capabilities of	
	ERM are documented sufficiently to allow a code reviewer to verify and	
	analyze the multi-user capabilities of ERM users.	
	analyzo and main addi dapabilitido di Ettivi addio.	
	-By source code review M100 validates checksums when the PC card is	
	input	
	-By source code review M100 memory is zeroed out prior to election	
	-By source code review computer generated keys are random	
	-By source code review multiuser access in ERM prevents data	
	corruption, deadlocks, and race conditions.	
Documentation of Test	Record the results of the security testing in the Security test case.	Record observation of the removal of the modem from the M100 in the
	Summarize and record the results of security testing, document & source	
	code reviews in the applicable Security Review tabs.	1
1	Enter Accept against each review requirement.	

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
	Log discrepancies on the appropriate Discrepancy Report	
Pre-vote: Ballot Preparation procedures verifications	Follow steps in the System Level, and Security Test CasesPerforming windows hardening tests on Windows XP and Windows 2003 in a network enabled configuration including - cannot boot to CD or USB devices - non-administrators cannot install applications - users cannot make undetected modifications to election software or data - non-administrators cannot execute non-election related applications - non-administrators cannot clear windows event logs - windows login authentication is required on the terminal - windows event logs contain user login information and user access to applications and objects - verify that the terminal meets best-practice configuration requirements - no source code or compilers are present	Not applicable
<u> </u>	- perform network penetration testing on network ports	
Pre-vote: Ballot Preparation Security	A guest user or an anonymous user is not allowed access to voting software or data filesFor all networked systems (ESSIM,EDM,HPM,AIMS,AM and ERM) different non-administrative users who would not normally have access to files cannot access critical system files over the network and make undetected modifications to their content Unplugging network cables during ballot definition does not irreversibly affect these operations or lead to corrupted output files (EDM,ESSIM,HPM,AIMS).	Not applicable
Readiness Testing and Poll Verification	-Verifying malicious firmware update or modified firmware update on PC card cannot be installed on M100. -Verifying modified (malicious and non-malicious modifications) election definition of the file on PC card can not be installed. -Verifying the firmware version on M100. -Attempts to break into the M100 through the serial port fail. -Verifying no source code or compilers or assemblers are resident or accessible -Verifying locks can not be picked easily. -Attempt to insert the ballot prior to opening the polls. No votes can be recorded prior to opening the polls -Attempting to access the operating system on M100 Audit logs contain entries for failed attempts, normal & abnormal events.	Not applicable
Pre- vote: Opening the Polls Verification	turned on.	Not applicable
Voting: Ballot Activation and	Attempt to remove the key ,when the key is in voting modeAttempt to Insert blank ballot or invalid ballot(ballot from wrong	Not applicable

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
Casting Verifications	election). Attempt to scanning multiple ballots. Attempt to count the same ballot twice by physical manipulation Attempt to print audit log as voter. Attempt to remove the PC card in middle of the operation. Attempt to unplug the power(without battery) to test recovery is possible. Verify PC card insertion and removal is logged before closing the polls. Audit logs contain entries for failed attempts, normal & abnormal events. Audit log cannot be printed during the voting mode Remove paper source from the M100 to verify M100 election process halts. Attempt to consolidate the PC card with open polls in ERM	
Voting: Voting System Integrity, System Audit, Errors & Status Indicators		Not applicable
Post-vote: Closing the Polls	Attempt to reopen polls with invalid passwordVerify key and 3 digit pin is required to reopen pollsUnable to modify the M100 audit log externally on the PC card validated through the M100 and ERM interfacesVerify physical removal of internal modemUnable to modify the M100 audit log through the systemUnable to modem results through a modem connected to the serial port.	Not applicable
Post-vote: Central Count		Not applicable
Post-vote: Security		Not applicable

Method Detail	Security Test Method	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Method
	Attempt to log into the reporting ERM system and modify votesAudit logs contain entries for failed attempts, normal & abnormal eventsVerify incomplete election returns is configurable(If available) by an election administrator.	
Post-vote: System Audit	Audit logs contain entries for failed attempts, normal & abnormal events.	Not applicable
Expected Results are observed	See System Level and Telephony and Cryptographic Test Cases. Security Review Criteria: - Accept meets the guideline - Reject does not meet the guideline - NA the guideline does not apply	Telephony and Cryptographic Test Cases NA the guideline does not apply
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	All inputs, outputs, observations, deviations and any other information impacting the integrity of the test results will be recorded in the System Level and Security Test Case. A statement will be prepared addressing the results from the security perspective. It will provide the results of the testing and review required in vol. 1 section 6 for insertion in the test report	Record observation of the removal of the modem from the M100

7.2 Environmental Test Method

Method Detail	Environmental Test Method
Test Case Name	Environmental Test: list of SysTest's' subcontractor testing is identified in Appendix B
Scope - identifies the type of test	Document for reuse of the SysTest's' subcontractor the EAC accepted test results of the VSS 2002 hardware operating and non-operating environmental tests.
Test Objective	Examination of the SysTest's subcontractor Non-Operating/Operating Environmental testing of the Unity 3.2.1.0 hardware to the EAC VSS 2002 for documentation of a passing test results, for the applicable requirements, identification of any engineering changes resulting from testing, and the configuration.
Test Variables: Voting Variations (as supported by the voting system)	Test reports contain testing for: Power disturbance disruption - IEC 61000-4-11 (1994-06). Electromagnetic radiation- FCC Part 15 Class B requirements - ANSI C63.4. Electrostatic disruption - IEC 61000-4-2 (1995-01). Electromagnetic susceptibility - IEC 61000-4-3 (1996). Electrical fast transient protection - IEC 61000-4-4 (1995-01). Lightning surge protection - IEC 61000-4-5 (1995-02). RF immunity - IEC 61000-4-6 (1996-04). AC magnetic fields RF immunity - IEC 61000-4-8 (1993-06). MIL-STD810-D: High temperature method 501.2 Procedures I-Storage maximum 140 F degrees Low temperature - method 502.2, Procedure I-Storage minimum -4 F degrees Temperature & power variations - method 501.2 & 502.2 Humidity - method 507.2 Vibration - method 514.3-1 Category 1 - Basic Transportation Common Carrier Bench handling - method 516.3 procedure VI Safety - OSHA CFR Title 29, part 1910
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	Precinct Count scanner/tabulator: Model 100 (M100)
VSS 2002 vol. 1	3.2.2 thru 3.2.2.14, 3.4.8
VSS 2002 vol. 2	4.6.1.5 thru 4.7.1 & 4.8 RFI 2008-01, 2008-05, 2008-06, 2008-09, 2008-10
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test location	See Appendix B
Pre-requisites and preparation for execution of the test case.	Determination of reuse from the EAC - Receipt of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 test reports and engineering assessments from SysTest
Getting Started Checks	Identify the appropriate report for each tested piece of equipment; Create the Environmental Hardware Test Report Matrix
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	Trace the equipment configuration for the VSS 2002 Non-operating/Operating test requirement to the applicable SysTest's subcontractor report in the <i>Environmental Hardware Test Report Matrix</i>
Standard Environmental Tests	Test reports from SysTest include test results for all applicable Non-operating/operating environmental hardware VSS 2002 required tests
Expected Results are observed	Environmental test reports, SysTest Lab hardware assessments and engineering change documents identify: Non-operating/operating environmental hardware VSS 2002 required tests with a passing result Configuration of the tested hardware Engineering changes addressing any hardware mitigations
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	All examination results will be documented in the Environmental Hardware Test ReportsMatrix (Appendix B) • Missing documents or clarification requests will reported to the manufacturer as Document Defects in the Unity 3.2.1.0 Discrepancy Report • Delivery and verification of documents and clarifications will be noted in the Unity 3.2.1.0 Discrepancy Report

7.3 Characteristics (Recovery, Accessibility, Usability & Maintainability) Test Method

Method Detail	Characteristics Test Method	
Test Case Name	Characteristics (Recovery, Accessibility, Usability & Maintainability) of the M100	
Scope - identifies the type of test	Accessibility, usability and maintainability are characteristics of the voting system. ES&S has petitioned the EAC for reuse of the SysTest testing of the M100 from the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort. Determination of reuse is identified in Appendix D	
Test Objective	The objective of characteristics testing is to verify the accessibility, usability and maintainability requirements of the standards and HAVA are met.	
Test Variables: Voting Variations (as supported by the voting system)	See Appendix C	
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	See Appendix C	
VSS 2002 vol. 1	2.2.7.1.a thru f, 2.2.7.2.a, 2.2.7.2.b.1 thru i, 2.4.3.1.a, e, &f, 2.2.5.2.1 f.& g, 3.3.1 thru 3.4.2, 3.4.4.1 thru 3.4.6 c, 3.4.9.a thru e HAVA 301a.3 & 4 RFI: 2008-04, 2008-05	
VSS 2002 vol. 2	4.7.2, 6.5, 6.7	
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test location	See Appendix C	
Pre-requisites and preparation for execution of the test case.	See Appendix C	
Getting Started Checks	See Appendix C	
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	See Appendix C	
Polling Place Hardware & Recovery	See Appendix C	
Accessibility- Common Standards	See Appendix C	
DRE Standards	See Appendix C	
DRE Standards - Audio information and stimulus	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility - Telephone handset	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Wireless	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Electronic image displays	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Touch-screen or contact sensitive controls	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Response time	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Sound cues	See Appendix C	
DRE Accessibility- Biometric measures	See Appendix C	
Physical Characteristics	See Appendix C	
Transport, Storage, Materials, & Durability	See Appendix C	
Maintainability	See Appendix C	
Availability	See Appendix C	
Expected Results are observed	See Appendix C	
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	See Appendix C	
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	Same as Reuse System Level Test Method	

7.4 Accuracy (Accuracy, Reliability, Availability, Volume, and Stress) Test Method

iBeta Definition	Accuracy (Accuracy, Reliability, Availability, Volume, and Stress)
Test Case Name	SysTest Unity v.4.0.0.0 Test Cases applicable to the scope of Unity 3.2.1.0: Accuracy Test Case M100
Scope - identifies the type of test	ES&S has petitioned the EAC for reuse of the applicable components in scope for Unity 3.2.1.0 from the SysTest testing of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort. Determination of reuse is identified in Appendix C.
Test Objective	Determination by the EAC of the reuse of SysTest testing, test results and test reporting for the tabulators (M100), for Unity 3.2.1.0 from the SysTest testing of the Unity v.4.0.0.0 certification test effort.
Test Variables:	See Appendix C
Accuracy Volume Stress	
A description of the voting system type and the operational environment	See Appendix C
VSS 2002 vol. 1	2.1.2, 2.1.5. 4.1.1 .a thru d.i, 4.1.5.2.a thru 4.1.6.1.a, 4.3.3, 4.3.5.a thru d
VSS 2002 vol. 2	1.7.1.1, 1.8.2.2, 4.7.1.1, 4.7.3 thru 4.7.4.d.i, 6.1, 6.2.3
Hardware, Software voting system configuration and test location	See Appendix C
Pre-requisites and preparation for execution of the test case.	See Appendix C
Getting Started Checks	See Appendix C
Documentation of Test Data & Test Results	See Appendix C
Accuracy: Paper-based voting systems Processing	See Appendix C
Accuracy: Error Rate	See Appendix C
Reliability	See Appendix C
Availability	See Appendix C
Expected Results are observed	See Appendix C
Record observations and all input/outputs for each election;	Same as Reuse SysTest System Level Test Method

8 Appendices

8.1 Appendix A- VSS 2002 Certification Test Requirements

Maufacturer Voting System & Version	Scope	Prior EAC Certification#
ES&S Unity 3.2.1.0 Voting System	Modification for adding the M100 and EMS LAN (VSS	ESSUnity3200
	2002)	

Unity 3.2.0.0 Unmodified= No changes, all testing is completed and documented in the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report

- E= Reuse Environmental & Reliability
- F= Reuse SysTest Functional, Characteristics, Maintenance, Accessibility, Availability, Data Accuracy
- R= Regression System Level
- S= Security Test Case
- T= Telephony & Cryptographic Test Case
- V1-10= Volume 1 through 10 Test Cases
- NA= The requirement is not applicable to the voting system type

Unity 3.2.1.0 Modification= Changes will be tested in the Unity 3.2.1.0 Test Cases for the M100 and EMS LAN

- E-M100= Reuse Environmental & Reliability
- NOC-08-001= ESD test required in NOC 08-001
- F-M100= Reuse SysTest Functional, Characteristics, Maintenance, Accessibility, Availability, Data Accuracy
- R3210= Regression System Level which includes both 3.2.0.0 modified and unmodified hardware and software
- S3210= Security Test Case
- T3210= Telephony & Cryptographic Test Case
- V-M100 #= Volume M100 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, or 12 Test Cases
- NA=The requirement is not applicable to the voting system type or is unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
2.2	Overall System Capabilities				
2.2.1	Security				
	System security is achieved through a combination of				
	technical capabilities and sound administrative practices. Te ensure security all systems shall:				
a.	Provide security access controls that limits limit or detect access to critical system components to guard against loss of system integrity, availability, confidentiality, and accountability.	S		S3210	
b.	Provide system functions that are executable only in the intended manner and order, and only under the intended conditions.	S, R		S3210, R3210	
C.	Use the system's control logic to prevent a system function from executing, if any preconditions to the function have not been met.	S, R		S3210, R3210	
d.	Provide safeguards to protect against tampering during system repair, or interventions in system operations, in response to system failure.	S		S3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
e.	Provide security provisions that are compatible with the procedures and administrative tasks involved in equipment preparation, testing, and operation.	S		S3210	
f.	If access to a system function is to be restricted or controlled the system shall incorporate the means of implementing this capability.	S		S3210	
g.	Provide documentation of mandatory administrative procedures for effective system security.	S		S3210	
2.2.2	Accuracy To ensure vote accuracy, all systems shall:				
2.2.2.1	Common Standards to Ensure Vote Accuracy To ensure vote accuracy, all systems shall:				
a.	Records the election contests, candidates, and issues exactly as defined by election officials.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Records the appropriate options for casting and recording votes.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Records each vote precisely as indicated by the voter and have the ability to produce an accurate report of all votes cast.	F, R	RFI 2007-06	F-M100, R3210	RFI 2007-06
d.	Control logic and data processing methods incorporation parity and check sums (or equivalent error detection and correction methods) to demonstrate the system has been designed for accuracy.	S		S3210	
е.	The software monitors the overall quality of data read-write and transfer quality status, checks the number and types of errors that occur in any of the relevant operations on data	S		S3210	
2.2.2.2	and how they were corrected. DRE System Standards In additional DRE systems shall:				
	As an additional means of ensuring accuracy in DRE systems, voting devices record and retain redundant copies of the original ballot image. A ballot image electronic record of all votes cast by the voter, including undervotes.	NA	RFI 2007-06 No DRE	NA	RFI 2007-06 No DRE
2.2.3	Error Recovery To recover from a non-catastrophic failure of a device, or from any error or malfunction that is within the operator's ability to correct, the system shall provide the following capabilities:				
a.	Restoration of the device to the operating condition existing immediately prior to an error or failure, without loss or corruption of voting data previously stored in the device	S, V1-10, R, F		F-M100, R3210, S3210, V-M100 1, 2, 4, 11, 12	
b.	Resumption of normal operation following the correction of a failure in a memory component, or in a data processing component, including the central processing unit	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
C.	Recovery from any other external condition that causes	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
				-,,	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	equipment to become inoperable, provided that catastrophic	, in the second		F-M100	
	electrical or mechanical damage due to external phenomena				
	has not occurred.				
2.2.4	Integrity				
	Integrity measures ensure the physical stability and function				
	of the vote recording and counting processes. To ensure				
0.0.4.4	system integrity, all systems shall:				
2.2.4.1	Common Standards				
	To ensure system integrity, all systems shall:	_		E 14400	
a.	Protect against a single point of failure that would prevent	F		F-M100	
h	further voting at the polling place.	F \/ F		E 14400 1/	
b.	Protects against the interruption of electronic power.	F, V-5		F-M100, V- M100 5	
C.	Drotecte against alactromagnetic radiation	E		E-M100	
d.	Protects against electromagnetic radiation. Protects against the ambient temperature and humidity	E		E-M100	
u.	fluctuations.	=		E-IVITOU	
e.	Protects against failure of any data input or storage device.	S, V4		S3210, V-	
С.	Frotects against failure of any data input of storage device.	3, 14		M100 4	
f.	Protects against any attempt at improper data entry or	S		S3210	
	retrieval			33210	
g.	Records and reports of any normal or abnormal events.	S		S3210	
h.	Maintains a permanent record of original audit data that	S		S3210	
	cannot be bypassed or turned off.				
i.	Detect and record every event, including the occurrence of an	R		R3210	
	error condition that the system cannot overcome, and time-				
	dependent or programmed events that occur without the				
	intervention of the voter or a polling place operator				
j.	Include built-in measurement, self-test, and diagnostic	S		S3210	
	software and hardware for detecting and reporting the				
0.0.1.0	system's status and degree of operability				
2.2.4.2	DRE Systems Standards				
	In addition to the common requirements, DRE systems shall:	A 1 A	N. DDE	N I A	N. DDE
a.	Maintain a record of each ballot cast using a process and	NA	No DRE	NA	No DRE
	storage location that differs from the main vote detection,				
b.	interpretation, processing, and reporting path Provide a capability to retrieve ballot images in a form	NA	No DRE	NA	No DRE
D.	readable by humans	INA	NO DRE	NA	NO DRE
2.2.5	System Audit		RFI 2008-12		
	See the requirement for context of these requirements.		1X112000-12		
2.2.5.2	Operational Requirements				
	Audit records shall be prepared for all phases of election	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	operations performed using devices controlled by the	5, 13, 1		F-M100	
	jurisdiction or its contractors. These records rely upon				
	automated audit data acquisition and machine-generated				
	reports, with manual input of some information. These				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
100 2002	records shall address the ballot preparation and election			Omey oralling	
	definition phase, system readiness tests, and voting and				
	ballot-counting operations. The software shall activate the				
	logging and reporting of audit data as described below.				
2.2.5.2.1	Time, Sequence, and Preservation of Audit Records				
	The timing and sequence of audit record entries is as				
	important as the data contained in the record. All voting				
	systems shall meet the requirements for time, sequence and				
	preservation of audit records outlined below.				
a.	Except where noted, systems shall provide the capability to	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	create and maintain a real-time audit record. This capability			F-M100	
	records and provides the operator or precinct official with				
	continuous updates on machine status. This information				
	allows effective operator identification of an error condition				
	requiring intervention, and contributes to the reconstruction of				
	election-related events necessary for recounts or litigation.				
b.	All systems shall include a real-time clock as part of the	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	system's hardware. The system shall maintain an absolute			F-M100	
	record of the time and date or a record relative to some event				
	whose time and data are known and recorded.				
C.	All audit record entries shall include the time-and-date stamp.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
				F-M100	
d.	The audit record shall be active whenever the system is in	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	an operating mode. This record shall be available at all times,			F-M100	
	though it need not be continually visible.				
e.	The generation of audit record entries shall not be terminated	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	or altered by program control, or by the intervention of any			F-M100	
	person. The physical security and integrity of the record shall				
4	be maintained at all times.	0.0.5		00040 D0040	
f.	Once the system has been activated for any function, the	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
	system shall preserve the contents of the audit record during			F-M100	
	any interruption of power to the system until processing and data reporting have been completed.				
0	The system shall be capable of printing a copy of the audit	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	
g.	record. A separate printer is not required for the audit record,	3, K, F		53210, R3210, F-M100	
	and the record may be produced on			1 -101100	
	the standard system printer if all the following conditions are				
	met:				
1)	The generation of audit trail records does not interfere with				
2)	the production				
2)	of output reports				
3)	The entries can be identified so as to facilitate their				
,	recognition,				
	segregation, and retention				
	The audit record entries are kept physically secure				
2.2.5.2.2	Error messages				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	All voting systems shall meet the requirements for error				
	messages below.				
a.	The voting system shall generate, store, and report to the user all error messages as they occur.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
b.	All error messages requiring intervention by an operator or precinct official shall be displayed or printed clearly in easily understood language text, or by means of other suitable visual indicators.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
c.	When the voting system uses numerical error codes for trained technician maintenance or repair, the text corresponding to the code shall be self-contained or affixed inside the voting machine. This is intended to reduce inappropriate reactions to error conditions, and to allow for ready and effective problem correction.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
d.	All error messages for which correction impacts vote recording or vote processing shall be written in a manner that is understandable to an election official who possesses training on system use and operation, but does not possess technical training on system servicing and repair.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
е.	The message cue for all voting systems shall clearly state the action to be performed in the event that voter or operator response is required.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
f.	Voting system design shall ensure that erroneous responses will not lead to irreversible error.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
g.	Nested error conditions are corrected in a controlled sequence such that voting system status shall be restored to the initial state existing before the first error occurred.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
2.2.5.2.3	Status Messages The Standards/Guidelines provide latitude in software design so that vendors can consider various user processing and reporting needs. The jurisdiction may require some status and information messages to be displayed and reported in real-time. Messages that do not require operator intervention may be stored in memory to be recovered after ballot processing has been completed.				
	The voting system shall display and report critical status messages using clear indicators or English language text. The voting system need not display non-critical status messages at the time of occurrence. Voting systems may display non-critical status messages (i.e., those that do not require operator intervention) by means of numerical codes for subsequent interpretation and reporting as unambiguous text.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
	Voting systems shall provide a capability for the status messages to become part of the real-time audit record.	S, R, F		S3210, R3210, F-M100	
	The voting system shall provide a capability for a jurisdiction	S, R, F		S3210, R3210,	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	to designate critical status messages.			F-M100	
2.2.5.3	COTS General Purpose Computer System Requirements See the standards for the context these requirements. Three operating system protections are required on all such systems on which election software is hosted.		RFI 2008-03 RFI 2008-12		RFI 2008-03 RFI 2008-12
	Authentication shall be configured on the local terminal (display screen and keyboard) and on all external connection devices ("network cards" and "ports"). This ensures that only authorized and identified users affect the system while election software is running.	S			
	Operating system audit shall be enabled for all session openings and closings, for all connection openings and closings, for all process executions and terminations, and for the alteration or deletion of any memory or file object. This ensures the accuracy and completeness of election data stored on the system. It also ensures the existence of an audit record of any person or process altering or deleting system data or election data.	S		S3210	
	The system shall be configured to execute only intended and necessary processes during the execution of election software. The system shall also be configured to halt election software processes upon the termination of any critical system process (such as system audit) during the execution of election software.	S		S3210	
2.2.6	Election Management System				
	The Election Management System (EMS) is used to prepare ballots and programs for use in casting and counting votes, and to consolidate, report, and display election results. An EMS shall generate and maintain a database, or one or more interactive databases, that enables election officials or their designees to perform the following functions:	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
a.	Define of the political subdivision boundaries and multiple election districts, as indicated in the system documentation.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Identify of contests, candidates, and issues.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Define of ballot formats and appropriate voting options.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Generate ballots and election-specific programs for vote recording and vote counting equipment.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Install ballots and election-specific programs.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	Test that ballots and programs have been properly prepared and installed.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
g.	Accumulate vote totals at multiple reporting levels as indicated in the system documentation.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
h.	Generate of post-voting reports per Section 2.5.	F, R		F-M100,	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
		-		R3210	
i.	Process and produce audit reports of the data indicated in	F, R		F-M100,	
	Section 4.5.			R3210	
2.2.7	Accessibility				
2.2.7.1	Common Standards				
	See the standard for diagrams. The voting system meets the				
	following conditions:				
a.	Where clear floor space only allows forward approach to an	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	object, the maximum high forward reach allowed shall be				precinct scanners
	48inches. The minimum low forward reach is 15 inches.	_		5.14 00	A P 11 4
b.	Where forward reach is over an obstruction with knee space	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	below, the maximum level forward reach is 25 inches. When				precinct scanners
	the obstruction is less than 20 inches deep, the maximum high forward reach is 48 inches. When the obstruction				
	projects 20 to 25 inches, the maximum high forward reach is				
	44 inches.				
C.	The position of any operable control is determined with	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	respect to a vertical plane that is 48 inches in length,	'		1 101100	precinct scanners
	centered on the operable control, and at the maximum				produite ocalinore
	protrusion of the product within the 48-inch length.				
d.	Where any operable control is 10 inches or less behind the	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	reference plane, have a height that is between 15 inches and				precinct scanners
	54 inches above the floor.				
e.	Where any operable control is more than 10 inches and not	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	more than 24 inches behind the reference plane, have a				precinct scanners
	height between 15 inches and 46 inches above the floor.				
f.	Have operable controls that are not more than 24 inches	F		F-M100	As applicable to
	behind the reference plane.				precinct scanners
2.2.7.2	DRE Standards for Accessibility				
	DRE voting systems shall provide, as part of their				
	configuration, the capability to provide access to voters with a				
a.	broad range of disabilities. This capability shall: Not require the voter to bring their own assistive technology	F	VAT Pollet marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
a.	to a polling place.	F	VAT - Ballot marking only	INA	WITOU IS HOLD DRE
b	Provide Audio information and stimulus that:		Offity		
b.1.	Communicates to the voter the complete content of the ballot.	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
D. 1.	Communicates to the voter the complete content of the ballot.	'	only	INC	IVITOU IS HOLD DINE
b.2.	Provides instruction to the voter in operation of the voting	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
· ·	device.		only	1.77	
b.3.	Provides instruction so that the voter has the same vote	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	capabilities and options as those provided by the system to	•	only	,	30 io not a Bite
	individuals who are not using audio technology		,		
b.4.	For a system that supports write-in voting, enables the voter	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
1	to review the voter's write-in input, edit that input, and confirm		only		
	that the edits meet the voter's intent.				
b.5.	Enables the voter to request repetition of any system	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	provided information.		only		
b.6.	Supports the use of headphones provided by the system that	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	may be discarded after each use		only		
b.7.	Provides the audio signal through an industry standard	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	connector for private listening using a 1/8 inch stereo		only		
	headphone jack to allow individual voters to supply personal				
	headsets				
b.8.	Provides a volume control with an adjustable amplification up	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	to a maximum of 105 dB that automatically resets to the		only		
	default for each voter				
C.	Provide, in conformance with FCC Part 68, a wireless	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	coupling for assistive devices used by people who are hard of		only		
	hearing when a system utilizes a telephone style handset to				
	provide audio information				
d.	Meet the requirements of ANSI C63.19-2001 Category 4 to	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	avoid electromagnetic interference with assistive hearing		only		
	devices				
е.	For Electronic Image Displays, permit the voter to:	_)/AT D II /	N 1 A	Magain a BBE
e.1.	Adjust contrast settings	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
- 0	A.P. () (C)	_	only	NIA.	MAGG: 4 DDE
e.2.	Adjust color settings, when color is used	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
- 2	Adjust the size of the test of the table height of equital letters	_	only	NIA	M400 is made DDE
e.3.	Adjust the size of the text so that the height of capital letters	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
f.	varies over a range of 3 to 6.3 millimeters		only		
1.	For a devise with touch screen or contact-sensitive controls,				
	provide an input method using mechanically operated controls or keys that shall:				
f.1.	Be tactilely discernible without activating the controls or keys.	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
1.1.	be tactilely discernible without activating the controls of keys.	「	only	INA	WITOU IS HOLD DRE
f.2.	Be operable with one hand and not require tight grasping,	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
1.2.	pinching, or twisting of the wrist.		only	INA	WITOU IS HOLD DIVE
f.3.	Require a force less than 5 lbs (22.2 N) to operate.	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
1.0.	require a force less than 5 lbs (22.2 ft) to operate.	'	only	INA	WITOO IS HOLD DIVE
f.4.	Provide no key repeat function.	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	1 Tovide no key repeat function.	'	only	14/1	WITOO IS HOLD DIVE
g.	For a system that requires a response by a voter in a specific	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
9-	period of time, alert the voter before this time period has	'	only	14/1	WITOO IO HOL A DIKE
	expired and allow the voter additional time to indicate that		J,		
	more time is needed				
h.	For a system that provides sound cues as a method to alert	F	VAT - Ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	the voter about a certain condition, such as the occurrence of		only		
	an error, or a confirmation, the tone shall be accompanied by				
	a visual cue for users who cannot hear the audio prompt				
i.	Provide a secondary means of voter identification or	F	VAT has no biometric	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	authentication when the primary means of doing so uses		measures		
	biometric measures that require a voter to possess particular				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	biological characteristics				
2.2.8	Vote Tabulating Program				
2.2.8.1	Functions				
	The vote tabulating program software resident in each voting				
	machine, vote count server, or other devices shall include all				
	software modules required to:				
a.	Monitor of system status and generating machine-level audit	F, R		F-M100,	
	reports			R3210	
b.	Accommodate device control functions performed by polling	F, R		F-M100,	
	place officials and maintenance personnel			R3210	
C.	Register and accumulating votes	F, R		F-M100,	
				R3210	
d.	Accommodate variations in ballot counting logic	F, R		F-M100,	
				R3210	
2.2.8.2	Voting Variation				
	The Technical Data Package accompanying the system shall				
	specifically identify which of the following items can and				
	cannot be supported by the voting system, as well as how the				
	voting system can implement the items support.				
a.	Documented support or non-support of closed primaries.	F		F-M100, V-	
				M100 1	
b.	Documented support or non-support of open primaries.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
C.	Documented support or non-support of partisan offices.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
d.	Documented support or non-support of non-partisan offices.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
e.	Documented support or non-support of write-in voting.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
f.	Documented support or non-support of Primary presidential	F		F-M100	
	delegation nomination.				
g.	Documented support or non-support of ballot rotation.	F		F-M100	
h.	Documented support or non-support of straight party voting.	F		F-M100	
i.	Documented support or non-support of cross-party	F		F-M100	
	endorsement				
J.	Documented support or non-support of split precincts.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
k.	Documented support or non-support of vote for N of M.	F		F-M100,	
				R3210	
I.	Documented support or non-support of recall issues, with	F		F-M100	
	options.				1
m.	Documented support or non-support of cumulative voting.	F		Doc Review	Not supported
n.	Documented support or non-support of ranked over voting.	F		Doc Review	Not supported
0.	Documented support or non-support of provisional or challenged ballots.	F		Doc Review	Election procedure

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
2.2.9	Ballot Counter For all voting systems, each device that tabulates ballots shall provide a counter that:.				
a.	Can be set to zero before any ballots are submitted for tally	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Records the number of ballots cast during a particular test cycle or election	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Increases the count only by the input of a ballot	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Prevents or disables the resetting of the counter by any person other than authorized persons at authorized points	F		F-M100	
e.	Is visible to designated election officials	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.2.10	Telecommunications For all voting systems that use telecommunications for the transmission of data during pre-voting, voting or post-voting activities, capabilities shall be provided that ensure data are transmitted with no alteration or unauthorized disclosure during transmission. Such transmissions shall not violate the privacy, secrecy, and integrity demands of the Standards. Section 5 of the Standards describes telecommunications standards that apply to, at a minimum, the following types of data transmissions:				
	Voter Authentication: Coded information that confirms the identity of a voter for security purposes for a system that transmit votes individually over a public network	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	Ballot Definition: Information that describes to voting equipment the content and appearance of the ballots to be used in an election	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	Vote Transmission to Central Site: For voting systems that transmit votes individually over a public network, the transmission of a single vote to the county (or contractor) for consolidation with other county vote data	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	Vote Count: Information representing the tabulation of votes at any one of several levels: polling place, precinct, or central count	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	List of Voters: A listing of the individual voters who have cast ballots in a specific election	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2.2.11	Data Retention See standard/guideline for context.				,
	All voting systems shall provide for maintaining the integrity of voting and audit data during an election and for a period of at least 22 months thereafter.	TDP	Attestation from ESS	Doc Review	
2.3	Pre-voting Functions		#50 Closed		
2.3.1	Ballot Preparation				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
2.3.1.1	General Capabilities				
	All systems shall provide the general capability for ballot preparation, ballot formatting and ballot production. All systems shall be capable of:	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.3.1.1.1	Common Standards All systems shall be capable of:				
a.	Enable the automatic formatting of ballots in accordance with the requirements for offices, candidates, and measures qualified to be placed on the ballot for each political subdivision and election district.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b. 1) 2) 3)	Collecting and maintaining the following data: Offices with labels/instructions Candidate names with labels Issues or measures with their text	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Supporting the maximum number of potentially active voting positions as indicated in the system documentation.	F, V8		NA	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
d.	For a primary election, generating ballots that segregate the choices in partisan races by party affiliation	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Generating ballots that contain identifying codes or marks uniquely associated with each format.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	Ensuring voter response fields, selection buttons, or switches properly align with the specific candidate names and/or issues printed on the ballot display, ballot card or sheet, or separate ballot pages.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.3.1.1.2	Paper-Based System Standards Paper-based voting systems shall also meet the following requirements applicable to the technology used.				
a.	Enable voters to make selections by punching a hole or by making a mark in areas designated for this purpose upon each ballot card or sheet.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	For punchcard systems ensure that the vote response fields can be properly aligned with punching devices used to record votes.	NA	Not a punchcard system	NA	M100 is not a punchcard system
C.	For marksense systems, the timing marks align properly with the vote response fields.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.3.1.2	Ballot Formatting All voting systems shall provide a capability for:				
a.	Creation of newly defined elections	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Rapid and error-free definition of elections and their associated ballot layouts	F,R		F-M100,R3210	
C.	Uniform allocation of space and fonts used for each office, candidate, and contest such that the voter perceives no active voting position to be preferred to any other.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Simultaneous display of the maximum number of choices for a single contest as indicated by the vendor in the system	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	documentation				
e.	Retention of previously defined formats for an election	F, R		F-M100,	
				R3210	
f.	Prevention of unauthorized modification of any ballot formats	F, R		F-M100,	
		E 1/2 2 4		R3210	
g.	Modification by authorized persons of a previously defined	F, V3 & 4		F-M100, V- M100 4	
2.3.1.3	ballot format for use in a subsequent election Ballot Production			W100 4	
2.3.1.3	Ballot production is the process of converting ballot formats to				
	a media ready for use in the physical ballot production or				
	electronic presentation.				
2.3.1.3.1	Common Standards				
	The voting system shall provide a means of printing or other				
	wise generating a ballot display that can be installed in all				
	system voting devices for which it is intended: All systems				
	shall provide a capability to ensure.	_	DEI 0000 04	E 14400	DEI 0000 04
a.	The electronic display or printed document on which the user	F	RFI 2008-04	F-M100	RFI 2008-04
	views the ballot is capable of rendering an image of the ballot in any of the languages required by The Voting Rights Act of				
	1965, as amended				
b.	The electronic display or printed document where the user	F		F-M100	
	views the ballot does not show any advertising or commercial				
	logos of any kind, whether public service, commercial, or				
	political, unless specifically provided for in State law.				
	Electronic displays do not provide connection through				
	hyperlink.	- D		E 14400	
C.	The ballot conforms to vendor specifications for type of paper stock, weight, size, shape, size and location of punch or mark	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	field used to record votes, folding, bleed through, and ink for			K3210	
	printing if paper ballot documents or paper displays are part				
	of the system				
2.3.1.3.2	Paper-based System Standards				
	Vendor documentation for marksense systems shall include	F		F-M100	
	specifications for ballot materials to ensure that vote				
	selections are read from only a single ballot at a time, without				
	detection of marks from multiple ballots concurrently (e.g.,				
2.3.2	reading of bleed-through from other ballots) Election Programming				
0	Process by which election officials or their designees use				
	election databases and vendor system software to logically				
	define the voter choices associated with the contents of the				
	ballots. All systems shall provide for:				
a.	Logical definition of the ballot, including the definition of the	F, R		F-M100,	
	number of allowable choices for each office and contest			R3210	
b.	Logical definition of political and administrative subdivisions,	F, R		F-M100,	
	where the list of candidates or contests varies between			R3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	polling places				
C.	Exclusion of any contest on the ballot in which the voter is prohibited from casting a ballot because of place of residence, or other such administrative or geographical criteria	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Ability to select from a range of voting options to conform to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the system will be used	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
е.	Generation of all required master and distributed copies of the voting program, in conformance with the definition of the ballots for each voting device and polling place, and for each tabulating device	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.3.3	Ballot and Program Installation and Control All systems shall include the following at the time of ballot an program installation:				
	All systems provide a means of installing ballots and programs on each piece of polling place or central count equipment according to the ballot requirements of the election and the jurisdiction.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
a.	A detailed work plan or other documentation providing a schedule and steps for the software and ballot installation, including a table outlining the key dates, events and deliverables.	F		F-M100	
b.	A capability for automatically verifying that the software has been properly selected and installed in the equipment or in programmable memory devices and for indicating errors.	F,S		F-M100,S3210	
C.	A capability for automatically validating that software correctly matches the ballot formats that it is intended to process, for detecting errors, and for immediately notifying an election official of detected errors.	F, S		F-M100, S3210	
2.3.4	Readiness Testing Election personnel conduct voting equipment and voting system readiness tests prior to the start of an election to ensure that the voting system functions properly, to confirm that voting equipment has been properly integrated, and to obtain equipment status reports. All voting systems shall provide the capabilities to				
2.3.4.1	Common Standards All voting systems shall provide the capabilities to:				
a.	Verify the voting machines or vote recording and data processing equipment, precinct count equipment, and central count equipment are properly prepared for an election, and collect data that verifies equipment readiness	F, S		F-M100, S3210	
b.	Obtains status and data reports from each set of equipment	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Verify the correct installation and interface of all system equipment	F, R		F-M100, R3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
d.	Verify that hardware and software function correctly	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Generate consolidated data reports at the polling place and higher jurisdictional levels	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	Segregate test data from actual voting data, either procedurally or by hardware/software features	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	Resident test software, external devices, and special purpose test software connected to or installed in voting devices to simulate operator and voter functions used for these tests meeting the following standards:				
a.	These elements are capable of being tested separately, and are proven to be reliable verification tools prior to their use	F		F-M100	
b.	These elements are incapable of altering or introducing any residual effect on the intended operation of the voting device during any succeeding test and operational phase.	F		F-M100	
2.3.4.2	Paper-Based Systems Paper-based systems shall:				
a.	Supports conversion testing that uses all potential ballot positions as active positions	F		F-M100	
b.	Supports conversion testing of ballots with active position density for systems without pre-designated ballot positions	F		F-M100	
2.3.5	Verification at the Polling Place All systems shall provide a formal record of the following, in any media, upon verification of the authenticity of the command source:		RFI 2008-07		
a.	The election's identification data;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	The identification of all equipment units;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	The identification of the polling place;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	The identification of all ballot formats;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
е.	The contents of each active candidate register by office and of each active measure register at all storage locations (showing that they contain only zeros);	F, R, S		F-M100, R3210, S3210	
f.	A list of all ballot fields that can be used to invoke special voting options	F		F-M100	
g.	Other information needed to confirm the readiness of the equipment, and to accommodate administrative reporting requirements	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	To prepare voting devices to accept voted ballots, all voting systems shall provide the capability to test each device prior to opening to verify that each is operating correctly. At a minimum the tests shall include.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
a.	Confirmation that there are no hardware or software failures.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Confirmation that the device is ready to be activated for accepting votes.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	If a precinct count system includes equipment for the consolidation of polling place data at one or more central counting locations, it shall have means to verify the correct extraction of voting data from transportable memory devices, or to verify the transmission of secure data over secure communication links.	F, R	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	F-M100, R3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2.3.6	Verification at Central Location Election officials perform verification at the central location to ensure that vote counting and vote consolidation equipment and software function properly before and after an election. Upon verification of the authenticity of the command source, any system used in a central count environment shall provide a printed record of the following:		RFI 2008-07		RFI 2008-07
a.	The election's identification data	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	The contents of each active candidate register by office and of each active measure register at all storage locations (showing that they contain only zeros);	F, R S	S - per v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Other information needed to confirm the readiness of the equipment, and to accommodate administrative reporting requirements.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
2.4	Voting Functions All voting systems shall support				
	Opening the polls	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	Casting the ballot	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	In addition, all DRE systems shall support: Activating the ballot	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
	Augmenting the election counter	F, R	VAT	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	Augmenting the life-cycle counter	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
2.4.1.	Opening the Polls At a minimum, the systems shall provide the functional capabilities indicated below.		RFI 2008-07		
2.4.1.1	Opening the polling Place (Precinct Count Systems) To allow voting devices to be activated for voting, the system shall provide:				
a.	An internal test or diagnostic capability to verify that all of the polling place tests specified in 2.3.5 have been successfully completed.	F, R,S	S - per v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100, R3210,S3210	S - per v.2: 3.3.1
b.	Automatic disabling any device that has not been tested until it has been tested.	F, R,S	S - per v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100, R3210,S3210	S - per v.2: 3.3.1

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
2.4.1.2	Paper-Based System Standards				
2.4.1.2.1	All Paper-Based systems				
	To facilitate opening the polls, all paper-based systems shall				
	include:				
a.	A means of verifying ballot punching or marking devices are	F, R	No ballot punching	F-M100,	No ballot punching
	prepared and ready to used;			R3210	
b.	A voting booth or similar facility, in which the voter may punch	F	No ballot punching	F-M100	No ballot punching
	or mark the ballot in privacy				
C.	Secure receptacles for holding voted ballots. Ballot boxes.	F, R, S	DS200	F-M100,	M100
				R3210, S3210	
2.4.1.2.2	Precinct Count Paper-Based Systems				
	In addition to the above requirements, all paper-based				
_	precinct count equipment shall include a means of:				
a.	Activating the ballot counting device.	F, R			
b.	Verifying that the device has been correctly activated and is	F, R			
	functioning properly	F, R			
c. 2.4.1.3	Identifying device failure and corrective action needed. DRE System Standards	F, K			
2.4.1.3	To facilitate opening the polls, all DRE systems shall include:				
a.	A security seal, a password, or a data code recognition	F, R, S	VAT doesn't open	NA	M100 is not a DRE
a.	capability to prevent the inadvertent or unauthorized	r, K, S	polls; it just switches	INA	WITOU IS HOLD DRE
	actuation of the poll-opening function		to election marking		
	actuation of the poil-opening function		mode		
b.	A means of enforcing the execution of steps in the proper	F	mode	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	sequence if more than one step is required	'		100	WITOO IO HOL A BIKE
C.	A means of verifying the system has been activated correctly	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
d.	A means of identifying system failure and any corrective	F		NA	M100 is not a DRE
	action needed				
2.4.2	Activating the Ballot (DRE Systems)				
	To activate the ballot, all DRE systems shall:				
a.	Enable election officials to control the content of the ballot	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	presented to the voter, whether presented in printed form or		functionality		
	electronic display, such that each voter is permitted to record				
	votes only in contests in which that voter is authorized to vote				
b.	Allow each eligible voter to cast a ballot	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
C.	Prevent a voter from voting on a ballot to which he or she is	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
	not entitled	<u> </u>			
d.	Prevent a voter from casting more than one ballot in the	F, R	Blank paper ballot	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	same election		required		
e.	Activate the casting of a ballot in a general election	F		NA	M100 is not a DRE
f.	Enable the selection of the ballot that is appropriate to the	F, R	Appropriate blank	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	party affiliation declared by the voter in a primary election		paper ballot required	NIA	M400 i
g.	Activate all parts of the ballot upon which the voter is entitled	F,R	Some controls in	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	to vote		addition to the paper		
			ballot		

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
h.	Disable of all parts of the ballot upon which the voter is not entitled to vote	F,R	Some controls in addition to the paper ballot	NA	M100 is not a DRE
2.4.3	Casting a Ballot				
2.4.3.1	Common Standards To facilitate casting a ballot, all systems shall:				
a.	Provide test that is at least 3 millimeters high and provide the capability to adjust or magnify the text to an apparent size of 6.3 millimeters	F		F-M100	
b.	Protect the secrecy of the vote such that the system cannot reveal any information about how a particular voter voted, except as otherwise required by individual State law	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Record the selection and non-selection (undervote) of individual vote choices for each contest and ballot measure	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Record the voter's selection of candidates whose names do not appear on the ballot, if permitted under State law, and record as many write-in votes as the number of candidates the voter is allowed to select	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
е.	In the event of a failure of the main power supply external to the voting system, provide the capability for any voter who is voting at the time to complete casting a ballot, allow for the successful shutdown of the voting system without loss or degradation of the voting and audit data, and allow voters to resume voting once the voting system has reverted to back-up power	F, V5		F-M100, V- M100 5	
f.	Provide the capability for voters to continue cast ballots in the event of a failure of a telecommunications connection within the polling place or between the polling place and any other location	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2.4.3.2	paper-based System Standards				
2.4.3.2.1	All Paper-Based Systems All paper-based systems shall:				
a.	Allow the voter to easily identify the voting field that is associated with each candidate or ballot measure response	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Allow the voter to mark the ballot to register a vote	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Allow either the voter or the appropriate election official is able to place the voted ballot into the ballot counting device (precinct count systems) or a secure receptacle (central count systems)	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Protect the secrecy of the vote throughout the process	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.4.3.2.2	Precinct Count Paper-Based Systems In addition to the above requirements, all paper-based precinct count equipment shall include a means of:				
a.	Provide feedback to the voter identifies specific contests or	F, R		F-M100,	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	ballot issues for which an overvote or undervote is detected			R3210	
b.	Allow the voter, at the voter's choice, to vote a new ballot or	F, R		F-M100,	
	submit the ballot 'as is' without correction			R3210	
C.	Allow an authorized election official to turn off the capabilities	F		F-M100	
	defined in the two prior provisions.				
2.4.3.3	DRE Systems Standards				
a.	Prohibit the voter from accessing or viewing any information	F,S	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	on the display screen that has not been authorized by				
	election officials and preprogrammed into the voting system				
	(i.e., no potential for display of external information or linking				
	to other information sources)				
b.	Enable the voter to easily identify the selection button or	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	switch, or the active area of the ballot display that is				
	associated with each candidate or ballot measure response				
C.	Allow the voter to select his or her preferences on the ballot	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	in any legal number and combination				
d.	Indicate that a selection has been made or canceled	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
e.	Indicate to the voter when no selection, or an insufficient	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	number of selections, has been made in a contest (e.g.				
	undervotes)				
f.	Prevent the voter from overvoting	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
g.	Notify the voter when the selection of candidates and	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	measures is completed				
h.	Allowing the voter, before the ballot is cast, to review his or	F, R	VAT ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	her choices and, if the voter desires, to delete or change his				
	or her choices before the ballot is cast				
i.	For electronic image displays, prompt the voter to confirm the	F, R	VAT ballot marking:	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	voter's choices before casting his or her ballot, signifying to		printing is irrevocable		
	the voter that casting the ballot is irrevocable and directing		but not casting of the		
	the voter to confirm the voter's intention to cast the ballot		ballot		14400: 4 DDE
J-	Notify the voter after the vote has been stored successfully		No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	that the ballot has been cast				14400:
k	Notify the voter that the ballot has not been cast successfully		No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	if it is not stored successfully, including storage of the ballot				
	image, and provide clear instruction as to the steps the voter				
1	should take to cast his or her ballot should this event occur	_	\/AT - -	NIA	M400 : DDE
1.	Provides sufficient computational performance to provide	F	VAT ballot marking;	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	responses back to each voter entry in no more than three		printing exceeds 3		
	seconds	- D	seconds	NA	M100 is not a DRE
m.	The votes stored accurately represent the actual votes cast	F, R	Storage is ballot	INA	IVITUU IS NOT a DRE
n	Describes an additional top of the control of the describes to the describ		printing	NIA	M400 in x = t = DDT
n.	Preventing modification of the voter's vote after the ballot is	S	Paper ballot handling	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	Cast		documentation	NΙΔ	M100 in ret a DDF
0.	Provides a capability to retrieve ballot images in a form		No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	readable by humans (in accordance with the requirements of				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	Section 2.2.2.2 and 2.2.4.2)				
p.	Incrementing the proper ballot position registers or counters	F, R	Counts successful prints, not votes cast	NA	M100 is not a DRE
q.	Protecting the secrecy of the vote throughout the voting process	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
r.	Prohibiting access to voted ballots until after the close of polls		No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
S.	Provides the ability for election officials to submit test ballots for use in verifying the end-to-end integrity of the system	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
t.	Isolating test ballots such that they are accounted for accurately in vote counts and are not reflect in official vote counts for specific candidates or measures	F, R	VAT has a separate test mode; isolating ballot is procedural	NA	M100 is not a DRE
2.5	Post-Voting Functions				
2.5.1	Closing the Polling Place (Precinct Count) These standards for closing the polls are specific to precinct count systems. The system shall provide the means for:				
a.	Preventing the further casting of ballots once the polls has closed	F, R	VAT doesn't close, switched to Off	F-M100, R3210	
b.	Provides an internal test that verifies that the prescribed closing procedure has been followed, and that the device status is normal	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Incorporating a visible indication of system status	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Producing a diagnostic test record that verifies the sequence of events, and indicates that the extraction of voting data has been activated	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Precluding the unauthorized reopening of the polls once the poll closing has been completed for that election	F, R	DS200 reopened with authorization	F-M100, R3210	M100 reopened with authorization
2.5.2	Consolidating Vote Data				
	All systems provide a means to consolidate and report vote data from all polling places, and optionally from other sources such as absentee ballots, provisional ballots, and voted ballots requiring human review (e.g., write-in votes).	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.5.3	Producing Reports				
	All systems shall be able to create reports summarizing the data on multiple levels.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
2.5.3.1	Common Standards All systems shall provide capabilities to:				
a.	Support of geographic reporting, which requires the reporting of all results for each contest at the precinct level and additional jurisdictional levels	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Produce a printed report of the number of ballots counted by each tabulator	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Produce a printed report for each tabulator of the results of each contest that includes the votes cast for each selection, the count of undervotes, and the count of overvotes	F, R	RFI 2007-06	F-M100, R3210	RFI 2007-06

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
d.	Produce a consolidated printed report of the results for each contest of all votes cast (including the count of ballots from other sources supported by the system as specified by the vendor) that includes the votes cast for each selection, the count of undervotes, and the count of overvotes	F, R	RFI 2007-06	F-M100, R3210	RFI 2007-06
e.	Be capable of producing a consolidated printed report of the combination of overvotes for any contest that is selected by an authorized official (e.g.; the number of overvotes in a given contest combining candidate A and candidate B, combining candidate A and candidate C, etc.)	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	Produce all system audit information required in Section 4.4 in the form of printed reports, or in electronic memory for printing centrally	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
g.	Prevent data from being altered or destroyed by report generation, or by the transmission of results over telecommunications lines	F, R	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	F-M100, R3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2.5.3.2	Precinct Count Systems In addition, all precinct count voting systems shall:				
a.	Prevent the printing of reports and the unauthorized extraction of data prior to the official close of the polling place	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Provide a means to extract information from a transportable programmable memory device or data storage medium for vote consolidation	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	Consolidate the data contained in each unit into a single report for the polling place when more than one voting machine or precinct tabulator is used	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Prevent data in transportable memory from being altered or destroyed by report generation, or by the transmission of results over telecommunications lines	F, R	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	F-M100, R3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2.5.4	Broadcasting Results Some voting systems offer the capability to make unofficial results available to external organizations such as the news media, political party officials, and others. Although this capability is not required, systems that make unofficial results available shall:				
a.	Provide only aggregated results, and not data from individual ballots	F		F-M100	
b.	Provide no access path from unofficial electronic reports or files to the storage devices for official data	F		F-M100	
C.	Clearly indicate on each report or file that the results it contains are unofficial	F		F-M100	
2.6	Maintenance, Transportation and Storage All systems shall be designed and manufactured to facilitate preventive and corrective maintenance, conforming to the hardware standards described in Section 3. All vote casting and tally equipment designated for storage between elections		Test results are identified in the cross referenced sections		

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	shall:				
	a. Function without degradation in capabilities after transit to				
	and from the place of use, as demonstrated by meeting the				
	performance standards described in Section 3				
	b. Function without degradation in capabilities after storage				
	between elections, as demonstrated by meeting the				
	performance standards described in Section 3. (See Section 3.2)				
2					
3.2	Hardware Standards			_	
3.2	Performance Requirements Performance requirements address a broad range of				
	parameters (see below)				
3.2.1	Accuracy Requirements		RFI 2007-06		
0.2	Voting system accuracy addresses the accuracy of data for		111 2007-00		
	each of the individual ballot positions that could be selected				
	by a voter, including the positions that are not selected. For a				
	voting system, accuracy is defined as the ability of the system				
	to capture, record, store, consolidate and report the specific				
	selections and absence of selections, made by the voter for				
	each ballot position without error. Required accuracy is				
	defined in terms of an error rate that for testing purposes				
	represents the maximum number of errors allowed while				
	processing a specified volume of data.				
a.	For all paper-based voting systems:	F, R		F-M100,	
1)	Scanning ballot positions on paper ballots to detect selections			R3210	
2)	for individual candidates and contests Conversion of				
b.	selections detected on paper ballots into digital data	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
1)	For all DRE voting systems: Recording the voter selections of candidates and contests	NA .	NO DRE	INA	WITOU IS NOT a DRE
2)	into voting data storage				
,	Recording voter selections of candidates and contests into				
	ballot image storage independently from voting data storage				
C.	For precinct-count voting systems (paper-based and DRE):	F, R		F-M100,	
1)	Consolidation of vote selection data from multiple precinct-	.,		R3210	
	based voting machines to generate jurisdiction-wide vote				
	counts, including storage and reporting of the consolidated				
	vote data				
d.	For central-count voting systems (paper-based and DRE):	F, R		F-M100,	
1)	Consolidation of vote selection data from multiple counting			R3210	
	devices to generate jurisdiction-wide vote counts, including				
	storage and reporting of the consolidated vote data				
	For testing purposes, the acceptable error rate is defined	F, V9		F-M100	
	using two parameters: the desired error rate to be achieved,				
	and the maximum error rate that should be accepted by the				
	test process. For each processing function indicated above,				
	the voting system shall achieve a target error rate of no more				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	than one in 10,000,000 ballot positions, with a maximum				
	acceptable error rate in the test process of one in 500,000				
	ballot positions.				
3.2.2	Environmental Requirements				
	All voting systems shall be designed to withstand the				
	environmental conditions contained in the appropriate test				
	procedures of the Standards/Guidelines. These procedures				
	will be applied to all devices for casting, scanning and				
	counting ballots, except those that constitute COTS devices that have not been modified in any manner to support their				
	use as part of a voting system and that have a documented				
	record of performance under conditions defined in the				
	Standards/Guidelines.				
	The Technical Data Package supplied by the vendor shall	E		E-M100	
	include a statement of all requirements and restrictions				
	regarding environmental protection, electrical service,				
	recommended auxiliary power, telecommunications service,				
	and any other facility or resource required for the proper				
	installation and operation of the system.				
3.2.2.1	Shelter Requirements	_		= 144.5	
	Precinct count systems are designed for storage and	F		F-M100	
	operation in any enclosed facility ordinarily used as a warehouse or polling place, with prominent instructions as to				
	any special storage requirements				
3.2.2.2	Space Requirements				
	The arrangement of the voting system does not impede	F		F-M100	
	performance of their duties by polling place officials, the				
	orderly flow of voters through the polling place, or the ability				
	for the voter to vote in private				
3.2.2.3	Furnishings and Fixtures				
	Any furnishings or fixtures provided as a part of voting	F, E		F-M100, E-	
	systems, and any components provided by the vendor that			M100	
	are not a part of the system but that are used to support its				
	storage, transportation, or operation, comply with the design and safety requirements of Subsection 3.4.8.				
3.2.2.4	Electrical Supply				
0.2.2.4	Components of voting systems that require an electrical				
	supply shall meet the following standards:				
a.	Precinct count systems operate with the electrical supply	E		E-M100	
	ordinarily found in polling places (Nominal 120 Vac/60Hz/1				
	phase)				
b.	For components of voting systems that require an electrical	E		E-M100	
	supply, central count systems operate with the electrical				
	supply ordinarily found in central tabulation facilities or				
	computer room facilities (120vac/60hz/1, 208vac/60hz/3, or				
	240vac/60hz/2);				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
C.	All voting machines shall also be capable of operating for a	E	RFI 2008-02	E-M100	RFI 2008-02
	period of at least 2 hours on backup power, such that no		RFI 2008-06		RFI 2008-06
	voting data is lost or corrupted nor normal operations				
	interrupted. When backup power is exhausted the voting				
	machine shall retain the contents of all memories intact. The				
	backup power capability is not required to provide lighting of				
	the voting area.				
3.2.2.5	Electrical Power Disturbance		RFI 2008-02		RFI 2008-02
	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based		RFI 2008-06		RFI 2008-06
	systems, and all DRE equipment, shall be able to withstand,				
	without disruption of normal operation or loss of data:				
a.	Surges of 30% dip @10 ms;	Е		E-M100	
b.	Surges of 60% dip @100 ms & 1 sec	Е		E-M100	
C.	Surges of >95% interrupt @5Sec;	E		E-M100	
d.	Surges of + or - 15% line variations of nominal line voltage	Е		E-M100	
e.	Electric power increases of 7.5% and reductions of 12.5% of	E		E-M100	
	nominal specified power supply for a period of up to four				
	hours at each power level.				
3.2.2.6	Electrical Fast Transient		RFI 2008-10		RFI 2008-10
	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based				
	systems, and all DRE equipment, shall be able to withstand,				
	without disruption of normal operation or loss of data,				
2	electrical fast transients of:	_		E 14400	
a. b.	2 kV AC & DC External Power lines	E		E-M100 E-M100	
C.	+ or - 1 kV all external wires > 3 m no control + or - 2 kV all external wires control.	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.7	Lighting Surge	<u> </u>		E-IVI 100	
3.2.2.1	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based				
	systems, and all DRE equipment, shall be able to withstand,				
	without disruption of normal operation or loss of data, surges				
	of:				
a.	+ or - 2 kV AC line to line	E		E-M100	
b.	+ or - 2 kV AC line to earth	E		E-M100	
C.	+ or – 0.5 kV DC line to line >10m	E		E-M100	
d.	+ or – 0.5 kV DC line to earth >10m	E		E-M100	
e.	+ or - 1 kV I/O sig/control >30m	E			
3.2.2.8	Electrostatic Disruption				
	The vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based	Е		E-M100	Reuse of prior
	systems, and all DRE equipment, is able to withstand ±15 kV			NOC 08-001	testing for the
	air discharge and ±8 kV contact discharge without damage or				M100
	loss of data. The equipment may reset or have momentary				
	interruption so long as normal operation is resumed without				
	human intervention or loss of data. Loss of data means votes				
	that have been completed and confirmed to the voter.				
3.2.2.9	Electromagnetic Radiation				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based systems, and all DRE equipment, complies with the Rules and Regulations of the Federal Communications Commission, Part 15, Class B requirements for both radiated and conducted emissions	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.10	Electromagnetic Susceptibility	_			
	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based systems, and all DRE equipment, is able to withstand an electromagnetic field of 10 V/m modulated by a 1 kHz 80% AM modulation over the frequency range of 80 MHz to 1000 MHz, without disruption of normal operation or loss of data	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.11	Conducted RF Immunity Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based systems, and all DRE equipment, shall be able to withstand, without disruption of normal operation or loss of data, conducted RF energy of:				
a.	10V AC & DC power	E		E-M100	
b.	10V, 20 sig/control >3m.	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.12	Magnetic Fields Immunity				
	Vote scanning and counting equipment for paper-based systems, and all DRE equipment, shall be able to withstand, without disruption of normal operation or loss of data, AC magnetic fields of 30 A/m at 60 Hz	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.13	Environmental Control – Operating Environment				
	Equipment used for election management activities or vote counting (including both precinct and central count systems) shall be capable of operation in temperatures ranging from 50 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit.	E		E-M100	
3.2.2.14	Environmental Control – Transit and Storage Equipment used for vote casting or for counting votes in a precinct count system, shall meet these specific minimum performance standards that simulate exposure to physical shock and vibration associated with handling and transportation by surface and air common carriers, and to temperature conditions associated with delivery and storage in an uncontrolled warehouse environment:				
a.	High and low storage temperatures ranging from -4 to +140 degrees Fahrenheit, equivalent to MIL-STD-810D, Methods 501.2 and 502.2, Procedure I-Storage;	E		E-M100	
b.	Bench handling equivalent to the procedure of MIL-STD-810D, Method 516.3, Procedure VI;	Е		E-M100	
C.	Vibration equivalent to the procedure of MIL-STD-810D, Method 514.3, Category 1- Basic Transportation, Common Carrier	Е		E-M100	
d.	Uncontrolled humidity equivalent to the procedure of MIL-STD-810D, Method 507.2, Procedure I-Natural Hot-Humid.	Е		E-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
3.2.2.15	Data Network Requirements				
	Voting systems may use a local or remote data network. If such a network is used, then all components of the network shall comply with the telecommunications requirements described in Section 5 and the Security requirements described in Section 6.	S, T	Network functionality is disabled in the submitted voting system	S3210, T3210	Network LAN functionality for the EMS
3.2.3	Election Management System (EMS) Requirements The Election Management System (EMS) requirements address electronic hardware and software used to conduct the pre-voting functions defined in Section 2 with regard to ballot preparation, election programming, ballot and program installation, readiness testing, verification at the polling place, and verification at the central location.				
3.2.3.1	Recording Requirements Voting systems shall accurately record all election management data entered by the user, including election officials or their designees.				
a.	Record every entry made by the user;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Add permissible voter selections correctly to the memory components of the device;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Verify the correctness of detection of the user selections and the addition of the selections correctly to memory	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
d.	Add various forms of data entered directly by the election official or designee, such as text, line art, logos, and images	F		F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
e.	Verify the correctness of detection of data entered directly by the user and the addition of the selections correctly to memory	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
f.	Preserve the integrity of election management data stored in memory against corruption by stray electromagnetic emissions, and internally generated spurious electrical signals	Е		NA	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
g.	Log corrected data errors by the system.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
3.2.3.2	Memory Stability Memory devices used to retain election management data shall have demonstrated error-free data retention for a period of 22 months.	TDP	Attestation from ESS	Doc Review	
3.2.4	Vote Recording Requirements				
3.2.4.1	Common Standards All voting systems shall provide voting booths or enclosures for poll site use. Such booths or enclosures may be integral to the voting system or supplied as components of the voting system, and shall:				
a.	Be integral to, or make provisions for installation of the voting device;	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
b.	Ensure by its structure stability against movement or	F		F-M100	
	overturning during entry, occupancy, and exit by the voter				
C.	Provide privacy for the voter, and be designed in such a way	F		F-M100	
	as to prevent observation of the ballot by any person other				
	than the voter				
d.	Be capable of meeting the accessibility requirements of	F		F-M100	
	Subsection 2.2.7.1				
3.2.4.2	Paper-based Recording Standards				
	The paper-based recording requirements govern:				
	Ballot cards or sheets, and pages or assemblies of pages containing ballot field identification data				
	Punching devices				
	Marking devices				
	Frames or fixtures to hold the ballot while it is being				
	punched				
	Compartments or booths where voters record selections				
	Secure containers for the collection of voted ballots				
3.2.4.2.1	Paper Ballot Standards				
	Paper ballots used by paper-based voting systems shall meet				
	the following standards:				
a.	Paper ballots used by paper-based voting systems shall meet	F, R	No ballot punches	F-M100,	No ballot punches
	the following standards: Punches or marks that identify the			R3210	
	unique ballot format, in accordance with Section 2.3.1.1.c.,				
	shall be outside the area in which votes are recorded, so as				
	to minimize the likelihood that these punches or marks will be mistaken for vote responses and the likelihood that recorded				
	votes will obliterate these punches or marks				
b.	If printed or punched alignment marks are used to locate the	F, R	No ballot punches	F-M100,	No ballot punches
	vote response fields on the ballot, these marks shall be	1,10	140 ballot pariones	R3210	140 ballot pariones
	outside the area in which votes are recorded, so as to				
	minimize the likelihood that these marks will be mistaken for				
	vote responses and the likelihood that recorded votes will				
	obliterate these marks				
C.	The TDP shall specify the required paper stock, size, shape,	F		F-M100	
	opacity, color, watermarks, field layout, orientation, size and				
	style of printing, size and location of punch or mark fields				
	used for vote response fields and to identify unique ballot				
	formats, placement of alignment marks, ink for printing, and				
	folding and bleed-through limitations for preparation of ballots				
3.2.4.2.2	that are compatible with the system. Punching Devices				
U.L.T.L.E	Punching devices Punching devices used by voting systems shall:				
a.	Be suitable for the type of ballot card specified;	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	Do datable for the type of ballot data specified,	11/1	system	1 177	system
b.	Facilitate the clear and accurate recording of each vote	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	intended by the voter;	""	system		system
	1	l .			1 -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
C.	Be designed to avoid excessive damage to vote recorder	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	components		system		system
d.	Incorporate features to ensure that chad (debris) is removed,	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	without damage to other parts of the ballot card.		system		system
3.2.4.2.3	Marking Devices				
	The Technical Data Package shall specify marking devices				
	(such as pens or pencils) that, if used to make the prescribed				
	form of mark, produce readable marked ballots such that the				
	system meets the performance requirements for accuracy specified previously. These specifications shall identify:				
a.	Specific characteristics of marking devices that affect	F		F-M100	
a.	readability of marked ballots	1		1 -101100	
b.	Performance capabilities with regard to each characteristic	F		F-M100	
C.	For marking devices manufactured by multiple external	F		F-M100	
	sources, a listing of sources and model numbers that are	•			
	compatible with the system.				
3.2.4.2.4	Frames or Fixtures for Punchcard Ballots				
	A frame or fixture for punchcard ballot shall:				
a.	Hold the ballot card securely in the proper location and	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	orientation for voting:		system		system
b.	When contests not directly printed on the ballot card or	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
	sheet, incorporate an assembly of ballot label pages that		system		system
	identify offices and issues corresponding to the proper ballot				
	format for the polling place where it is used and are aligned with the voting fields assigned to them				
C.	Incorporate a template to preclude perforation of the card	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
0.	except in the specified voting fields; a mask to allow punches	IN/S	system	INA	system
	only in fields designated by the format of the ballot; and a		- Cycloni		dyotom
	backing plate for the capture and removal of chad. The				
	requirement may be satisfied by equipment of a different				
	design as long it achieves the same result as the Standard				
	with regard to:				
1)	Positioning the card;	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
0)			system		system
2)	Association of ballot label information with corresponding	NA	Not a punch card	NA	Not a punch card
3/	punch fields;	NA	system	NA	system
3)	Enable only those voting fields that correspond to the format of the ballot; and	INA	Not a punch card	INA	Not a punch card
4)	Punching the fields and the positive removal of chad.	NA	System Not a punch card	NA	System Not a punch card
7)	i unioning the fields and the positive removal of chad.	INC.	system	INA	system
3.2.4.2.5	Frames or Fixtures for Printed Ballots		3,000111		- Systom
	A frame or fixture for printed ballot cards is optional. If such a				
	device is provided, it shall:				
a.	Be of any size and shape consistent with its intended use;	F		F-M100	
b.	Position the card properly;	F		F-M100	
C.	Hold the ballot card securely in its proper location and	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	orientation for voting				
d.	Comply with the design and construction requirements in Subsection 3.4.	F		F-M100	
3.2.4.2.6	Ballot Boxes and Ballot Transfer Boxes Ballot boxes and ballot transfer boxes which serve as secure containers for the storage and transportation of voted ballots, shall:				
a.	Be of any size, shape, and weight commensurate with their intended use	F		F-M100	
b.	Incorporate locks or seals, and specifications in the system documentation	F, S	DS200 v.1:2.2.1	F-M100, S3210	M100 v.1:2.2.1
C.	Provide specific points where ballots are inserted, with all other points on the box constructed in a manner that prevents ballot insertion	F		F-M100	
d.	For precinct count systems, contain separate compartments for segregating unread ballots, ballots with write-in votes, or irregularities that may require special handling or processing. In lieu of compartments, conversion processing may mark such ballots with an identifying spot or stripe to facilitate manual segregation	F		F-M100	
3.2.4.3	DRE Systems Recording Requirements				
3.2.4.3.1	Activity Indicator DRE systems shall include an audible or visible activity indicator providing the status of each voting device. This indicator shall:				
a.	Indicate whether the device has been activated for voting	F, R	VAT prompts to insert a ballot	NA	M100 is not a DRE
b.	Indicate whether the device is in use.	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.4.3.2	DRE System Vote Recording To ensure vote recording accuracy and integrity while protecting the anonymity of the voter, all DRE systems shall:				
a.	Contain all mechanical, electromechanical, and electronic components; software; and controls required to detect and record the activation of selections made by the voter in the process of voting and casting a ballot	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
b.	Incorporate redundant memories to detect and allow correction of errors caused by the failure of any of the individual memories	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
c. 1) 2)	Provide at least two processes that record the voter's selections that: • To the extent possible, are isolated from each other • Designate one process and associated storage location as the main vote detection, interpretation, processing and reporting path	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	Use a different process to store ballot images, for which the method of recording may include any appropriate encoding or	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	data compression procedure consistent with the regeneration	ĺ			
	of an unequivocal record of the ballot as cast by the voter.				
d.	Provide a capability to retrieve ballot images in a form readable by humans.	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
e.	Ensure that all processing and storage protects the anonymity of the voter.	F		NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.4.3.3	Recording Accuracy DRE systems meet the following requirements for recording accurately each vote and ballot cast:'				
a.	Detect every selection made by the voter	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
b.	Correctly add permissible selections to the memory components of the device	F, R	Temporary memory prior to VAT printing	NA	M100 is not a DRE
C.	Verify the correctness of the detection of the voter selections and the addition of the selections to memory	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
d.	Achieve an error rate not to exceed the requirement indicated in Section 3.2.1	F	VAT paper ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
e.	Preserve the integrity of voting data and ballot images (for DRE machines) stored in memory for the official vote count and audit trail purposes against corruption by stray electromagnetic emissions, and internally generated spurious electrical signals	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
f.	Maintain a log of corrected data	F, R		NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.4.3.4	Recording Reliability	1,11		101	MITOGRAPHIC A BINE
	Recording reliability refers to the ability of the DRE system to record votes accurately at its maximum rated processing volume for a specified period of time. The DRE system shall record votes reliably in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 3.4.3.	F	VAT paper ballot marking	NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.5	Paper-based Conversion Requirements				
3.2.5.1	Ballot Handling				
	Ballot handling consists of a ballot card's acceptance, movement through the read station and transfer into a collection station or receptacle.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
3.2.5.1.1	Capacity (Central Count)				
	The capacity to convert the marks on individual ballots into signals is uniquely important to central count systems. The capacity for a central count system shall be documented by the vendor. This documentation shall include capacity for individual components that impact the overall capacity.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
3.2.5.1.2	Exception Handling (Central Count) This requirement refers to the handling of ballots when they are unreadable or some condition is detected requiring that the cards be segregated from normally processed ballots for human review. In response to an unreadable ballot or a write-in vote all central count paper-based systems shall central count paper-based systems shall:				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
a.	Outstack the ballot, or	F, R		F-M100,	
b.	Stop the ballot reader and display a message prompting the	,		R3210	
C.	election official or				
	designee to remove the ballot, or				
	Mark the ballot with an identifying mark to facilitate its later				
	identification.				
	Additionally, the system shall a capability that can be	F, R		F-M100,	
	activated by an authorized election official to identify ballots			R3210	
	containing overvotes, blank ballots, and ballots containing				
	undervotes in a designated race. If enabled, these				
	capabilities shall perform one of the above actions in				
	response to the indicated condition				
3.2.5.1.3	Exception Handling (Precinct Count)				
	This requirement refers to the handling of ballots for precinct				
	count system when they are unreadable or when some				
	condition is detected requiring that the cards be segregated				
	from normally processed ballots for human review. All paper				
_	based precinct count systems shall:	- D		E 14400	
a.	In response to an unreadable or blank ballot, return the ballot	F, R		F-M100,	
	and provide a			R3210	
b.	message prompting the voter to examine the ballot	- D		E 14400	
D.	In response to a ballot with a write-in vote, segregate the	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	ballot or mark the ballot with an identifying mark to facilitate			K3210	
C.	its later identification In response to a ballot with an overvote the system shall:	F, R		F-M100,	
1)	Provide a capability to identify an overvoted ballot	Γ, Κ		R3210	
2)	Return the ballot			K3210	
3)	Provide an indication prompting the voter to examine the				
4)	ballot				
5)	Allow the voter to correct the ballot				
	Provide a means for an authorized election official to				
	deactivate this capability entirely and by contest				
d.	In response to a ballot with an undervote, the system shall:	F, R		F-M100,	
1)	Provide a capability to identify an undervoted ballot	',''		R3210	
2)	• Return the ballot				
3)	 Provide an indication prompting the voter to examine the 				
4) 5)	ballot				
3)	Allow the voter to submit the ballot with the undervote				
	Provide a means for an authorized election official to				
	deactivate this capability				
3.2.5.1.4	Multiple Feed Prevention				
	Multiple feed refers to the situation arising when a ballot				
	reader attempts to read more than one ballot at a time. The				
	requirements govern the ability of a ballot reader to prevent				
	multiple feed or to detect and provide an alarm indicating				
	multiple feed.				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
a.	If multiple feed is detected, the card reader shall halt in a	F		F-M100	
	manner that permits the operator to remove the unread cards				
b.	causing the error, and reinsert them in the card input hopper The frequency of multiple feeds with ballots intended for use	F		F-M100	
5.	with the system shall not exceed 1 in 10,000			1 -101100	
3.2.5.2	Ballot Reading Accuracy This paper-based system requirement governs the conversion of the physical ballot into electronic data. Reading accuracy for ballot conversion refers to the ability to: • Recognize vote punches or marks, or the absence thereof, for each possible selection on the ballot • Discriminate between valid punches or marks and extraneous perforations, smudges, and folds • Convert the vote punches or marks, or the absence thereof, for each possible selection on the ballot into digital signals To ensure accuracy, paper-based systems shall:				
a.	Detect punches or marks that conform to vendor specifications with an error rate not exceeding the requirement indicated in Section 3.2.1	F, R V1,2,4, 6-10		F-M100, R3210, V- M100 1, 2, 4, 11, 12	
b.	Ignore, and not record, extraneous perforations, smudges, and folds;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
c.	Reject ballots that meet all vendor specifications at a rate not to exceed 2 percent.	F, R, V1,2,4,6- 10	1 incidence @ DS200 & M650 prompted for maintenance at iBeta	F-M100, R3210, V- M100 1, 2, 4, 11, 12	
3.2.6	Tabulation Processing Requirements			,	
3.2.6.1	Paper-based Processing Requirements				
3.2.6.1.1	Processing Accuracy Processing accuracy refers to the ability of the system to receive electronic signals produced by punches for punchcard systems and vote marks and timing information for marksense systems; perform logical and numerical operations upon these data; and reproduce the contents of memory when required, without error. Specific requirements are detailed below:				
a.	Processing accuracy shall be measured by vote selection error rate, the ratio of uncorrected vote selection errors to the total number of ballot positions that could be recorded across all ballots when the system is operated at its nominal or design rate of processing	See 3.2.6.1.1d	There is no pass/fail criteria in this requirement. It is a definition of processing accuracy		
b.	The vote selection error rate shall include data that denotes ballot style or precinct as well as data denoting a vote in a specific contest or ballot proposition	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
С	The vote selection error rate shall include all errors from any source	F, R		F-M100, R3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
d.	The vote selection error rate shall not exceed the requirement indicated in Subsection 4.1.1	F, R V1,2,4, 6-10	V1,2,6,7,9,10 -DS200	F-M100, R3210, V- M100 1, 2, 4, 11, 12	
3.2.6.1.2	Paper-based system memory devices, used to retain control programs and data, shall have demonstrated error-free data retention for a period of 22 months under the environmental conditions for operation and non-operation (i.e. storage).	TDP	Attestation	Doc Review	
3.2.6.2	DRE System Processing Requirements The DRE voting systems processing requirements address all mechanical devices, electromechanical devices, electronic devices, and software required to process voting data after the polls are closed.				
3.2.6.2.1	Processing Speed DRE voting systems shall meet the following requirements for processing speed:				
a.	Operate at a speed sufficient to respond to any operator and voter input without perceptible delay (no more than three seconds)	F	VAT ballot marking; printing exceeds 3 seconds	NA	M100 is not a DRE
b.	if the consolidation of polling place data is done locally, perform this consolidation in a time not to exceed five minutes for each device in the polling place	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.6.2.2	Processing Accuracy Processing accuracy is defined as the ability of the system to process voting data stored in DRE voting devices or in removable memory modules installed in such devices. Processing includes all operations to consolidate voting data after the polls have been closed. DRE voting systems shall:				
a.	Produce reports that are completely consistent, with no discrepancy among reports of voting device data produced at any level	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	Produce consolidated reports containing absentee, provisional or other voting data that are similarly error-free. Any discrepancy, regardless of source, is resolvable to a procedural error, to the failure of a non-memory device or to an external cause	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
3.2.6.2.3	Memory Stability				
	DRE system memory devices used to retain control programs and data shall have demonstrated error-free data retention for a period of 22 months. Error-free retention may be achieved by the use of redundant memory elements, provided that the capability for conflict resolution or correction among elements is included.	NA	No DRE	NA	M100 is not a DRE
3.2.7	Reporting Requirements				
3.2.7.1	Removable Storage Memory All storage media that can be removed from the voting	TDP Review	Attestation from ESS	Doc Review	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	system and transported to another location for readout and				
	report generation, these media shall use devices with				
	demonstrated error-free retention for a period of 22 months				
	under the environmental conditions for operation and non-				
	operation contained in Section 3.2.2. Examples of removable				
	storage media include: programmable read-only memory				
	(PROM), random access memory (RAM) with battery backup,				
0070	magnetic media or optical media.				
3.2.7.2	Printers				
	All printers used to produce reports of the vote count shall be				
a.	capable of producing: Alphanumeric headers	F, R		F-M100,	
a.	Alphanumenc neaders	r, K		R3210	
b.	Election, office and issue labels	F, R		F-M100,	
J.	Liection, office and issue labels	1,10		R3210	
C.	Alphanumeric entries generated as part of the audit record.	F, R		F-M100,	
	Aprianamente entince generatea de part el tile addit record.	1,10		R3210	
3.2.8	Vote Data Management Requirements				
	The vote data management requirements for all systems				
	address capabilities that manage, process, and report voting				
	data after the data has been consolidated at the polling place				
	or other jurisdictional levels. These capabilities allow the				
	system to:				
a.	Consolidate voting data from polling place data memory or	F, R		F-M100,	
	transfer devices			R3210	
b.	Report polling place summaries; and	F, R		F-M100,	
				R3210	
C.	Process absentee ballots, data entered manually, and	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
	administrative ballot definition data. The requirements address all hardware and software	F, R		F-M100,	
	required to generate output reports in the various formats	r, K		R3210	
	required by the using jurisdiction.			13210	
3.2.8.1	Data File Management				
	All voting systems shall provide the capability to:				
a.	Integrate voting data files with ballot definition files	F, R		F-M100,	
	and the same and t	',''		R3210	
b.	Verify file compatibility.	F, R		F-M100,	
				R3210	
C.	Edit and update files as required.	F, R		F-M100,	
	· ·			R3210	
3.2.8.2	Data Report Generation:				
a.	All voting systems shall include report generators for	F, R		F-M100,	
	producing output reports at the device, polling place and			R3210	
	summary level, with provisions for administrative and judicial				
0.0	subdivision as required by the using jurisdiction				
3.3	Physical Characteristics				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
3.3.1	Size				
	There is no numerical limitation on the size of any voting equipment, but the size of each voting machine should be compatible with its intended use and the location at which the equipment is to be used.	F	RFI 2007-05	F-M100	RFI 2007-05
3.3.2	Weight				
	There is no numerical limitation on the weight of any voting equipment, but the weight of each voting machine should be compatible with its intended use and the location at which the equipment is to be used.	F		F-M100	
3.3.3	Transport and Storage of Precinct Systems All precinct voting systems shall:				
a.	Provide a means to safely and easily handle, transport, and install voting equipment, such as wheels or a handle or handles	F	No handling issues noted by iBeta	F-M100	
b. 1) 2)	Be capable of using, or be provided with, a protective enclosure rendering the equipment capable of withstanding: Impact, shock and vibration loads associated with surface and air transportation Stacking loads associated with storage	F		F-M100	
3.4	Design, Construction, and Maintenance Characteristics				
3.4.1	Materials Process and Parts The approach to system design is unrestricted, and may incorporate any form or variant of technology capable of meeting the voting systems requirements and standards. Precinct count systems shall be designed in accordance with best commercial practice for microcomputers, process controllers, and their peripheral components. Central count voting systems and equipment used in a central tabulating environment shall be designed in accordance with best commercial and industrial practice. All voting systems shall:				
a.	Be designed and constructed so that the frequency of equipment malfunctions and maintenance requirements are reduced to the lowest level consistent with cost constraints.	F		F-M100	
b.	Include, as part of the accompanying TDP, an approved parts list	F		F-M100	
C.	Exclude parts or components not included in the approved parts list.	F		F-M100	
3.4.2	Durability				
	All voting systems shall be designed to withstand normal use without deterioration and without excessive maintenance cost for a period of ten years.	F, TDP Review	RFI 2008-05 Attestation from ES&S	F-M100, Doc Review	
3.4.3	Reliability				
	The reliability of voting system devices shall be measured as Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) for the system submitted for testing. MBTF is defined as the value of the	E		E-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	ratio of operating time to the number of failures which have	·		·	
	occurred in the specified time interval. A typical system				
	operations scenario consists of approximately 45 hours of				
	equipment operation, consisting of 30 hours of equipment				
	set-up and readiness testing and 15 hours of elections				
	operations. For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with this requirement, a failure is defined as any event which				
	results in either the:				
	a. Loss of one or more functions				
	b. Degradation of performance such that the device is unable				
	to perform its intended function for longer than 10 seconds				
	The MTBF demonstrated during certification testing shall be				
	at least 163 hours.				
3.4.4	Maintainability	F			
	Maintainability represents the ease with which maintenance				
	actions can be performed based on the design characteristics				
	of equipment and software and the processes the vendor and election officials have in place for preventing failures and for				
	reacting to failures. Maintainability includes the ability of				
	equipment and software to self-diagnose problems and make				
	non-technical election workers aware of a problem.				
	Maintainability addresses all scheduled and unscheduled				
	events, which are performed to:				
	Determine the operational status of the system or a				
	component;				
	Adjust, align, tune, or service components; Panelin a repulsion a constitution of the district of the di				
	• Repair or replace a component having a specified operating life or replacement interval;				
	Repair or replace a component that exhibits an undesirable				
	predetermined physical condition or performance				
	degradation;				
	Repair or replace a component that has failed; and				
	Verify the restoration of a component, or the system, to				
	operational status.				
	Maintainability shall be determined based on the presence of				
	specific physical attributes that aid system maintenance				
	activities, and the ease with which system maintenance tasks can be performed by the ITA. Although a more quantitative				
	basis for assessing maintainability, such as the mean to				
	repair the system is desirable, the qualification of a system is				
	conducted before it is approved for sale and thus before a				
	broader base of maintenance experience can be obtained.				
3.4.4.1	Physical Attributes				
	The following physical attributes will be examined to assess				
	reliability:				
a.	Presence of labels and the identification of test points	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
b.	Provision of built-in test and diagnostic circuitry or physical	F		F-M100	
	indicators of condition				
C.	Presence of labels and alarms related to failures	F		F-M100	
d.	Presence of features that allow non-technicians to perform	F		F-M100	
	routine maintenance tasks (such as update of the system				
	database)				
3.4.4.2	Additional Attributes				
	The following additional attributes will be examined to assess				
	maintainability:				
a.	Ease of detecting that equipment has failed by a non-	F		F-M100	
	technician				
b.	Ease of diagnosing problems by a trained technician	F		F-M100	
C.	Low false alarm rates (i.e., indications of problems that do not	F		F-M100	
	exist)				
d.	Ease of access to components for replacement	F		F-M100	
e.	Ease with which adjustment and alignment can be performed	F		F-M100	
f.	Ease with which database updates can be performed by a	F		F-M100	
	non-technician				
g.	Adjust, align, tune or service components	F		F-M100	
3.4.5	Availability-				
	The availability of a voting system is defined as the				
	probability that the equipment (and supporting software)				
	needed to perform designated voting functions will respond to				
	operational commands and accomplish the function. The				
	voting system shall meet the availability standard for each of				
	the following voting functions:				
a.	For all paper-based voting systems:	F, E		F-M100	
1	Recording voter selections (such as by ballot marking or	F, E		F-M100	
	punch)				
2	Scanning the punches or marks on paper ballots and	F, E		F-M100	
	converting them into digital data				
b.	For all DRE systems, recording and storing voter ballot	F, E		F-M100	
	selections				
C.	For precinct count systems (paper-based and DRE),	F, E		F-M100	
	consolidation of vote selection data from multiple precinct				
	based systems to generate jurisdiction-wide vote counts,				
	including storage and reporting of the consolidated vote data				
d.	For central-count systems (paper-based and DRE),	F, E		F-M100	
	consolidation of vote selection data from multiple counting				
	devices to generate jurisdiction-wide vote counts, including				
	storage and reporting of the consolidated vote data				
	System availability is measured as the ratio of the time during	F, E		F-M100	
	which the system is operational (up time) to the total time				
	period of operation (up time plus down time). Inherent				
	availability (Ai) is the fraction of time a system is functional,			<u> </u>	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	based upon Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) and Mean				
	Time To Repair (MTTR), that is: Ai = (MTBF)/(MTBF +				
	MTTR) MTTR is the average time required to perform a				
	corrective maintenance task during periods of system				
	operation. Corrective maintenance task time is active repair				
	time, plus the time attributable to other factors that could lead				
	to logistic or administrative delays, such as travel notification				
	of qualified maintenance personnel and travel time for such				
	personnel to arrive at the appropriate site. Corrective				
	maintenance may consist of substitution of the complete				
	device or one of its components, as in the case of precinct				
	count and some central count systems, or it may consist of				
	on-site repair.				
	The voting system shall achieve at least 99 percent				
	availability during normal operation for the functions indicated				
	above. This standard encompasses for each function the				
	combination of all devices and components that support the				
	function, including their MTTR and MTBF attributes.				
	Vendors shall specify the typical system configuration that is	F		F-M100	
	to be used to assess availability, and any assumptions made	'			
	with regard to any parameters that impact the MTTR. These				
	factors shall include at a minimum:				
a.	Recommended number and locations of spare devices or	F		F-M100	
	components to be kept on hand for repair purposes during				
	periods of system operation				
b.	Recommended number and locations of qualified	F		F-M100	
	maintenance personnel who need to be available to support				
	repair calls during system operation. Organizational affiliation				
	(i.e., jurisdiction, vendor) of qualified maintenance personnel				
C.	Organizational affiliation (i.e., jurisdiction, vendor) of qualified	F		F-M100	
	maintenance personnel				
3.4.6	Product Marking				
	All voting systems shall:				
a.	Identify all devices with a permanently affixed nameplate or	F		F-M100	
	label containing the name of the manufacturer or vendor, the				
	name of the device, its part or model number, its revision				
	letter, its serial number, and if applicable, its power				
	requirements				
b.	Display on each device a separate data plate containing a	F		F-M100	
	schedule for and list of operations required to service or to				
	perform preventive maintenance				
C.	Display advisory caution and warning instructions to ensure	F		F-M100	
	safe operation of the equipment and to avoid exposure to				
	hazardous electrical voltages and moving parts at all				
	locations where operation or exposure may occur				
3.4.7	Workmanship				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	To help ensure proper workmanship, all manufacturers of voting systems shall:				
a.	Adopt and adhere to practices and procedures to ensure their products are free from damage or defect that could make them unsatisfactory for their intended purpose	F		F-M100	
b.	Ensure components provided by external suppliers are free from damage or defect that could make them unsatisfactory for their intended purpose.	F		F-M100	
3.4.8	Safety All voting systems shall meet the following requirements for safety:		RFI 2008-09		
a.	All voting system and their components shall be designed to eliminate hazards to personnel or the equipment itself.	E		E-M100	
b.	Defects in design and construction that can result in personal injury or equipment damage must be detected and corrected before voting systems and components are placed into service.	E		E-M100	
C.	Equipment design for personnel safety is equal to or better than the appropriate requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act, Code of Federal Regulations, as identified in Title 29, part 1910	Е		E-M100	
3.4.9	Human Engineering- Controls and Displays All voting systems and components shall be designed and constructed so as to simplify and facilitate the functions required, and to eliminate the likelihood of erroneous stimuli and responses on the part of the voter or operator. All voting systems shall meet the following requirements for controls and displays:				
a.	In all systems, controls used by the voter or equipment operator shall be conveniently located, shall use designs consistent with their functions, and shall be clearly labeled. Instruction plates are provided, if necessary to avoid ambiguity or incorrect actuation.	F		F-M100	
b.	Information or data displays are large enough to be readable by voters and operators with no disabilities and by voters with disabilities consistent with the requirements defined is Section 2.2.7 of the Standards.	F		F-M100	
C.	Status displays meet the same requirements as data displays, and they shall also follow conventional industrial practice with respect to color:	F		F-M100	
1	Green, blue, or white displays shall be used for indications of normal status;	F		F-M100	
2	Amber indicators shall be used to indicate warnings or marginal status; and	F		F-M100	
3	Red indicators shall be used to indicate error conditions or equipment states that may result in damage or hazard to	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	personnel; and unless the equipment is designed to halt under conditions of incipient damage or hazard, an audible alarm is also be provided.	·		·	
d.	Color coding shall be selected so as to assure correct perception by voters and operators with color blindness; and shall not bet used as the only means of conveying information, indicating an action, prompting a response, or distinguishing a visual element (see Appendix C for suggested references).	F		F-M100	
e.	The system's display does not use flashing or blinking text objects, or other elements having a flash or blink frequency, greater than 2 Hz and lower than 55 Hz	F			
4	Software Standards				
4.1.1	Software Sources Source Design and Coding Standards The software used by voting systems is selected by the vendor and not prescribed by the Standards. This sections provides standards for voting system software with regard to:	SysTest Report & Appendix B	RFI 2008-03 Source code review conducted by SysTest was approved for reuse. The detail of requirements 4.2.1 through 4.2.7 is found in the test results provided by SysTest and the LogMonitor review performed by iBeta		
4.3	All systems shall:				
a.	Maintain the integrity of voting and audit data during an election, and for at least 22 months thereafter, a time sufficient to resolve most contested elections and support other activities related to the reconstruction and investigation of a contested election	TDP Review	Attestation from ESS	Doc Review	
b.	Protect against the failure of any data input or storage device at a location controlled by the jurisdiction or its contractors, and against any attempt at improper data entry or retrieval	S, V4		S3210, V- M100 4	
4.4	Audit Record Data				
	Audit trails are essential to ensure the integrity of a voting system. Operational requirements for audit trails are described in Subsection 2.2.5.2 of the Standards. Audit record data are generated by these procedures. The audit record data in the following subsections are essential to the complete recording of election operations and reporting of the vote tally. This list of audit records may not reflect the design constructs of some systems. Therefore, vendors shall supplement it with information relevant to the operation of	F, S	Document review	F-M100, S3210	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	their specific systems.				
4.4.1	Pre-election Audit Records				
	During election definition and ballot preparation, the system shall audit the preparation of the baseline ballot formats and modifications to them, a description of these modifications, and corresponding dates. The log shall include:	F,R		F-M100,R3210	
a.	The allowable number of selections for an office or issue;	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	The combinations of voting patterns permitted or required by the jurisdiction	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	The inclusion or exclusion of offices or issues as the result of multiple districting within the polling place	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	Any other characteristics that may be peculiar to the jurisdiction, the election, or the polling place's location	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Manual data maintained by election personnel	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	Samples of all final ballot formats	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
g.	Ballot preparation edits listings.	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
4.4.2	System Readiness Audit Records The following minimum requirements apply to system readiness audit records:				
a.	Prior to the start of ballot counting, a system process shall verify hardware and software status and generate a readiness audit record. This record shall include the identification of the software release, the identification of the election to be processed, and the results of software and hardware diagnostic tests	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
b.	In the case of systems used at the polling place, the record shall include polling place identification	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
C.	The ballot interpretation logic shall test and record the correct installation of ballot formats on voting devices	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
d.	The software shall check and record the status of all data paths and memory locations to be used in vote recording to protect against contamination of voting data	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
e.	Upon the conclusion of the tests, the software shall provide evidence in the audit record that the test data have been expunged	F, R		F-M100, R3210	
f.	If required and provided, the ballot reader and arithmetic-logic unit shall be evaluated for accuracy, and the system shall record the results. It shall allow the processing or simulated processing of sufficient test ballots to provide a statistical estimate of processing accuracy	F		F-M100	
g. 1)	For systems that use a public network, provide a report of test ballots that includes:	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
2)	Number of ballots sent	-	3.2.0.0		in Unity 3.2.1.0
3)	When each ballot was sent				
4)	Machine from which each ballot was sent				
	specific votes or selections contained in the ballot				
4.4.3	In-Process Audit Records		RFI 2008-07		
	In-process audit records document system operations during				
	diagnostic routines and the casting and tallying of ballots. At				
	a minimum, the in-process audit records shall contain:				
a.	Machine generated error and exception messages to	V1-10	Code review	V-M100 1, 2,	Code Review
	demonstrate successful recovery. Examples include, but are		v.1:4.2.3e	4, 5, 11, 12	v.1:4.2.3e
	not necessarily limited to:			, , ,	
1)	The source and disposition of system interrupts resulting in	V1-10. F, R		V-M100 1, 2,	
	entry into exception handling routines	,		4, 5, 11, 12, F-	
	3			M100, R3210	
2)	All messages generated by exception handlers	V1-10, F, R		V-M100 1, 2,	
		-, ,		4, 5, 11, 12, F-	
				M100, R3210	
3)	The identification code and number of occurrences for each	F, R		F-M100, \$	
,	hardware and software error or failure	, , , ,		, 🕶	
4)	Notification of system login or access errors, file access	S		S3210	
,	errors, and physical violations of security as they occur, and a			002.0	
	summary record of these events after processing				
5)	Other exception events such as power failures, failure of	S		S3210	
,	critical hardware components, data transmission errors or			002.0	
	other types of operating anomalies				
b.	Critical system status messages other than informational	F, R, S	v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100,	v.2: 3.3.1
	messages displayed by the system during the course of	. , , .		R3210, S3210	
	normal operations. These items include, but are not limited			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	to:				
1)	Diagnostic and status messages upon startup	F, R		F-M100,	
,	- ingreene and contact messages up an element	, , , ,		R3210	
2)	The "zero totals" check conducted before opening the polling	F, R, S	v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100,	v.2: 3.3.1
,	place or counting a precinct centrally	. , , .		R3210, S3210	
3)	For paper-based systems, the initiation or termination of card	F, R		F-M100,	
,	reader and communications equipment operation	, , , ,		R3210	
4)	For DRE machines at controlled voting locations, the event	F	VAT ballot printing	NA	M100 is not a DRE
,	(and time, if available) of activating and casting each ballot		l		
	(i.e., each voter's transaction as an event). This data can be				
	compared with the public counter for reconciliation purposes				
C.	Non-critical status messages that are generated by the	F		F-M100	
	machine's data quality monitor or by software and hardware	•			
	condition monitors				
d.	System generated log of all normal process activity and	F, R, S	v.2: 3.3.1	F-M100,	v.2: 3.3.1
	system events that require operator intervention, so that each	. , , •		R3210, S3210	
	operator access can be monitored and access sequence can			1.02.0, 002.10	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
4.4.4	Vote Tally Data				
	In addition to the audit requirements described above, other				
	election-related data is essential for reporting results to				
	interested parties, the press, and the voting public, and is				
	vital to verifying an accurate count. Voting systems shall meet				
	these reporting requirements by providing software capable				
	of obtaining data concerning various aspects of vote counting				
	and producing printed reports. At a minimum, vote tally data				
	shall include:				
a.	Number of ballots cast, using each ballot configuration, by	F, R		F-M100,	
	tabulator, by precinct, and by political subdivision			R3210	
b.	Candidate and measure vote totals for each contest, by	F, R		F-M100,	
	tabulator			R3210	
C.	The number of ballots read within each precinct and for	F, R		F-M100,	
	additional jurisdictional levels, by configuration, including			R3210	
	separate totals for each party in primary elections				
d.	Separate accumulation of overvotes and undervotes for each	F, R		F-M100,	
	contest, by tabulator, precinct and for additional jurisdictional			R3210	
	levels (no overvotes would be indicated for DRE voting				
	devices)				
e.	For paper-based systems only, the total number of ballots	F, R		F-M100,	
	both able to be processed and unable to be processed; and if			R3210	
	there are multiple card ballots, the total number of cards read				
	For systems that produce an electronic file containing vote	F, R		F-M100,	
	tally data, the contents of the file shall include the same			R3210	
	minimum data cited above for printed vote tally reports.				
4.5	Voter Secrecy on DRE Systems				
	All DRE systems shall ensure vote secrecy by:				
a.	Immediately after the voter chooses to cast his or her ballot,	S	Post printing on the	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	record the voter's selections in the memory to be used for		VAT		
	vote counting and audit data (including ballot images), and				
	erase the selections from the display, memory, and all other				
L.	storage, including all forms of temporary storage	0	<u> </u>	N I A	MAGG: 4 DDE
b.	Immediately after the voter chooses to cancel his or her	S	Pre-printing on the	NA	M100 is not a DRE
	ballot, erase the selections from the display and all other		VAT		
5	storage, including buffers and other temporary storage Telecommunications				
5.2					
3.∠	Design, Construction, and Maintenance Requirement	СТ	Tala samunia ati	C2040 T2040	Disabled M400
	Design, construction, and maintenance requirements for	S, T	Telecommunications	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100
	telecommunications represent the operational capability of		is disabled in Unity		telecommunication
	both system hardware and software. These capabilities shall be considered basic to all data transmissions.		3.2.0.0		in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.1	Accuracy				
J.Z. I		СТ	Tologommunications	C2240 T2240	Disabled M400
	The telecommunications components of all voting systems	S, T	Telecommunications	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100
	shall meet the accuracy requirements of 3.4.1.		is disabled in Unity		telecommunication
			3.2.0.0		in Unity 3.2.1.0

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
5.2.2	Durability				
	The telecommunications components of all voting systems shall meet the Durability requirements of 3.4.2.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.3	Reliability				
	The telecommunications components of all voting systems shall meet the Reliability requirements of 3.4.3.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.4	Maintainability				
	The telecommunications components of all voting systems shall meet the maintainability requirements of 3.4.4.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.5	Availability				
	The telecommunications components of all voting systems shall meet the availability requirements of 3.4.5.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.6	Integrity For WANs using public telecommunications, boundary definition and implementation shall meet the requirements below.				
a.	Outside service providers and subscribers of such providers shall not be given direct access or control of any resource inside the boundary.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Voting system administrators shall not require any type of control of resources outside this boundary. Typically, an end point of a telecommunications circuit will be a subscriber termination on a Digital Service Unit/Customer Service Unit although the specific technology configuration may vary. Regardless of the technology used, the boundary point must ensure that everything on the voting system side is locally configured and controlled by the election jurisdiction while everything on the public network side is controlled by an outside service provider.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
C.	The system shall be designed and configured such that it is not vulnerable to a single point of failure in the connection to the public network which could cause total loss of voting capabilities at any polling place.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
5.2.7	Confirmation Confirmation occurs when the system notifies the user of the successful or unsuccessful completion of the data transmission, where successful completion is defined as accurate receipt of the transmitted data. To provide confirmation, the telecommunications components of a voting system shall				
d.	Notify the user of the successful or unsuccessful completion of the data transmission; and	S, T	No network trans- mission; see 2.2.2.1 d	S3210, T3210	No network trans- mission; see

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
			& e		2.2.2.1 d & e
e.	In the event of unsuccessful transmission, notify the user of the action to be taken.	S, T	No network trans- mission; see 2.2.2.1 d & e	S3210, T3210	No network trans- mission; see 2.2.2.1 d & e
6	Security Standards				
6.2	Access Controls				
6.2.1	Access Control Policy				
6.2.1.1	General Access Control Policy		RFI 2008-03		RFI 2008-03
	Although the jurisdiction in which the voting system is operated is responsible for determining the access policies for each election, the vendor shall provide a description of recommended policies for:	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
a.	Software access controls;	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
b.	Hardware access controls;	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
C.	Communications;	S- Doc Review	Networking is disabled	S3210- Doc Review	
d.	Effective password management;	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
e.	Protection abilities of a particular operating system;	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
f.	General characteristics of supervisory access privileges;	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
g.	Segregation of duties; and	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
h.	Any additional relevant characteristics.	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
6.2.1.2	Individual Access Privileges Voting system vendors shall:				
a.	Identify each person to whom access is granted, and the specific functions and data to which each person holds authorized access	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
b.	Specify whether an individual's authorization is limited to a specific time, time interval or phase of the voting or counting operations	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
C.	Permit the voter to cast a ballot expeditiously, but preclude voter access to all aspects of the vote counting processes	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
6.2.2	Access Control Measures Vendors shall provide a detailed description of all system access control measures designed to permit authorized access to the system and prevent unauthorized access, such as:				
a.	Use of data and user authorization	S- Doc & Review		S3210- Doc Review &	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
				R3210E-	
				M100V-M100	
				iE-M100w	
b.	Program unit ownership and other regional boundaries	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
				Review	
C.	One-end or two-end port protection devices	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
				Review	
d.	Security kernels	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
				Review	
e.	Computer-generated password keys	S- Doc & Code		S3210- Doc	
		Review		Review &	
				CodE-M100	
				R3210E-	
				M100V-M100	
				iE-M100w	
f.	Special protocols	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
				Review	
g.	Message encryption and	S- Doc & Code		S3210- Doc	
		Review		Review &	
				CodE-M100	
				R3210E-	
				M100V-M100	
				iE-M100w	
h.	Controlled access security.	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
	,			Review	
	Vendors also shall define and provide a detailed description	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
	of the methods used to prevent unauthorized access to the			Review	
	access control capabilities of the system itself.				
6.3	Physical Security Measures				
	A voting system's sensitivity to disruption or corruption of	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
	data depends, in part, on the physical location of equipment			Review	
	and data media, and on the establishment of secure				
	telecommunications among various locations. Most often, the				
	disruption of voting and vote counting results from a physical				
	violation of one or more areas of the system thought to be				
	protected. Therefore, security procedures shall address				
	physical threats and the corresponding means to defeat				
	them.				
6.3.1	Polling Place Security				
	For polling place operations, vendors shall develop and				
	provide detailed documentation of measures anticipate and				
	counteract vandalism, civil disobedience, and similar				
	occurrences. The measures shall.				
a.	Allow the immediate detection of tampering with vote casting	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	
	devices and precinct ballot counters.			Review	
b.	Control physical access to a telecommunications link if such	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	a link is used			Review	
6.3.2	Central Count Location Security				
a. b. c. d.	Vendors shall develop and document in detailed measures to be taken in a central counting environment. These measures shall include physical and procedural controls related to the Handling of ballot boxes Preparing of ballots for counting Counting operations and Reporting data	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
6.4	Software Security				
6.4.1	Software and Firmware Installation The system shall meet the following requirements for installation of software, including hardware with embedded firmware.				
a.	If software is resident in the system as firmware, the vendor shall require and state in the system documentation that every device is to be retested to validate each ROM prior to the start of elections operations.	S- Doc Review		S3210- Doc Review	
b.	To prevent alteration of executable code, no software shall be permanently installed or resident in the voting system unless the system documentation states that the jurisdiction must provide a secure physical and procedural environment for the storage, handling, preparation, and transportation of the system hardware.	S		S3210	
C.	The voting system bootstrap, monitor, and device-controller software may be resident permanently as firmware, provided that this firmware has been shown to be inaccessible to activation or control by any means other than by the authorized initiation and execution of the vote counting program, and its associated exception handlers.	S		S3210	
d.	The election-specific programming may be installed and resident as firmware, provided that such firmware is installed on a component (such as a computer chip) other than the component on which the operating system resides.	S		S3210	
e.	After initiation of election day testing, no source code or compilers or assemblers shall be resident or accessible.	S		S3210	
6.4.2	Protection Against Malicious Software Voting systems shall deploy protection against the many forms of threats to which they may be exposed such as file and macro viruses, worms, Trojan horses, and logic bombs				
	Vendors shall develop and document the procedures to be followed to ensure that such protection is maintained in a current status.	S		S3210	
6.5 6.5.1	Telecommunications and Data Transmission				
0.3.1	Access Controls	СТ	Tologommunications	C2240 T2242	Disabled M400
	Voting systems that use telecommunications to communicate	S, T	Telecommunications	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	between system components and locations are subject to the same security requirements governing access to any other system hardware, software, and data function.		is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0		telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.2	Data Integrity				
	Voting systems that use electrical or optical transmission of data shall ensure the receipt of valid vote records is verified at the receiving station. This should include standard transmission error detection and correction methods such as checksums or message digest hashes. Verification of correct transmission shall occur at the voting system application level and ensure that the correct data is recorded on all relevant components consolidated within the polling place prior to the voter completing casting of his or her ballot.	S, T	No transmission within the polls prior to voter casting their ballot	S3210, T3210	No transmission within the polls prior to voter casting their ballot
6.5.3	Data Interception Prevention Voting systems that use telecommunications to communicate between system components and locations before the polling place is officially closed shall:				
a.	Implement an encryption standard currently documented and validated for use by an agency of the U.S. Federal Government and	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Provide a means to detect the presence of an intrusive process, such as an Intrusion Detection System.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.4	Protection Against External Threats				
	Voting systems that use public telecommunications networks shall implement protections against external threats to which commercial products used in the system may be susceptible.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.4.1	Identification of COTS Products				
a. b. c. d.	Voting systems that use public telecommunications networks shall provide system documentation that clearly identifies all COTS hardware and software products and communications services used in the development and/or operation of the voting system, including operating systems, communications routers, modem drivers and dial-up networking software.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	Such documentation shall identify the name, vendor, and version used for each such component.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.4.2	Use of Protective Software				
	Voting systems that use public telecommunications networks shall use protective software at the receiving-end of all communications paths to:	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
a.	Detect the presence of a threat in a transmission	S, T	Telecommunications	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
			is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0		telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Remove the threat from infected files/data	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
C.	Prevent against storage of the threat anywhere on the receiving device	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
d.	Provide the capability to confirm that no threats are stored in system memory and in connected storage media	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
e.	Provide data to the system audit log indicating the detection of a threat and the processing performed	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	Vendors shall use multiple forms of protective software as needed to provide capabilities for the full range of products used by the voting system.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.4.3	Monitoring and Responding to External Threats				
	Voting system that use public telecommunications networks may become vulnerable, by virtue of their system components, to external threats to the accuracy and integrity of vote recording, vote counting, and vote consolidation and reporting processes. Therefore, vendors of such systems shall document how they plan to monitor and respond to known threats to which their voting systems are vulnerable. This documentation shall provide a detailed description, including scheduling information, of the procedures the vendor will use to:	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
a.	Monitor threats, such as through the review of assessments, advisories, and alerts for COTS components issued by the Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT), for which a current listing can be found at http://www.cert.org, the National Infrastructure Protection Center (NIPC), and the Federal Computer Incident Response Capability (FedCIRC), for which additional information can be found at www.uscert.gov	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Evaluate the threats and, if any, proposed responses	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
C.	Develop responsive updates to the system and/or corrective procedures	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
d.	Submit the proposed response to the test labs and appropriate states for approval, identifying the exact changes and whether or not they are temporary or permanent	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
	After implementation of the proposed response is approved	S, T	Telecommunications	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	by the state, assist clients, either directly or through detailed written procedures, how to update their systems and/or to implement the corrective procedures within the timeframe established by the state		is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0		telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
f.	Address threats emerging too late to correct the system by:	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
1	Providing prompt, emergency notification to the accredited test labs and the affected states and user jurisdictions	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
2	Assisting client jurisdictions directly or advising them through detailed written procedures to disable the public telecommunications mode of the system	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
3	Modifying the system after the election to address the threat, submitting the modified system to an accredited test lab and the EAC or state certification authority for approval, and assisting client jurisdictions directly or advising them through detailed written procedures, to update their systems and/or to implement the corrective procedures after approval	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.5.5	Shared Operating Environment Ballot recording and vote counting can be performed in either a dedicated or non-dedicated environment. If ballot recording and vote counting operations are performed in an environment that is shared with other data processing functions, both hardware and software features shall be present to protect the integrity of vote counting and of vote data. Systems that use a shared operating environment shall:				
a.	Use security procedures and logging records to control access to system functions	S	Network disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210	EMS LAN
b.	Partition or compartmentalize voting system functions from other concurrent functions at least logically, and preferably physically as well	S	Network disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210	EMS LAN
C.	Control system access by means of passwords, and restrict account access to necessary functions only	S	Network disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210	EMS LAN
d.	Have capabilities in place to control the flow of information, precluding data leakage through shared system resources	S	Network disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210	EMS LAN
6.5.6	Access to Incomplete Election Returns and Interactive Queries If the voting system provides access to incomplete election returns and interactive inquiries before the completion of the official count, the system shall:				
a.	Be designed to provide external access to incomplete election returns (for equipment that operates in a central counting environment), only if that access for these purposes is authorized by the statutes and regulations of the using agency. This requirement applies as well to polling place	S	No access to incomplete returns	S3210	No access to incomplete returns

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	equipment that contains a removable memory module or that may be removed in its entirety to a central place for the consolidation of polling place returns				
b.	Design voting system software and its security environment such that data accessible to interactive queries resides in an external file or database created and maintained by the elections software under the restrictions applying to any other output report:	S	No external access	S3210	No external access
1	The output file or database has no provision for write-access back to the system.	S	No write back provision	S3210	No write back provision
2	Persons whose only authorized access is to the file or database are denied write-access, both to the file or database, and to the system.	S	No external access	S3210	No external access
6.6	Security for Transmission of Official Data Over Public Communications Networks				
6.6.1	General Security Requirements for Systems Transmitting Data Over Public Networks All systems that transmit data over public telecommunications networks shall:				
a.	Preserve the secrecy of voter ballot selections and prevent anyone from violating ballot privacy	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Employ digital signatures for all communications between the vote server and other devices that communicate with the server over the network	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
c.	Require that at least two authorized election officials activate any critical operation regarding the processing of ballots transmitted over a public communications network, i.e. the passwords or cryptographic keys of at least two employees are required to perform processing of vote	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.6.2	Voting Process Security for Casting Individual Ballots over a Public Telecommunications Network				
	Systems designed for transmission of telecommunications over public networks shall meet security standards that address the security risks attendant with the casting of ballots from polling places controlled by election officials using voting devices configured and installed by election officials and/or their vendor or contractor, and using in-person authentication of individual voters.	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.6.2.1	Documentation of Mandatory Security Activities Vendors of voting systems that cast individual ballots over a public telecommunications network shall provide detailed descriptions of:				
a.	All activities mandatory to ensuring effective voting system security to be performed in setting up the system for operation, including testing of security before an election	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
b.	All activities that should be prohibited during voting equipment setup and during the time-frame for voting operations, including both the hours when polls are open and when polls are closed	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
6.6.2.2	Capabilities to Operate During Interruption of Telecommunications Capabilities These systems shall provide the following capabilities to provide resistance to interruptions of telecommunications service that prevent voting devices at the polling place from communicating with external components via telecommunications:				
a.	Detect the occurrence of a telecommunications interruption at the polling place and switch to an alternative mode of operation that is not dependent on the connection between polling place voting devices and external system components	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
b.	Provide an alternate mode of operation that includes the functionality of a conventional electronic voting system without losing any single vote	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
C.	Create and preserve an audit trail of every vote cast during the period of interrupted communication and system operation in conventional electronic voting system mode	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
d.	Upon reestablishment of communications, transmit and process votes accumulated while operating in conventional electronic voting system mode with all security safeguards in effect	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
e.	Ensure that all safeguards related to voter identification and authentication are not affected by the procedures employed by the system to counteract potential interruptions of telecommunications capabilities	S, T	Telecommunications is disabled in Unity 3.2.0.0	S3210, T3210	Disabled M100 telecommunication in Unity 3.2.1.0
7	Quality Assurance Requirements				
7.2	General Requirements The voting system vendor is responsible for designing and implementing a quality assurance program to ensure that the design, workmanship, and performance requirements of this standard are achieved in all delivered systems and components. At a minimum, this program shall:				
a.	Include procedures for specifying, procuring, inspecting, accepting, and controlling parts and raw materials of the requisite quality.	F		F-M100	
b.	Require the documentation of the hardware and software development process.	F		F-M100	
C.	Identify and enforce all requirements for:	F		F-M100	
c. 1)	In-process inspection and testing that the manufacturer deems necessary to ensure proper fabrication and assembly of hardware.	F		F-M100	

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
c. 2)	Installation and operation of software (including firmware).	F		F-M100	
d.	Include the plans and procedures for post-production	F		F-M100	
	environmental screening and acceptance testing.				
e.	Include a procedure for maintaining all data and records	F		F-M100	
	required to document and verify the quality inspections and				
	tests.				
7.3	Components from Third Parties				
	A vendor who does not manufacture all the components of its	F		F-M100	
	voting system, but instead procures components as standard				
	commercial items for assembly and integration into a voting				
	system, shall verify that the supplier vendors follow				
	documented quality assurance procedures that are at least as stringent as those used internally by the voting system				
	vendor.				
7.4	Responsibility for Tests				
.	The manufacturer or vendor shall be responsible for				
a.	Performing all quality assurance tests.	F		F-M100	
b.	Acquiring and documenting test data.	F		F-M100	
C.	2002: Providing test reports for review by the ITA, and to the	F		F-M100	
	purchaser upon request.				
7.5	Parts and Materials Special Tests				
	In order to ensure that voting system parts and materials				
	function properly, vendors shall:				
a.	Select parts and materials to be used in voting systems and	F		F-M100	
	components according to their suitability for the intended				
	application. Suitability may be determined by similarity of this				
	application to existing standard practice, or by means of special tests.				
b.	Design special tests, if needed, to evaluate the part or	F		F-M100	
D.	material under conditions accurately simulating the actual	Г		F-101100	
	operating environment.				
C.	Maintain the resulting test data as part of the quality	F		F-M100	
- -	assurance program documentation.				
7.6	Parts and Materials Special Tests				
	The vendor performs conformance inspections to ensure the				
	overall quality of the voting system and components delivered				
	to the ITA for testing and to the jurisdiction for				
	implementation. To meet the conformance inspection				
	requirements the vendor or manufacturer shall::	-		Observe	14400 ''
a.	Inspect and test each voting system or component to verify	F		Observe	M100 on-site
	that it meets all inspection and test requirements for the				maintenance by ES&S tech
h	system. Deliver a record of tests or a certificate of satisfactory	F		Observe	M100 on-site
b.	completion with each system or component.	F		Observe	maintenance by
	Completion with each system of component.				ES&S tech

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
7.7	Documentation Vendors are required to produce documentation to support the development and formal testing of voting systems. To meet documentation requirements, vendors shall provide complete product documentation with each voting systems or components, as described Volume II, Section 2 for the TDP. This documentation shall:				
a.	Be sufficient to serve the needs of the ITA, voters, election officials, and maintenance technicians; Be prepared and published in accordance with standard industrial practice for information technology and electronic	F	Letter of reuse; Appendix C for LogMonitor	Doc Review	
b.	and mechanical equipment; and Consist, at a minimum, of the following: 1) System overview;				
С	 2) System functionality description; 3) System hardware specification; 4) Software design and specifications; 5) System security specification; 6) System test and verification specification; 7) System operations procedures; 				
8	Configuration Management				
8.1	Scope				
8.1.1	Configuration Management Requirements Configuration management addresses a broad set of record keeping, audit, and reporting activities that contribute to full knowledge and control of a system and its components. These activities include:				
	Identifying discrete system components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
	Creating records of a formal baseline and later versions of components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review Inconsistencies in CM observed in testing were noted #143 & 160	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
	Controlling changes made to the system and its components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review Inconsistencies in CM observed in testing were noted #143 & 160	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
	Releasing new versions of the system to ITAs.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review Inconsistencies in CM observed in testing were noted #143 &	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0

VSS 2002	S 2002 Certification Test Requirements:		Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
	<u> </u>	Unity 3.2.0.0	160		
	Releasing new versions of the system to customers.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
			Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	 Auditing the system, including its documentation, against 	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	configuration management records.		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	Controlling interfaces to other systems.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
			Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	 Identifying tools used to build and maintain the system. 	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
0.4.0	One a signature of One firm a time Management Other deads		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
8.1.2 8.1.3	Organization of Configuration Management Standards				
0.1.3	Application of Configuration Management Standards Requirements for configuration management apply				
	regardless of the specific technologies employed to all voting				
	systems subject to the Standards. These system components				
	include:				
a.	Software components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	Contrare compensions.		Document Review	1 111100	Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Hardware components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
			Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Communications components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	'		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
d.	Documentation.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
			Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
e.	Identification and naming and conventions (including changes	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	to these conventions) for software programs and data files.		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
f.	Development and testing artifacts such as test data and	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	scripts.	_	Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
g.	File archiving and data repositories.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
8.2	Confirmation Management Police		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
8.2	Configuration Management Policy The vendor shall describe its policies for configuration				
	management in the TDP. This description shall address the				
	following elements				
a.	Scope and nature configuration management program	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	activities.	'	Document Review	1 101100	Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Breadth of the application of the vendor's policies and	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	practices to the voting system. (i.e. extent to which policies		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	and practices apply to the total system and extent to which				, , , , , , ,
	polices and practices of suppliers apply to particular				
	components, subsystems, or other defined system elements.				
8.3	Configuration Identification				
8.3.1	Structuring and Naming Configuration Items				
	The vendor shall describe the procedures and conventions				
	used to:				

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
a.	Classify configuration items into categories and subcategories.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Uniquely number or otherwise identify configuration items.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Name configuration items.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
8.3.2	Version Conventions When a system component is used to identify higher-level system elements, a vendor shall describe the conventions used to:				
a.	Identify the specific versions of individual configuration items and sets of items that are used by the vendor to identify higher level system elements such as subsystems.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Uniquely number or otherwise identify versions.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Name versions.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
8.4	Baseline, Promotion and Demotion Procedures The vendor shall establish formal procedures and conventions for establishing and providing a complete description of the procedures and related conventions used to:				
a.	Establish a particular instance of a component as the starting baseline.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Promote subsequent instances of a component to baseline status as development progresses through to completion of the initial completed version released to the ITAs for qualification testing.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Promote subsequent instances of a component to baseline status as the component is maintained throughout its life cycle until system retirement (i.e., the system is no longer sold or maintained by the vendor).	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
8.5	Configuration Control Procedures Configuration control is the process of approving and implementing changes to a configuration item to prevent unauthorized additions, changes, or deletions. The vendor shall establish such procedures and related conventions, providing a complete description of those procedures used to:				
a.	Develop and maintain internally developed items.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Acquire and maintain third-party items.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Resolve internally identified defects for items regardless of their origin.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
d.	Resolve externally identified and reported defects (i.e., by customers and ITAs).	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
8.6	Release Process Procedures				
	The release process is the means by which the vendor				
	installs, transfers, or migrates the system to the ITAs and,				
	eventually, to its customers. The vendor shall establish such				
	procedures and related conventions, providing a complete				
_	description of those used to:	_	1 " (5 504	5 M400	11 110 10
a.	Perform a first release of the system to:	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
l.		_	Document Review	E 14400	Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Perform a subsequent maintenance or upgrade release of the	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
C.	system, or a particular components, to: Perform the initial delivery and installation of the system to a	F	Document Review Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unity 3.2.0.0 Unmodified from
С.	customer, including confirmation that the installed version of	F	Document Review	F-1V1100	Unity 3.2.0.0
	the system matches exactly the certified system version.		Document Review		Officy 3.2.0.0
d.	Perform a subsequent maintenance or upgrade release of the	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
~.	system, or a particular component, to a customer, including	'	Document Review	1 101100	Unity 3.2.0.0
	confirmation that the installed version of the system matches		Boodinon: Horion		0111ty 0.2.0.0
	exactly the qualified system version.				
8.7	Configuration Audits				
8.7.1	Physical Configuration Audit				
	The PCA is conducted by the ITA to compare the voting				
	system components submitted for qualification to the				
	vendor's technical documentation. For the PCA, a vendor				
	shall provide:				
a.	Identification of all items that are to be a part of the software	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	release.	_	Document Review	5.14400	Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Specification of compiler (or choice of compilers) to be used	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
C.	to generate executable programs. Identification of all hardware that interfaces with the software.	F	Document Review Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unity 3.2.0.0 Unmodified from
C.	identification of all nardware that interfaces with the software.	F	Document Review	F-IVITOU	Unity 3.2.0.0
d.	Configuration baseline data for all hardware that is unique to	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
u.	the system.	'	Document Review	1 -101100	Unity 3.2.0.0
e.	Copies of all software documentation intended for distribution	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	to users, including program listings, specifications, operations		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	manual, voter manual, and maintenance manual.				
f.	User acceptance test procedures and acceptance criteria.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
			Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
g.	Identification of any changes between the physical	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	configuration of the system submitted for the PCA and that		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
	submitted for the FCA, with a certification that any differences				
	do not degrade the functional characteristics.	_			
h.	Complete descriptions of its procedures and related	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	conventions used to support this audit by:		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0
h. 1)	Establishing a configuration baseline of the software and	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
h 2\	hardware to be tested.	-	Document Review	E 144.00	Unity 3.2.0.0
h. 2)	Confirming whether the system documentation matches the	F	Letter of Reuse PCA	F-M100	Unmodified from
	corresponding system components.		Document Review		Unity 3.2.0.0

VSS 2002	Certification Test Requirements:	Unity 3.2.0.0	Comment	Unity 3.2.1.0	Comment
8.7.2	Functional Configuration Audits The FCA is conducted by the ITA to verify that the system performs all the functions described in the system documentation. The vendor shall:				
a.	Completely describe its procedures and related conventions used to support this audit for all system components.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Provide the following information to support this audit:	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b. 1)	Copies of all procedures used for module or unit testing, integration testing, and system testing.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b. 2)	Copies of all test cases generated for each module and integration test, and sample ballot formats or other test cases used for system tests.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b. 3)	Records of all tests performed by the procedures listed above, including error corrections and retests.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
	In addition to such audits performed by ITAs during the system qualification process, elements of this audit may also be performed by state election organizations during the system certification process, and individual jurisdictions during system acceptance testing.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
8.8	Configuration Management Resources Often, configuration management activities are performed with the aid of automated tools. Assuring that such tools are available throughout the system life cycle, including if the vendor is acquired by or merged with another organization, is critical to effective configuration management. Vendors may choose the specific tools they use to perform the record keeping, audit, and reporting activities of the configuration management standards. The resources documentation standard provided below focus on assuring that procedures are in place to record information about the tools to help ensure that they, and the data they contain, can be transferred effectively and promptly to a third party should the need arise. Within this context, a vendor is required to develop and provide a complete description of the procedures and related practices for maintaining information about:				
a.	Specific tools used, current version, and operating environment specifications.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
b.	Physical location of the tools, including designation of computer directories and files.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0
C.	Procedures and training materials for using the tools.	F	Letter of Reuse PCA Document Review	F-M100	Unmodified from Unity 3.2.0.0

8.2 Appendix B Environmental Test Report Matrix

Hardware testing of the DS200, M650 and AutoMARK Voter Assist Terminals is found in Appendix D section 7.4.5 of the Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report. Authorization for reuse of the M100 Hardware Environmental test results from the SysTest Unity 4.0 test effort was granted in the 8/04/09 EAC Letter of Reuse. The letter stipulated that iBeta examine the test results provided by SysTest to confirm that:

- A report documenting the equipment passed was provided which addresses the Environmental Hardware testing to the requirements of the 2002 VSS
- Any reported test failures or anomaly mitigations were documented with an appropriate manufacturer Engineering Change Order (ECO)

M100 Environmental Hardware Test Report Matrix

- 1) Advance Product Testing Test Service Report APT Job # 06-00329 (Final Approval 7/21/06) (Sun Microsystems APT)
 - Discrepancy #27- the report identifies neither pass/fail results nor the specific test standards.
- 2) EMC Qualification Test Report Election Systems and Software Voting System, M100 060530-1050 6/29/06 (Criterion)
 - Discrepancy #28 is closed- mitigation occurred in the RF Immunity Test (Stewart part No. 28S0670-000 flat split type ferrite placed on ribbon cable close to J8). There is no identification in the report of the issuance of an Engineering Change corresponding to the mitigation. The issue was closed when ES&S has provided ECO 682.
- 3) Certificate of Compliance ESS-0806-R06-COC Electrical Safety Testing to UL 60950-1: 2007 7/20/08 (Compliance Integrity Services)
- 4) SysTest Electrical Supply Rev 01 TE1 7/11/08
- 5): EMC Qualification Test Report Election Systems and Software Voting System, M100 Precinct Count Scanner 080424-1241 5/15/08 (Criterion)
 - See Discrepancy #1 the M100 ESD test report does not identify the equipment serial number
 - See Discrepancy #2 there is no connection between the M100 ESD test report and documentation of mitigation conducted during testing.

M100			MIL	STD	810	D					EMC					VSS	OSHA
Equipment	Test Equipment	516.3 Bench Handling	514.3 Cat 1 Vibration	502 Low Temp	501 High Temp	507-2 Humidity	501 & 502 Temp & Pow Var Accur & 163 hr Reliability	Electromag Rad Part 15 Class B	Power Disturb 61000-4-11	ESD 61000-4-2	Electromag Susct 61000-4-3	Elec Fast Trans 61000-4-4	Lightening Surge 61000-4-5	RF Immunity 61000-4-6	Magnetic Fields Immunity	Electrical Supply v.1 3.2.2.4.c	Safety Title 29, Part 1910
M100	Report 1: 3 units: SN 11263, 012603, 010694	Pendi ng respo nse to #27	Pendi ng respo nse to #27	Pendi ng respo nse to #27	Pendi ng respo nse to #27	Pendi ng respo nse to #27	Pendin g respons e to #27										
M100	Report 2: 1 Unit SN 11263							#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass	#28 pass		
M100	Report 3: Ballot Scanner: Class I (Grounding required for electrical safety), Cord Connected, Indoor Use Only, Pollution Degree 2, and Installation Category II. Ballot box: Class 3 (Plug-socket SELV power from the Ballot																pass

M100			MIL	STD	810	D			-	-	EMC		-	-	_	VSS	OSHA
Equipment	Test Equipment	516.3 Bench Handling	514.3 Cat 1 Vibration	502 Low Temp	501 High Temp	507-2 Humidity	501 & 502 Temp & Pow Var Accur & 163 hr Reliability	Electromag Rad Part 15 Class B	Power Disturb 61000-4-11	ESD 61000-4-2	Electromag Susct 61000-4-3	Elec Fast Trans 61000-4-4	Lightening Surge 61000-4-5	RF Immunity 61000-4-6	Magnetic Fields Immunity	Electrical Supply v.1 3.2.2.4.c	Safety Title 29, Part 1910
	Scanner), Indoor Use Only																
M100	Report 4: SN #: 015483 Fully Charged Battery															pass	
M100	Report 5: ES&S withdrew this report. The M100 shall be resubmitted for ESD testing to conform with NOC 2008-01									#1 & 2 with- drew							

The information in this section is provided by the EAC to outline their process for reuse **8.3 Appendix C EAC Reuse of Testing Review Process**

Due to the suspension of accreditation of a VSTL this project was moved from that VSTL to iBeta as requested by ES&S and approved by the EAC. This very unusual circumstance required that a transition plan be developed for the orderly transition of the project. A number of factors impacted the development of this transition plan.

The overriding consideration had to be that the quality of the evaluation meets the EAC's standards for excellence and that any decision to certify the system be clearly based on rigorous and thorough testing. If other legitimate concerns could also be met then every attempt was made to do so. Among those considerations was the timely evaluation of the system, avoiding duplicative testing that provided little real value and supporting the needs of election officials for improvements and upgrades.

In developing a transition plan a number of factors were taken into consideration:

- The quality of testing already performed was evaluated. In some cases iBeta was directed to review or audit that testing. Another factor was the probability that testing to be performed by iBeta would identify any system issues that may have been missed in prior testing. In some cases iBeta was directed to modify the testing it would do to provide additional checks and redundancy in areas of particular concern.
- 2. Prior versions of this system are in wide use. In addition individual states and other organizations have conducted their own, independent evaluation of either this exact system or very similar prior versions. This provides a significant body of information from both experience in actual elections and testing performed for other purposes.

All these sources of information were used in developing the transition plan. A risk assessment was made and a transition plan approved. This plan allowed for reuse of some testing, reuse of some testing after an audit and recommendation by iBeta, and requirements for further testing or correlated testing by iBeta. The results of this evaluation were communicated to ES&S and iBeta in several E-Mails and letters between November 2008 and letters dated August 4, 2009 and September 11, 2009. In those communications the following was approved:

- 1. All hardware testing was approved for reuse.
- 2. The source code review was approved after a 3% audit and recommendation for reuse by iBeta.
- 3. The Volume, Stress, Error Recovery and Security test methods and testing had not yet been completed. Accordingly iBeta was to perform this testing on the Unity 3.2.1.0 system.

A new test plan for the Unity 3.2.1.0 system was prepared by iBeta using applicable areas from the Unity v.4.0.0.0 test plan

Determination of reuse of the Functional, Accessibility, Maintainability, Accuracy, and Reliability testing is pending the EAC Technical Reviewer's assessment of the test summary reports provided by SysTest on the M100.

8.4 Appendix D Unity v.4.0.0.0 EAC Approved SysTest Test Plan

The approved *ES&S Unity 4.0 Voting System Test Plan Rev. 10* submitted is found on the Test Plans Approved by the EAC section of the EAC website. (http://www.eac.gov/program-areas/voting-system-certification/test-plans)

8.5 Appendix E EAC Certified Unity 3.2.0.0 Test Report

The Election Systems & Software Unity 3.2.0.0 Voting System VSTL Certification Test Report (V)2009-30Jun-001(D) v.4.0 and Election Assistance Commission Voting System Test Summary Report Summary of test Report for testing through 10/22/08 for Election Systems & Software (ES&S), Unity 4.0 Voting System Report Number 07-V-ESS-035-CTP-01 rev. 0.3 are found in the Approved Test Report section of the EAC web site (http://www.eac.gov/program-areas/voting-systems/voting-system-certification/test-reports).